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MAP  
OF THE CITY OF  
**BROOKLYN**  
1871

For William C. Bishop's Manual



SCALE 1 Mile

References  
Boundaries of Wards  
Fire Districts  
Redistricting  
School Districts

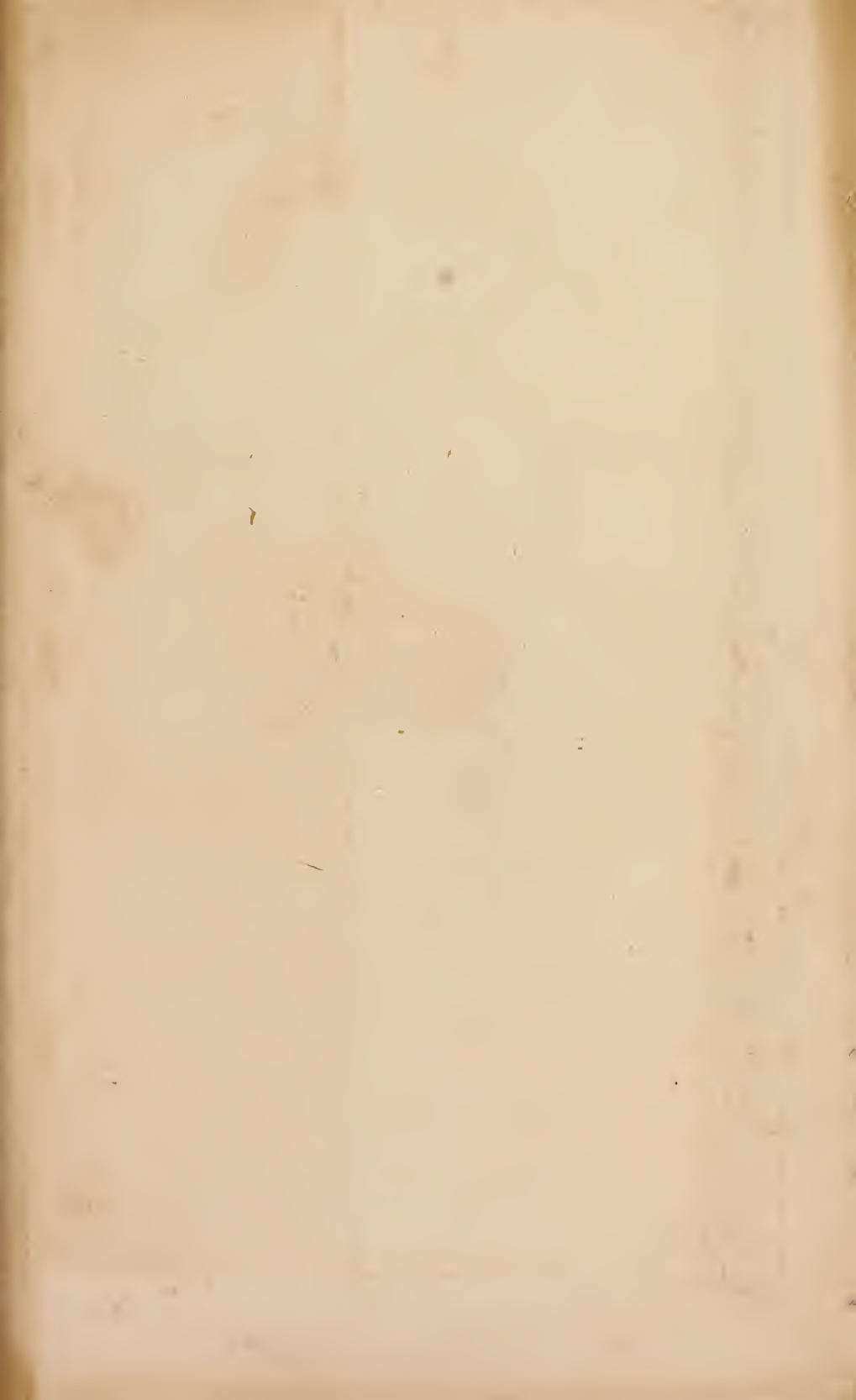
Revised according to Act of Congress in the year 1871 by J. H. Smith, Jr. and J. H. Smith, Jr. of the Board of Supervisors of the City of New York.





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*Martin Kalbfleisch*

MAYOR



**MANUAL**  
OF THE  
**Common Council**  
OF THE

**City of Brooklyn**  
For 1871.



Compiled by  
**WILLIAM G. BISHOP**  
CITY CLERK,  
**BROOKLYN,**  
**1871**

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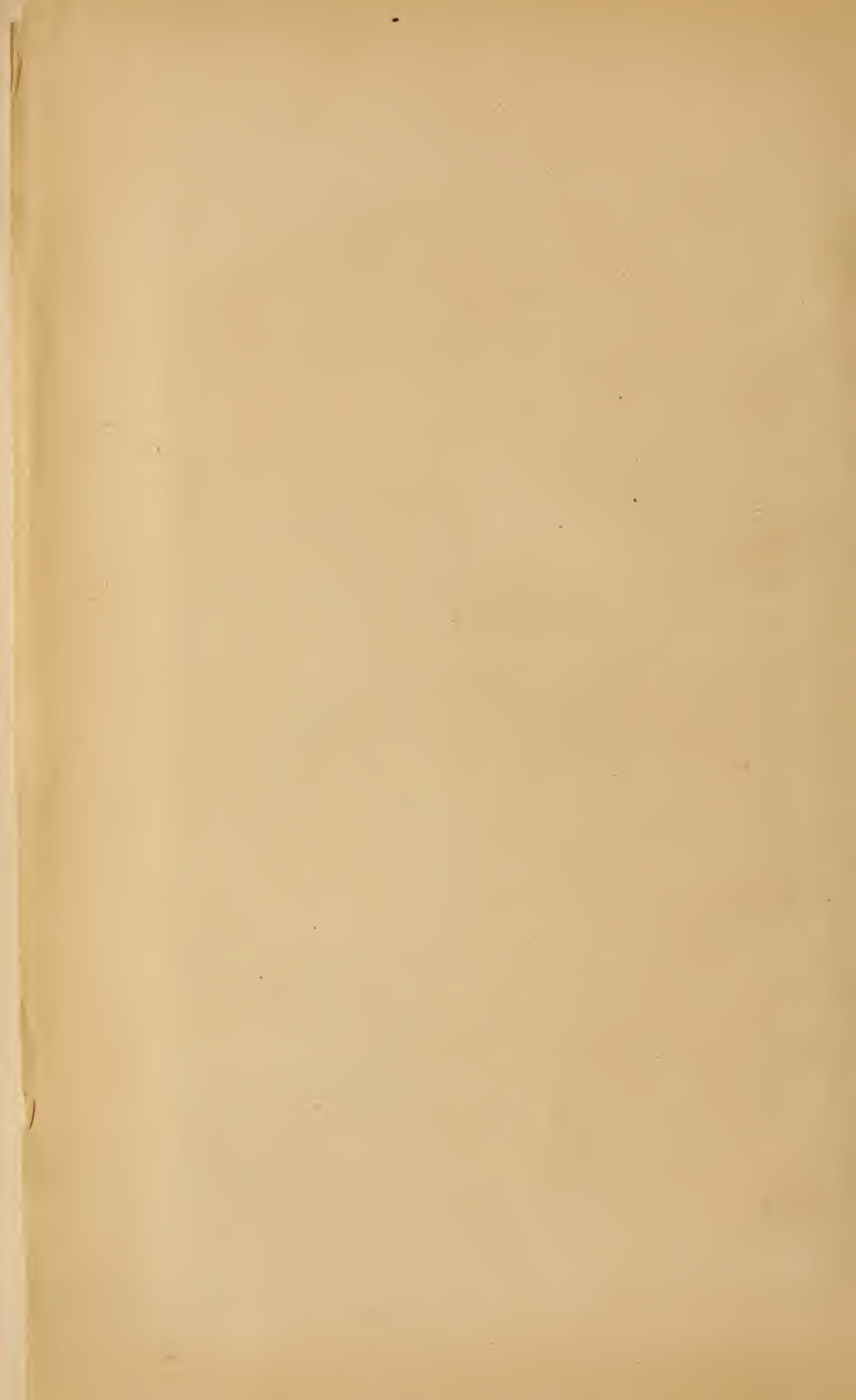


IN COMMON COUNCIL, }  
Brooklyn, July 10, 1871. }

*Resolved*, That the City Clerk be and he is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and cause to be printed and published the Corporation Manual for the current year.

*Attest*

WM. G. BISHOP,  
*City Clerk.*



# CHARTER OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN.

## AN ACT

TO CONSOLIDATE THE CITIES OF BROOKLYN AND WILLIAMSBURGH AND THE TOWN OF BUSHWICK INTO ONE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, AND TO INCORPORATE THE SAME, PASSED APRIL 17TH, 1854, AND SUNDRY ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS AMENDATORY THEREOF, AND SUPPLEMENTARY THERETO, TOGETHER WITH SUCH GENERAL LAWS OF THE STATE AS AFFECT THE CITY OF BROOKLYN IN ITS CORPORATE CAPACITY.

### TITLE I.

#### BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

- SEC. 1— Boundaries of City.  
" 2—20. Ward Boundaries.  
" 21. Wards to be Towns.  
(d) Election Districts.  
(e) " " when and how established.  
(f) " " publication of

SECTION 1. All that part of the County of Kings at present known as the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and the town of Bushwick, and which is bounded easterly by the town of Newtown, Queens county; south by the towns of New Lots, Flatbush, and New Utrecht; and west by the town of New Utrecht and the Bay of New York; and north by the East River, shall be united into one municipal corporation, to be known and called the city of Brooklyn.

§ 2. The First Ward of the said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point of Atlantic street, where the centre lines of Atlantic and Hicks streets intersect each other, and running thence westerly along the centre of Atlantic street and a line in continuation thereof to the East River; thence northeasterly along the East River to a point opposite the centre of Fulton street, or a line in continuation thereof; thence southeasterly along the centre of Fulton street to the centre of Hicks street; and thence southerly along the centre of Hicks street to the place of beginning.

§ 3. The Second Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point on the East River at the centre line of Fulton street, continued and running thence southeasterly along the centre of Fulton street to a point opposite the centre of Sands street; thence easterly along the centre of Sands street to the centre of Bridge street; thence northerly along the centre of Bridge street and a line in continuation thereof to the East River; and thence westerly along the East River to the place of beginning.



§ 4. The Third Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point on Fulton street where the centre lines of Fulton street and Hicks street intersect each other, and running thence southeasterly along the centre of Fulton street and Fulton avenue to the centre of Boerum street; thence southerly along the centre of Boerum street to the centre of Atlantic street; thence westerly along the centre of Atlantic street to the centre of Hicks street; and thence northerly along the centre of Hick street to the place of beginning.

§ 5. The Fourth Ward of the said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point where the centre lines of Sands street and Fulton street intersect each other, and running thence easterly along the centre of Sands street to the centre of Bridge street; thence southerly along the centre of Bridge street to the centre of Fulton avenue; and thence northwesterly along the centre of Fulton avenue and Fulton street to the place of beginning.

§ 6. The Fifth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point where the centre lines of Bridge street and Johnson street intersect each other, and running thence easterly along the centre of Johnson street to the centre of Navy street; thence northerly along the centre of Navy street to the northerly side of Nassau street; thence easterly along Nassau street to the southwest corner of the United States Navy Yard; thence northerly, northwesterly and northeasterly along the United States Navy Yard to the East River; thence westerly along the East River to a point on the continuation of the centre line of Bridge street; thence southerly along the centre of Bridge street to the place of beginning.

§ 7. The Sixth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning on the East River, at the centre of Atlantic street; thence easterly along the centre of Atlantic street to the centre of Court street; thence along the centre of Court street to the centre of Fourth Place; thence westerly along the centre of Fourth place to the centre of Henry street; thence southeasterly along the centre of Henry street to the centre of Coles street; thence westerly along the centre of Coles street to the centre of Hamilton avenue; thence along the centre of Hamilton avenue to the East River; thence along the East River to the place of beginning.

§ 8. The Seventh Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the centre lines of Bedford and Flushing avenues, running thence southerly along the centre lines of Bedford avenue

to the centre line of Atlantic avenue; thence westerly along the centre line of Atlantic avenue to the centre line of Washington avenue; thence northerly along the centre line of Washington avenue to the centre line of Flushing avenue; thence easterly along the centre line of Flushing avenue to the point of beginning.

§ 9. The Eighth Ward of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point where the centre line of Middle street intersects Gowanus Bay, and running thence southeasterly along the centre of Middle street to the line of the town of Flatbush; thence southwesterly along said Flatbush line to the line of the town of New Utrecht; thence southwesterly along said line, crossing a highway called Martense's lane; thence southwesterly along said line to the southerly boundary of said city of Brooklyn; thence northwesterly along the line of New Utrecht to the bay of New York; thence northeasterly along the said bay and along Gowanus bay to the place of beginning.

§ 10. The Ninth Ward of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the middle lines of Flatbush and Atlantic avenues, running thence in a southerly direction along the middle line of Flatbush avenue to the city line; thence along the city line in an easterly direction to the middle line of Atlantic avenue; thence westerly along the middle line of Atlantic avenue to the place or point of beginning.

§ 11. The Tenth Ward of the said city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the centre of Boerum and Fulton streets; thence easterly along the centre of Fulton street and Fulton avenue to the intersection of Fulton avenue and Flatbush avenue; thence southerly along the centre of Flatbush avenue to the centre of Fourth avenue; thence southerly along the centre of Fourth avenue to the centre of First street; thence northwesterly along the centre of First street to the centre of Second avenue; thence southwesterly along the centre of Second avenue to the centre of Fifth street; thence westerly along the centre of Fifth street to the centre of Smith street; thence southerly along the centre of Smith street to the centre of Fourth place; thence westerly along the centre of Fourth place to the centre of Court street; thence along the centre of Court street to the centre of Atlantic street; thence along the centre of Atlantic street to the centre of Boerum street; thence northeasterly along the centre of Boerum street to the place of beginning.\*

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\* Amended, Chapter 813, Laws of 1868.

§ 12. The Eleventh Ward of the said city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point where the centre lines of Fulton avenue and Bridge street intersect each other, thence running northerly along the centre of Bridge street to the centre of Johnson street; thence easterly along the centre of Johnson street to the centre of Navy street; thence northerly along the centre of Navy street to the centre of Nassau street; thence easterly along Nassau street to the southeasterly corner of the United States Navy Yard; thence northerly along the same to the East River; thence easterly along the East River and Wallabout Bay to the centre line of Portland avenue, or a line in continuation thereof; thence southerly along the centre of Portland avenue in a straight line across Washington Park to the centre of Atlantic avenue and Atlantic street to a point where the centre lines of Atlantic street and Flatbush avenue intersect each other; thence northwesterly along the centre of Flatbush avenue to the centre of Fulton avenue; and thence westerly along the centre of Fulton avenue to the point or place of beginning.†

§ 13. The Twelfth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning in the East River on the centre line of Hamilton avenue; thence southerly along the centre of Hamilton avenue to the centre of Coles street; thence southeasterly along the centre of Coles street to the centre of Henry street; thence northerly along the centre of Henry street to the centre of Fourth place; thence southeasterly along the centre of Fourth place to the centre of Smith street; thence northerly along the centre of Smith street to the centre of Fifth street; thence southeasterly along the centre of Fifth street to the centre of First avenue; thence southwesterly along the centre of First avenue to Gowanus Bay; thence along the Gowanus Bay and East River to the place of beginning.‡

§ 14. The Thirteenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the permanent water line on the easterly side of the East River, where the same would be intersected by the dividing line between the city of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh; thence running in an easterly direction along the said dividing line to the centre of Ninth street and its intersection with said line; thence in a northeasterly direction along the centre of Ninth street to the centre of the intersection of Ninth and Grand streets; thence in a northwesterly

† Amended, Chapter 76, Laws of 1863.

‡ By Laws of 1866, Chapter 18, six lots lying in the Twelfth Ward, on the south pier of the Atlantic Dock Company, numbered 53, 54, 55, 56, 57 and 58, on the map of property of that Company, surveyed September, 1841, by Willard Day, are ceded to the United States, whenever the United States shall acquire the title thereto, subject to the jurisdiction of the State for the service of civil and criminal or other process.



direction along the centre of Grand street to the permanent line of the East River; thence southwesterly along the permanent line of the East River to the dividing line between the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, the place of beginning.

§ 15. The Fourteenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the easterly permanent line of the East River, where the same would be intersected by a line drawn through the centre of Grand street; thence running in a southeasterly direction along the centre of Grand street to the centre of the intersection of Grand and Ninth streets; thence in a northeasterly direction along the centre of Ninth street to the centre of the intersection of North Second and Ninth streets; thence in an easterly direction along the centre of North Second street to the centre of the intersection of North Second street and Union avenue; thence in a northerly direction along the centre of Union Avenue to the centre of the intersection of Union avenue by Fifth street; thence in a northeasterly direction along the centre of Fifth street to the centre of the intersection of North Fourteenth street by Fifth street; thence in a northwesterly direction along the centre of North Fourteenth street to the centre of the intersection of North Fourteenth and First streets; thence in a southwesterly direction along the centre of First and North Thirteenth streets; thence in a northwesterly direction along the centre of North Thirteenth street to the easterly permanent line of the East River; thence in a southwesterly direction along the easterly permanent line of the East River to the centre of Grand street, the place of beginning.

§ 16. The Fifteenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the centre of the intersection of South Second and Ninth streets; thence running in a southeasterly direction along the centre of South Second street to the centre of the intersection of South Second street by Union avenue; thence in a northerly direction along the centre of Union avenue to the centre of the intersection of Wyckoff street by Union avenue; thence in an easterly direction along the centre of Wyckoff street to the centre of the intersection of Wyckoff street and Bushwick avenue; thence in a northwesterly direction along the centre of Bushwick avenue to the centre of the intersection of Bushwick avenue and North Second street; thence in a westerly direction along the centre of North Second to the centre of the intersection of North Second street and Smith street; thence in a northerly direction along the centre of Smith street to the centre of the intersection of Smith street and Richardson street; thence in a wester-

ly direction along the centre of Richardson street to the centre of the intersection of Richardson and Leonard streets; thence in a northerly direction along the centre of Leonard street to the centre of the intersection of Leonard and Van Pelt streets; thence in a westerly direction along the centre of Van Pelt street to the centre of the intersection of Van Pelt street by Fifth street; thence in a southwesterly direction along the centre of Fifth street to the centre of the intersection of Union avenue by Fifth street; thence in a southerly direction along the centre of Union avenue to the centre of the intersection of Union avenue and North Second street; thence in a westerly direction along the centre of North Second street to the centre of the intersection of Ninth street by North Second; thence in a southwesterly direction along the centre of Ninth street to the centre of the intersection of Ninth and South Second streets, the place of beginning.

§ 17. The Sixteenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the intersection of Ninth street and the dividing line between the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh; thence running in a southerly direction along the said dividing line to the intersection with the centre of the Brooklyn and Newtown turnpike; thence in an easterly direction along the centre of said turnpike to the centre of its intersection with Bushwick avenue; thence in a northerly, northwesterly and northeasterly direction along the centre of Bushwick avenue to the centre of the intersection of Wyckoff street and Bushwick avenue; thence westerly along the centre of Wyckoff street to the centre of the intersection of Wyckoff street by Union avenue; thence in a southerly direction along the centre of Union avenue to the centre of the intersection of South Second street by Union avenue; thence in a northwesterly direction along the centre of South Second street to the centre of the intersection of South Second and Ninth streets; thence in a southwesterly direction to the centre of the intersection of Ninth street and the dividing line between the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, the place of beginning.

§ 18. The Seventeenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the easterly permanent line of the East River, where the same would be intersected by a line drawn through the centre of North Thirteenth street; thence running in a southeasterly direction along the centre of North Thirteenth street to the centre of the intersection of North Thirteenth and First streets; thence northeasterly along the centre of First street to the centre of the intersection of North Fourteenth and First streets;

thence in a Northwesterly direction along the centre of North Fourteenth street to the centre of the intersection of North Fourteenth street by Fifth street; thence along the the centre of Fifth street, in a northeasterly direction, to the centre of the intersection of Van Pelt street by Fifth street; thence in an easterly direction along the centre of Van Pelt street to the centre of the intersection of Van Pelt and Leonard streets; thence in a southerly direction along the centre of Leonard street to the centre of the intersection of Leonard and Richardson streets; thence in an easterly direction along the centre of Richardson street to the centre of the intersection of the Newtown Turnpike (or North road) by Richardson street; thence in a northeasterly direction along the centre of the Newtown turnpike, in all its turnings, to the centre of Newtown creek; thence in a northwesterly direction along the centre of Newtown creek, in all its meanderings, to the permanent line of the East River to a point where the permanent line of the East River would intercept the centre of the Newtown creek if continued; thence along the easterly permanent line of the East River in a southerly direction to the centre of North Thirteenth street, the place of beginning.

§ 19. The Eighteenth Ward of said city shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at the centre of the intersection of Richardson street and Newtown turnpike; thence running in a northeasterly direction along the centre of Newtown turnpike to the centre of Newtown creek; thence in a southeasterly direction along the centre of Newtown creek to the intersection of the centre of Williamsburgh and Jamaica turnpike; thence in a southeasterly direction to a certain rock called "Arbitration Rock"; thence south twenty-seven degrees east one hundred and fifty-five chains to a heap of stones; thence in the same direct line until it is intersected by the westerly line by the town of New Lots; thence in a southerly direction along said last-mentioned line to the northerly line of the present city of Brooklyn; thence northwesterly along said last-mentioned line and along the centre of Division avenue to the centre of the intersection of Division and Flushing avenues; thence easterly along the centre of Flushing avenue to the centre of the intersection of Flushing and Bushwick avenues; thence in a northerly, northwesterly and northeasterly, and again northwesterly direction, along the centre of Bushwick avenue to the centre of the intersection of Bushwick avenue and North Second street; thence westerly along the centre of North Second street to the intersection of North Second and Smith streets; thence northerly along the centre of Smith street



to the centre of the intersection of Smith street and Richardson street; thence along the centre of Richardson street to the place of beginning.

§ 20. The Nineteenth Ward shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the centre line of Division avenue with the centre line of Flushing avenue; running thence westerly along the centre line of Flushing avenue to the centre of Washington avenue; thence northerly along the centre line of Washington avenue to the Wallabout Bay; thence northeasterly along Wallabout Bay to the line dividing the late cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line to the centre line of South Sixth street; thence easterly again along the centre line of South Sixth street to the centre line of Division avenue; and thence easterly again along the centre line of Division avenue to the point of beginning.

(a) The Twentieth Ward of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the centre line of Washington avenue with the centre line of Atlantic avenue, running thence westerly along the centre line of Atlantic avenue to the centre line of Portland avenue; thence northerly along the centre line of Portland avenue in a straight line across Washington Park to the East River or Wallabout Bay; thence easterly along the East River or Wallabout Bay to the centre of Washington avenue, and thence southerly along the centre of Washington avenue to the centre of Atlantic avenue to the point or the place of beginning.—*Laws of 1863, Chap. 76.*

(b) The Twenty-first Ward of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the middle lines of Bedford avenue and Clove place, running thence along the middle line of Clove place to its intersection with the middle line of Bedford avenue, thence northerly along the middle line of Bedford avenue to the middle line of Flushing avenue; thence easterly along the middle of Flushing avenue to the middle line of Broadway, thence southeasterly along the middle line of Broadway to the city line; thence westerly along the city line to the middle line of Atlantic avenue; thence in a westerly direction along the middle line of Atlantic avenue to the place or point of beginning.—*Chap. 814, Laws of 1868.*

(c) The Twenty-second Ward of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise the following district, viz: Beginning at a point where the centre lines of Flatbush avenue and Fourth avenue

intersect, and running thence southeasterly along the centre of Flatbush avenue to the line separating the town of Flatbush from the city of Brooklyn; thence along the division line, as the same now runs, to the centre of Middle street; thence northwesterly along the centre of Middle street to Gowanus Bay; thence northeasterly along the said bay to the centre line of First avenue; thence northeasterly along the centre of First avenue to the centre of Fifth street; thence southeasterly along the centre of Fifth street to the centre of Second avenue; thence northeasterly along the centre of Second avenue to the centre of First street; thence southeasterly along the centre of First street to the centre of Fourth avenue; thence northerly along the centre of Fourth avenue to the place of beginning.—*Chap. 813, Laws of 1868.*

§ 21. The said several wards of the said city, except as otherwise provided in this act, shall be considered and are hereby declared to be towns of the county of Kings.

(d) The several cities of this State shall be divided by the Common Councils of said cities, respectively, into convenient election districts for the holding of all general and special elections, and all elections of the officers of such cities who are elective by the people.—*Chap. 6, Title 3, Part 3, R. S., Sec. 9.*

(e) Every ward in the city containing not more than five hundred voters shall be an election district. Every ward in a city containing more than five hundred voters, and no more than eight hundred voters, may, on or before the first Monday of October next, or in any year thereafter, be divided by the Common Council of such city, if they shall deem expedient, into two districts, to contain as near as may be an equal number of voters; and every ward of a city containing more than eight hundred voters shall, on or before the first Monday of October next, and as often annually thereafter as may be necessary or expedient, be divided by the Common Council of such city into two or more districts, in such manner as shall be entire within one ward, and shall contain, as near as may be, an equal number of voters; and no district shall contain more than eight hundred voters.—*Ibid, Sec. 9*

(f) Whenever a ward shall be divided into two or more districts, the Common Council shall immediately publish the same by making a map or description of such division, defining it by known boundaries, and keeping such map or description open for public inspection in the office of the clerk of such city, and also by posting up copies of such map in at least ten of the most public places in each district of such ward; and the Com-

mon Council shall also, prior to every election, furnish copies of such map and description to the Inspectors of Election in each district of such ward.—*Ibid*, Sec. 10.

## TITLE II OF THE COMMON COUNCIL.

- Sec. 1.** Common Council—how constituted.  
 2. Board of Aldermen.  
 3. Qualifications of Aldermen.  
 4. When and how chosen.  
 5. Repealed.  
 6. Term of office—resignations—vacancies, how filled—to be paid for services.  
 7. Clerk of Common Council.  
 8. Quorum.  
 9. President of Common Council—expulsion of members.  
 10. Ordinances to be presented to Mayor—veto of Mayor—when ordinances shall take effect—majority vote when required—yeas and nays when to be taken.  
 11. Annual publication of receipts and expenditures.  
 12. Meetings of Common Council—stated and special.  
 13. Special powers of Common Council—relation to.
- Sub-Divisions.** 1. Finances and property.  
 2. Wharves and piers.  
 3. Police and Fire Department.  
 4. Licenses.  
 5. Sale of Hay and Straw.  
 6. Markets.  
 7. Cattle, Swine, Dogs, &c.  
 8. Cows, &c.  
 9. Nuisances.  
 10. Kites.  
 11. Bathing.  
 12. Racing and fast driving.  
 13. Burial of the dead.  
 14. Gunpowder and use of lights in barns, &c.—inspection of dangerous materials, petroleum, kerosene, &c.  
 15. Di-orderly and gaming houses.  
 16. Shows and exhibitions.  
 17. Obstructions in streets—removal of snow and ice, ashes, offal and garbage.  
 18. Duties of officers to be prescribed.  
 19. Drinking and victualing houses.  
 20. Unwholesome business.  
 21. Erection of stoops, windows, signs, cellars, &c.—removal of houses.  
 22. Improvement and repair of sidewalks and crosswalks.  
 23. Digging down, draining, filling up and fencing of lots.  
 24. To fix the compensation of officers, not otherwise provided for.  
 25. Construction of chimneys, fire works and fire arms—prevention and extinguishment of fires.  
 26. Annual current expenditure of the city.  
 27. Runners for boats, stages, &c.—running of rail road cars and engines.  
 28. Money to be raised for hospitals and dispensaries.  
 29. Assize and sale of bread.  
 30. Ringing of bells and blowing of horns.  
 31. Demolition of dangerous buildings.  
 32. To limit and define duties of officers.
- Sec. 14.** General Powers.  
 15. Removal of buildings.  
 (a) To determine the number of Commissioners of Deeds.  
 (b) Residence of Commissioners of Deeds.  
 (c) To determine the number of Notaries Public.  
 (d) Copy of determination to be sent to the Governor.  
 (e) Appointments by Governor.  
 (f) Residence of Notaries.  
 (g) To regulate the construction of awnings.  
 (h) Power to change and determine the names of streets and numbers of houses.



- (i) Penalty for disregard of such determination.
- (j) Superintendents of contracts.
- 16. Penalties to be imposed for violation of ordinances.
- 17. Suits for do., how to be brought.
- 18. Publication and proof thereof, of ordinances.
- 19. Corporation Newspapers.
- 20. Aldermen to be fence viewers and Justices of Peace
- 21. (k) Board of Estimate to prepare annual statement of moneys to be raised by tax
- 22. (l) Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors to levy taxes.
- 23. Lamp and Fire Districts.
- 24. Officers of Joint Board—Supervisors to levy taxes.
- 25. Extension of Lamp and Fire Districts.
- 26. Remission of Penalties.

SECTION 1. The legislative power of said corporation shall be vested in a Mayor and Board of Aldermen, who, together, shall form the Common Council.

§ 2. The Board of Aldermen shall, on and after the first Monday of May, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, consist of one Alderman to be elected from each ward as hereinafter prescribed.

§ 3. Every Alderman shall, at the time of his election, be an elector of the ward in which he shall be chosen, and shall have been a resident of the city for at least three years immediately previous thereto.

§ 4. There shall be chosen by the electors of the several wards respectively herein mentioned, at the general State election to be held in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and every two years thereafter, one Alderman from each of the Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wards of the said city; and every two years thereafter, one Alderman from each of the First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Nineteenth Wards of said city. The Aldermen so chosen shall be entitled to take their seats on the first day of January next succeeding their election; and the terms of office of the present Aldermen of the said wards respectively shall continue until their successors shall be chosen as above provided, and shall have qualified—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 63.*

• [In 1868, the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards were created, and provision made for the election of an Alderman in the Twenty-first Ward at the general election in 1868, to hold office for one year from January 1st, 1869, and in the Twenty-second Ward at the same time to hold office for two years from January 1st, 1869. Their successors to be elected at the same time with the Aldermen from the odd and even numbered wards as prescribed in this section.—*Laws of 1868, Chap. 813 and Chap. 814.*]

[§ 5. Original section, Act of 1854, repealed by Laws of 1862.]

§ 6 The members of the Common Council shall, unless removed for cause, hold office until their places are supplied by the election of new members, who shall have qualified in the manner provided by this Act. In case any Alderman shall after his election or during his term of office, remove out of the Ward in which he shall have been elected, his office shall be deemed vacant, and he shall no longer act as Alderman. They may also resign their respective offices at any time, by filing written notices thereof with the City Clerk, and publishing a copy of such notice in the corporation newspapers; and the Common Council shall have power to direct a special election to supply any vacancy that may occur, but the person so elected shall hold office only for the residue of the term so vacated.

[Each Alderman shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars, payable monthly, in the same manner as now provided by law, but shall receive no other compensation whatever.—*Laws of 1865, Chap. 721.*]

§ 7. The Common Council shall appoint a Clerk, who shall perform such duties as may be prescribed for him. The Clerk so appointed shall also be the City Clerk, and hold his office one year [two years—*Laws of 1863, Chap. 70.*] unless removed for cause and by consent of the Common Council; he may appoint an Assistant Clerk, for whose acts he shall be responsible.

§ 8. A majority of Aldermen elected shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from time to time, and compel the attendance of absent members.

§ 9. The Common Council shall annually elect a President from its own body, and in his absence a President for the time being, choose officers, appoint its times and places of meeting, determine the rules of its own proceedings, be the sole judge of the qualifications of its members, keep a journal of its proceedings, and may punish or expel a member for disorderly conduct or a violation of its rules, or declare his seat vacated by reason of absence, provided such absence be continued for the space of two months. But no expulsion shall take place except by the vote of two-thirds of all the members elected, until the delinquent member shall have an opportunity to be heard in his defence.

§ 10. Every ordinance or resolution of the Common Council shall, before it takes effect, be presented duly certified, to the Mayor, and the approval of the minutes by the Common



Council, shall be conclusive evidence that the said ordinance or resolution has been so presented to the Mayor. If he approves of it, he shall sign it; if not he shall return it with his objections, and file it with the Clerk within ten days after he received it; the said Board shall, at its first regular meeting thereafter, enter the objections at length on its journal, and cause said objections to be published in the corporation newspapers, after which publications, it shall proceed to reconsider the same, and if two-thirds of all the members elected shall then agree to pass the same, it shall take effect as a law; but in every such case the votes shall be taken by ayes and nays, and entered on the journal. And if such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the Mayor, within ten days after he has received it, it shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it. But no such ordinance or resolution shall take effect, in any sense, until the day following the next regular meeting of the Board, except by the unanimous consent of the Board; in which case it shall take effect upon being approved by the Mayor.

[No ordinance or resolution of the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, having for its object the appropriation or payment of money from the treasury of said city, or for the creating of any debt or obligation, shall become binding upon said city unless the same has been passed by a majority of all the Aldermen elected to said Common Council, and the votes taken on the passage of any such ordinance or resolution shall, in all cases, be taken by ayes and noes, and entered on the minutes of the Common Council; and no debt or obligation of any kind shall be created against said city except by ordinance or resolution of said Common Council specifying the amount and object of such expenditure.—*Laws of 1861, Chap. 328.*]

§ 11. The Common Council shall at least once in each year, not more than thirty nor less than twenty days before the annual election, publish in such of the newspapers printed in the city as they shall designate, a full statement of all the receipts and expenditures of every description for the fiscal year ending on the thirty-first day of August preceding such statement, including all the moneys which have passed through the hands of the Comptroller or Treasurer for any purpose whatever, together with the different sources of city revenue, the amount received under each, the several appropriations made by the Common Council, the objects for which the same were made, and the sums expended for each; also any money borrowed upon the credit of the city, whether by temporary loans or by the issue of bonds, the terms upon which they were obtained, the

authority under which they were borrowed and the purpose to which they were applied, and how much of the same or other city indebtedness has been paid and by what means. The statement shall also include a detailed account of the city property, existing debts of every description, and condition of the sinking fund with all such other information as may be necessary for a full understanding of the financial concerns of the city, showing also the relative indebtedness and property of the proportions of said city formerly included in the cities of Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and the Town of Bushwick.

§ 12. The Common Council shall hold stated meetings, commencing on the first Monday of January in each year, unless the said first Monday happen on the first day of the year, in which case such stated meetings shall commence on the second Monday of January; but the Mayor, or in his absence any three Aldermen may call special meetings of the Common Council by notice to each Alderman, served upon him personally or left at his usual place of residence. The Common Council may, at any regular meeting, by resolution, order a special meeting, and such resolution shall not require the approval of the Mayor.

§ 13. The Common Council shall have power within said city to make, establish, publish and modify, amend or repeal ordinances, rules, regulations, by-laws [subject to the provisions of this and not inconsistently therewith—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 63.*] for the following purposes:

1. To manage and regulate the finances and property, real and personal, of the city.
2. To regulate wharves, piers and slips owned by the city, and direct the affairs thereof.
3. To establish and regulate a day and night Police and Fire Department of the city, within the limits prescribed by law, and define and regulate the duties and powers of firemen and police.

[Abrogated as regards the Police and Fire Departments by the Act establishing the Metropolitan Police and Fire Department, and subsequent acts.]

4. To license and regulate cartmen, porters, hack, omnibus, stage and truck owners and drivers; and all rail road cars running on any rail road established since January first, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; carriages and vehicles used for the transportation of passengers and merchandize, goods or articles of any kind, (or to authorize the Mayor to grant such licenses, and to require the owners to mark the same in such manner as



the Common Council shall designate); weights and measures, surveyors, common criers, hawkers, peddlers, pawnbrokers, junk shop keepers, [dealers in kerosene oils and fluid—*Laws of 1864, Chap. 10*], sweeps and scavengers [powers vested in Board of Health by Act establishing said Board to appoint scavengers], and to fix the rates of compensation to be allowed to them, and to prohibit unlicensed persons from acting in either of such capacities

5. To prescribe the places for selling hay, straw and other articles from wagons or other vehicles.

6. To locate, regulate and remove slaughter houses; establish and regulate public markets, license and regulate butchers; designate places, times and manner of selling meats, fish, fruits and vegetable; and prohibit persons from selling without license.\*

7. To restrain and regulate the running at large of cattle, horses, sheep, swine, geese and other animals; and to authorize and regulate the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred and cost of proceedings; and to pass ordinances authorizing the destruction of dogs.\*

8. To regulate or prohibit the keeping of cows, swine and other animals.\*

9. To prohibit and abate all nuisances.\*

10. To regulate or prohibit the flying of kites, or any other practice having a tendency to frighten animals, or to annoy persons passing in the streets or on the sidewalks in said city.

11. To regulate or prohibit swimming or bathing in the waters of or bounding the city.

12. To prevent horse racing and immoderate driving in said city, and to authorize the stopping of any one who shall be guilty of so doing.

13. To regulate the burial of the dead, prohibit interments within such limits as it may prescribe, purchase land for public burial places, direct the keeping and returning of bills of mortality, and to establish such regulations for conveying the dead through the streets of said city as the health, quiet and good order of the city may in their opinion require, or prohibit the same entirely if necessary.

14. To prohibit or regulate the keeping or conveying of gunpowder, and other dangerous material; to provide for forfeiture of the same; and the use of candles and lights in barns, stables and other buildings.

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[\* See Act establishing Board of Health.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 381*.]

[ (a) To prohibit or regulate the keeping or conveying of gun-powder, petroleum, earth or rock oil, benzole, benzine, naptha, kerosene, camphene or burning fluid of any kind, and other dangerous material; and to provide for the inspection of the same by an inspector appointed by them, and in case of violation of the ordinance regulating the same to provide for the forfeiture thereof; and as to the use of candles or lights in barns, stables or other buildings.—*Laws of 1864, Chap. 410.*]

[Power to appoint inspector under this law abrogated by act of 1867, *Chap. 60*. See also *Laws of 1865, Chap. 733* in relation to Petroleum Oil, &c.]

[ (b) For the purpose of enforcing the several provisions of this act ("An Act to regulate the storage and keeping of crude petroleum, earth or rock oil, or any of its products, within the corporate limits of any city in the State of New York, of 1865, *Chap. 733*") in the City of Brooklyn, there shall be nominated by the Mayor, and confirmed by the Common Council of said city, a competent and experienced person as special warden, whose duty it shall be to guard the city against fires and explosions from petroleum, earth or rock oil, or the products thereof; or from benzole, benzine, naptha, kerosene, camphene or burning fluid of any kind, by requiring obedience to the ordinances of the said city and the laws of this State in relation to the storage, manufacture of, keeping for sale of such materials within said city; and said special warden shall have power at all times to enter all manufactories, warehouses, buildings, sheds, yards and grounds within said city used for the manufacture, storage or sale of any of the materials mentioned in this section, and examine such materials kept or sold therein, and the manner in which the same are kept and secured; and the owners, tenants or occupants of all such manufactories, warehouses, buildings, sheds, yards and grounds within the said city, shall permit and allow the said special warden at all times to enter the same. The said Common Council shall have the power to regulate and prescribe the duties and compensation of said special warden and to fix his term of office.—*Laws of 1865, Chap. 733.*]

15. To suppress and restrain disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, gaming tables, ball alleys; the playing of cards or games of chance in places where liquor is sold to be drank; to destroy all implements or devices employed in gaming, and to restrain and punish vagrants, mendicants, street beggars and common prostitutes. (But this provision shall not apply to billiard tables.—*Laws of 1860 Chap. 158.*)



16. To prohibit or regulate the exhibition of common showmen, or of curiosities or other public exhibitions tending to create or encourage idleness or immorality.

17. To prevent and remove obstructions and incumbrances in and upon all wharves, streets and public places, and the throwing of dirt, filth or rubbish on or from the same into the water adjoining; to direct and regulate the planting, rearing, trimming and preserving of ornamental and shade trees in the streets, parks and grounds of the city; to enforce the removal of snow, ice, or dirt from the sidewalks and gutters, and to direct the sweeping and cleaning of streets by the persons owning or occupying the premises fronting thereon.

[The public parks were placed in charge of the Prospect Park Commissioners.—*Laws of 1868, Chap. 493.*]

[No person shall throw, cast or lay any ashes, offal, vegetables, garbage, dross, cinders, shells, straw, shavings, dirt, filth or rubbish of any kind whatever in any gutter, street, lane, alley or in any public place in the cities of New York, Albany, Buffalo and Brooklyn. § 2. The willful violation of any of the provisions of the preceeding section shall be and is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one dollar, nor more than ten dollars, or by imprisonment for a term of not less than one or more than five days.—*Laws of 1866, Chap. 377.*]

18. To provide and define the duties of all officers appointed under this act not otherwise prescribed for by law.

19. To regulate victualing houses or cellars, gardens, and other places where ardent spirits or other intoxicating drinks may be sold, and to prohibit the keeping of the same, except by persons duly licensed.

[By Laws of 1867, Chap 628, and subsequent acts this power was transferred to the Board of Excise.]

20. To compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, cellar, tallow chandler's shop, soap factory, tannery, slaughter-house, stables, privy, sewer, or other unwholesome or nauseous house, place or yard, to cleanse, remove or abate the same from time to time, as often as it may be necessary for the health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants, at the expense of the owner or occupant thereof, and to prescribe certain limits within which it shall be lawful to, erect or establish any offensive or unwholesome manufactory or business. [See also law establishing Board of Health of 1870.—*Chap. 381.*]

21. To prevent or regulate the erection or construction of any stoop, step, platform, bay window, cellar-door, oven,

descent into a cellar or basement, sign, or any post or erection, or any projection from any building or otherwise, in, over or upon any street, or avenue in, or the removal of any house or other building through said city, and to cause the same to be taken out and removed from such street or avenue, at the expense of the owner or occupant of the premises.

22. To cause sidewalks to be improved by the laying of flag stones thereon, or such other material as they may deem expedient for the purpose of making a good foot path, and to cause the expense thereof to be assessed upon the adjoining lots, and to be levied and collected in the same manner as other local improvements; also to repair the same or put sidewalks in a safe condition and to lay cross walks and set and reset old curb and gutter stones. The expense for such repairs and laying of cross walks shall be a charge upon the ward in which such improvements are made; and for the purpose of defraying such expenses, the Mayor is hereby authorized and directed to place in his budget to the Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors, annually, such an amount for each ward, as he may deem sufficient to meet such expenses. No petition for any of the improvements in this, or the following sub-divisions of this section mentioned, shall be necessary; but no assessment shall be laid which shall exceed one-half of the actual value of the lot to be assessed.—*As amended, Laws of 1870, Chap. 258.*

23. To direct the digging down, draining or filling up of lots or parcels of ground, in all cases in which by a vote of two-thirds, they shall decide such digging down, draining or filling up necessary for preventing any damage or injury to the street, sidewalks, crosswalks, or to the adjoining property, or for abating a nuisance, at the expense of the owners thereof; to direct the fencing in or enclosing of vacant lands adjoining any street, and the building and maintaining of sufficient brick or stone walls between any lot or piece of land, and any street or avenue adjoining the land, or between any lots where the same shall be required in the opinion of the said Council, by reason of either of said lots not being on the grade of the street upon which either of the same may front, to protect the lot or lots upon the grade of said street, or to protect said street, and to require such wall to be built upon any lot or piece of land which shall not so conform to the grade, at the expense of the owner or owners thereof, and to assess and to collect the expenses thereof, in the same manner as for regulating, grading and paving streets; but before any ordinance shall be passed for any of the purposes in this or the last preceeding sub-division mentioned, ten days' notice of the application for or the intention to pass

such ordinance shall be given to every person to be affected thereby, either personally or by publication in the corporation newspapers.—*As amended, Laws of 1838. Chap. 635.*

[All provisions of law limiting the amount of the expense of filling in lots in the City of Brooklyn, assessable upon such lots are hereby repealed, and the whole expense of filling in any lot or lots directed to be filled in by the Common Council of said city, shall be assessed upon the lot or lots so filled in.

The Common Council of the city may devolve upon the Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners the duty of filling in any sunken lots declared by them to be a nuisance or necessary to be filled in.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 866, Sec. 1 and 3.*]

24. To fix and determine a reasonable compensation to be paid to any officer of said city, or other person employed by them, or any service required of him by this act or by any ordinance or resolution passed by them, for which no specific fee or compensation is provided by this act to be paid by the person or persons for whom such service shall be performed for the use of the city; and to regulate the compensation for the services of any officer of said city, or other person employed by him, for searching the books, files or records of said city for private persons.

25. To regulate the construction of chimneys, and to compel the sweeping thereof; to prevent the setting up or construction of stoves, boilers, ovens, or other things in such a manner as to be dangerous; to prohibit the deposit of ashes in unsafe places; to authorize any city officer, or person or persons whom they may designate for that purpose, to enter upon and inspect any place or places for the purpose of ascertaining whether the same is or are in a safe condition, and if not to direct or cause the same to be made so; to regulate the carrying on of manufactories dangerous in causing or promoting fires; to regulate or prohibit the manufacture, sale or use of fireworks or firearms in said city; to require all such further or other acts to be done, and to regulate or prohibit the doing of all such further or other acts, as they may deem proper to prevent the occurrence and to provide for the extinguishment of fires in said city.

26. To estimate and determine what amount of money may be raised to defray the annual current expenditure of the city, and to a lopt all legal and requisite measures for levying and collecting it.—(*See also Sec. 22 of this Title.*)

27. To regulate and restrain runners for boats, stages, rail roads, taverns and other houses, and the running of engines and



cars through said city on any railroad established since January first, eighteen hundred and fifty-three.

28. To raise by tax, annually a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars towards defraying the expenses of the City Hospital, and the sum of one thousand dollars for the celebration of the Anniversary of American Independence, [Amended by *Laws of 1861, Chap. 318*, increasing the amount to three thousand dollars], and, in the same manner as the expenses of the Fire Department shall be raised the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars for the Fire Department Funds of the Eastern and Western Districts of said city to be distributed between them according to the taxable property of each of said districts, [Virtually abrogated by laws establishing Paid Fire Department], and the sum of one thousand dollars upon the whole city, to be apportioned between the Dispensaries of said city according to the taxable property of the districts in which they are situated. [Amended by *Laws of 1860, Chap. 158*, authorizing the raising of three thousand dollars for the support of the Dispensaries]. [And a further sum not exceeding four thousand dollars towards defraying the expenses of the Long Island College Hospital.—*Laws of 1865, Chap. 721.*]

[It shall be the duty of the Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors of the City of Brooklyn, hereafter to levy and raise annually in the same manner as taxes are now required by law to be levied, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn Central Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn City Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn Eleetic Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Williamsburgh Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Long Island College Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the St. Peter's Dispensary for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to the Eye and Ear Hospital of the City of Brooklyn for its support; the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary for its support; and the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Eastern District Hospital of the City of Brooklyn; and the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn Dental Infirmary for its support.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 320.*]

29. To establish assize of bread, and regulate the sale thereof.

30. To prevent and regulate the ringing and tolling of bells, blowing of horns and crying of goods and other things in said city.

31. To raise or demolish any building or erection which, by reason of fire or any other cause, may become dangerous to human life or health, or tend to extend conflagration.—[See also *Sec. 9 and 16, Laws of 1854, Chap. 109.*]

32. To limit and define the duties which are by this act required to be performed by the several officers of the city, and to prescribe such other or further duties to be performed by them, or any of them, as it may deem proper.

§ 14. The Common Council shall also have power to make, establish, alter, modify, amend and repeal all such other ordinances, rules, police regulations and by-laws not contrary to the laws of the State or of the United States, as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the powers conferred on it by this act or by any other law of the State; and such as they may deem necessary and proper for the good government, order and protection of persons and property, and for the preservation of the public health, peace and prosperity of said city and its inhabitants.

§ 15. The Common Council may allow or permit the removal of any house or other building through or over any street or avenue of said city; but in no case shall a building be removed into a fire district.

[It shall not be lawful for any person to move any building of any description through or on any street in the City of Brooklyn which has a rail road track laid thereon, unless the same is done in such a manner that the cars running on said track are not disturbed thereby.

In case any building is moved across the tracks of any rail road the same shall only be done between the hours of eleven o'clock at night and three o'clock in the morning].—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 764.*

[(a) The Common Council of the several cities of this State, except the City of New York, shall on or before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and at the end of every two years thereafter, by resolution of the Board, determine and limit the number of Commissioners of Deeds to be appointed in and for said cities respectively].—*Laws of 1848, Chap. 161, Sec. 31.*

[(b) Commissioners of Deeds must reside within the respective towns for which they shall have been chosen and appointed,

but may execute the duties of their office at any place within the County].—*Sec. 3 of Title 1, Part 1, Chap. 5, R. S.*

[ (c) The Common Council of each of the cities in this State, except the City of New York, on or before the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and once at the end of every two years thereafter, shall by resolution of the Board, determine and limit the number of Notaries Public to be next appointed in and for their respective cities. ]—*Laws of 1848, Chap. 161, Sec. 3.*

[ (d) A copy of each determination to be made by the Common Council of every city under the corporate seal and attested by the Mayor of the city, shall be transmitted to the Governor within twenty days after the same shall have been made].—*Sec. 3.*

[ (e) No nomination or appointment shall be made by the Governor to any of the officers so limited, as stated in the preceding sections, unless in conformity to the limitation ]

[ (f) Notaries Public must reside in the respective cities or counties for which they shall be appointed, but may execute the duties of their office at any place within the State. ]—*Title 1, Part 1, Chap. 5, Sec 14, R. S.*

[ (g) The Common Council of the City of Brooklyn, shall have power to make and enforce an ordinance or ordinances regulating the erection, construction, maintenance of awnings and awning posts in said city or for the removal of the same. ]—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 339, Sec 1.*

[ (h) The Common Council of the City of Brooklyn, are hereby authorized and empowered to alter, change, fix and determine the names of all the streets, avenues, lanes, squares and places in said city, and to designate numbers for houses and lots therein; provided, however, that all such names shall be fixed by ordinance or ordinances, to be passed for that purpose in the same manner as ordinances for other purposes are now made].—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 125, Sec. 1.*

[ (i) Any person who shall make use of, put up, display or designate any name or other designation or title for any street, avenue, lane, square or place in said city of Brooklyn, or who shall put up, display or designate any number on any building or lot, or otherwise, other than such as may be fixed and determined by the Common Council of said city, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and be punishable therefor as the law directs].—*Ibid, Sec. 2.*

[ (j) The duties and powers of the Superintendents of Contracts, authorized by Section five, Chapter four, one hundred



and thirty-one, of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall be defined and prescribed by the Common Council of the City of Brooklyn by ordinance; and for any neglect of duty or violation of such ordinance, such Superintendent or Superintendents may be removed from office in the same manner as now provided for the removal of other officers of the City of Brooklyn. Whenever the Mayor or Street Commissioner shall, on oath, make any written charge or complaint of neglect of duty or of malfeasance in office, to the Common Council, against any Superintendent of Contracts, such Superintendent shall thereupon and thereby be deemed to have been suspended from office and from all pay or salary. The Common Council shall forthwith proceed to an examination of the charges or complaints so made, and within two weeks time shall decide thereon, and if such charges and complaints be, in their opinion, sustained, then the office of Superintendents shall be deemed and held to be vacant from the time such charge was presented, and the vacancy may be filled in the same manner as now provided for by law; and if, in their opinion, such charges shall not be sustained, then such Superintendent shall thereby be restored to his office and pay, the same as though such charges had never been made).--*Laws of 1864, Chap. 410, Sec. 5.*

[By action of the Common Council providing that no salary should be paid to the officers above referred to, the positions have been vacated, and the office of Superintendent of Contracts therefore in effect discontinued].

§ 16. In every by-law, ordinance, or police or sanitary regulation of the said Common Council may pass, it may impose such penalty for the violation or non-performance thereof as it may deem proper; but no such by-law, ordinance or regulation shall extend in its operation beyond the territorial limits of the city.

§ 17. Suits may be prosecuted in the corporate name of the city against any person or persons who shall violate any provisions of any law, ordinance or regulation of the Common Council of said city, or who shall neglect or refuse to perform any act or duty thereby required of him or them; and in every such action it shall be sufficient to state in the complaint the by-law ordinance or regulation, and the section thereof, upon which such action is brought; and proceedings for any violation of the ordinances of the city imposing a penalty may be commenced by warrant for the arrest of the offender, as well as by summons, to be issued by any magistrate or court having jurisdiction in the case before whom complaint shall be made,

under oath, and every police justice and justice of the peace elected in said city shall have jurisdiction in all such cases.

§ 18. Every general ordinance, by-law, rule or regulation which may be passed by the Common Council imposing a penalty, shall after the passage thereof and before the same shall take effect, be published for ten days successively in the corporation newspapers. Proof of such publication, by the affidavit of the printer or publisher of such newspaper or papers, taken before any officer authorized to administer oaths, filed in the office of the City Clerk, or a copy thereof certified by said City Clerk, shall be deemed conclusive evidence thereof in all courts and places; but such publication may be proved by any other competent evidence.

§ 19. The Common Council shall designate three daily newspapers published in said city having the largest actual average daily circulation therein, one of which shall be printed and published in that part of the city known as the Eastern Fire Department District, in which shall be published all ordinances, resolutions, notices, tax and assessment sales, and all other proceedings which by this act or any other act are or may be required to be published affecting said city.

§ 20. The Aldermen to be elected, as hereinbefore provided, shall be fence-viewers in their respective wards, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authority of justices of peace of towns in criminal proceedings, except the discharge of persons in custody; but shall not be entitled to receive compensation for any services as such justices of the peace.

§ 21. The Mayor and Comptroller of said city shall annually on or before the first Monday of June, present to the Common Council and Supervisors of the city, in joint meeting, a statement in writing of the several sums of money which they shall deem necessary to be raised by tax for the various purposes contemplated in this act and otherwise by law for the year commencing on the first day of January next thereafter.—1862, Chap. 63.

[Repealed by Chap. 362, Laws of 1871].

§ 22. The Common Council and the Supervisors of the city shall meet in Joint Board on the first Monday in June of each year, and then, or as soon thereafter as practicable, proceed to determine, by a majority of at least two-thirds of all the members elected, what sums will be necessary to defray the expenses of said city for the year, to commence on the first day of January next thereafter, not exceeding in the aggregate the total amount estimated by the Mayor and Comptroller in their

statement to the Joint Board, and also the interest due and to become due in that year on the public debt of said city, and any installments due or to become due thereon in that year, together with such sums as by this act are authorized for the use and benefit of the public schools of said city, and as or shall be required by law to be paid into the sinking fund of the city, and as shall be necessary to pay any judgment recovered against the city.—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 63.*

[Repealed by *Chap. 362, Laws of 1871.*

The Mayor and Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn are hereby authorized and directed to insert in their next annual budget, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and every year thereafter, such sum or sums as may be necessary for the purpose of defraying the expense of the Fire Department of said city, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (exclusive of salaries in any one year), and the Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors of said city are hereby directed to cause the said amount, as estimated by the Mayor and Comptroller, to be levied and collected in the annual taxes imposed in said city in each year.—1868, *Chap. 224, Sec. 1.*

[Repealed by Law of 1869 creating Paid Fire Department].

(k) § 1: The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the city of Brooklyn together with the Supervisor at large, and the Treasurer of the County of Kings, shall be a Board of Estimate who shall on or before the first Tuesday of July in each year, estimate the amount required to be raised by law in said city and county, for all city and county purposes, including the money to be raised by the Board of Education for said city, for the year commencing on the first day of January then next, stating separately what will be required for city and county purposes respectively. The amount so estimated to be raised in said city for both city and county purposes, shall not exceed two cents and three mills per dollar, upon an amount equal to the aggregate of the assessed value of the property in said city for the year eighteen hundred and seventy; and no greater sum shall be raised in said city by tax for such purposes. The Board of Education in said city, shall on or before the first day of July in each year, transmit to the said Board of Estimate, a statement of the several amounts which in their judgment will be required for the various purposes for which moneys are now authorized or may hereafter be authorized by law for said Board of Education; and said Board of Estimate shall revise and determine the amount that shall be raised by tax for such purposes, in the next annual



taxes. Provided that nothing therein contained shall prevent the raising by tax any further moneys which shall be required for the purpose of paying any portion of the bonded debt of said city or county hereafter to become due, or the interest on any bonds which shall hereafter be issued by said city or county under authority of law.

§ 2. The said Board of Estimate shall annually present their said estimate of the amount to be raised for city purposes as aforesaid to the Common Council and the Supervisors of said city, who shall meet in joint board on the first Tuesday in July in each year, and then, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and before the first Tuesday of August proceed to determine by a majority of at least two-thirds of all the members elected, what sums will be necessary to defray the expenses of said city for the year, to commence on the first day of January, then next, including interest and principal of debt due or to become due during said year, any amount required by law, to be paid into the Sinking Fund, or for any judgment and generally for all purposes contemplated by law to be raised by tax in said city; but the aggregate amount of all sums so determined to be raised for city purposes shall not exceed the total amount of the estimate of said Board of Estimate for such last mentioned purposes.

§ 5. Sections 21 and 22 of Title II. of the Charter of the City of Brooklyn, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.—*Chap. 362, Laws of 1871.*

§ 23. The whole of said city, except the Eighth, Ninth and Eighteenth wards, shall constitute a Lamp and Fire District, subject to the several provisions for the enlargement thereof hereinafter contained; and in determining the amount required to be raised by tax, as provided in the last preceding section, the said Joint Board shall apportion the aggregate thereof between the city at large and the several parts thereof, by specifying how much is to be levied upon the city at large, and how much upon the property within the Lamp and Fire District.

§ 24. The Mayor shall preside over such Joint Board, and the City Clerk shall be the clerk thereof, who shall deliver a copy of the resolution, duly certified by the Mayor, to the Board of Supervisors of the County of Kings, at their next annual meeting thereafter; and the several amounts specified in said resolution shall be assessed and rated by said Board upon and among the owners of the estate, real and personal, incorporated companies and associations in said city, in the manner herein directed.

§ 25. No part of the expenses of the Lamp and Fire District shall be raised outside of the same; nor shall any portion of the Eighth, Ninth and Eighteenth wards be included therein; but the Common Council may, at any time they think proper, by a vote of two-thirds, embrace any of the improved portions of said wards within such district, and such portions of said wards may be also annexed to said district upon the application of a majority of the persons interested therein, if the said Common Council deem it proper so to annex the same.

§ 26. The Common Council shall have no power to remit fines for penalties incurred in violation of ordinances or forfeitures for non-fulfillment of contracts for work done in cases where local assessments shall be laid, [but such powers may be exercised by the Mayor, who shall, before the same be effective, transmit his decision to the Common Council with his reason therefor in writing, who shall order the publication of the same.\*]

### TITLE III.

#### OF CITY OFFICERS, THEIR ELECTION AND DUTIES.

- SEC. 1. Officers.
2. Qualifications for office.
  3. Elections.
  4. Ballots.
  5. Statement of Canvass.
  6. Canvass of November, 1854.
  7. Board of Canvassers.
  8. Statement of votes.
  9. Certificate of result.
  10. Minutes of Board.
  11. Election of Mayor.
    - (1) Duties.
    - (2) Powers of.
  12. Vacancy in the office of Mayor.
  13. Comptroller.
  14. Street Commissioner.
  15. Treasurer and Deputy Treasurer.
  16. Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, abolished—Foreman of Repairs and Supplies.
  17. Auditor and Deputy Auditor.
  18. Attorney and Counsel.
  19. Remission of fines and deeds of cession of land.
  20. City Clerk, his duties.
  21. City Surveyors.
  22. Constables.
    - (a) Of their election and term of office.
  23. Official term of officers, when to commence.
  24. Appointment of officers by Common Council.
  25. Sureties.
  26. Sureties of Constables.
  27. Amount of surety.
  28. Oath of office.
  29. Salaries.
  30. Resignations and vacancies.
  31. Removals from office.
  32. Penalty for not delivering over books and papers.
  33. Members of Common Council not to be interested in contracts with city.
  34. Supervisors.
  35. (Office of Commissioner of Taxes)—Repealed.
  36. City Court of Brooklyn—its jurisdiction.

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\* Repealed.

SECTION 1. The administrative powers of the said corporation shall be vested in the Mayor, Comptroller, Auditor, Treasurer, Street Commissioner, Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies,\* Collector of Taxes and Assessments, and such other officers as shall from time to time be created by law or appointed by virtue of this act.

§ 2. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office unless he be at the time of his election a resident and elector of the city, and if elected to any ward or district office, an actual resident in such ward or district, and his removal therefrom shall vacate such office.

§ 3. Elections for Mayor and such other officers as are by the provisions of this act to be elected, shall be held by the electors of the said city on the day of the general State election, at the same time and places; and in such manner and under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law in regard to State elections; the Comptroller, Treasurer, Auditor, Collector of Taxes and Assessments and Commissioner of Taxes,† shall be elected at such election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; the Mayor and Street Commissioner shall be elected at such election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three. The present incumbents of the respective offices aforesaid, except the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, shall continue in office until the first day of January after the election of their respective successors as herein provided, and until such successors have qualified. The present Collector of Taxes and Assessments shall continue in office until the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and until his successor shall have qualified.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

§ 4. At the said elections the City Judge, Police Justice and Justices of the Peace, or such of them as are required to be chosen at any election, shall be voted for on a separate ballot endorsed "Judiciary;" the Mayor, Comptroller, Auditor, City Treasurer, Street Commissioner, Collector of Taxes and Assessments, Commissioner of Taxes, or such of them as shall require to be chosen at any election, shall be voted for on a separate ballot to be endorsed "City Officers;" and the Aldermen, Supervisors, and other ward officers, to be elected by wards respectively, shall be voted for on a separate ballot endorsed "Ward Officers." Such ballots shall be deposited by the Inspectors of the different election districts in separate boxes to be provided by the city—1862, *Chap.* 63.

\* Office of Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies abolished by Laws of 1862, Chap. 63, and the office of Tax Commissioner created.

† Office of Tax Commissioner abolished.—Laws of 1864.



§ 5. The original statements which shall be made of the canvass shall be duly certified by the Inspectors. They shall deliver one copy thereof, together with a copy of the poll lists, to the City Clerk, and another copy of each to the chairman of the Board of Canvassers within twenty-four hours after the closing of the polls, which shall remain with them until delivered to the Board of Canvassers, without alteration, supplement or amendment.

§ 6. For the purpose of canvassing the votes given for city and ward officers at the general election to be held in November, 1854, the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall appoint twelve of its number, the Common Council of the city of Williamsburgh shall appoint four of its number, and the Inspectors of Election of the two election districts of the town of Bushwick shall each appoint one of their number; such appointments shall be made at least two weeks before said election, and the persons thus appointed shall constitute a Board of Canvassers for said election, with power to appoint its own chairman and clerk. Said Board shall meet and organize in the Common Council Chamber of the city of Brooklyn at least one week before said election; the statements of canvass shall be delivered to such chairman and clerk, as provided in the fifth section of this title; and said Board shall thereupon proceed to canvass such statements at the same time and in the same manner as hereinafter provided.

§ 7. For the purpose of canvassing the votes given for the city and ward officers at any election, except the said election in November, 1854, the Common Council shall constitute the Board of Canvassers. The Mayor, or in his absence the President of said Board, shall preside, and the City Clerk or his assistant shall be the clerk thereof. They shall meet at the room of the Common Council on the Monday next, following the election, at or before five o'clock of that day, and a majority of Aldermen shall constitute a quorum. The clerk shall then produce the original statements of canvass in each district, as the same shall have been delivered to him, and from them the Board shall proceed to ascertain the votes given at such election for the several officers mentioned in such statements.

§ 8. They shall make a written statement of the whole number of votes given for Mayor of said city, as well as for the several other officers to be elected for said city and the several wards thereof; the names of the persons to whom such votes were given, and the number of votes given to each.

§ 9. Upon such statement the Board shall proceed to determine and declare what person or persons have received the

highest number of votes for each of the offices mentioned in such statement. In case any two or more persons shall have received an equal number of votes, for the same office, the Board shall determine by lot between them. The statement and final declaration of the Board shall be certified by the presiding officer and clerk, and filed in the office of the City Clerk.

§ 10. The clerk shall keep proper minutes of the proceedings of the Board, and enter the same, with the statement and declaration of the Board, in the book of minutes of the Common Council. Said statement and declaration shall, within one week thereafter, be published in one or more of the newspapers printed in each of the districts of said city. And within ten days after the Board shall have determined what persons have been elected to the several offices in said city, the Clerk shall cause written notice of his election to be given to each of the persons so elected.

§ 11. The Mayor shall be elected every two years, and no person shall be eligible to that office unless he has resided in the city at least five years, and has attained the age of twenty-five years. His salary shall not be less than two thousand dollars per annum.\* He shall, by virtue of his office, be a Supervisor of the city of Brooklyn, and shall possess all the jurisdiction and exercise all the powers and authority in criminal cases of a Justice of the Peace of said city, in addition to the powers heretofore given him by this or any other act; but shall receive no fees for his services as such Justice of the Peace, or for his services as Supervisor. It shall be his duty:

1. To communicate to the Common Council, at their first meeting in the month of January, each year, and oftener if he shall deem it expedient, a general statement of the situation and condition of the city in relation to its government, finances and improvements, with such recommendations as he may deem proper.

2. To be vigilant and active in causing the laws and ordinances of the city to be duly executed and enforced, and to exercise a constant supervision over the conduct and acts of all subordinate officers, and to examine into all complaints preferred against them for a violation or neglect of duty, and generally to perform all such duties as may be required of him by law; for which purpose he shall have and possess all the authority and power, in criminal cases, to arrest and commit for examination all offenders for offences committed within said city against the laws of this State, of a Police Magistrate

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\* Fixed at \$5,000 by action of Common Council.

or Justice of the Peace of any of the towns of this State, and for the preservation of the peace. And shall have the power and authority to issue warrants against any and all persons violating any of the ordinances, by-laws or regulations of the Common Council or of the Board of Health, or to direct the proper officers to arrest such persons, and summarily to hear, try and determine and dispose of the same, where the penalty imposed by said ordinance, by-law or regulation shall not exceed ten dollars. And in case the penalty imposed by said ordinance, by-law or regulation shall not be paid forthwith, upon such person being adjudged guilty, then the said Mayor shall have power, by warrant under his hand and seal, to commit the said offender to the county jail of Kings County for a term not exceeding thirty days, or until the fine is paid; and in cases where the penalty shall exceed ten dollars, the said Mayor may, after examination, hold the parties to bail. And in all cases where such persons shall hold a license or warrant, granted by the Common Council or any of the officers thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to suspend said license or warrant, or the person so found guilty, from the benefits and privileges of said license or warrant, until the Common Council shall pass upon the same. And it shall be the duty of the Mayor to report the fact of such suspension, together with his reason therefor, to the Common Council at the next meeting thereof. And no person so suspended shall be entitled to any benefits, privileges or rights under such license or warrant until the suspension shall be removed by the Common Council.

§ 12. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the office of Mayor, or whenever the Mayor shall be prevented by absence from the city, by sickness, or any other cause, from attending to the duties of his office, the President of the Common Council, or if the said President shall be absent or disabled, the President to be elected *pro tempore*, shall act as Mayor and possess all the rights and powers of the Mayor during the vacancy in office caused by the absence or disability of the Mayor, or of the President of the Common Council, and the said President shall receive the same compensation as the Mayor while acting in such capacity.

§ 13. There shall be a Comptroller, who shall be elected by the city at large every three years, except as hereinafter mentioned. He shall render to the Common Council as often as required, a full and detailed statement of all the receipts and disbursements of the city government, from time to time, specifying the amount expended and unexpended on each appropriation made by the Common Council, with the state of account,



together with a general statement of the liabilities and resources of the city, and such other information as may be necessary to a full understanding of the financial affairs of the city. He shall also, under the direction of the Common Council, prepare the annual statement hereinbefore directed to be published, and manage all the financial concerns of the corporation, in addition to such duties as may be required of him by law, and shall be entitled to receive such salary as the Common Council shall determine, and by consent of the Common Council may appoint a Deputy Comptroller, for whose acts he shall be responsible. He may administer an oath to any person or officer who shall be required to render any account or make any return to him, or furnish proof of his right to receive any sum of money or any evidence of indebtedness from the said Comptroller, or from the city of Brooklyn.

[§ (2) The Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a suitable person who shall be entitled "Clerk of Accounts," and whose duty it shall be to keep and supervise all books and accounts pertaining to the office of the said Comptroller, and the Common Council of the said city is hereby directed to fix and determine a compensation to be paid to such person so appointed.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*]

§ 14. There shall be a Street Commissioner, who shall be elected by the city at large every three years. He shall perform all such services as may be directed in relation to the opening, widening or regulation, grading and paving streets and avenues, with such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed for him by the Common Council, not inconsistent with his office. He shall receive and have charge of all maps, books and papers appertaining to his department, and shall be entitled to such salary as the said Common Council shall determine;\* and by consent of the Common Council may appoint a Deputy Street Commissioner, for whose acts he shall be responsible, and who shall hold his office during the pleasure of the Street Commissioner. The Deputy Street Commissioner shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties of the Street Commissioner, in case of the absence of that officer. The Street Commissioner shall also have power to appoint such other clerks and subordinates in his department as the Common Council shall from time to time deem necessary.

§ 15. There shall be a Treasurer, who shall be elected by the city at large every three years, except as hereinafter mentioned,

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\* Salary of Street Commissioner fixed at \$5,000 per annum.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 258.*

who shall receive and deposit daily, under the direction of the Common Council, all moneys belonging to the city in such banks, to the credit of the city, as the Common Council may direct, and upon such terms as the Common Council may determine, or in default thereof, in such banks as he may think fit, but no greater amount shall be deposited in any one bank than a quarter of its capital. He shall countersign all warrants, also keep an accurate account of all receipts and payments, and make weekly returns thereof in such manner as the Common Council shall direct. The Common Council shall make orders for the payment of all moneys to be drawn out of the Treasury, and no money shall be drawn or paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of such orders appropriating the same, and upon warrants signed by the Mayor or acting Mayor and Comptroller, and countersigned by the City Clerk, or in his absence by his assistant. Such warrants shall specify for what purpose the amount therein mentioned is to be paid, the appropriation against which it is drawn, and the date of the ordinance making the same; and the said Clerk shall keep an accurate account of all orders directing moneys to be paid by the Treasurer in a book to be provided for that purpose.

[The City Treasurer shall have power to appoint a Deputy, who shall hold his office during the pleasure of the City Treasurer, and shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties of the City Treasurer, in case of the absence of that officer. Said Deputy City Treasurer shall give such security as the Common Council may require. He shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 371.*]

§ 16. The office of Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies and all offices dependent upon it, shall cease and be abolished from and after the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the powers and duties of that office as now established and not modified by this act shall, on and after that day, be exercised by the Street Commissioner, except that the said Street Commissioner shall have power to appoint, with the consent of the Common Council, only a foreman of repairs and supplies, in addition to the appointments now authorized to be made by him.—1862, *Chap. 62.*

§ 17. There shall be an Auditor, who shall be elected by the city at large every three years, except as hereinafter mentioned. It shall be his duty to examine all bills presented against the city for payment. No claim against the city, or for local improvements, or otherwise howsoever, shall be paid unless he shall certify the same to have been incurred under authority of law, and that the services have been rendered or the mate-

rials furnished for which such bills may be presented, and that the charges are just and reasonable or according to contract. He may require the oath mentioned in section twelve of this title, and may administer the same.

[He shall have power to appoint some proper person Deputy Auditor, to hold his appointment during the pleasure of the Auditor, and for whose acts he shall be responsible. He shall also have power to appoint a clerk to hold his appointment during the pleasure of the Auditor. The salaries of the Deputy Auditor and Clerk so appointed, shall be the same as the salaries of the deputies and clerks of other departments created by this act.—*Laws of 1866, Chap. 55.*]

§ 18. The Common Council shall appoint a suitable and proper person as, and who shall be, the Attorney and Counsel for the corporation. He shall have the management, charge and control of all the law business of the corporation, and the departments thereof, and all the law business in which the city shall be interested; draw all leases, deeds or other legal papers for the city, and shall be the legal adviser of the Mayor and Common Council and the several departments of the corporation. He shall have the charge, management and control of, and shall conduct all the proceedings necessary in opening, widening, altering or closing streets, avenues, parks, roads or lanes, and all other local improvements of the same kind, and he shall have the power and authority from time to time, during his continuance in office, to authorize an attorney or other person to appear for him, in his name, for and on behalf of the said corporation, and conduct and defend suits and proceedings in all courts and places. The said Attorney and Counsellor shall devote the whole of the business hours of the day to and for the use of the corporation and business above set forth. He shall receive from the Common Council an annual salary of three thousand dollars, to be paid quarterly, exclusive of all disbursements, and in full for all services rendered and performed by him for the corporation, including all attorney and counsel fees arising, or which may accrue on any proceedings for any local improvements or otherwise; all which fees shall belong to and be paid into the city treasury. The Common Council shall provide suitable apartments for the said Attorney and Counsel in the City Hall, with all the necessary furniture and stationery, and shall allow and pay the said Attorney and Counsel such further sum as may be necessary, not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars annually, (to be paid quarterly,) in full for the services of any attorney or clerk he may employ, which salary shall be in lieu of all fees and perquisites



whatever of such Attorney or Councillor, and he shall hold his office for the term of one year from the time of his appointment.

[Term of office extended to two years.—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 63.*]

§ 19. No fines imposed for a violation of any of the ordinances, by-laws or regulations of the Common Council shall be remitted by the Mayor until after having received the advice in writing of the said Attorney and Counsellor. And no deed of cession of any street or parts of streets, avenues, lanes, roads or parks shall be accepted by the said Common Council until the title of the parties ceding the lands on the same shall have been examined and ascertained by the said Attorney and Counsellor, and he shall report to the Common Council such fact in writing; the fees and expenses thereof to be paid by the parties executing the deed of cession, which said fees and expenses shall be paid into the treasury for the use of the city.

§ 20. The City Clerk shall, in addition to the duties in this act required of him, have charge of all the papers and documents of the city, countersign all licenses granted by the Mayor or the Board of Excise,\* and keep the record of the proceedings of the Common Council. He shall perform all the duties of the clerks of the several towns of this State not inconsistent with this act. He shall engross all the ordinances of the Common Council, in a book to be provided for that purpose, with proper indexes, which book shall be deemed a public record of such ordinances, and each ordinance shall be signed by the Mayor or acting Mayor and said Clerk. Copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts thereof, and of the records of proceedings of the Common Council, and copies of the laws or ordinances of the said city, certified by him under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all courts and places of the matters therein contained. He shall also receive and pay over to the Treasurer all moneys which by any law or usage are paid to the Clerk of the city.

§ 21. The Common Council shall annually appoint so many City Surveyors as it shall deem proper, and fix their compensation for services in the opening or grading of any street, avenue, square, or making any other local improvement, and in all other cases in which they may be employed by the Common Council, and shall require from them bonds with such penalties as they may deem sufficient to secure the faithful performance of all their duties.

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\* The City Clerk is no longer Clerk of Board of Excise.

§ 22. There shall be annually elected, in each ward, one Constable, who shall perform such duties as are by law prescribed to Constables in other towns and counties of the State. He shall not be considered as attached to the police force, except when specially required by the Mayor or Chief of Police.

(a) There shall be elected at the next charter election to be held in the City of Brooklyn, in each ward of said city, one Constable. The Constables elected in the wards with even enumerations shall hold their offices for two years; those elected in the wards with odd enumerations shall hold their offices for one year; and at every succeeding charter election there shall be elected in each ward in which an Alderman is to be elected one Constable, who shall hold his office for two years.—1861, *Chap. 205, Sec. 1.*

§ 23. The official term of the several persons who shall be elected in pursuance of this act shall commence on the first day of January next after their election, except that of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, whose term shall commence on the first day of July next after his election; and the official terms of all persons who shall be appointed to any office or place in pursuance of this act shall commence as follows :

1. Such as are required to give security for the performance of their duties from the time such security shall be given and approved.

2. Such as are not required to give security from the time they shall have taken and filed the oath of office hereinafter mentioned.—1862, *Chap. 63.*

(a) The terms of office of the Keeper of the City Hall and of the Assistant Keeper of the City Hall shall expire on the first Monday of May next after the time for which they are now appointed, and hereafter such terms of office shall commence on the first day of May annually.—1864, *Chap. 410, Sect. 8.*

(b) The term of office of the Keeper of the City Hall, of the city of Brooklyn, shall be three years, and the term of the present Keeper is hereby made three years from the first day of May following his appointment, and thereafter the said term of office shall expire on the first day of May in every third year.—1868, *Chap. 224, Sec. 9.*—This section repealed.—(Laws of 1870, *Chap. 258.*)

[ § (5.) The term of office of the Keeper of the City Hall of the city of Brooklyn shall be three years, and the term of the present keeper is hereby made two years from the first day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and thereafter the said term

of office shall expire on the first day of May in every third year.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

§ 24. The common Council shall, at the first meeting thereof in January in each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, by ballot, appoint a City Clerk, a Health Officer \* [an Inspector of gunpowder, burning fluids, and other dangerous materials,†] a Keeper of the City Hall, a Messenger of the Common Council, and two Inspectors of Pavements, and, by ballot or otherwise, so many Pound Masters, Clerks of Markets, Surveyors, Sealers of Weights and Measures, and Clerks of Departments, as they shall deem it expedient to appoint; but no such appointment shall be lawful unless the compensation for such officers respectively shall have been previously provided for by tax. All persons so appointed shall hold their respective offices until the first day of January next after their appointment, and until their successors have been appointed and shall have qualified. The present incumbents of the offices mentioned in this section shall hold their places until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and their successors shall have qualified. The office of Inspector of Meats is hereby abolished. The Common Council shall, at their first meeting in January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and at their first meeting in every second year thereafter, or as soon after that day in such years as may be practicable, appoint the Attorney and Counsel for the Corporation in this title before mentioned. The present Attorney and Counsellor shall continue in office until a successor shall have been appointed as aforesaid and shall have qualified.—1862, *Chap. 63.*

§ 25. The Treasurer of the city, Comptroller, Collector of Taxes and Assessments, Auditor, Street Commissioner, City Clerk, the Attorney and Counsellor, and such other officers as the Common Council shall direct, shall severally execute a bond to the Corporation, in such penalty as the said Common Council shall require, except as herein otherwise provided, with such sureties as said Common Council shall approve, conditioned for the faithful performance of their respective duties, and for accounting and paying over all moneys by them respectively received in their official capacities. In case such officers shall refuse or neglect, for ten days after they are notified of their election or appointment, to execute and deliver to the City Clerk the bond herein required, such neglect or refusal shall be immediately reported to the said Common Council, who may

\* See Law establishing Board of Health.—Chap. 381 of 1870.

† The words in brackets were added by Laws of 1864, Chap. 410, and office abolished by Laws of 1866.



declare such office vacant, and forthwith proceed to appoint another in his place.

§ 26. The Constables elected by the several wards shall also, with such sureties as the said Common Council shall approve, severally execute and deliver to said corporation a bond for the faithful performance of their duties, and for the due payment, to every person who may be entitled thereto, of all such sums of money as such Constable may become liable to pay by means of or on account of any execution, or other process, which shall be delivered to him for collection.

§ 27. The sureties referred to in the last two preceding sections shall justify in such form as the Common Council shall prescribe, and the bonds thereby required, after having been duly approved, shall be filed in the office of the City Clerk, except that the bond of the City Clerk shall be filed in the office of the Comptroller, before any one of the officers required to execute the same shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices.

§ 28. Every person elected or appointed to any office in pursuance of this act, or of any law or ordinance of the Common Council, shall, before he enters upon the duties of such office, take and subscribe before the Mayor, City Clerk, or some person authorized to administer the same, the constitutional oath of office of this State, and file the same in the office of the City Clerk; and if any such person shall neglect to take such oath for ten days after receiving notice of his election or appointment, or shall neglect for the like space of time to give such security as may be required of him, he shall be considered as having declined such office, and the same shall be deemed vacant; and if and whenever any vacancy shall occur in any of the offices to which by this act the Common Council may make appointments, it shall proceed to appoint suitable persons to fill such vacancies.

§ 29. The Common Council shall grant and pay to the Mayor, Comptroller, Auditor, Street Commissioner, Collector of Taxes and Assessments, Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, Commissioner of Taxes, Attorney and Counsellor, Treasurer, Assessors, and all other officers, clerks or other persons elected or appointed under or in pursuance of this act, except to Alderman and Supervisors, such stated salaries as it may from time to time deem proper; but such salaries shall be instead of all fees and perquisites whatever, for services to be performed by such officers; and all such fees and perquisites shall be collected and paid to the Treasurer of the city for the use of the city by every such officer and clerk, monthly, under

oath, to be filed with the Comptroller, before he shall be entitled to receive any such salary; but no officer's salary shall be increased after his election and during his continuance in office, nor shall it be diminished without a vote of two-thirds of the members elected to the Common Council in favor of such diminution.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

(c) The Board of Aldermen of the city of Brooklyn shall have the power by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected thereto, with the approval by the Mayor, to fix the salaries of the officers of said city, other than Aldermen.—1868, *Chap.* 224, *Sec.* 12.

§ 30. Any officer elected under this act may resign his office by giving notice, in writing, of his intention to the City Clerk and publishing a copy of such notice in the corporation newspapers; and any officer failing to discharge the duties of his office, for the space of one month, shall, unless excused by the Common Council, be deemed to have resigned. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in any of said offices, except the office of Alderman, whether caused by death, removal, or otherwise, the Common Council may proceed, by ballot, to fill the vacancy until the next ensuing charter election, when a person shall be elected for the balance, if any, of the term so vacated.

§ 31. Any officer, except the Mayor, may be removed from office for misconduct by the resolution of the Common Council, provided that no such removal shall take place until the party sought to be removed has had an opportunity to be heard in his defence, nor unless two-thirds of all the members elected, respectively, vote therefor. Whenever any such removal shall take place, the cause therefor, together with the ayes and noes upon the vote taken, shall be entered at large upon the journal of the Common Council.

§ 32. If any person, having been an officer of said city, shall not, within ten days after he shall have vacated or been removed from the office, and upon notification and request by the City Clerk, or within such time thereafter as the Common Council shall allow, deliver over to his successor in office all the property, books and papers belonging to the city, or appertaining to such office, in his possession or under his control, he shall forfeit or pay to the city the sum of five hundred dollars, to be sued for and recovered with costs.

§ 33. No member of the Common Council shall, during the period for which he was elected, be appointed to any office, the emoluments of which are paid from the city treasury, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, work or business, or the sale of any article, the expense, price or consideration of

which is paid from the said city treasury, or by any assessment levied by any act or ordinance of the said Common Council; nor shall any such member be directly or indirectly interested in the purchase of any real estate or property belonging to the corporation, or which shall be sold for taxes or assessments, or become security for any officer appointed by said Common Council, or for any contractor under the city government. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to render any member of the Common Council ineligible to any office to which he may be elected by the people.

§ 34. There shall be elected at the general election to be held in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and at such election every two years thereafter, by the electors respectively of the First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Nineteenth Wards of the said city, one Supervisor for each of the said Wards; and there shall be elected at the said general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and again in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and at such elections every two years after the said election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, by the electors respectively of the Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wards of said city, one Supervisor for each of the last mentioned Wards.\* The Supervisors so chosen shall be entitled to take their seats on the first day of January succeeding their election, and shall hold their offices until their successors shall be chosen as above provided and shall have qualified. The terms of office of the present Supervisors shall continue until their successors, as above provided, shall be chosen and shall be qualified. The Supervisors to be chosen, as by this section provided, shall possess the powers and be entitled to the compensation, respectively, of Supervisors of the County of Kings. *Law 1862, Chap. 63.*

§ 35, Repealed.

§ 36. The jurisdiction of "The City Court of Brooklyn" is hereby extended to the city hereby incorporated, and the powers of said Court, and of the Judge thereof, shall be the same as if the city hereby incorporated had been included in the act establishing said Court and amending the same. The election of City Judge shall be held at the general election in November, 1854, and at the general election every six years thereafter.

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\* A Supervisor to be elected in 1863, for the term of two years, from the Twenty-first Ward, and one, for the term of one year, from the Twenty-second Ward. Their successors to be elected with the others from the odd and even numbered Wards, as classified in this section.--1863. Chap. 813 and 814.



## TITLE IV.

## OF ASSESSMENTS FOR PUBLIC OR LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.

## SEC. 1. Laying out of streets.

- (a) Regulating, grading, paving streets and avenues, and digging down and filling in lots.
- (b) Expense limited.
- (c) Common Council to lay out district of assessment.
- (d) Petitioners liable for expenses, if application is refused.
- (e) In what case the improvements to be ordered.
- (f) Expense not to be a charge upon the city.
- (g) No moneys to be paid out until assessment is collected—exceptions thereto specified.
- (h) Powers of Board of Health.
- (i) Common Council authorized to Macadamize streets.
- (j) No assessment to be a lien until the work is completed.
- (k) False certificate of completion a misdemeanor.
- (l) Comptroller to issue bonds.
- (m) Manner of payments to contractors.
- (n) Comptroller to keep a record of assessment bonds.
- (o) Repeals Sec. 26, Title II., of Charter, (relative to remission of penalties or defaults.)
- (p) Grading, paving, turnpiking or Macadamizing streets.
- (q) Petition of such improvements, and action thereon.
- (r) Street Commissioner to file a copy of the work with Comptroller.
- (s) No assessment to be a lien until the work is completed.
- (t) Common Council to direct the Board of Assessors to apportion and assess expenses.
- (u) Comptroller to pay instalments to contractors.
- (v) Bonds to be issued.
- (w) Amount collected from assessments applied to the redemption of said bonds.
- (x) Comptroller to report the amount of assessment certificates heretofore issued.
- (y) Unpaid assessments set apart for the redemption of said bonds.
- (z) New assessment directed where previous assessments remain unpaid.
- (&) Comptroller to keep an account of bonds issued by him.

## SEC. 2. Petition.

- 3. Proceedings on petition.
- 4. Expenses in case prayer of petitioner is denied.
- 5. Maps of premises to be taken.
- 6. Commissioners to be sworn.
- 7. Report of Commissioners.
- 8. Residue of lots injured.
- 9. Estimate of benefit.
- 10. Estimated damages.
- 11. Damages by intervening lands.
- 12. Notice of meeting to revise report—appeal.
- 13. Hearing of appeal.
- 14. Costs of appeal.
- 15. Confirmation and payment of assessments.
- 16. Payment of damages.
- 17. Pay of Commissioners.
- 18. Excess of estimate over expenses.
- 19. Guardians for infants.
- 20. Costs and fees of proceedings.
- 21. Lien of assessments.
- 22. Paving and grading streets, &c.
- 23. Expense, how assessed.
- 24. Notice of assessment.
- 25. Report of Committee to Common Council.
- 26. Correction of assessment.
- 27. Like proceeding on report of Board of Assessors.
- 28. Appointment of Assessors.
- 29. Powers of Assessors.
- 30. Ward Maps.
- 31. President of Board of Assessors and Secretary.
- (a) Assessment rolls when and how to be corrected.

1. Clerical errors.
2. Errors in names.
3. Quantity and nature of property erroneously given.
4. Proceeding when personal estate is over estimated.
- (b) Conflicting interests where property is sold for taxes, how adjusted.
32. Pay of Assessors.
33. Assessment laws.
34. Streets in first five wards.
35. Proceedings where streets or parts of streets are stricken from Commissioners' Map.

SECTION 1. The Common Council shall have power, under the restrictions and limitations hereinafter mentioned, to cause streets and avenues to be opened and widened, and to be regulated, graded and paved, and to cause public squares and parks to be opened, regulated, ornamented and protected, and streets and avenues to be kept in repair, and from time to time to be repaved, or regraded and repaved;\* to close up and discontinue roads, streets, lanes and avenues; to provide that lamp-posts and lamps be erected, and cisterns made for the purpose of furnishing water in case of fire; to cause sewers and drains,† wells and pumps to be constructed and repaired, and generally to have such other improvements in and about such streets, avenues, and squares as the public wants and convenience shall require. The expense of all such improvements (except for repairs) shall be assessed and be a lien on the property benefited thereby, in proportion to the amount of said benefit. In all cases where the Common Council shall decide upon the grading and paving any street or avenue they shall cause a sufficient number of culverts or drains to be constructed under such street or avenue, as may be necessary to carry off the surface water of the lands which shed their water across the line of such street or avenue.

The term "improvements" in this section shall be construed and is hereby declared to embrace any draw-bridge that, in the opinion of the Common Council, may be required to connect one part of a street or avenue with another part thereof, or with some other street or avenue, and the Common Council shall have the power to cause the same to be constructed accordingly; but it shall not be lawful to erect, create or construct any such draw-bridge over the Gowanus creek or canal, unless it shall have a draw in it of not less than thirty-four feet in width in the clear.

(a) No proceedings shall be taken by the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, or by any of the officers of said city, except as herein otherwise provided, to regulate and grade, or

\* See Laws conferring upon Park Commissioners powers and duties in relation to public parks, and upon Sewers and Water Commissioners in relation to repairing, regrading and repaving streets, &c.

† Abrogated so far as regards sewers and drains, by Laws of 1857, Chap. 521.

to pave, or to regrade and\* repave any street or avenue, or for digging down or filling in lots, unless upon petition, signed by a majority of the persons owning the land situated on the line of the improvement, each of such persons being the owner of at least one building lot on said line, of the usual size of city lots.†

Whenever such petition shall be presented, the Common Council shall cause a notice to be published in the corporation newspapers, published in said city, that such application has been made, and of the time, (which shall not be less than twenty days after the first publication of such notice), when they will proceed on such petition, which notice shall be published daily in the corporation newspapers for two weeks successively; and in case a remonstrance against the proposed improvement, signed by a majority of the owners of the lots of land within the district of assessment which shall be fixed by the Common Council for said improvement, shall be presented to them on or before the day specified in said notice, they shall not allow the said improvement to be made or proceed further therein. But nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as in any way to affect the proceedings heretofore commenced by the Common Council of said city.—1859, *Chap. 213, Sec. 1.*

(b) No proceedings shall be commenced by the Common Council of said city of Brooklyn, or by any of the officers of said city, to regulate and grade, or to pave, or to regrade and repave any street or avenue, or for the digging down or filling in lots‡ in said city, the expense of which shall impose upon any lot of land an assessment exceeding one-third of its value, independent of any erection of buildings thereon, and which value shall be ascertained as hereinafter provided.—*Ibid, Sec. 2.—See Laws of 1871.*

(c) The Common Council shall lay out a district of assessment in every case contemplated in this act before any other proceedings are had therein, and shall cause a map to be made under the direction of the Street Commissioner, by a competent surveyor, on which map shall be designated, by feet and inches, as near as may be, the several pieces of land and premises to be assessed for the improvement, and shall estimate the expense of any improvement or work referred to in the first and second sections of this act; and the Assessors of said city, or such of them as shall be required so to do by the said Common Coun-

\* Amended by Laws of 1869, Chap. 97, conferring powers in respect to repaving streets, &c., upon the Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners.

† In relation to digging down and filling up lots, see Section 13, Sub-division 23 of Title II, as amended by Laws of 1863, Chap. 635, and 1871, Chap. 866.

‡ Amended in regard to filling in lots by Laws of 1871, Chap. 866.



cil, shall ascertain the value of the premises proposed to be assessed, in conformity with the second section of this act, for such expenses, stating how much of said expense is proposed to be assessed upon each lot, and shall report the same to the Common Council before any such improvement or work shall be ordered or determined upon by the said Common Council; such Assessors shall, at the same time, report to the Common Council, for their information, an estimate of the amount of benefit which such lot will derive from such improvement; but such estimated benefit shall not be computed as a part of the value of said lots for the basis of assessment referred to in this act.—*Ibid*, Sec. 3.

(d) The persons so applying, and who shall have signed a petition for any such improvement, shall be chargeable with, and are hereby declared liable for, all charges and expenses which may accrue on such application, if the same is refused by the said Common Council.—*Ibid*, Sec. 4

(e) Upon the presentation of any application for any improvement or work specified or referred to in the first section of this act, and after taking the action directed in the preceding section, the said Common Council, if they determine that a petition for such improvement has been presented by a majority of the persons owning lands situated on the line of the improvement, and that the assessment proposed to be imposed upon each lot is in just proportion to the benefit which said lot is to receive from such improvement or work, and is the just proportion of the expense of such improvement or work which said lot should bear, and also that such assessment does not exceed one-third of the assessed value of such lot as directed to be ascertained by this act, and in case no sufficient objections are made thereto, the said Common Council may then proceed to order such improvement or work to be done; and the determination, in good faith, of the Common Council, in respect to all the facts to be ascertained for the purpose of commencing and carrying on such proposed improvement or work, shall be final and conclusive; provided that such action shall be in conformity with this act, and that no contract for such improvement or work shall be made which shall in any event exceed in amount the estimated expense of such improvement or work, and that the assessment for the expense of such improvement shall be confined to the district of assessment laid out by the Common Council as aforesaid.—*Ibid*, Sec. 5.

(f) In no event shall any expense for any improvement or work contemplated by the first and second sections of this act

be a charge against the city of Brooklyn ; except so far as said city may be the owner of lands to be assessed for such work or improvement.—*Ibid*, Sec. 6.

(g) It shall be a misdemeanor, and punishable as such, for any person or officer in the city of Brooklyn to take from the treasury of said city, by warrant or otherwise, any money for or on account of the expense of any local improvement hereafter to be made in said city, unless the same has first been assessed, collected and paid into the treasury to the credit of said improvement.—*Ibid*, Sec. 7.

[§ (3.) The Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized and directed as the work progresses to pay to the inspectors on the various local improvements in said city, under whose charge the said work shall have been done, on certificate of the Street Commissioner that said inspector has rendered such service, such compensation as the Common Council may from time to time designate.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*]

[§ (17.) All expenses, chargeable in any proceeding hereafter had for opening or widening any street or avenue in the city of Brooklyn, for Searcher's or Surveyor's fees shall be included in the report of the Commissioners appointed for that improvement, and shall thereafter be confirmed by the Supreme Court at a regular or special term thereof; and no such expenses shall be due or payable unless included and confirmed as herein required.—*Ibid.*]

[§ (18.) All expenses charged for improvements in the preceding section mentioned, for Searcher's and Surveyor's fees, shall be due and payable immediately after the report of the Commissioners shall be confirmed, as above required, and the Corporation Counsel shall thereupon give a certificate to the Comptroller that such expense has been duly awarded and confirmed, and that the same is now due and payable, and such certificate shall be the full and final voucher to the Comptroller, and he shall thereupon draw his warrant, and with the Treasurer of the city, cause the same to be paid out of the revenue fund of the city.—*Ibid.*]

[§ (19.) All expenses now due and unpaid for Searcher's and Surveyor's fees in proceedings to open or widen any street or avenue in said city, shall be paid from the same fund in the same manner.—*Ibid.*]

(h) Nothing in this act contained shall be construed so as to prevent the Common Council of said city from causing lots to be filled, graded or drained, in the manner now provided by law, in cases where the Board of Health, or the Common Coun-

cil as a Board of Health shall determine that such filling in, grading or draining is necessary in order to secure or protect the public health; but such determination shall be reduced to writing, and shall set forth the particular reason or reasons which render such filling in, grading or draining necessary, and notice thereof shall be immediately published for three successive days in the corporation newspapers, with a description of the lot to be so filled in, graded or drained, and such determination shall also be reported to the Mayor at least one week before the Common Council shall take any action thereon.—*Ibid*, Sec. 8.\*

(i) The Mayor and Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, in addition to any powers that they now possess in relation to the grading or paving of streets or avenues, shall also have the power to Macadamize any street or avenue in said city, and lay an assessment therefor on any property that they may deem benefited by such improvement, in the same way as is now provided by law for the grading and paving of streets and avenues in said city. Nothing in this section shall be so construed as to allow any street or avenue to be so Macadamized, except it shall be done in the manner provided for the grading or paving of streets in the first and second sections of this act.—*Ibid*, Sec. 9.

(j) No assessment for a local improvement in the city of Brooklyn shall be confirmed, or be a lien upon the property to be assessed therefor, until after the work shall have been completed according to the contract. The Comptroller of the said city is hereby authorized to pay from the proceeds of assessment bonds, to be issued in accordance with this act, to the contractors on all contracts confirmed by the Common Council for regulating, grading, regrading, paving or filling any street or avenue in the city of Brooklyn; but no moneys shall be paid on account of said assessments or contracts until the whole work has been completed, and a copy of the original contract has been filed with the Comptroller of the city by the Street Commissioner or other head of the department having such work in charge, with a certificate in writing from such Street Commissioner or other head of such department, stating that the said contract has been fulfilled and completed according to the terms of the original contract. Upon receiving said certificate the Comptroller shall pay seventy per cent., as aforesaid, and the remaining thirty per cent, shall be reserved until the final collection of the said assessment.—1860, Chap. 444, Sec. 1.

\* See Title II., Sec. 13, Sub-division 23, in relation to digging down and filling lots, &c.



(k) If the certificate of the Street Commissioner or other head of any department in the last section mentioned and referred to shall be in any respect false or untrue, within the knowledge or notice of the person making such certificate, he and all persons aiding or abetting therein shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished, upon conviction, by a fine not exceeding the amount on such certificate represented to be due, and by imprisonment not exceeding five years.—*Ibid*, Sec. 2.

(l) For the purpose of providing for the payments contemplated by this act, it shall be the duty of the Common Council to authorize and direct the Comptroller of the said city from time to time to borrow such sums as may be necessary for the purpose in the second section mentioned, upon bonds to be executed by and on behalf of the city of Brooklyn, to be known as "assessment bonds," at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum; and the bonds so issued shall be paid from the collections made on the assessment lists when confirmed by the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, and which collections are hereby specifically pledged for such purpose.—*Ibid*, Sec. 3.

(m) It shall be the duty of the Comptroller to endorse all payments to the contractors upon the contract upon which the payment is made. No payment shall be made upon any contract beyond the amount thereof, and the final payment thereon shall not be made until the Street Commissioner, or other head of the department having such work in charge, shall furnish to the Comptroller, who shall file the same in his office, a certificate, signed by the Street Commissioner or the head of such department, that the work mentioned in such contract has been completed according to the terms of said contract, and to the satisfaction of the Street Commissioner or the head of the department giving such certificate. The final payment reserved upon any such contract shall be at least thirty per cent. on the amount thereof, and the certificate for such final payment shall not be given until the work shall have been completed according to the contract, and until the assessment for said work shall have been confirmed by the Common Council. The assessment shall include a sum sufficient to cover interest at seven per cent. upon the moneys advanced to the contractors.—*Ibid*, Sec. 4.

(n) The Comptroller shall keep a record of all "assessment bonds" so to be issued, specifying the particular work on account of which the same were issued; and all moneys collected on account of any work for the payment of which said bonds

were issued shall be faithfully applied as aforesaid. All sums received or retained by the Comptroller for interest from the contractors, beyond the amount paid as interest upon the assessment bonds authorized by this act, shall be paid into the sinking fund pledged for the redemption of the city debts.—*Ibid*, Sec. 5.

(o) All that part of title two, section twenty-six, of an act entitled "An act to consolidate the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and the town of Bushwick," passed April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, whereof the Mayor of the city of Brooklyn is authorized to remit penalties or defaults for the delay in the completion of contracts is hereby repealed, and the said defaults, together with the interests above mentioned, shall be paid into the said sinking fund.—*Ibid*, Sec. 6.

(p) The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall have power to cause streets and avenues to be graded, paved, turnpiked or macadamized in said city, but no proceedings shall be had unless upon a petition signed by a majority of the persons owning land situated on the line of the said improvement.—1861, *Chap. 169, Sec. 1.*

(q) Whenever a petition for grading, paving, turnpiking or macadamizing any street or avenue in said city, signed by a majority of the persons owning land situated on a line of the same, shall be presented to the Common Council, they shall first fix and determine the limit or district beyond which the assessment for said improvement shall not extend; they shall then cause a notice to be published in all the corporation newspapers, for ten days successively, that such application has been made, together with a description of the limit or district within which the assessment shall be confined (which shall not be less than twenty days after the first publication of such notice), when they will proceed on said petition, and unless a remonstrance, signed by a majority of the persons who will be assessed for the expense thereof, shall be presented to them on or before the day specified in said notice, and if they deem the application proper, they may, on the day specified in said notice, or as soon thereafter as may be, by a resolution, decide to cause such improvement to be made.—*Ibid*, Sec. 2.

(r) It shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner or the head of the department having in charge any work, the cost of which is to be paid for by assessment, to file with the Comptroller of said city a certified copy of the contract under which said work is to be done, together with a copy of the resolution of the Common Council directing such contract to be made.

Such copies shall be filed with the Comptroller within ten days after the contracts shall have been duly executed by the contractor.—*Ibid*, Sec. 3.

(s) No assessment for a local improvement in said city shall be levied and confirmed, or be a lien upon the property to be assessed therefor, until after the work shall have been completed according to the contract, and a certificate of such completion, signed by the Street Commissioner or his deputy, or the head of the department having the matter in charge, shall have been filed with the Comptroller of said city; and it is hereby declared to be the duty of the Street Commissioner or the head of the department having the matter in charge within ten days after the completion of said work, to file said certificate, and also to furnish the Common Council of said city a statement of the items constituting the cost and expense of said work, together with the fees and per centage now provided by law.—*Ibid*, Sec. 4.

(t) The Common Council of said city shall, (after receiving the statement mentioned in the preceding section,) by resolution, direct the Board of Assessors to apportion and assess the amount thereof upon the several pieces or parcels of land and premises benefited by the said improvement (and included in the limit or district mentioned in the second section of this act), in proportion to the benefit derived thereby; and all subsequent proceedings relative to levying, confirming and collecting any assessment, shall be as is now provided by law; except that the Board Assessors shall, in their assessment lists or report, furnish an estimate of the value of each separate piece or parcel of land assessed, and no assessment on any piece or parcel of land shall exceed in amount one-half of the value thereof.—*Ibid*, Sec. 5.

(u) After any contract for a local improvement in said city shall have been entered into, and a certified copy thereof shall have been filed with the Comptroller in conformity with the third section of this act, said Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to pay to the contractor or his assigns, from time to time, as the work progresses (but not oftener than once in each month), seventy per cent. of the estimated value of the work actually done under said contract, until the same shall be completed. The estimate of the value of any such work shall be signed by the surveyor in charge, and also by the Street Commissioner or his deputy, or the head of any other department having the matter in charge, and approved by the Mayor; and upon the final completion of any contract and the filing of the certificate of completion, signed by the officers above



named, the Comptroller shall, within thirty days thereafter, pay to the contractor or his assigns the balance of the amount due under his said contract. And the said Comptroller is also authorized and directed, as said work progresses, to pay to the surveyor under whose charge the said work shall have been done, the same rate of per centage upon the services rendered by him; and in like manner, upon the final completion of said contract, pay to the said surveyor any balance or amount which may be due him for his services, 1855. *Chap. 238.*

(v) For the purpose of furnishing the money required to make the payments mentioned in the preceding section, the Mayor, Comptroller and City Clerk of said city of Brooklyn are hereby authorized and directed, from time to time as may be necessary, to issue, under the city seal, assessment bonds, payable at or before the expiration of three years, with interest not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, which said bonds shall be sold at not less than par, and the proceeds shall be used according to provisions of section six of this act, and for no other purpose.—*Ibid, Sec. 7.*

(w) The amounts collected from any and all assessments levied and confirmed under the provisions of this act, together with all defaults and interest on the same, are hereby specially appropriated and set apart for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds mentioned in the preceding section; and there shall also be added to every assessment levied under the provisions of this act a sufficient sum to pay the interest on all payments made prior to the confirmation of the assessment.—*Ibid, Sec. 8.*

(x) It shall be the duty of the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn forthwith to ascertain and report to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of said city the total amount of all assessment certificates heretofore issued to contractors and others for and on account of any contract for which an assessment has been levied and confirmed, and which certificates, or any part thereof, are still due and unpaid, together with the interest which has accrued thereon. Said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to fix and determine the amount of principal and interest due on each of said certificates, and shall report the same to the Common Council of said city, and upon receiving the report above named the Common Council shall, within thirty days thereafter, by resolution, direct the Mayor, Comptroller and City Clerk to issue, under the city seal, bonds for the amount of the principal and interest of the certificates above named, payable semi-annually, which said bonds shall be sold at not less than par, and out of the proceeds of the sale of

said bonds the Comptroller shall pay the principal and interest of said certificates.—*Ibid*, Sec. 9.

(y) The amount of all assessments for local improvements in said city remaining unpaid, and on account of which any of the certificates mentioned in the preceding section shall have been issued, together with all defaults and interest due on said unpaid assessments, are hereby specially appropriated and set apart for the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds mentioned in the preceding section; and the amounts when received shall be paid over to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund for the redemption of said bonds, and in cases of any error or irregularity in any of the proceedings relative to said assessments which may hinder and delay the collection thereof, the Common Council are hereby authorized to correct such error or irregularity, and to issue new warrants for the collection of the same.—*Ibid*, Sec. 10.

(z) In any case where an assessment for a local improvement in said city has been heretofore levied and confirmed, and the whole or part of which remains unpaid, the Common Council of said city shall have power (if they shall be satisfied that injustice has heretofore been done to the parties assessed), to direct a new assessment to be levied for the amount remaining unpaid, with the interest thereon. They may enlarge and extend the district heretofore assessed as they may deem just and equitable, and the Board of Assessors, in levying and assessing said new assessment, shall credit to all parties who may have paid the previous assessment, with the amount so paid by them respectively, and their property shall be liable only for the balance, if any, of the new assessment, over and above the amount so paid by them respectively, and all proceedings for levying, confirming and collecting said new assessments shall be as is now provided by law.—*Ibid*, Sec. 11.

(&) It shall be the duty of the Comptroller of such city to keep an account of the bonds to be issued under the provisions of this act, and he shall make detailed reports to the Common Council of said city semi-annually, oftener if required, of the whole amount of assessment bonds issued, the amount paid during each half-year, with the interest and the amount outstanding; and also the amount of assessments remaining unpaid at the time of his said report.—*Ibid*, Sec. 12.

§ 2. No proceedings shall be taken to open any street, park, avenue and square unless upon petition, signed by a majority of persons owning land situated on the line of the said improvement; and all streets and squares now opened or used as such, and streets and squares to be opened and widened by the pro-

ceedings under these provisions, or to be ceded to and accepted by the Common Council, shall be under the jurisdiction, management and control of the said Common Council for the purpose of making the improvements before mentioned, as the public wants and convenience shall require, and for all purposes mentioned in or necessary for the fully carrying into effect all the provisions in this act, and the powers granted to the Common Council by this or any other act.

§ 3. Whenever a petition for opening or widening any street, road, avenue, park or square in said city, signed by a majority of the persons owning land on the line of the same, shall be presented to the Common Council of said city, the Common Council shall cause a notice to be published in the corporation newspapers that such application has been made, and of the time (which shall not be less than twenty days after the first publication of such notice), when they will proceed on said petition, which notice shall be published daily, in the newspapers employed by the corporation, for two weeks successively; and unless a remonstrance, signed by a majority of the persons to be assessed for the expense thereof, shall be presented to them on or before the day specified in said notice, and if they shall deem the application proper, they may, on the day specified in said notice, or as soon thereafter as may be, by a resolution, decide that such improvement be made. Before giving notice of the pendency of such application, the Common Council shall fix the limit or district of assessment, beyond which the assessment shall not extend, and a description of such limit or district shall be inserted in and form a part of such notice. If the Common Council shall deem it proper to permit such improvements to be made, they shall cause application to be made to the Supreme Court, in the Second District, at a general term thereof, for the appointment of three persons as Commissioners to estimate the expense of the said improvement, and the amount of damage to be sustained therefrom by the owners of lands and buildings, and all other persons interested in the premises, who may be affected thereby. The persons so appointed shall not be interested in the improvement. The said Court may also appoint another, or others, to act in the place of any one or more of such Commissioners who may die, decline serving, remove from the city, be or become interested in the improvement, or from any cause may be disabled from serving.—1862, *Chap. 63, Laws of 1870*. [Thereafter applications for the appointment of Commissioners to estimate damage to property, and to make awards in proceedings for opening streets or making other local improvements in the city of Brooklyn, now required by law to be made to the Supreme Court at general term thereof, and all



such applications may be made at any special term thereof held in and for the County of Kings, and such special term shall have full power to grant such applications and make such appointments.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 258.*

§ 4. The persons so applying, and who shall have signed a petition for any such improvement, shall be chargeable with, and are hereby declared liable for all charges and expenses which may accrue on such application, if the same is refused by the Common Council; and also for all costs, fees, damages and expenses which shall not be collected on any proceedings instituted under any such petition or petitions by the Common Council.

§ 5. The Common Council shall cause a map to be made by a competent surveyor, on which map shall be designated, by feet and inches, as near as may be, the several pieces of land, buildings necessary to be taken for the improvement, and of any residue of lots or pieces of land within the district of assessment, of which lots and pieces of land only a part will be required of the same for the purpose of said improvement; which said lots or pieces of land to be taken, and residues of lots or pieces of land, shall be numbered in figures from one upwards; and the map aforesaid shall form and constitute a part of the reports of the said Commissioners of Estimate, and of the Board of Assessors in relation to said improvement, and shall be deposited with said reports respectively, for examination, in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, and in the office of the Commissioner of Taxes, with said reports respectively, as hereinafter provided. In case there shall be no ward maps showing the lots or pieces of land within the district of assessment, the map to be made as aforesaid shall also show the several pieces of land within the district of assessment.—1862, *Chap. 63*

§ 6. The said Commissioners shall be sworn, before some officer authorized to administer oaths, faithfully and impartially to perform the duties which shall devolve upon them by virtue of said appointment, and shall then proceed with all reasonable diligence to make the estimate and assessment mentioned in the preceding section; and for this purpose they shall have power to enter upon and examine any premises which, in their opinion, will be affected by said improvement, to hear the proofs and allegations of the parties interested at such time and place as they may appoint, and to continue such hearing by adjournment from time to time, as they may deem proper.

§ 7. The report of said Commissioners shall be made in a tubular form with columns, in which shall be distinctly given

the whole expense of the proposed improvement, and the several items of such expense, the number on the map of the pieces of land required for the improvement, and of any residues within the district of assessment of lots or pieces of land of which only a part will be required for the same, the names of persons interested in the property taken for the improvement, and the nature of their interest, and the amount awarded to the different parties, and so many and such other different columns and tabular statements as may be necessary to state the true interests of the parties in the lands and premises, and their liabilities in relation thereto.

§ 8. When a residue shall be left of any lot or lots necessary to be taken for such improvement, the said Commissioners may, in cases where injury or injustice would otherwise be done, and with the consent, in writing, of the owner or owners of such lot or lots, include the whole or any part of such residue in their report (briefly describing the same), and estimate separately the value thereof. Every such residue or part of a residue which shall be so included, shall, upon the confirmation of said report as hereinafter provided, and the payment or tender of the amount at which the same shall be so estimated to the owner or owners thereof, vest in fee simple in the City of Brooklyn, which shall thereupon sell and dispose of the same, at a price or prices not less than the sum at which it shall have been so estimated, to the owner or owners of the next adjacent lands; and if he or they shall not, upon reasonable notice, to be determined by the Common Council of said city, elect to take the same at such price or prices, it shall be disposed of at public auction, upon such notice as the Common Council shall deem proper, for the best price or prices that can be obtained for the same. In case the same shall sell for a less sum than that at which its value was estimated by the Commissioners, the deficiency shall be deemed a part of the general amount of loss and expense arising from the improvement. And for the purpose of providing for the event of such deficiency, and for the payment of the amount thereof, the Commissioners shall include in the estimate and assessment of the expense of such improvement the estimated value of any such residue, or part of a residue, which may be included as aforesaid in their report, and upon the sale of the same, as above provided, the proceeds thereof shall be credited and allowed to each of the persons assessed, in proportion to the amount of the respective assessments against them.

§ 9. In other cases in which part only of the land and premises of any person or persons will be required for any such proposed improvement, the fair estimated benefit to be derived by him,

her or them, in common with others for the said improvement, shall be assessed and be a lien upon the residue of such land and premises, but such assessment shall in no case exceed the value of such residue; and if, in the opinion of the Court to whom the said report shall be presented for confirmation, as hereinafter provided, any assessment shall exceed such value, it shall be good cause against confirming the report.

§ 10. When all the land and premises of any person or persons will be required for the contemplated improvement, or where part only thereof will be required and the estimated damages to be sustained by the appropriation of such part to the purpose thereof shall exceed the fair estimated benefit which, in common with others, he, she or they will derive from the said improvement, the amount of the estimated damages in first case, and of the excess of such estimated damages in the last, shall be assessed and be a lien on other lands and premises, according to the estimated benefit to be derived from the said improvement.

§ 11. The said Commissioners shall also estimate in their said report any damages arising from the said improvement which may be sustained by the owner or owners of any land bounded on public highway, by reason of the location of the proposed street, avenue or square, in such manner as to interpose the land of any other person between such proposed street, avenue or square and the said highway; and the amount of such estimated damages shall be assessed and be a lien on other lands and premises, according to the benefit to be derived by them respectively from the said improvement.

§ 12. After said report shall be completed, it shall be filed by the said Commissioners in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings. They shall then cause a notice to be published that the same has been completed and filed, and that they will meet at a time and place therein to be specified, not less than ten days from the first publication of such notice, to review their report. During that time the said report may be examined, free of expense, by all persons interested; and at the time and place so specified any person may offer objections in writing to the said report, and accompany the same with such affidavits as he may think proper. The said Commissioners shall thereupon, or as soon as conveniently may be thereafter, review their said report, and correct the same where they shall deem it proper, and shall then again file the same in the office of the Clerk of the said County of Kings. The Common Council shall then cause a notice to be published in the newspaper or newspapers employed by the said corporation, that the said report has been



so completed and filed, and that application will be made on behalf of the said Common Council to the County Court of the County of Kings, or to the Supreme Court, at one of the special terms thereof, the time to be specified in such notice, (and in either case not less than ten days from the first publication thereof,) to have said report confirmed. During the said space of ten days the said report shall remain open to the inspection, free of expense, of all persons interested; and any such person may, within that time, appeal from said report. Such appeal shall be by notice to be served on the Clerk of the said Common Council within the period last mentioned, and at least six days before the time at which the said report is to be presented to the Court for confirmation, which notice shall be accompanied with copies of the affidavits which shall have been delivered to the Commissioners, (if it shall be intended to use or refer to copies thereof on such appeal,) and also with a brief statement in writing of the grounds of objection to such report and of the manner in which it is contended that the same ought to be altered.

§ 13. Such appeal shall be heard by the Court to which the said report shall be presented for confirmation, at the time the same shall be so presented. Copies of the affidavits which shall have been delivered and served as aforesaid (but no others) may be read against confirming the said report, and affidavits may also be read to sustain the same; but no cause against such confirmation shall be heard, except an appeal shall have been made in the manner provided in the preceding section of this act. If no sufficient reason to the contrary shall appear to the Court, they shall confirm the said report; or if, in their opinion, the same ought not to be confirmed, they may refuse so to do; and in the event of such refusal, they shall in the proper case refer it back for revision and correction to the same or other Commissioners, who shall proceed to revise and correct the same, and cause it, or a new report, to be filed in the office of the Clerk of the said county. The Common Council shall thereupon cause a new notice to be published in the manner required in the preceding section of this act, of the filing of such report, and of their intention to apply for the confirmation thereof. The said report may be appealed from within the time and in the manner provided in the said section, and such appeal shall be proceeded upon and the said report again disposed of in the manner directed by this section; and so often as any such report shall be referred back for revision and correction, the like proceedings shall be thereupon had as are provided in this section upon the first reference back to the said Commissioners. In cases, however, where the said Court can,

from the nature of the case, and shall direct specific alterations to be made therein, and such alterations shall be made in its presence, or during the same term, they may thereupon absolutely confirm the said report without further notice.

§ 14. The Court to which any such report shall be presented for confirmation shall have power, in their discretion, to award costs against the appellant in cases where the appeal shall not be prosecuted or sustained.

§ 15. Upon the confirmation of the report of the Commissioners of Estimate of the expense of the improvement, it shall, together with the map, be delivered to the Board of Assessors of said city, whose duty it shall be to apportion and assess the expenses of the improvement, as determined by the report of the said Commissioners, upon the lands and premises benefited, or intended to be benefited, by the improvement, within the district of assessment, in proportion to the benefit derived by such lands and premises respectively thereby. The said Board of Assessors shall make their apportionment and assessment in a report or list in tabular form, with columns, giving the numbers, according to the ward map or maps, of the pieces of land assessed for benefit; or when there are no ward maps, according to the map made by order of the Common Council for the purpose of the improvement as aforesaid, the names of the owners or occupants thereof respectively, the amount assessed on each piece of land on the different interests therein, the balance of awards to be received by the different parties over their assessments, the assessment to be paid by the owners of the pieces of land assessed respectively, and by other persons interested therein, the balance of assessment to be paid by any such owners or persons over any awards made to them respectively, and such other statements as they may deem necessary to make. And upon the completion of the report of said Board of Assessors, the same proceedings shall be had in relation thereto, in all respects, until the confirmation thereof by the Supreme Court, as are required in relation to the report of the Commissioners of the estimate of the expense of the improvement by sections twelve, thirteen and fourteen of this title; and all the provisions of said section for review, appeal, revision, correction and confirmation thereof, shall apply thereto, except that the said report shall be filled in the office of the Commissioner of Taxes for examination, and that, if the Court shall send the same back for revision and correction, it shall be sent back to the Board of Assessors. Upon the confirmation of the report of assessment list of the said Board of Assessors, and not until then, the rights of the owners or other parties in-

terested in the lands taken to the awards made to them respectively shall become fixed, and the Common Council shall be thereupon authorized to cause such improvement to be made. In case any such assessment list or report of the Board of Assessors shall be afterwards set aside or declared void for irregularity or other cause, which shall not affect the validity of the awards made in the same improvement, it shall be the duty of the Board of Assessors to make out a new assessment list or report in the manner therein provided, which further report, and the assessment therein, shall be subject, in all respects, to the provisions in this section, and otherwise in this act provided in relation to the original reports and the assessments thereby made. If the said Board of Assessors shall, instead of making out an assessment list as aforesaid, merely report that the lands and premises within the assessment district are not benefited to the amount estimated by the said Commissioners for the expenses of the improvement, as the said Board of Assessors may and shall do, if in their judgment, such be the fact, the Court shall, upon the presentation of such report for confirmation, order the proceedings for said improvement to be discontinued, and thereupon all proceedings had in relation thereto shall be null and void, and the city of Brooklyn shall in no case be liable in relation thereto. It shall be sufficient in making the awards and assessments for damages or benefits under this act, or any special or other act relating to laying out, opening, widening or extending any street, avenue, boulevard, park or square in said city, for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed, to make the same, and for the Board of Assessors to state in their reports respectively, the name or names of the parties interested in each piece or parcel of land and buildings or other property taken, and the name or names of the owners or occupants of each piece of land assessed for benefit as said names may appear in the office of the Commissioner of Taxes; and all assessments for benefit and taxes so made shall be liens upon the land in regard to which they shall be made, notwithstanding any error in the names of the parties interested, owner or owners or occupant, the same as if such name were correct; and it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners in any proceeding pending, or to be commenced, for the purpose aforesaid, in pursuance of this act or any special or other act in relation to streets, avenues, boulevards or parks, to include or allow any sum whatever in the assessment of the expenses of the improvement for searches or abstracts of title. And if in any case such searches shall be necessary it shall be the duty of the Attorney and Counsellor of the city to make them, by virtue of his office as by this act provided, and in such



case the statutory fees of the Register of the County of Kings therein may be allowed, and no more.—1862, *Chap. 63*.

§ 16. The City Comptroiler shall pay to the the persons (or to the attorneys or legal representatives of such) to whom damage may have been awarded in such report, the amount of such damages, without any deduction therefrom by way of fee or commission.

§ 17. The Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, to be appointed as aforesaid, shall be allowed four dollars each for each and every day actually and necessarily employed about their duties, not exceeding for the three Commissioners collectively the sum of five hundred dollars, and the disbursements to searches of title (including searches for taxes and assessments) to the amount of two hundred dollars may be allowed in addition to the disbursements for fees of the Register and the Clerk of the county, but no greater sum in any case than is actually and necessarily incurred for that purpose; and such compensation and the expense of said map, and the cost and fees of the Attorney and Counsellor, hereinafter provided, with the disbursements paid to the Register of the County of Kings for his fees as fixed by law, and the fees of the clerks of the Court for any service required by the provisions of this title, shall be estimated as a part of the expense of the improvement, and no other expenses, besides the amount awarded for damages, than those herein specified shall be included in any assessment.—1862, *Chap. 63*.

§ 18. If the estimate of the expenses shall exceed the amount of expenses which shall be actually incurred in making the improvement, such excess shall be retunded or allowed to the persons assessed, in proportion to the amount of their respective assessments.

§ 19. In case of opening, widening or extending any street, avenue or square, road or highway, under the provisions of this act, the County Court of the County of Kings, or the County Judge thereof in term or vacation, or a Justice of the Supreme Court, shall have power, on application, to appoint guardians for infants or other incompetent persons, in the nature of guardians *ad litem*, to protect their interests or prosecute appeals, who shall be entitled to receive five dollars for their services and attendance before the Commissioners, and no other fees or costs, unless upon an appeal, in which case the Judge who shall hear the appeal shall fix upon the further amount to be allowed them, if any, and shall certify the same.

§ 20. The cost and fees of the Attorney and Counsel in any such proceedings, exclusive of his disbursements, shall not ex-

ceed in any case the sum of two hundred dollars, unless on appeal, or when the report is sent back to the Commissioners; and in such case the Judge who heard the appeal may allow such further sum in addition to the taxed or certified bills as he may deem just and proper; and such costs and fees shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of the city.\*

§ 21. All assessments for improvements in said city, when the same shall have been confirmed according to the provisions of this act, shall constitute and be a lien upon the property assessed, from the time of such confirmation, which lien shall have priority over all other liens and incumbrances.

§ 22. The Board of Assessors shall, under such regulations as they may adopt, and by at least three of their number, apportion and assess the expense of regulating, grading or paving, or regrading or repaving streets, and of constructing wells and pumps,† public cisterns, sewers and drains, lamp-posts and lamps, flagging sidewalks, fencing and filling in lots, and of all other public improvements, except as herein otherwise directed; and the Common Council shall proceed in regard to the assessments therefor in the manner hereinafter provided.

§ 23. Upon a copy of the resolution of the Common Council deciding to make any such improvement and fixing the amount to be assessed for the expense thereof, certified by the City Clerk and approved by the Mayor, being sent to the Board of Assessors, they shall thereupon proceed to view the premises, and shall assess the expense of said improvement upon the several lots, pieces or parcels of land benefited, in proportion to the benefit which, in their opinion, the same shall derive from or in justice ought to be assessed for the said improvement. But whenever any of the lots, pieces or parcels of land so benefited, shall be under water and belong to the State, the said Board of Assessors shall, in respect to such land, make such assessment on the right, interest and claim to and in the said land, of the person or persons who may be entitled to a grant of such lands from the Commissioners of the Land Office. And all the provisions of this act applicable to said improvements, and the collection of the assessments therefor, shall apply to such right, interest and claim, and to the persons entitled to the same. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to affect the title of the State in or to the said lands; but any person or persons who shall take the title to said lands from the State, and while the same remains unpaid, shall take the same subject to the lien of said assessments. Provided that the pro-

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\* See Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.

† *Vide* Laws of 1857, Chap. 628.

visions herein contained shall be deemed to apply to lands under water, lying in the Eighth, Tenth and Twelfth Wards of the city of Brooklyn, and to none others.

§ 24. The Board of Assessors shall make a report, in writing, of the assessment so made, and before proceeding to sign the same shall give notice in the corporation newspapers of the district, which notice shall be published for ten days successively, of the time and place when and where the parties interested can be heard; and after hearing the parties, the Board of Assessors shall proceed and complete the report and sign the same, and return the said report, with all objections in writing which shall be presented to and left with them by any of the parties interested, to the Common Council, who shall refer the same, in case of any objections in writing, to the proper Committee of the Board. The said Committee shall publish a notice in the corporation newspapers of the district, for ten days successively, to the parties interested, of the time and place, when and where they will meet to hear them on the objections and report.

§ 25. The said Committee shall thereupon examine the matter and report to the Common Council, and shall return to them the said report of the Board of Assessors, with the objections of the parties, together with the views and opinions of the Committee respecting the said report.

§ 26. The Common Council shall thereupon examine the matter, and may correct the said report and assessment, send it back to the Board of Assessors, or confirm the same, as they may deem just and proper, and their confirmation in the matter shall be final and conclusive.

§ 27. And the like proceedings shall be had when the report of the Board of Assessors is sent back as in the first instance.

§ 28. The Mayor shall nominate, and, by and with the consent of two-thirds of the City Supervisors convened in meeting duly notified, appoint, on or before the tenth of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, five Assessors, and on or before the tenth day of January in each year thereafter one Assessor, no two of whom shall be residents of any one ward, and at least two of whom shall be residents of the Eastern District of said city, who shall perform, under the direction and supervision of the said Commissioners of Taxes, the duties heretofore performed by the Assessors of the several wards of said city, and by this or any other act required of them; and shall have all the powers of Assessors of the different towns of this State. The Assessors first appointed under this act shall hold their office for the term of one, two, three, four and five years



respectively. All subsequent appointments shall be for the term of five years, except where vacancies occur by death, resignation or inability to serve, and such appointments shall be for the balance of the unexpired term. The Commissioner of Taxes, for the purpose of determining which of the persons first appointed shall serve such terms respectively, shall, within ten days after their appointment, notify them to attend at his office, and in the presence of the persons so appointed, who shall attend, proceed to choose by lot and in that manner determine which of said Assessors shall serve for the terms aforesaid respectively. He shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, file in the office of the County Clerk a certified statement of such fact. The said Assessors shall, together, constitute a Board of Assessors. Should such Assessors, or any of them, by reason of sickness or other inability, be unable to perform the duties required of them by this act, the Mayor, by and with the consent of two-thirds of the City Supervisors, convened as aforesaid, shall appoint other persons in their stead, who shall hold their offices for the balance of the term of the persons so superseded. The terms of the Assessors now in office shall continue till the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and all of them shall then expire. There shall be two additional Assessors for said city, to be appointed in the manner and under the same conditions now provided by law, one of whom shall be a resident of the Eastern District. The appointment of such Assessors shall be made on or before the tenth day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-six. Such additional Assessors shall have the same powers and be subject to the same duties as the other Assessors of said city. One of said additional Assessors shall hold his office for one year, and the other for two years, the terms of the persons so appointed to be designated by the Mayor at the time of and with the nomination of the same to the City Supervisors; and the present existing Assessors, whose terms of office are now for one, two, three, four and five years, shall hold their office respectively for three, four, five, six and seven years. All subsequent appointments of such additional Assessors shall be made whenever and as often as vacancies shall exist, and shall be for the term of seven years, except where vacancies occur by death, resignation or inability to serve, when such appointment shall be for the balance of the unexpired term. The Board of Assessors, in addition to the duties and powers now devolved on them, shall, on and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, have the powers and discharge the duties now by law devolved upon the Commissioner of Taxes, and the office of such Commissioner shall then be abolished, and no

such officer shall hereafter be elected, and the Secretary of the Board of Assessors shall receive the same salary as is now paid to the Deputy Tax Commissioner\*.—1862, *Chap. 63*; as amended by *Laws of 1865, Chap. 721. Sec. 7.*

(a) The term of office of the several Assessors of the city of Brooklyn is hereby fixed and declared as follows:

Martin Breen, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

Henry E. Ripley, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Thos. W. Field, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

John Doherty, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Joseph Smith, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

John Shearon, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

William A. Furey, to hold office until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven.

The term of office of each Assessor after the respective termination of the terms aforesaid shall be seven years, and until his successors shall have been elected or chosen.

Whenever the term of any Assessor shall expire, the Mayor shall nominate and the Board of Supervisors shall confirm his successor at some time between the first day of January and February, immediately succeeding the expiration of the term of office for which such Assessor was elected or chosen.

In case of the failure of the Mayor to nominate or the Board of Supervisors to confirm a person to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of such Assessor within the period hereinbefore fixed, then the person whose term of office has expired shall hold office until the first day of January next succeeding. And the person appointed to succeed any such Assessor shall serve only for the remainder of the unexpired term of seven years following the seven years of his predecessor.—1868, *Chap. 635, Sec. 10.*

[Whenever the office of any member of the Board of Assessors of the city of Brooklyn, shall become vacant by reason of the death or resignation of any such member, the Mayor, by and with the consent of two-thirds of all the City Supervisors convened shall appoint a successor to such member. The successor

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\* Secretary's Salary fixed at \$3,000 per annum.—[*Laws of 1870, Chap. 221.*]

so appointed shall hold his office for the same period of time that the person to whom he has succeeded would have done, had he continued to hold such office.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 221.*]

§ 29. The said Assessors shall have the power to examine, upon oath, every person whom they shall believe ought to be assessed for his personal property, and shall also have power to examine, under oath, such other persons, as witnesses in relation thereto, as they may deem proper, and for that purpose may administer oaths and issue process to compel the attendance of witnesses before them. Any person who shall refuse to make, under oath, a full disclosure of all the facts necessary to enable the Assessors to make a fair and just assessment of his personal property, when duly called upon by the Assessors to do so, or to answer such questions as may be put to him in relation thereto, shall be assessed a gross sum, which in their judgment will be to the full amount of his personal estate, and shall forfeit for one year all the rights and privileges given to persons aggrieved by the assessment of Assessors by the law "For the Assessment and Collection of Taxes."

§ 30. All assessments of land for taxes for general purposes, or for benefit from local improvements, shall refer to the ward maps, when they shall exist, and where a portion of any lot or piece of land shall be taken for any improvement, the residue thereof shall be deemed to be held for any assessment previously laid thereon remaining unpaid. In case ward maps do not exist for any ward or wards, the Common Council shall, as soon as in their judgment it is advisable, direct the same to be made.—1862, *Chap. 63.*

§ 31. The Board of Assessors shall elect one of their number President, and appoint a competent person as their Secretary.\* who will make out the assessment lists, under the direction of said Board, and perform such other duties as may be required of him by said Board or the Common Council. The Common Council shall provide a suitable room for said Assessors, in which they shall transact their business; and the assessment rolls of the several wards, when completed, shall be left for inspection and examination by any person interested and of which the assessors shall give due notice as required by law, and the said assessment rolls shall be open for inspection during thirty days from the time of the first publication of such notice.

[§ 9. The said Board of Assessors are hereby authorized, by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen of said city, to

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\* Term of office of Secretary fixed at five years.—*Laws of 1868, Chap. 665, Sec. 10.*



appoint so many additional clerks and assistants, not exceeding four in number, to assist them in their proper discharge of the duties of their office. The salary of such clerks and assistants shall be fixed by the said Board of Aldermen, and payable as salaries of other city officers.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*]

(a) It shall be the duty of the said Assessors to attend during such examination and review and correct said rolls as may be just and proper. The Commissioner of Taxes\* shall cause copies of such corrected rolls of each ward of said city respectively to be made out, and after being duly sworn to by at least two of the Assessors, according to the oath provided by law in regard to assessment rolls in the different towns of this State, and further to the effect that they have together personally examined, within the year past, each and every lot or parcel of land, house, building, or other accessible property within the ward, to be delivered to the Board of Supervisors of the County of Kings, which Board shall proceed thereon in the manner required by law for the laying and collecting of taxes. The Commissioner of Taxes shall have power to apportion between the different owners of any piece or parcel of land any tax or assessment for benefit remaining unpaid thereon, upon receiving an affidavit showing the true limits and extent of each interest; but such apportionment shall not be effectual unless the same be certified to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, and a minute thereof duly entered on the original tax or assessment lists; and if returned as unpaid also on the account of unpaid taxes in his office. The amounts so apportioned shall be liens upon the pieces of land and property to which they shall be apportioned respectively, the same as if they had been originally so taxed or assessed. The Commissioner of Taxes shall have power to rectify any errors committed in the laying of any tax or assessment, as well as for the general purposes of said city as for any local improvement therein, in the following cases:

1. When the error is entirely clerical.
2. When the mistake is in the name of the party taxed or assessed.
3. When the quantity of the real estate or nature of the buildings thereon shall be erroneously given.
4. When the personal estate shall be over-estimated, and the party assessed shall have been absent from the city for the thirty days the books shall have been open for examination and correction. Such power can be exercised only upon the application of the aggrieved party or his agent, supported by an

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\*The office of Tax Commissioner having been abolished, this duty devolves now upon the Board of Assessors.

affidavit setting forth the facts, and no correction shall be valid until it shall be certified to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, and duly entered on the original tax and assessment list in his office. Any person who shall, by reason of being erroneously taxed or assessed, pay a tax or assessment for benefit upon real estate in said city belonging to another person or persons, shall be entitled to receive the same back from the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, at any time before the expiration of the warrant of such Collector, provided no change shall have been made in the title of ownership of such real estate subsequently to the levying of such tax or assessment for benefit; and in case of such repayment, the Collector shall correct the tax or assessment list, noting the facts therein, and such corrected tax and assessment shall be a valid lien upon the land, the same as if it had not been erroneously paid. After the expiration of the time of the warrant of the Collector without repayment by him, or in case of any change or title of ownership, as aforesaid, the person so erroneously paying a tax or assessment as aforesaid shall have a right of action to recover, in any court having jurisdiction of the amount, from the party owning the real estate at the time of levying such tax or assessment, the sum which he shall have paid erroneously as aforesaid.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

(b) In cases where any piece or parcel of land shall be sold for any tax thereon, and there shall be separate interests, divided or undivided, at the time of levying such tax, and the same shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Taxes by affidavit, he may apportion the amount for which said land shall have been sold between the several interests, and the provisions of law applicable to the redemption of lands from sales for taxes shall apply to the several interests and amounts apportioned.—1863, *Chap.* 431.

[§ (8.) The Board of Assessors of the said city are hereby authorized and directed to have made up and completed by the first day of June, annually, after the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, their assessment roll of valuation of property in the several Wards in said city, and their books containing their estimate of valuation, shall be open for review and correction as now provided by law, during the month of June in each year.—*Laws of 1871, Chap.* 561.]

§ 32. The Common Council shall fix an annual compensation for such Assessors and Secretary, to be levied in the annual tax, and may, by ordinance, regulate the duties under the foregoing provision, and remove such Assessors for incompetency or neglect of duty.\*

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\* Salary of Assessors fixed at \$3500 per annum and of Secretary at \$2000 per annum.—*Laws of 1870, Chap.* 221.

§ 33. All provisions of law now applicable to the Assessors of Brooklyn, or towns of this State, in relation to assessment and collection of taxes in said city, not inconsistent with this act, are hereby declared to apply to the Assessors elected under this act. Every certificate of sale of lands for unpaid taxes or assessments shall cease to be a lien on the premises described therein, unless application be made to the Collector by the holder thereof for a conveyance as herein provided, and such certificate be left with the Collector for that purpose within three years from the date of such certificate, and no conveyance shall be granted of such lands after that time. All certificates of sale of lands for unpaid taxes and assessments shall cease to be a lien on lands therein respectively described after one year from the passage of this act, unless the same shall be presented to the said Collector for a conveyance; provided, nevertheless, that in all such last-mentioned cases, where not more than two years shall have elapsed since the date of any such certificate, such time less than two years shall be added to the one year herein mentioned within which such certificate shall be presented to the Collector and left with him for the purpose of a conveyance; provided, nevertheless, that in all cases notice be first filed by some person claiming an interest in the lands and premises described in such certificate with the said Collector of Taxes and Assessments at least six months before the expiration of the time limited as aforesaid for executing a conveyance thereof; and further provided, that if in any case no such notice shall be filed before the expiration of such time, then such time is hereby extended in such case until the expiration of six months after such notice as aforesaid shall be given, and at the expiration of such six months said lien shall in such cases cease unless a conveyance shall in the meantime be given as aforesaid.—1865, *Chap.* —

§ 34. The Common Council shall have power to lay out streets within the first five wards of the city where such improvements may be deemed proper, although the same have not been laid out on any public map of the Town, Village or City of Brooklyn, and to extend or lengthen streets heretofore laid out by law in any part of said city, upon the written application of a majority of the persons owning the property on the portion of the street to be added by such extension. All provisions of law applicable to such improvements, and to the opening and subsequent improvement of streets, shall be applied to the streets to be laid out, extended or lengthened; and all such provisions are hereby extended over and applied to the land covered with water between the line of bulkhead as now actually existing and the permanent water line as heretofore established



by law, and lying north and east of the westerly line of Fulton street, continued out to such water line; and the city of Brooklyn shall have jurisdiction over such land covered with water for the purpose of making such improvement.

§ 35. Whenever Commissioners shall be appointed in relation to opening any streets, or part of streets in said city, if any portion of said street shall be afterwards stricken from the Commissioners' map of said city (being the plan of streets thereon), the proceedings for opening said street shall be continued for the purpose of opening the portion of said street not so closed, with the same effect as if the original proceedings had been for the opening of the part of the street not so closed or stricken from said map; and this provision shall apply to the proceedings for the opening or widening of streets now pending, and the same shall be completed with the same effect as regards that portion of the street the opening or widening of which has been petitioned for, and which has not been stricken from said map, as if the proceedings had been conducted for the purpose of opening or widening that portion of the street only.—1868, *Chap. 635, Sec. 11.*

[§ (11.) The Street Commissioner of said city is hereby authorized and directed upon the requisition of the Collector of Taxes or the Board of Assessors of said city respectively, to have prepared by such City Surveyors as he may select, and under his direction and to furnish such surveys, maps and profiles as the said Collector of Taxes or the Board of Assessors respectively may from time to time require, and the annual expense of all such surveys, maps and profiles shall be raised by tax in the same manner as moneys are now raised to defray the expenses of said city, provided, however, that said Commissioner shall not incur on behalf of the said city any greater expense than the rates fixed by the city ordinances for such surveys, maps and profiles.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*]

## TITLE V.

### OF THE COLLECTION OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.

#### SEC. 1. Election of Collector.

(a) Local distinctions abolished.

2. Bonds.

3. Suspension of Collector.

4. Assistant Collector.

5. Deputies.

6. Powers of Assistant Collector.

(a) Publication of notice to pay taxes.

7. Renewal of bond.

8. Expenses of collection.

9. Embezzlement or loaning of public money.

10. Assessment rolls.

11. Warrants.

12. Abstract of rolls.

13. Paying over and accounting of Collector.
14. Taxes when to be paid—default, &c.
15. Taxes unpaid after one hundred and eighty days.
16. Unpaid taxes credited to Collector.
17. Collector's bonds, when to be sued.
18. Treasurer and Comptroller may receive taxes.
19. Rejection of taxes for imperfect description.
20. Rejected taxes to be received.
21. Rejected assessments.
22. Unpaid assessments for want of jurisdiction—Re-assessments.
23. Unpaid assessments on real estate.
  - (a) Proceedings against defaulting tax payers.
24. List of unpaid taxes and assessments to be published.
25. Affidavit of publication.
26. Sale of land.
27. Mortgages, notices relative thereto.
28. Affidavits of service.
29. Redemption.
30. Conveyance, when to be made.
31. Infant and incompetent owners.
32. Collector's duties in relation to unpaid taxes.
33. Conveyances.
  - (a) Provisions relative to names of owners not to apply in certain cases.
34. Registrar of Arrears of Taxes.
35. Sale of lands for taxes—duties of Registrar in connection therewith.
36. Tax certificates how to be redeemed.
37. Banks and moneyed corporations authorized to purchase tax certificates.
38. Inconsistent acts to be repealed.

SECTION 1. There shall be elected at the election in November, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, and every third year thereafter, a Collector, who shall hold his office for the term of three years, and until his successor shall be elected in his place and duly qualified, to be called the Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the city of Brooklyn. The Common Council shall provide a suitable office, which shall be kept open during such hours as the Common Council shall designate, on each day in the year, except Sundays and such holidays as shall be observed by the general custom of said city, or by recommendation of public authority.—1855, *Chap.* 199.

(a) The office of Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the Eastern District of said city, created by section first of title fifth of the act hereby amended, shall be and is hereby abolished, from and after the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and all local distinctions now recognized by law in relation to the Eastern and Western Districts of said city are hereby abolished, except so far as relates to the Fire Department thereof.—*Ibid*, *Sec.* 2.

§ 2. The said Collector shall execute a bond to the city of Brooklyn, with at least two sureties, who shall be free-holders in the county of Kings, in such penalty, not less than one hundred thousand dollars, as the Common Council shall direct, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and for accounting and paying over as directed by law, all moneys which shall be received by him as such Collector. Such sureties shall severally justify, under oath, to be endorsed

on said bond, in sums which, together, shall constitute at least double the amount of the penalty of the bond, to be approved by the Common Council. The bond shall be filed with the Clerk of the County of Kings; and if not filed within twenty days after the Collector shall be notified of his election, the office shall be deemed vacant; and no Collector shall enter upon the duties of his office until said bond shall be duly executed, approved and filed. The Collector's sureties shall also be renewed during the term of his office, whenever and as often as the Common Council shall direct, and if not so renewed within twenty days after the notice to the Collector, his office shall be deemed vacant.

§ 3. The Common Council may by resolution, suspend the Collector for official neglect or misconduct, in which case they shall immediately cause written notice, with a copy of the charges thereof, to be left at his office; they shall then proceed to investigate the charges against him, and if such charges are sustained, may remove him from office in the manner hereinbefore provided, for removal of other officers of the city government.

§ 4. The Collector may, as soon as may be after he has taken upon himself the execution of his office, appoint some proper person Assistant Collector of Taxes and Assessments, to hold his appointment during the pleasure of such Collector, and he shall, as often as a vacancy shall occur in the office of Assistant Collector appoint another in his place; and whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of Collector, the said Assistant Collector shall execute the powers and discharge the duties of Collector until another Collector shall have been appointed.

§ 5. The Collector may, also, with the consent of the Common Council appoint as many deputies as he may think proper, who shall hold their appointment during the pleasure of the Common Council. Every appointment of an Assistant Collector, or of a Deputy Collector, shall be in writing, under the hand and seal of the Collector, and shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County; and every such assistant or deputy shall, before he enters on the execution of the duties of his office, take the oath prescribed in the Constitution, and the Collector may require of him a bond and sureties for the performance of his duties. Any default or misfeasance in office of such assistant or deputy shall be deemed to be a breach of the condition of the bond given by the Collector who appointed him.

[The Collector of Taxes and Assessments shall have power to appoint the same number of assistants, deputies and permanent



clerks as are now employed in his office, and six additional permanent clerks to take the place of temporary clerks heretofore employed, and such further number of permanent clerks as the Common Council may designate from time to time. The said assistants, deputies and clerks may hold their appointments during the pleasure of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments. The salaries of such additional clerks shall be the same as the other clerks receive.—*Laws of 1866, Chap. 35.*]

§ 6. The Assistant Collector shall have the same power as the Collector, except that of the appointment of deputies; and the Collector, Assistant Collector and Deputy Collectors shall have the same powers as the Collectors in the several towns in this State; but such assistants and deputies shall, in the exercise of their powers, be subject to the direction and control of the Collector.

(a) It shall not be necessary for the Collector to call upon the persons taxed, in the annual tax rolls, or at their place of residence, and demand the taxes, in cases where such taxes are for real estate; nor shall it be necessary for him to levy any such tax upon real estate by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the persons who ought to pay the same; but he shall, upon receiving such annual tax rolls, cause a notice to be published for thirty days in all the public newspapers of the said city that the said tax rolls have been completed and delivered to him for the purpose of collecting the taxes mentioned therein, and that all taxed persons are required to pay their taxes at his office, in the City Hall, without delay, under the penalties of the law. He shall annex to such notice, and publish therewith, a copy of the fourteenth section of this title.—1862, *Chap. 63.*

§ 7. If any person who shall have become surety for the Collector shall, by notice in writing, to be served on the Mayor or Clerk of the Common Council, require the said Collector to renew his official bond, such person shall be discharged from all future liability as such surety from and after the settlement of the accounts of the Collector for moneys received prior to such discharge, who shall be required to make such statement within thirty days after notice from the Common Council to that effect.

§ 8. There shall be added to and included in every tax and assessment levied and assessed in the city of Brooklyn, the sum of three per cent. upon the amount of such tax and assessment for the expense of collection, which, together with the amount to be added for neglect to pay within the time specified in the warrants of the Collector, as hereinafter provided, shall be for

the use of said city. The Common Council shall fix the salary or other compensation to be paid to the Collector, his Assistant and Deputies, and pay the same to them out of the moneys raised by tax for city purposes; and neither the said Collector nor his Assistant or Deputies shall receive any other or further compensation for services or for other expenses of their office; but the Common Council shall provide for said collection all necessary desks, furniture, fuel, lights, books and blank forms.

§ 9. If any Collector, Assistant Collector or Deputy Collector shall convert to his own use, in any way whatever, or shall use by way of investment in any kind of property or merchandise, or shall loan, in any way, any portion of the moneys received or collected by him as such Collector, Assistant or Deputy Collector, every such act shall be deemed and adjudged to be an embezzlement of so much of said moneys as shall be thus taken, invested, used or loaned, which is hereby declared to be a felony, punishable by imprisonment in a State prison for a term not exceeding five years.

§ 10. The Board of Supervisors of the County of Kings shall cause the corrected assessment rolls of the several wards, or fair copies thereof, with warrants for collection, to be delivered to the Collector on or before the first day of October, in each year; and the Common Council shall cause every assessment roll made for any improvement in said city, or fair copies thereof, with a warrant for collection, to be delivered to said Collector within ten days after the same shall be finally confirmed. But no warrant for the collection of any assessment shall be issued by the Common Council until all the proceedings had in laying said assessment shall have been examined and certified as correct by the Street Commissioner and the Attorney and Counsel for the city, which certificate shall be endorsed upon or annexed to the assessment roll, and shall be conclusive evidence as to the regularity of the proceedings.

[§ (15.) The Board of Assessors of the city of Brooklyn are hereby directed to furnish to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments of said city an abstract of each of the assessments for local improvements in said city, the amount of which is directed by law to be included in or collected with the general taxes levied in said city, showing first the amount of the respective assessments upon such parcel of land assessed, less any amount paid thereon; secondly the installments which are to be collected in each year upon each lot, with interest added in those cases in which interest is collected.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[§ (16.) The Collector of Taxes and Assessments aforesaid is authorized to receive the total amount of any said assessment upon any piece or parcel of land at any time before the time fixed for the complete payment thereof, with interest thereon to the time of payment, and any defaults accrued thereon, and upon such payment shall cancel such assessment upon the piece or parcel of land the assessment upon which is so paid.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

§ 11. The warrants of the Board of Supervisors shall be under their hands and seals, or the hands and seals of a majority of them, and shall require the Collector out of the moneys to be collected, to pay over to the City Treasurer such sum as shall be raised for the city purposes, and to the County Treasurer the residue of said moneys, within one hundred and eighty days from the date of such warrants. The warrants of the Common Council shall be signed by the Mayor, and shall be under the corporate seal of the city, attested by the Clerk, and shall require the Collector to pay the moneys to be collected to the City Treasurer within one hundred and twenty days from the date thereof; and to collect from the several persons named in the assessment roll annexed thereto the several sums mentioned in the last column of such roll opposite to their respective names, and shall not be renewed except in cases where the collection has been stayed by any legal proceedings; and in such cases the Common Council shall have power, after the cessation of such stay, to cause new warrants to be issued to the Collector for the full term of one hundred and twenty days, as if no previous warrant had been issued. This provision shall apply to all cases where the collection has been or hereafter may be stayed by any legal process or proceedings.

§ 12. As soon as practicable after the annual tax rolls shall have been delivered to the Collector, he shall, in books to be provided for that purpose, prepare an abstract of said rolls, adding thereto all taxes and assessments as shall from time to time thereafter become chargeable upon such property, to the end that such abstract shall at all times exhibit in a condensed form all existing charges against the property as accurately as possible.

§ 13. The Collector shall receive the taxes and assessments mentioned in said rolls, and shall on the same day that he receives the same, pay over to the City Treasurer all moneys which shall have been received by him for taxes and assessments for city purposes, or for local improvements, and render to the Comptroller of the city a just and true account of the same. He shall also every week, and as much oftener as required by the City Treasurer, at the Collector's office, render a



like account of moneys received for taxes payable to the County Treasurer, and at the same time pay over such moneys to the said County Treasurer.

§ 14. All taxes and assessments which shall be paid to the Collector within thirty days after such tax or assessment roll shall have been delivered to him, shall be received by him without any additional charge; on all taxes or assessments which shall be paid him after the expiration of thirty days, and within sixty days after such delivery, he shall add one per cent., and one per cent. shall be added for every thirty days thereafter until such tax or assessment shall be paid, when such percentage shall amount to ten per cent., from which interest at the rate of seven per cent. shall be added.

§ 15. If any of the taxes mentioned in the assessment rolls annexed to the warrant from the Board of Supervisors shall remain unpaid at the expiration of one hundred and eighty days from the time said assessment rolls shall be delivered to the Collector, and he shall not be able to collect the same, he shall deliver to the County Treasurer an account of the taxes so remaining due, with an affidavit that the same is a true account of the taxes remaining unpaid, and that he has not been able, upon diligent inquiry, to discover any goods and chattels belonging to or in possession of the persons charged in said rolls for personal taxes, whereon to levy the amount of such personal taxes, he shall be credited by the County Treasurer with the amount thereof, and if any of the assessments mentioned in the assessment rolls annexed to the warrant from the Common Council, for the collection of assessments for benefits, shall remain unpaid at the expiration of the said one hundred and twenty days, and he shall not be able to collect the same, he shall deliver to the Comptroller of said city an account of the assessments so remaining due, with an affidavit as hereinafter mentioned.—1862, *Chap. 63*,

§ 16. The County Treasurer and Comptroller respectively shall, upon receiving such amount of unpaid taxes and assessments, compare the same with the original tax or assessment roll, and if he finds it to be a true transcript thereof, he shall add to it a certificate showing that he had compared the account with the tax or assessment roll and found the same correct; and, after crediting the Collector with the amount, shall, within fifteen days after receiving such account, transmit the account, certified as aforesaid, with the Collector's affidavit, back to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments rendering such account.

§ 17. If the Collector shall refuse or neglect to pay to the City Treasurer or the County Treasurer the sum required by their warrants respectively to be paid them, or either of them, or to account for the same if unpaid, as hereinbefore provided, within twenty days after the time when such payment ought to have been made, the Common Council shall, upon receiving notice thereof from the County Treasurer or Comptroller, cause the bond of such Collector to be put in suit, and shall be entitled to recover the sum due from such Collector, with costs of suit; and the moneys recovered shall be applied and paid by the Common Council in the same manner in which it was the duty of the Collector to have applied and paid the same.

§ 18. The County Treasurer and Comptroller may, respectively, receive any tax or assessment while such accounts are in their hands, charging the additional per centage thereon, as hereinbefore provided. They shall give a receipt for such payments, and make return thereof to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, who shall note such payment on the original tax or assessment roll, or copy thereof, in his office.

§ 19. Before any account of unpaid taxes shall be transmitted by the County Treasurer to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, he shall examine them, and reject all taxes which shall be found to be charged for personally, or on lands imperfectly described, and shall furnish and transmit a certified statement of the same to the Comptroller and the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, and the Supervisors of the county, and shall from time to time furnish to the Common Council, or its officers, a full statement of the taxes remaining unpaid, or of the sale of any lots or pieces of land for taxes, as may be called for by the Common Council.

§ 20. The said Supervisors shall cause the amount of rejected taxes to be levied, in the next assessment rolls, on the taxable property of the respective wards in which they were before levied, and shall direct the same to be collected with the other taxes next collected in such wards; and the Board of Assessors shall cause such descriptions to be correct in the next assessment rolls.

§ 21. Whenever the Attorney and Counsel of the city shall be of opinion that any proceedings or assessments for local improvements are invalid and void by reason of irregularity in the conducting or laying the same, he shall forthwith report such opinion and the reasons therefor to the Common Council of the said city, and the Common Council shall enter an order in their minutes of proceeding declaring such assessments invalid and void, and the said assessments shall thereupon be held and

deemed to be invalid and void, and the said Common Council are hereby authorized and empowered to cause the amounts of such assessments to be re-assessed, and to have new proceedings taken and re-assessments made in the same manner as the original proceedings and assessment should have been made and such new proceedings and re-assessment shall have the same effect as the original proceedings and assessments would have had they been properly taken and made—*As amended by Chap. 635, Laws of 1868.*

§ 22. The Common Council, in case any such unpaid assessments shall be rejected for want of jurisdiction in making the improvements, shall cause the expense of the proceedings and all damages consequent thereon to be added to the amount directed to be laid in the next annual taxes for city purposes, and when collected to be paid to the parties who shall be entitled thereto. Whenever any moneys shall have been paid for an assessment, and a re-assessment shall be made in pursuance of this section, the amount shall be credited on such re-assessment to the property on which the assessment was made; and in case of any alteration on the re-assessment whereby the amount so paid shall exceed the amount re-assessed on the same property, such surplus shall be paid to the person who shall have paid the same; and in case it shall be insufficient to pay the amount re-assessed, the deficiency shall be collected in the same manner as other assessments.

§ 23. Upon affidavit being made before the Comptroller, or before any other person authorized to administer oaths in the County of Kings, by the Collector to whom any warrant for the collection of any assessments shall be delivered as aforesaid, his assistant or one of his deputies, that the sums mentioned in any such account of assessments rendered to the Comptroller by him remain unpaid, and that he has not, upon diligent inquiry, been able to discover any goods or chattels belonging to or in possession of the persons residing in the city of Brooklyn charged with or liable to pay such sum whereupon he could levy the same, and that within forty days after the warrant was delivered to him he caused a written or printed notice to be served personally on or left at the place of residence of the person or persons charged with or liable to pay such assessment, if a resident of the city, if not a resident of the city, that he has deposited a notice in one of the post offices in said city, addressed to the person or persons assessed, at his, her or their last place of residence, and that he has also caused a notice to be published in the corporation newspapers of the district, designated as provided by this act, once a week for six weeks



successively, prior to the expiration of his warrant, which notice shall contain the name or title of the improvement, the names of the persons who have not paid, the amount due from each, the time when the warrant will expire, and that the property assessed will be returned for sale if such assessment be not paid, such Collector shall be credited by the Comptroller with the amount of said account.

(a) See Title V., Section 24, *et seq.*, of the "Act to Revise and Amend the several acts relating to the city of Brooklyn," passed April 4th, 1850. It is there provided that upon the filing of a copy of the affidavit above mentioned, together with a copy of the warrant, assessment roll and account above mentioned, certified by the Comptroller, in the office of the County Clerk, the said Clerk shall thereupon enter, in a book to be kept for that purpose, separate judgments in the Supreme Court, in the name of the city of Brooklyn, against each of the persons named in said account for the sums therein stated to be due from each person, and five dollars costs; and the papers so filed shall be the judgment roll in each of said actions. It is further provided that executions shall issue on said judgments, subject to all laws relating to the service and return of executions, but none of the real property of the defendant to be sold under such execution other than that which was originally assessed. Upon the return of the execution unsatisfied, the Street Commissioner was directed to advertise and sell the property—a duty which is now performed by the Collector of Taxes. That portion of the law providing for thus entering judgment and issuing execution against defaulting taxpayers has not been formally repealed, though practically superseded by the Act of Consolidation. See also Laws of 1863, chapter 216, which provides for cancelling judgments entered under the former act when the assessment has been paid.

§ 24. Whenever any tax or assessment shall remain unpaid, and the rolls containing the same shall have been re-delivered to the Collector by the County Treasurer or Comptroller, as aforesaid, such Collector of Taxes and Assessments shall cause lists thereof, signed by him, to be published in the corporation newspapers of the district, designated as provided by this act, together with a notice requiring the same to be paid, with interest as aforesaid, and expenses, on or before a certain day, to be therein designated, which shall not be less than twelve weeks from the first publication thereof. Such list and notice shall be published once a week for twelve weeks successively in the corporation newspapers, describing with all convenient certainty, the land taxed or assessed, specifying the street, avenue

or road on which it fronts, on which side thereof, and near or between what streets it may lie, together with the name of the person to whom the same was taxed or assessed, and the name of the present owner when known to the Collector.

§ 25. Every printer by whom any such list and notice shall be published shall, within ten days after the last publication thereof, deliver to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, signing the same, an affidavit of due publication, made by some person to whom the fact of publication shall be made known.

§ 26. If any such tax for general purposes or assessment for benefit of local improvement shall remain unpaid on the day specified in said notice, the Collector shall proceed to sell by public auction, at the City Hall of said city, the property on which said tax or assessment for benefit shall have been imposed, for the lowest term of years for which any person will take the same, and pay the amount of such tax or assessment for benefit, with the interest and expenses, and he shall continue the sale from time to time until all such lands shall be sold. The Collector shall make it an absolute condition with all persons purchasing at such sale that payment be made (within forty-eight hours) after the close of the sale of each day, and it will not be sufficient for him to receive any sum or sums in part, but all moneys received by him must be in full payment of the tax or assessment for benefit, together with the interest and expense which shall have accrued thereon at the date of sale. Any neglect, failure or refusal on the part of any purchaser or purchasers to comply with this condition (which shall be read by the Collector at the time of commencing the sale each day) shall render such sale void and of no effect; and it shall be the duty of the Collector, on the first day to which the sale shall have been adjourned, to re-sell the same at the lowest term of years for which any person will take the same and pay the amount of such tax or assessment for benefit, with the interest and expenses thereon, and until such re-sale has been effected any person owning such property shall have the right to redeem the same as though no sale had been made. Any Collector who shall knowingly, or for any purpose whatever, make or cause to be made, any false record in relation to the terms of sale, or any false record of the transactions at such sales, or shall refuse to allow the person or persons entitled to redeem any property so sold to redeem the same as herein provided, shall in addition to the forfeiture of office, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. The Collector shall deliver to the purchaser complying with the terms of any such sale a certificate of such sale, and note the same on account of unpaid taxes

and assessments for benefit, as the case may be transmitted to him by the County Treasurer and Comptroller, and also on the original tax or assessment rolls, and on the abstracts hereinbefore directed to be kept in his office. Such certificate of sale shall be recorded in the Collector's office, in proper books to be kept for that purpose, and shall constitute a lien upon the lands and premises therein described, after the same shall have been so recorded; and no assignment of any certificate given on the sale of lands shall have any effect until notice of the same, with the name and residence of the Assignee, shall be filed in the office of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

§ 27. No owner whose deed, or in case he holds such property by descent or devise, the deed of his ancestor or devisor, shall have been duly recorded in the office of the Register of the County of Kings, before the sale thereof for any tax or assessment for benefit, and no mortgagee, lessee or assignee of either, whose mortgage, lease or assignment shall have been so recorded, shall be divested of his rights in such property by reason of such sale, unless six months' notice in writing of such sale shall have been given by the purchaser, or those claiming under him, to such owner, mortgagee, lessee or assignee personally, if a resident in the County of Kings or a county adjoining thereto; or if such owner, mortgagee or lessee be not such resident, then by depositing such notice in one of the post offices of said city, directed to the owner, mortgagee, lessee or assignee, at his place of residence as stated in the deed, lease, mortgage or assignment of such mortgage or lease.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

§ 28. Within a month after the service of such notice it shall be the duty of the person serving or causing the same to be served, to file in the office of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the district, a copy of the notice served, together with the affidavit of some person, who shall be certified by the officer before whom said affidavit shall be taken to be a creditable person, proving the due service of said notice.

§ 29. The owner, mortgagee or any other person interested in such land may at any time within two years after the sale thereof, for any unpaid tax or assessment for benefit, and before the expiration of the notice mentioned in section twenty-seven of this title, redeem said lands by paying to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, for the use of the purchaser thereof, or his assigns, the said purchase moneys, together with any subsequent assessment for benefit or tax, which the said purchaser may have paid, chargeable on said land, which he is hereby



authorized to pay, provided a notice of such payment shall have been filed in the office of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum in addition thereto, and also fifty cents for each notice given to any owner, mortgagee or lessee of a longer term than three years, provided due proof of such service of notice shall have been filed in said office; and provided further, that the whole amount paid for the service of said notices shall not exceed the sum of three dollars. The certificate of such Collector acknowledging the payment and showing what land, and on account of what tax or assessment for benefit such payment is intended to redeem, shall be evidence of such redemption. Such redemption shall discharge the land described in said certificate from the lien created by the assessment for benefit or tax, in respect of which such sale shall have been made, or by such sale or certificate.—*Laws of 1862, Chap. 63.*

§ 30. Upon the receipt of such moneys by such Collector, he shall cause the same to be refunded to the purchaser, his legal representatives or assigns, and all proceedings in relation to said sale shall cease; but if said moneys shall not be paid according to the exigency of said notice, such Collector shall proceed to execute a conveyance of the property so sold, as herein-after provided.

§ 31. Whenever such Collector shall receive satisfactory information that the land so sold belongs to an idiot or insane person, for whose estate no committee shall have been appointed, or to an infant having no guardian, he shall not execute a conveyance of their lands until at least one month after he shall have legal evidence that such disability has been removed, or a committee or guardian of their estate has been appointed. And until the expiration of said month such committee or guardian may redeem such land, in the manner hereinbefore provided.

§ 32. The said Collector shall note on the account of unpaid taxes, and also upon the original tax or assessment roll, or copy thereof in his office, all payments made to him after any account of unpaid taxes or assessments for benefit shall be sent back to him by the County Treasurer or Comptroller as aforesaid; and if any sale shall be made he shall also, in like manner, note that fact; and also any redemption or assignment of which he shall receive the notice hereinbefore required, and the memorandum of payment on any return of unpaid taxes, or abstract of assessments for benefit, or copy thereof, in the office of Collector, shall be sufficient evidence of such payment. He shall also, forthwith upon receiving the same, render to the Treasurer of

the city an account of the proceeds of any sale for unpaid assessments for benefit, and of any moneys received or collected by him that may be paid to such Treasurer, and at the same time pay over the said moneys received by him. And the said Collector shall also render to the Treasurer of the County an account of the proceeds of any sale for unpaid taxes, and of the moneys received or collected by him that may be paid to such Treasurer, and at the same time pay over said moneys received by him.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

§ 33. The Collector shall execute to the purchaser, or his assigns, pursuant to the terms of sale, when the lands sold for any tax or assessment for benefit shall not have been redeemed as by this act provided, a proper conveyance of the lands so sold by him. Said conveyance shall contain a brief statement of the proceedings had for the sale of said lands, and shall be evidence that such sale and other proceedings have been regularly made and had according to the provisions of this act. He shall also, forthwith, note the same on account of unpaid taxes, or abstract of assessments for benefit, or copy thereof, kept in his office. The grantee named in said conveyance, his representative and assigns, shall be entitled as against all persons whomsoever to the possession of said premises, and to the rents, issues and profits thereof, pursuant to the terms of his or her conveyance, and shall be entitled to obtain possession of the lands described in such conveyance by summary proceedings, in the same manner as is provided by law for the removal of persons who hold over or continue in possession of real estate sold by virtue of an execution against them. And no contract shall be made, or liability to pay money incurred, the expense of which is provided by law to be met by local assessment, until the jurisdictional and other proceedings for and in the assessment have been examined and certified to be correct and sufficient by the Street Commissioner and Attorney and Counsel.—*As amended by Laws of 1865, Chap.* 721, *Sec.* 14.

(a) No provision of law requiring the name of the owner of premises assessed or proposed to be assessed, to be mentioned, or requiring the names of resident and non-resident owners to be kept separate, shall apply either to proceedings for laying or levying the general taxes or local assessments in said city, or the tax or assessment rolls.—1868, *Chap.* 635, *Sec.* 3.

§ 34. Within thirty days after the passage of this act the Commissioners of the sinking fund of the city of Brooklyn shall appoint a suitable person as a "registrar of arrears of taxes," who shall have his office in the City Hall, in such apart-

ments as the Common Council may designate. The yearly salary of said officer shall be fixed by the Common Council of said city, together with the salaries of such clerks as may be appointed by said Common Council, on recommendation of said officer, which are, in his opinion, necessary to the proper transaction of the business of said office. He shall hold his office for the term of three years from the First day of May of the year in which he shall be appointed, provided, however, that the person first appointed under and by virtue of this act shall hold his office only until May first, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, or until his successor shall be appointed. Before entering upon the duties of his office he shall execute and deliver to said city a bond for the faithful performance of his duties, in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Common Council of said city, and take such oath as is required by law. It shall be the duty of said registrar, together with the commissioners of the sinking fund, on or before the first day of July in each year, to estimate the amount of deficit there will be during the current year in the payment of all taxes then unpaid; and the said registrar is authorized and directed to issue from time to time as may be necessary, certificates of indebtedness of said city, which shall be called "Tax Certificates," and shall bear interest not exceeding the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and be payable at the office of the Comptroller at some date not longer than three years. They shall be signed by the said Registrar, and Mayor of said City, and countersigned by the City Clerk, under the seal of said City; but such certificate shall not be issued for any amount exceeding the deficiency estimated as aforesaid, and as hereinafter provided. The certificate so issued shall be sold by or under the direction of the Mayor and Comptroller of said City, and the moneys arising therefrom shall be paid into the City treasury, in the same manner as moneys collected for taxes now are.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 877.*

§ 35. Upon any sale for taxes in said City, it shall be lawful for said Registrar to purchase on behalf of said City, such parcels as he shall deem expedient, and certificates and conveyances shall be executed to him in the same form as is now provided by law to other purchasers. Upon all of such parcels so purchased by said Registrar, there shall be payable the same percentage of interest and allowance as are allowed to be charged by any other purchaser, and in default of redemption under such sales as now prescribed by law, the title to the said parcels shall rest in the City of Brooklyn, as in the case of any other purchaser.—*Ibid.*

§ 36. The amount paid in for arrears of taxes, after the first day of July in each year, (except for taxes of such year,) to-



gether with all sums paid for redemption of parcels purchased by said Registrar, shall be devoted to the payment of the tax certificates hereinafter authorized to be issued by said Registrar. If the amounts received from these sources shall be insufficient at any time to meet tax certificates falling due or interest on same, other tax certificates shall be issued to meet such deficiency.—*Ibid.*

§ 37. Any bank, or other moneyed corporation, organized under and by virtue of the Laws of the State of New York, shall have authority to purchase said tax certificates issued by said Registrar, under and in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.—*Ibid.*

§ 38. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.—*Ibid.*

## TITLE VI. OF CONTRACTS.

SEC. 1. Board of Contracts abolished, and powers and duties devolved on Common Council.

- (a) Contracts to be awarded to lowest responsible bidder.
2. Fictitious or sham bids prohibited.
3. Sureties to be owners of real estate in Brooklyn.
4. Certain repairs to be made by Street Commissioner.
5. No Alderman or Supervisor to hold any other office.
6. Contracts not binding in certain cases.
7. Creating expenses not previously provided for, a misdemeanor.
8. Inspection of Contracts.
9. Gas Companies to repair street lamps.

SECTION 1. The Board of Contracts, as established by chapter sixty-three of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-two, is hereby abolished, and the Common Council of said city of Brooklyn is hereby substituted in place thereof. All contracts exceeding in amount the sum of one hundred dollars shall be made in the following manner: Whenever any work, materials or improvements shall have been duly declared to be necessary by said Common Council, they shall authorize the Street Commissioner, and it shall be his duty to advertise in the corporation newspapers published in said city for at least ten days, inviting bids or proposals therefor, under seal, which bids or proposals shall be receivable by the Mayor up to the hour of meeting of the regular meeting of the Common Council next succeeding the expiration of said ten days. All such bids shall be opened publicly at such regular meetings of the said Common Council, and shall be opened and publicly announced at such meeting, with the name of the bidder, the rate or amount proposed, and the names of the sureties; and before awarding any contract all the bids or proposals received shall be published for at least one week in the newspapers aforesaid, except in case of sudden

emergency a contract may be awarded as aforesaid by a two-third vote of the Common Council upon two days' advertisement. All contracts shall be awarded to the lowest bidder, and executed by the Mayor and Street Commissioner and attested by the City Clerk.—1865, *Chap. 721, Sec. 2.*

(a) [By Laws of 1870, Chap. 258, Section 2, it is provided that "Sub division three of section thirty-three of the Laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-two is hereby amended by adding at the end of said sub-division after the word "assessment" as follows:—" And all contracts shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, whose proposal shall in the opinion of said Common Council be for the best interests of the city."]

§ 2. Any person who shall wilfully or knowingly make, offer or put in, or cause to be made, offered or put in, any fictitious or sham bids or proposals, or propose any fictitious or sham security in any bid or proposal, or offer any security other than as hereinafter provided, shall, on conviction thereof, be held guilty of a misdemeanor and be punishable therefor.—*Ibid, Sec. 3.*

§ 3. All sureties offered or proposed in any bids or proposals, or any contract, shall be the owners of real estate in the city of Brooklyn in their own right to the amount of such surety, and shall have held the same for at least one year prior to becoming such surety.—*Ibid, Sec. 4.*

§ 4. In case any street, public building, highway, sidewalk or bridge shall become dangerous in consequence of any break, leakage, hole or other damage, the Street Commissioner shall, on the written application of the Alderman of the Ward in which such work may be required to be done, forthwith examine the same, and if the cost of repairing the same shall not exceed the sum of one hundred dollars, he shall, on the written assent of such Alderman, cause the said work to be done without delay.—*Ibid, Sec. 5.*

§ 5. No Alderman or Supervisor of said city hereafter to be elected shall, during his term of office or any part thereof, hold any other office or official position whatever, the pay or emolument of which shall directly or indirectly be paid out of the city treasury, revenue or income fund of said city; and the holding of any such other office or official position shall be deemed and held to be a vacation of such office of Alderman or Supervisor, as the case may be.—*Ibid, Sec. 6.*

§ 6. No contract or agreement for any purpose involving the payment of any money shall be valid and binding against said city unless the Comptroller shall certify or endorse on such contract or agreement that the moneys required to be paid by such

contract are in the treasury and applicable to such payment, and in excess of such amount as may be required to pay existing or prior contracts. Any such endorsement falsely made shall be a misdemeanour, and the offender, on conviction thereof, shall cease to hold his office, and his official term shall cease and determine, and the Common Council shall appoint some suitable person to discharge the duties of Comptroller, with all the duties, liabilities and responsibilities of said office, who shall serve until another Comptroller shall be elected by the people at the then next general election, and shall have duly qualified.—*Ibid.* Sec. 8.

§ 7. Any Alderman or other official of said city who shall vote to make, or in way aid to make, any expense or incur any indebtedness by or against said city, when the money to meet or pay the same shall not be raised or in the treasury for the purpose, shall, in addition to the existing liabilities therefor, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof the term of office of such Alderman or other official shall cease and determine, and he shall be ineligible to hold any office of said city for the space of five years, from the date of such conviction; and the moneys raised for any one year shall not be voted or in any way appropriated by the Common Council of the preceding year, and any such vote or appropriation shall be null and void.—*Ibid.* Sec. 9.

§ 8. There shall be nominated by the Mayor, and confirmed by the Board of Aldermen, three Inspectors, who shall hold their offices respectively during the pleasure of the said Mayor and Street Commissioner, whose duties it shall be to take charge of and supervise, under the direction of the Mayor and Street Commissioner, all contracts awarded as hereinbefore provided for supplies, and for the repairing and cleaning of streets, avenues, lanes, thoroughfares and all public lands and places, and for the repairing of bridges, wells and pumps, public cisterns and lamps; also to receive and certify in writing that the supplies ordered or contracted for have been delivered to the proper parties, and are of the quality and kind ordered or required, and to attend to the execution of all ordinances, resolutions and laws of the Common Council in reference thereto; and to report to the Street Commissioner daily all facts in relation to such repairs and cleaning, and all supplies, and the manner in which the contractors perform their work for the same; and also to attend to all complaints in relation to the repairing and cleaning of the aforesaid streets, avenues, lanes and thoroughfares, public lands and places, the repairs of bridges, and wells and pumps, public cisterns and lamps, and



all bills presented for payment for work done by contract otherwise in pursuance of the foregoing provisions, shall be certified by the Street Commissioner and approved of by the Mayor. Such Inspectors shall each receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars, payable monthly, in the same manner as other city officers, And in case written charges are preferred by the Street Commissioner, and verified by his affidavit, against any of such Inspectors, then the Mayor shall forthwith remove such Inspector from office, and another shall be appointed, as herein directed in his stead. The present Inspectors shall continue in office for the term for which they are appointed respectively, and shall be subject to all the provisions of this act.—*Ibid*, Sec. 10.

§ 9. All contracts for supplying the public lamps with gas shall provide for the lighting of the same, other than in the public buildings, and for keeping such lamps in repair by the company or persons supplying such gas. The said lamps shall be so lighted and kept in repair.—*Ibid*, Sec. 15.

## TITLE VII.

### FIRE DEPARTMENT.

- Sec. 1. Appointment of Fire Commissioners—To form a Fire Department—Business quorum—Vacancies how filled—Governor may remove Commissioners—Terms of Commissioners—Successors, how appointed.
2. Classification of Commissioners—Oaths of office—Reorganization of Fire Department—President and Secretary—Powers and authority conferred—Eastern and Western Districts to continue distinct—Widow's and Orphan's Fund—Corporate Titles of Trustees—Penalties to be paid to City Treasurer.
3. Powers and duties of Fire Department—repeal.
4. Treasurer of Widow's and Orphan's Fund—By-Laws and Regulations governing Funds—Board of Trustees may declare vacancies.
5. Vacancies, how filled.
6. Board of Trustees, to hear and determine charges against members—proceedings thereon—attendance of witnesses.
7. Securities, moneys, goods, chattels, etc. of Fund—how invest—control thereof.
8. Powers as to pending actions—actions how prosecuted or defended—mortgages, bonds, etc., how taken and discharged.
9. Annual statement of Funds to Common Council.
10. Accommodations for Board of Trustees.
11. Fire Commissioners to provide supplies, horses, fire apparatus, etc., Fire telegraphs and location thereof—increase of force, hose, land, etc., how to be made.
12. Management and maintenance of engine houses, fire apparatus, etc.—delivery thereof to Fire Commissioners—real or personal property of Department, how to be disposed of—funds realized therefrom to be paid to Treasurer of Fire Department.
13. Treasurer of Department—his duties—official bond—compensation—moneys for purposes of department, how to be drawn.
14. Board of Estimate, etc.
15. Estimate of expenses for 1869—aggregate amounts for 1872 and 1873, and every year thereafter
16. Comptroller may borrow amount estimated for 1869—how drawn—issue of bonds—how executed and when payable.
17. Office and business accommodations.
18. Commissioners to select Secretary, firemen, &c.—salaries of Commissioners—salary of firemen fixed—deficiency in appropriations, how to be provided for—money to be hereafter raised for salary of firemen—firemen and employees, how to be selected.

19. Rights of officers and men, and fire apparatus at fires—penalty for willful destruction.
20. Board of Supervisors to levy tax—moneys how drawn from City Treasurer.
21. Transfer of real estate, fire apparatus, etc., to New Fire Department—property to belong to city—when to be surrendered to city.
22. Property and apparatus not required to be disposed of.
23. Return of members of present department to be made to Common Council—exemptions.
24. Power of New Department to discharge firemen—proviso as to rights of firemen in funds—present department abolished.
25. Clerk of Common Council to submit lists of active firemen to Commissioners—penalty for improperly wearing uniform or insignia—exemption from military and jury duties.
26. Department to adopt seal—suits how to be brought.
27. Annual financial report to City Comptroller—to contain copy of by-laws and rules.
28. Uniform and badges.
29. Metropolitan Fire Department may call for assistance at fires in New York city—expenses thereof, how paid and certified by departments.
30. Fire Department to co-operate with Police Board at fires.
31. Present Fire Department how long to continue.
32. Repealing clause.
33. When law shall take effect.
  - (a) Destruction of buildings to arrest fires.
  - (b) Damages for destruction of buildings to arrest fires, how to be recovered and how to be paid.

[Under the Charter of 1854, there were two Fire Departments in the city, known as the Eastern and Western District Fire Departments, but by the act of 1869, entitled, "An Act to reorganize the Fire Department of the City of Brooklyn," both were abolished. The act of 1869 with the amendments, thereto is comprised in the sections following :

SECTION 1. The Mayor, the Street Commissioner, the President of the Board of Aldermen, the City Treasurer, and the Comptroller, or a majority of them, of the city of Brooklyn, shall appoint four citizens, residents of said city, to be Fire Commissioners of the city of Brooklyn (which office is hereby created, with the duties and powers herein contained and imposed), who shall form a Fire Department, to take and have, as provided by this act, control and management of all the officers, men, property, measures and action for the prevention and extinguishment of fires within the city of Brooklyn, to be organized as herein provided, and to be known as the "Fire Department of the City of Brooklyn." Said Commissioners shall be appointed, as herein provided, within thirty days after the passage of this act. Said Commissioners shall hold the said office, respectively, for the term following, to-wit: two for six years and two for eight years. Three of said Commissioners shall form a quorum for the transaction of business. At the expiration of each term respectively, successors shall be appointed in the manner above provided, who shall hold said offices respectively for the term of eight years from the time of their appointment. Any vacancy occurring in said office by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled for the unexpired term thereof by the Mayor, Street Commissioner, the President

of the Board of Aldermen, the City Treasurer, and the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn. Said Commissioners shall be subject to removal by the Governor, as is provided by the laws applicable to the removal of sheriffs, which are hereby extended so as to relate to the said department; but no removal shall be made until the Commissioner contemplated to be removed shall have been served with specific written charges stating the derelictions complained of, and have been afforded an adequate opportunity to publicly answer the same and make his defense thereto.

[The terms of office of the Fire Commissioners of the said city, appointed under and in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to reorganize the Fire Department of the City of Brooklyn," passed May fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, are hereby reduced, so that those two Commissioners who were appointed for six years shall hold for four years only, from the time of their appointment; and those two Commissioners appointed for eight years shall hold for six years only, from the time of their appointment. At the expiration of the term of said Commissioners respectively, successors shall be nominated by the Mayor and appointed by the Board of Aldermen, to hold their offices for five years, and until their successors shall be in like manner appointed and duly qualified. Vacancies occurring in such offices by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled in manner as aforesaid for the unexpired term.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sec. 3.*]

§ 2. Immediately after the appointment of such Commissioners, they shall meet in the office of the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn, and proceed, under his direction, to determine by lot which of such Commissioners shall hold such office for each of the respective terms of six or eight years, whereupon they shall take and file with the City Clerk of the city of Brooklyn the oath of office prescribed for city officers. Said Commissioners, on being qualified, shall meet and re-organize the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, by electing one of said Commissioners to be President, and appointing a person to be Secretary; whereupon they shall possess and have all the power and authority conferred upon or possessed by any and all officers of the present Fire Departments of the city of Brooklyn, and of each division thereof, except such power and authority as is now vested by law in the Trustees of the Fire Departments of the Eastern and Western Districts of the city of Brooklyn, which said divisions shall continue distinct from each other, so far as relates to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of each District, but for no other purpose; and the persons



elected and now acting as the Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Eastern District, and those elected and acting as Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Western District, shall remain and continue to have and exercise, each division respectively, all such powers and duties as are now vested by law in said Boards, with regard to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of each District. And the said Board shall be known and designated hereafter, respectively, as and by the name and title of "The Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Eastern District of the City of Brooklyn," and "The Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Western District of the City of Brooklyn;" and the Board of Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Western District hereby created, in addition to the powers and duties heretofore given, shall have and exercise all the powers, duties and authority now vested by law in the Board of Trustees of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, Western District, under and in pursuance of an act entitled "An act to amend an act to establish Fire Limits, and for the more effectual prevention of fires in the city of Brooklyn," passed May sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty eight.

[Amended so as to provide that all moneys accruing from penalties for the violation of acts to establish Fire Limits, etc., after deducting expenses of collection, shall be paid over to the City Treasury. *See Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sec. 27.*]

§ 3. The said Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, hereby directed and authorized to be organized, is hereby empowered and directed to possess and exercise fully and exclusively all the powers and to perform all the duties for the government, management, maintenance and direction of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, and the premises and property thereof, which at the time of the organization of said Department, was possessed by the Fire Departments of said city now existing, or the officers and employes of said city, said powers and duties to be exercised and performed, and said property used in the said city, or otherwise, as hereinafter provided. And the said Department shall hereafter have sole and exclusive power and authority to extinguish fires in said city of Brooklyn; and all provisions of law conferring upon any other officer or officers any power in relation to the extinguishment of fires in said city are hereby repealed.

§ 4. Each Board of Trustees, as constituted and created in section two, shall have a Treasurer, who shall be appointed by said Boards respectively, and shall hold office during the pleasure of such Boards, and shall be, by virtue of his office, a

member thereof, but shall not be entitled to a vote, and the present Treasurers shall continue in office until their successors are appointed. The said Boards respectively shall have power to make and prescribe such laws, rules and regulations as to them from time to time shall appear needful and proper, touching the management and disposition of their fund, provided that such by-laws, rules and regulations be not inconsistent with the laws of the United States or of this State. They shall have power to declare vacant the seat of any of their members who may remove from the said city of Brooklyn or neglect to attend the meetings of said Board.

§ 5. When either of the said Board of Trustees shall in any way be reduced to below the number of members now authorized by law, the remaining members thereof shall fill the vacancies from among the persons who were exempt firemen, in each district respectively, at the time of the passage of this act.

§ 6. The said Boards of Trustees, respectively, shall have power to hear and determine charges against its members for official misconduct, and remove any member or members guilty thereof; but every such charge shall be in writing, distinctly specified, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the person or persons charged ten days before any hearing or examination thereof; such persons shall be entitled to be heard in their defense, in person or by counsel or both. Whenever it shall be deemed necessary by the said Boards, respectively, or any member thereof against whom charges are pending, such Boards, person or persons, may apply to a Justice of the Supreme Court, or the City Judge of Brooklyn, or the County Judge of Kings County, for a summons requiring the attendance of witnesses upon such examination, who shall thereupon issue a summons requiring the attendance of such persons or witnesses as may be designated before the said Board, at the time specified for such examination, which said summons shall be served upon said witnesses or persons before the return thereof. The President of said Boards, respectively shall have power to administer oaths to witnesses upon such hearing. If the persons or witnesses so served as aforesaid shall fail to attend such hearing on examination, upon proof thereof to the Judge issuing said summons, he shall issue an attachment against such parties to the Sheriff of the county of Kings, requiring him to attach and bring such person or persons forthwith before such Judge, whereupon such person or persons may be committed to jail until they testify, and in addition thereto may be fined, as for contempt, a sum sufficient to defray the expense occasioned by his

or their default, which fine shall be paid to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the District, by which the proceedings were commenced. All false swearing upon such hearing or examination as aforesaid is hereby declared perjury, and punishable accordingly.

§ 7. All securities, moneys, effects, goods, chattels, credits, choses in action, and property of every kind, name, nature and description representing the said funds, or belonging or appertaining thereto, and now in the possession or under the control or supervision of the respective Boards of Trustees of the present Fire Departments, are hereby transferred to and vested in the Boards of Trustees hereby created, that is to say: The property of the several divisions to the Board of such division, and said Boards are hereby respectively vested, as against each other, and against all other officers, departments and persons whatsoever, with the exclusive control, administration, property and disposition of the several funds in trust for the uses and purposes for which said funds were created; provided, however, that no part of such funds or their accumulations shall be expended, loaned or otherwise disposed of without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of said Board respectively.

§ 8. The passage of this act shall not affect actions pending and affecting the said funds, but the same shall be continued as if this act had not been passed. Hereafter all actions brought in reference to or affecting the said funds or relating to the same, or for penalties under the act entitled an act to amend an act to establish Fire Limits and for the more effectual prevention of fires in the city of Brooklyn, passed May sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, shall be prosecuted or defended, as may be necessary, in the name of said Boards respectively, and not otherwise. [Amended so as to provide that all moneys accruing from penalties for the violation of acts to establish Fire Limits, etc., after deducting expenses of collection, shall be paid into the City Treasury. *See Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sec. 2.*] And all Mortgages, bonds or other securities relating to said funds shall be taken in the name of said Boards respectively. Said Boards shall have power to discharge and satisfy all mortgages, liens and other securities held by them, and the signature of such officer or officers, as may be, by the said Boards respectively appointed to discharge the same, shall be authenticated by the seal of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, and the custodian thereof is hereby required to attach the same whenever required by the said officer or officers.



§ 9. The said Boards shall respectively provide for, and it shall be their duty to furnish to the Common Council, on the first day of May in each and every year, a statement of the condition of the funds under their control, which said statement shall be entered in the records of said Common Council.

§ 10. The said Fire Commissioners shall furnish to the said Boards of Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund respectively, suitable accommodations in said city for the purpose of meeting and transacting the business of said Boards as herein provided.

§ 11. The Board of Commissioners shall have full power to provide supplies, horses, tools, implements and apparatus of any and all kinds, (to be used in the extinguishing of fires), and fire telegraphs, to provide suitable locations for the same, and to buy, sell, construct, repair and have the care of the same, and take any and all such action in the premises as may be necessary and proper.

[The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, upon the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Fire Department of said city, may authorize the increase of the force, hose, land, houses and apparatus of the said Fire Department from time to time, as it may deem proper; the expense of such increase shall be provided for in the same manner as the other expenses of said city are raised, levied and collected.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sect. 4.*]

§ 12. The Department hereby created is hereby empowered and directed to possess and exercise full and exclusive power and discretion for the government, management, maintenance and direction of the several buildings and premises, and property and appurtenances thereto, and all apparatus, hose, implements and tools of any and all kinds, which, at the time of the appointment of the Commissioners aforesaid were under the charge of any and all city officer or officers of the Fire Department in said city, for the use and benefit of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn hereby created. And it shall be the duty of all persons and officers in possession of any property, real or personal, belonging to or set apart for, or in use by or for the Fire Departments of said city, to deliver the same to the possession and control of the Fire Commissioners of the Department hereby created, except such property as is hereinbefore committed to the charge, custody and control of the Trustees aforesaid, to which this section shall not be deemed to have any application.

[Within thirty days after the passage of this act, the said Fire Commissioners shall file with the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn, a list of all real estate, also a list of all apparatus under their control, in pursuance of section twelve of the act entitled "An Act to re-organize the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn," passed May fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, not required by them for the purposes of the said Fire Department; and the said property shall then be disposed of as said Fire Commissioners may direct, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the treasury of said city, as a fund to the credit of the Fire Department of said city, and are hereby appropriated for the purpose of purchasing new hose and apparatus, and for building and repairing engine houses, as may be required by the said Commissioners.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sec. 5.*]

[Whenever the Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn shall determine to dispose of any of the real or personal property of said Department not required by them for its purposes, they shall file with the Comptroller of said city a list of such property, and within thirty days thereafter the same shall be disposed of as said Commissioners may direct, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the treasury of said city as a fund to the credit of said Department, and may be drawn as hereinafter provided by the Treasurer of said Department, for the purposes of building and repairing engine-houses, purchasing new hose and apparatus, as may be ordered by said Commissioners.]

[The Treasurer of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized and directed to pay, as hereinafter provided, to the Treasurer of said Department, the funds accrued from the sale of property of said Department, in pursuance of section five of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the Fire Department and the more effectual prevention of fires in the city of Brooklyn," passed April twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy.—*Laws of 1871, Chap.—*]

§ 13. The said Commissioners shall elect one of their number Treasurer of the said Department. He shall be the fiscal officer of the Department so far as relates to moneys appropriated by law for the use and expenses of the Department hereby created. He shall, on check or voucher, duly disburse by order of the said Commissioners, for the purpose of this act, all moneys, and shall deposit all funds received by him in a bank or banks to be designated by said Commissioners. He shall execute a bond with two sureties satisfactory to the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn, conditioned in a penalty of fifty thousand dollars, to

the people of the State of New York, for the faithful discharge of his duties, and shall receive one thousand dollars per annum for such services as Treasurer, in addition to annual compensation as Commissioner.

[The moneys appropriated or authorized to be raised, or which have accrued or may hereafter accrue, under any provisions of law for the purposes of said Fire Department, may be drawn by check or warrant by the Treasurer of said Fire Department, countersigned by the Comptroller of said city, in such sums as may be necessary, not exceeding the sum of fifty thousand dollars at any one time, to be used by him for the purposes and as ordered by said Department.—*Laws of 1870, Chap.*—]

§ 14. The said Commissioners and the Comptroller, and the Mayor of the city of Brooklyn, shall form a Board of Estimate, four of which shall constitute a quorum for business, and shall annually, on or before the second Monday of May, make up a financial estimate of the sums required for the year, commencing on the first day of January thereafter, for the payment of salaries, compensation and rents, and for the purchase of supplies, horses, apparatus of all kinds, tools, hose, implements, and keeping of the same in repair; and generally for the purpose of this act, and such general and contingent expenses as may from time to time, in the judgment of said Board of Estimate, become necessary or proper with the enumeration thereof; provided, however, the amount of such estimate shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for all such expenses for any one year, and no greater sum shall be raised or expended for such expenses in any one year. The amount so estimated shall be levied in the next tax levy, laid for the general purposes of said city and collected therewith.

§ 15. The Board of Estimate created by the fourteenth section shall, immediately after the organization of the said Fire Department hereby created, meet and make an estimate of the probable expenses of the Department in all branches of expenditure which will be required for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, in addition to the unexpended balance in the treasury of the said city for the purposes of the Fire Department and the payment of salaries of its officers for that year, which balance is hereby appropriated for the purposes of this act. They shall specify as far as may be the several objects and purposes of expenditure. The amount so estimated shall be levied and collected in the next tax levy laid for the general expenses of said city, and collected there-



with ; but such amount shall not, together with such unexpended balance, exceed the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

[To provide for the expenses of said Fire Department in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-two, there shall be levied and collected in the next tax levy laid for the general expenses of said city, and collected therewith, the sum of three hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars ; and for the expenses of said Fire Department in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and every year thereafter, there shall be levied and collected as aforesaid, the sum of two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.]

[The moneys authorized to be raised in the preceding sections are in lieu of all moneys heretofore authorized to be raised for the purposes of said Department under any provision of law.—*Laws of 1871, Chap.—*]

§ 16. The Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to borrow on the credit of said city the amounts of said estimate for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, in anticipation of the receipt of said sums from the levy, and pay the same to the City Treasurer of said city, to be drawn and used by the said Fire Commissioners on their requisitions from time to time in such sums as they shall deem necessary, not exceeding the sum of fifty thousand dollars at any one time. For the purposes specified in this section the said Comptroller shall have the power to issue bonds in the name of the city of Brooklyn, to be paid from the taxes to be raised in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, which bonds shall be signed by the said Mayor and Comptroller, and authenticated by the seal of the corporation of the city of Brooklyn.

§ 17. The said Commissioners shall provide such offices and business accommodations as may be requisite for the transaction of its business and that of its subordinates in said city of Brooklyn.

§ 18. The said Commissioners shall have power to select a Secretary, Chief and Assistant Engineers, and as many officers, clerks, firemen, engineers, drivers and bell-ringers as may be necessary, and the same shall at all times be under the control of said Commissioners, and perform such duties as may be imposed upon them by the said Commissioners, and may be removed by said Commissioners. The salaries and compensation of said Commissioners shall be as follows : each Commissioner shall receive thirty-five hundred dollars per annum. The

firemen and employees mentioned in this section shall be elected, as far as practicable, from the active and exempt members of the present Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn.

[§ (1.) The salary of the firemen appointed by the Fire Commissioners of the city of Brooklyn shall hereafter be, and is hereby fixed at the rate of eight hundred dollars per annum.]

[§ (2.) For the purpose of paying any deficiency that may arise in appropriation for the Fire Department, by reason of the increase of salary authorized by this act, the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized and directed to issue certificates of indebtedness of the said city, payable upon the first day of January next, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. The said certificates shall also be signed by the Mayor and Clerk of said city, and the amount thereof shall be included in the next annual taxes raised in said city.]

[§ (3.) In addition to the moneys authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Fire Department of said city, there shall be raised, levied and collected, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and every year thereafter, such sum of money as shall be necessary to pay the increased salary of the firemen aforesaid.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 662.*]

§ 19. The aforesaid officers and men, with their apparatus of all kinds, when on duty, shall have the right of way at any fire and in any highway, street or avenue, over any and all vehicles of any kind, except those carrying the United States mails, and any person in or upon or owning any vehicle who shall refuse the right of way, or in any way willfully obstruct any fire apparatus or any of said officers while in performance of duty, shall be guilty of misdemeanor and be liable to punishment for the same.

§ 20. The Supervisors of the County of Kings are hereby empowered and directed annually to order and cause to be raised and collected upon estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, within said city of Brooklyn, the moneys authorized by this act, and the said amount so collected shall be deposited with the City Treasurer of the city of Brooklyn, as a fund to the credit of the Fire Department hereby created, and may be drawn by check or warrant by the Treasurer of said Fire Department in such sums as may be necessary, not exceeding the sum of fifty thousand dollars at any one time, to be used by him for the purpose defined by this act, and as ordered by said Department.

§ 21. On and after the organization of the Department hereby created, all real estate, fire apparatus, hose, implements,

tools, bells and bell-towers, fire telegraph, and all property of whatever nature then or heretofore in use by the firemen or the present Fire Departments of the city of Brooklyn, belonging to said city, except as hereinbefore provided, shall be transferred by all persons having charge of the same to the keeping and custody of the Fire Department hereby created, and for the use thereafter of said Department. But the said property shall remain the property of the city of Brooklyn, subject to the public uses of said Department as aforesaid, and for the purposes provided by this act; and whenever any of the said property shall no longer be needed by the said Department for the purposes of this act, they shall surrender the same to the city of Brooklyn.

§ 22 The Commissioners shall file with the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn a list of all real estate; also a list of all apparatus not required by them for the purpose of this act; and the said property shall then be disposed of as said Commissioners may direct, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the treasury of said city.

§ 23. All members of the present Fire Departments, regularly enrolled at the time of the passage of this act, shall be returned by the present Chief Engineers of the several divisions of said departments, under oath, to the Clerk of the Common Council of said city of Brooklyn; and all such members who shall faithfully perform their duties until regularly discharged by said Commissioners, and not otherwise, shall be entitled to all the privileges and exemptions to which exempt firemen are entitled by the laws of this State.

§ 24. Immediately on the organization of said Department, all persons who shall then be firemen in the city of Brooklyn, shall be under the control and government of said Department hereby created, and if they shall so remain until they are discharged by said Department, shall be entitled to all the privileges and exemptions allowed by the laws of the State of New York, the same as if they served out the full term as prescribed by the said laws, and the said Department shall have full power and authority to discharge, by resolution, said firemen, or any of them, whenever they deem proper. Nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to deprive any person of his right to, or affect his interest in the funds known as the Fire Department Funds of the City of Brooklyn, or of either Division of said city, or any part thereof, and the said funds shall continue to be held and administered by the present Trustees of the present Fire Departments, and the different Divisions thereof, or their successors, as hereinbefore provided; but for all other



purposes the present Fire Departments of the city of Brooklyn, and each Division thereof, are hereby abolished.

§ 25. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, immediately after the passage of this act, to make, or cause to be made, a correct list containing the names of all those persons who, at the time of the passage of this act, were regularly enrolled as active firemen, on the books of the said Common Council, or the Fire Commissioners of the Eastern District, and who were, at the time aforesaid, performing the duty of active firemen to the said city, and the list aforesaid shall be submitted to the said Commissioners. It shall be a misdemeanor for a person not so enrolled or employed, or appointed by the said Department, to wear the whole or any part of the uniform or insignia prescribed to be worn by the rules and regulations of the Board, or to do any act as firemen not duly authorized by the Commissioners duly created, or to interfere with the property or apparatus of the Fire Department in any manner, unless by the authority of the Department. No person holding office under this act shall be liable to military or jury duty while performing his duty as a fireman.

§ 26. The Department hereby created may adopt a common seal and direct its use, and, in the name of the President, may institute and maintain suits and proceedings, (and may pay any costs, expenses or judgment therein), for the enforcement of its rights and contracts, and for the protection, possession and maintenance of the property under the control of said Department.

§ 27. It shall be the duty of said Department to report annually to the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn, on or before the first day of May in each year, a full and detailed statement of its expenditures during the previous year, and to set forth therein generally the action of said Department. The first report of said Department shall contain a copy of the rules and by-laws adopted by said Department, and the several subsequent annual reports shall set forth all amendments to said rules and by-laws.

§ 28. It shall be the duty of said Department to make suitable regulations, under which its officers and men shall be required to wear an appropriate uniform and badges, by which, in case of fire and at other times, the authority and relations of such officers and men may be known as the exigency of their duties may require.

§ 29. In case there should hereafter be any fire in the city of New York, which, in the opinion of the Commissioners of the

Metropolitan Fire Department, or a majority of them, shall require the presence and co-operation of a greater number of officers or men, or apparatus than may be at the command or under the control of said Metropolitan Fire Department to extinguish the said fire, it shall be the duty of the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to request, in writing, the Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn to assist them with officers, men and apparatus, or either of them, from the said city of Brooklyn, to aid in putting out and extinguishing the said fire; and it shall be the duty of the said Fire Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, when so called upon to furnish the same. And in case there shall hereafter be a fire in the city of Brooklyn, which, in the opinion of the Fire Commissioners, or a majority of them, of the Fire Department of said city, shall require the presence and co-operation of a greater number of officers or men, or apparatus than may be at the command or under the control of said Fire Commissioners of the Fire Department of said city of Brooklyn, to extinguish the said fire, it is hereby made the duty of the said Fire Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized to request, in writing, the Commissioners of the Metropolitan Fire Department to assist them with officers, men and apparatus, or either of the same, to aid in putting out the said fire, and it shall be the duty of the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners to furnish the same; and in case any expense is incurred by the said Fire Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn in aiding the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners, as hereinbefore provided, the amount of such expense, when duly certified under oath by the Fire Commissioners of the City of Brooklyn, to the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners, shall be paid by the latter out of any funds in their possession; and in case any expense is incurred in furnishing the aid provided in this act by the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners to the said Fire Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, it shall be the duty of the Fire Commissioners of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn to refund the same to the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners when the same shall have been duly certified under oath to the Fire Commissioners of the city of Brooklyn, by the said Metropolitan Fire Commissioners.

§ 30. It shall be the duty of the Department hereby created, and of the Metropolitan Police Board \* their respective officers and men, to co-operate together in all proper ways, and the

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\* Brooklyn Police Board substituted for Metropolitan Police Board.—*Laws of 1870.*

said Board and Department may respectively provide for protection against fire, and for the arrest of all persons who may, at or near any fire, commit or attempt to commit any crime against the laws of this State, or may violate any rule or regulation of said Board or Department.

§ 31. The present Fire Departments of the city of Brooklyn, their officers and men, shall have and possess the powers now vested in them by law, and shall continue to perform the duties now imposed upon them by law until the appointment of the Commissioners hereby created, and until said Commissioners shall have organized and entered upon their office as herein provided.

§ 32 All laws and parts of laws, so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

(a) § 9. When a building shall be on fire in said city the Mayor, with the advice of the Chief Engineer of the District, or in his absence under the advice of two of the Assistant Engineers, and with the concurrence of the members of the Common Council, or in the absence of the Mayor, three of the Common Council, with the like advice, may order such building, or any adjoining building to be pulled down, or otherwise destroyed, if they shall deem it likely to convey the fire to another building.—[*Laws of 1854, Chap. 109, Sec. 9.*]

(b) § 16. [Any person who shall be, or shall have been injured, or damaged by reason of the pulling down or destruction of any building in said city, for the purpose of preventing the spreading of fire, pursuant to authority granted by section fifty-seven of an act to incorporate the city of Brooklyn, passed April eighth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and section nine of title seven of the act hereby amended, may institute against the said city an action to recover compensation for such injury or damages; and in case of a final judgment being recovered in such action against the city, the amount so recovered with interest and all the costs and expenses of the city in the defence of such suit shall be added to and collected with the amount to be raised by the general tax in said city, on any such suit the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall recover for only such damage or injury as he or they shall be proved to have sustained above what apparently would have been sustained from the fire, to prevent the spread of which such building was so destroyed or damaged. And no execution shall issue upon any such judgment, but the amount thereof shall be paid by the city of Brooklyn out of the amount added to, and included in the general tax, as herein provided, when collected.—*Laws of 1854, Chap. 109, Sec. 16.*]



## FIRE LIMITS--BUILDING RESTRICTIONS.

*Section A.—Powers devolved upon Commissioners of Fire Department—Office of Inspector and Superintendent of Buildings, abolished—Commissioners to designate one of their number as Superintendent—Salaries of employes, how paid in 1870—how levied and collected thereafter—Moneys accruing from violations where to be paid.*

Sec. 9. Fire Limits of Western District; same of Eastern District.

10. Common Council may extend Fire Limits, notice of intention to extend the same to be published, publication of resolution making the change, provisions of acts to extend and apply to whole city, suits now pending.
11. Buildings within Fire Limits, how to be constructed.
12. Manner of constructing buildings more than thirty feet in width, provisions not to apply to churches, theatres, etc.
13. Thickness of walls of brick or stone buildings, certain buildings to have eight inch walls, foundation walls, etc.
14. Discharging or arched pieces in chimneys, how constructed, hearths to be supported by arches, construction of chimneys, dangerous chimneys.
15. Wooden gutters or cornices, to be secured by irons, bracketed gutters, how built.
16. Plate irons, how secured and built, projection of stone or iron cornices, mortar, how made.
17. Scuttle frames and doors, fire-proof window shutters, scuttles in roofs, stairways and ladders leading thereto.
18. Planking or sheathing of roofs, roofs and dormer windows with fire-proof materials.
19. Beams in walls, woodwork, not to be placed near flues, plate pieces in front or rear walls, French or Mansard roofs.
20. Timber in front or rear walls, lintels, wall strips, bond timber, lintels over doors and windows of first story of stores,
21. Wood gutters, how to be covered.
22. Board and shingle roofs, renewal of, flat roof, how to be substituted for peaked roofs, height of buildings thus roofed, what buildings may be increased in length.
23. Steeples, cupolas, etc., how covered.
24. Public buildings designated.
25. Privies, how built, ferry houses.
26. Ash holes or houses, how built.
27. Wooden sheds' limits within which the same may be constructed, how constructed, outside stairs.
28. Wooden buildings not to be raised or enlarged, except as herein provided.
29. Wooden buildings damaged by fire, when to be repaired.
30. Amount of damage in case of disagreement, how to be settled, how to be re-built.
31. Brick or stone buildings not to be altered or raised in violation of law. Building proposed to be raised or altered, etc., to be examined.
32. Penalties for violations of this act, notice of violations, how served, property to be liable for payment of penalties, when to become a lien thereon, existing violations, notices as how given.
33. Sale of combustible materials in buildings occupied by families, regulated.
34. Hatchways or hoistways, how to be regulated, penalty for neglect of provisions.
35. Actions to restrain parties from violation of the law, how commenced.
36. Jurisdiction of Supreme, City and County Courts under this act, penalty for failing to comply with decree of said Courts.
37. Seizure of gunpowder.
38. Act not to apply to United States Navy Yard.
39. Quantity of gunpowder allowed in stores, etc., how to be kept.
40. Conveyance of gunpowder through streets, penalty for violation of this provision.
41. Keeping of gunpowder on board of ships near wharves, penalty.
42. Fines and penalties, how recovered.
43. Manner of instituting proceedings.
44. Time for commencing actions.
45. Buildings in course of erection, etc., to be inspected once a week.
46. Semi-annual examinations of buildings, chimneys, boilers, etc., entry of lands or buildings for inspection, notice to remove violations, penalties.
47. Combustible materials, buildings in which the same are lodged to be inspected.
48. Persons failing to comply with notices of violations, to be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, punishment thereof, fines to whom paid.
49. Repealed.

- (a) Rules and regulations for public buildings, theatres, or other places of amusement, penalty for violation thereof.
- (b) Power of Common Council to extend Fire Limits.
- (c) All Acts, or parts of acts, inconsistent herewith, repealed.
- (d) The act take effect immediately.

**FIRE LIMITS ETC. OF THE CITY—MODE OF CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS, ETC.**

The act of April thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six entitled "An act to establish Fire Limits, and for the more effectual prevention of fires in the city of Brooklyn," repealed all laws and parts of laws inconsistent therewith. The Act of eighteen hundred and sixty eight, chap. 632, amendatory of the act of eighteen hundred and sixty six, created the department for the survey and inspection of buildings, and devolved upon its officials the duty of enforcing the provisions of the law of eighteen hundred and sixty six, and the amendments of eighteen hundred and sixty eight. The act of eighteen hundred and sixty nine, chap. 591, further amended this act. The act of April eighteen hundred and seventy, chap. 316, abolished the department for the survey of, and the inspection of Public Buildings, and vested the power and oaths heretofore devolved upon it in the Commissioners of the Fire Department, in the terms following:

(a) The powers and duties devolved by the acts mentioned in the preceding section [*Laws of 1866, '68 and 1869.*] upon the Superintendent of Buildings and the Board of Trustees of the Fire Department are hereby transferred and committed to and imposed upon the Commissioners of the Fire Department of said city. The offices of Superintendent of Buildings, Inspector of Buildings and Clerk, created by said acts, are hereby abolished; and all the papers, books and property pertaining to the said offices are hereby transferred to the Commissioners. The Commissioners shall from time to time designate one of their own number, who shall be charged with the execution of the provisions of said acts in the territory established or to be established as the Fire Limits of said city, as Superintendent of Buildings, subject, however, to the general supervision of the whole Board of Fire Commissioners, and subject to appeal to said Board by parties aggrieved in all cases from his decision. The said Fire Commissioners shall employ such persons as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the said acts; provided, however, that the aggregate amount of salaries paid such employes shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars per annum. For the purpose of defraying the expenses and salaries necessary to carry out the provisions of this act for the year eighteen hundred and seventy, the Mayor, Comptroller

and City Clerk are hereby directed to borrow upon temporary loan the sum of six thousand dollars. The Joint Board of Supervisors and Aldermen shall cause to be levied and collected and paid in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one such sum as shall be necessary to pay the interest on the money so borrowed, and in such year such sum as shall be necessary to pay the principal of the money so borrowed, and the Treasurer shall immediately apply the money so collected and paid to him toward the payment of the interest and principal of the money so borrowed, raised for the expenses and salaries before mentioned, for the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one and every year thereafter, shall be raised, levied and collected in the same manner as the other expenses of said city are raised, levied and collected.\* All moneys accruing from the violation of the provisions of said act, after deducting the expenses of collection, shall be paid into the City Treasury by the said Commissioner acting as Superintendent as aforesaid, who is hereby authorized to collect and receive the same, in the name of the said Board of Fire Commissioners.—*Section 2, Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.*

The provisions of the law of 1866 as amended by laws of 1868, 1869, 1870 and 1871 are as follows :—

[§.(9.) The fire limits of the Western District of the city of Brooklyn shall comprise all that portion of said city, beginning at the East River, at the northwest corner of the United States Navy Yard, and running thence southwesterly and southeasterly along said navy yard to the centre of Navy street, thence southerly along the centre of Navy street to the northerly side of Flushing avenue; thence easterly along the northerly side of Flushing avenue to the centre of Washington avenue; thence southerly along the centre of Washington avenue to the southerly side of Warren street; thence westerly along the southerly side of Warren street to the easterly side of Vanderbilt avenue; thence southerly along the easterly side of Vanderbilt avenue and across Flatbush avenue in a straight line to the southeasterly corner of Union street and Ninth avenue; thence southerly along the easterly side of Ninth avenue to the northerly side of Fifteenth street; thence easterly along the northerly side of Fifteenth street to the centre of Tenth avenue, thence southerly along the centre of Tenth avenue to the centre of Twenty-first street; thence westerly along the centre of twenty-first street to a point distant one hundred feet west of the westerly side of Third avenue; thence northerly and parallel with Third avenue,

\*Qualified by Act of May 16th, 1871, sec. 3d, fixing the amount to be raised for all Fire Department expenses in any year.



and one hundred feet westerly therefrom to a point distant one hundred feet southerly from the southerly side of Hamilton avenue; thence northwesterly and Parallel with Hamilton avenue and one hundred feet southerly therefrom to a point distant one hundred feet easterly from the easterly side of Columbia street; thence southerly and parallel with Columbia street and one hundred feet easterly therefrom to a point distant one hundred feet southerly from the southerly side of Nelson street; thence westerly and parallel with Nelson street and one hundred feet southerly therefrom in a straight line to a point distant one hundred feet easterly from the easterly side of Richard street; thence southerly and parallel with Richard street and one hundred feet easterly therefrom to a point distant one hundred feet southerly from the southerly side of King street; thence westerly and parallel with King street and one hundred feet southerly therefrom to the East River, and thence along the easterly shore of the East River to the point or place of beginning at the said northwest corner of the United States navy yard; and also extending from the centre of Washington avenue along both sides of Fulton avenue, one hundred feet on each side, to the easterly side of Bedford avenue, and such further portion of the western district of said city as the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, by ordinance may from time to time as hereinafter provide, include therein. Provided, however, that the owners of the lands and premises within the district bounded by Bridge, Tillary, Navy and Concord streets, shall not be required to erect thereon buildings of brick or stone.

[And provided further, that the owners of lands and premises shall not be required to erect thereon buildings of brick, stone, or iron embraced in the following described bounds, to wit: Beginning at a point in the centre line of Warren street one hundred feet west of Bond street, running thence southerly and parallel with Bond street and one hundred feet westerly therefrom to the centre line of Third street, thence westerly along the centre line of Third street to the centre line of Smith street, thence southerly along the centre line of Smith street to and across Hamilton avenue to a point one hundred feet southerly from said Hamilton avenue; thence easterly and parallel with Hamilton avenue, and one hundred feet southerly therefrom to a point which is one hundred feet west of Third avenue, thence southerly and parallel with Third avenue and one hundred feet westerly therefrom to the centre line of Twenty-first street, thence easterly along the centre line of Twenty-first street to the centre line of Tenth avenue, thence northerly along the centre line of Tenth avenue to the centre line of Seventeenth street; thence westerly along the centre line of Seventeenth

street to the centre line of Eighth avenue; thence northerly along the centre line of Eighth avenue to the centre line of Eleventh street, thence westerly along the centre line of Eleventh street to the centre line of Sixth avenue, thence northerly along the centre line of Sixth avenue to the centre line of Ninth street, thence westerly along centre line of Ninth street to a point which is one hundred feet westerly from the westerly side of Fifth avenue, thence northerly and parallel with Fifth avenue and one hundred feet westerly therefrom to the centre line of Warren street, thence westerly along the centre line of Warren street to the point of beginning. Also the district bounded by Tillary, Bridge, Navy and Nassau streets.—*Laws of 1869, Chap. 591.*]

[Provided, however, that the owners of the land and premises within the district bounded by Fulton, Water, Little streets and the East River shall not be required to erect thereon buildings of iron, brick or stone.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 140.*]

[The fire limits of the Eastern District of the city of Brooklyn shall also comprise all that portion of said city commencing at a point where the northerly line of Flushing avenue intersects the southwesterly boundary line of the Naval Hospital grounds; thence northerly and northwesterly along the southwesterly boundary of said Hospital grounds to Wallabout Bay; thence northerly along the easterly shore of Wallabout bay and the East River to the centre line of North Fourth street; thence southeasterly along the centre line of North Fourth street to the centre line of North Second street; thence along the centre line of North Second street to the centre line of Union avenue; thence southerly along the centre line of Union avenue to the centre line of Hayward street; thence southwesterly along the centre line of Hayward street to the centre line of Bedford avenue; thence southerly along the centre line of Bedford avenue to the northerly line of Flushing avenue; thence westerly along the northerly line of Flushing avenue to the point or place of beginning.—*Laws of 1860, Chap. 472.*

[All that part of the present fire limits of the Eastern District of the city of Brooklyn as established by chapter four hundred and seventy-two, of the Laws of 1860, within the following district, commencing at a point in the centre line of Broadway, where the same intersects Hayward street, and running thence southwesterly along Hayward street to Bedford avenue; thence southerly along Bedford avenue to Flushing avenue; thence westerly along Flushing avenue to the old Williamsburgh road; thence northerly along the said road to Kent avenue; thence southerly along Kent avenue to a point midway between Rut-

ledge street and Hayward street; thence northerly in a straight line equi-distant from Rutledge street and Hayward srteet to Broadway; thence southeasterly along Broadway to Hayward street, the place of beginning, is hereby excluded from the fire limits.—*Laws of 1864, Chap. 509.*

§ 10. The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn may from time to time by ordinance, designate and extend the limits in said city of such extent, metes and bounds as they may deem proper within which all buildings to be thereafter erected shall be built of brick or stone or materials other than wood, and in such manner as they may determine and specify in such ordinance. Said ordinance shall be published in the corporation newspapers at least once a week for the space of three calender months after the same shall have been passed, and before it shall take effect as law.

[The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall have power to extend the fire limits of the said city, as now established by the act passed April thirteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An Act to establish Fire Limits, and for the more effectual Prevention of Fires in the City of Brooklyn," and the several acts amendatory thereof, and embraced within such limits any portions of said city not now embraced therein, as they shall deem proper. Such power may be exercised from time to time by the said Common Council, but only after thirty days' notice in the corporation newspapers of their intention to do so, and by resolution duly adopted by the Board of Aldermen and approved by the Mayor, and a copy certified by the Clerk of said city, published for thirty days successively in the corporation papers of said city. No extension shall be of force and effect until such publication shall be duly made.—*Section 1st, Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.*

The provisions of the several acts mentioned in the first section of this act are hereby declared to extend over, and apply to the whole city of Brooklyn, except as hereinbefore provided. This act shall not affect any suit now pending to recover penalties, or enforce the provisions of said acts.—*Sec. 7, Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.*

§ 11. All buildings hereafter erected within said limits or as the same may be extended, shall be erected, constructed or built of no other material than brick, stone or iron. All dwelling houses, stores, store-houses, and all other buildings hereafter to be erected, constructed or built, within the said limits, or as the same may be extended, shall have front and rear walls and side walls on both sides, whether such side walls be outside or party walls, and shall be started and built upon foundations of stone or brick.



§ 12. Every such dwelling house, store, store-house, or other building, more than thirty feet in width, shall be built in such manner that all the floors and roof thereof throughout their whole extent, shall be supported by, and rest upon one or more partition walls or walls of brick or stone not less than eight inches thick, running from front to rear, or upon proper sufficient girders sustained by proper and sufficient posts, pillars or columns of iron, brick or stone, and so that through the whole extent of such floor and roof and each of them, the said walls shall not be distant from each other or from such immediate support or supports of brick, stone or iron, more than thirty feet; but such intermediate support or supports may be wooden posts or pillars of such quality and dimensions as shall be approved by the said Superintendent of Buildings \* and all such partition walls which shall exceed thirty-five feet in height from the level of the sidewalk to the peak or highest part thereof, shall not be less than twelve inches thick; but in case said floors or any of them throughout their whole extent be supported upon iron beams, or girders of proper size and strength resting upon the outer walls of such store, store-house or other buildings, and distant from each other not more than fifteen feet; then such store, storehouse, or other buildings may be so erected as that in the story or stories beneath each floor so supported, the lateral walls thereof may be distant from each other, or from a partition wall or walls or intermediate supports as aforesaid, a distance of not more than forty feet. The provisions of this section shall not apply to churches, libraries, armories, theatres and other buildings devoted wholly to public assemblies, provided however, all such buildings hereafter erected in said city, shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Buildings.\*

§ 13. All walls, whether party or otherwise of all brick or stone buildings hereafter erected or built in the western district of the city of Brooklyn, shall not be less than twelve inches thick from the foundation or starting place to the peak or highest point thereof; but any building not exceeding twenty-two feet in width, nor forty-five feet in depth may be built above the foundation or cellar walls with eight inch side walls, which walls shall not be over thirty-five feet in height from the level of the sidewalk to the peak or highest point thereof; but such building shall not be used as a storehouse or manufactory of any kind or description whatever, nor for the purpose of storing any kind of heavy goods, and the side walls of any such building may be built thirty-eight feet high from the level of

\* Office of Superintendent of Buildings abolished, and powers and duties vested in Fire Department.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.*

the sidewalk to the peak or highest point thereof, if the walls of the first story above the level of the sidewalk shall be built of a thickness of at least twelve inches from the commencement of the foundation to the extreme height of the story above the level of the sidewalk ; but such building shall not be used for the purpose of any manufactory of any description whatever, or for a storehouse, or for the purpose of storing of any kind of heavy goods. All walls required by law to be eight inches thick, the foundation thereof shall not be less than twelve inches thick, if brick ; if stone not less than eighteen inches thick ; all walls required by law to be twelve inches thick, the foundation thereof shall not be less than sixteen inches thick, if brick ; if stone not less than eighteen inches thick ; all foundations shall be started not less than two feet below the grade of the curb and carried up to the first tier of beams.

§ 14. All discharging or arched pieces used in the chimneys of any dwelling, store, storehouse or other building, hereafter erected or built in the western district of the city of Brooklyn, shall recede from any flue in such chimney at least four inches, and no such chimney shall be started or built upon the floor or beams of such dwelling, storehouse or other building, but shall be started at the foundation ; and all such chimneys and flues shall have the joints struck smooth and plastered on the inside ; all hearths shall be supported by arches of brick or stone, and no chimney of any building now erected, or hereafter to be erected within the western district of the city of Brooklyn, shall be cut off to be supported in any manner whatever, provided that such chimney must be supported by an additional wall of four inches built on the inner side of said wall ; but the chimneys of any building erected with twelve inch walls may be started above the foundation of such building, provided the same are started from, and wholly rest upon a base formed by racking out such twelve inch wall with brick or stone to an additional width of four inches. All chimneys projecting more than four inches from the inner side of said walls, shall be started from the bottom of the foundation ; and any chimney or chimneys within said western district of the city of Brooklyn, which shall be declared dangerous, by the Superintendent of Buildings, shall be repaired or taken down. .

§ 15. All wooden or timber gutters, or cornices of any building, store, storehouse, or other building hereafter built or erected within the western district of said city, shall be firmly secured by irons, which shall not be more than seven and a half feet apart from each other ; and on all such gutters, not exceeding twelve inches in width, the said irons shall be at

least two inches in width, and one-half of an inch thick, and on all such gutters exceeding twelve inches in width, the said irons shall be at least two and one-half inches in width and five-eighths of an inch thick, and the said irons, except those at the end of the cornice or gutter, shall be fastened or secured to the floor or roof beam and the end iron shall be fastened in the side walls; provided, however, it may be lawful to erect bracketed gutters built in the wall and well secured to wall strips built in the walls at least every two feet.

§ 16. All plate irons shall be built into the side or party walls, and the iron arches used to secure the plate pieces shall be at least two inches wide and one-half of an inch thick; the anchors at the end of every plate piece shall be worked or built into the side or party walls of the building, and the said anchors shall turn down at least four inches. No stone or iron cornice or cornices shall project more than the thickness of the wall on which it rests, and the stone shall run through said wall; or in any case the greatest weight of stone or iron or other material shall be on the inside of said line of said wall or walls; all the mortar shall be made with clear sand and with lime or cement in proper proportions; and in no case shall any loam or earthy matter be put in any mortar to be used in the erection of the brick, stone or foundation walls of any building or buildings.

§ 17. All scuttle frames and scuttle doors on every brick or stone dwelling, store, storehouse, or other building hereafter to be erected or built within the fire limits aforesaid, or as the same may be extended, shall be made of, or covered with copper, zinc, tin or iron, and every window and entrance above the first story, in the rear of every storehouse over thirty feet in height to the peak or highest part thereof, from the level of the sidewalks, shall have shutters and doors thereon made of copper or iron, or covered with copper or iron, or other fireproof materials, to be approved of by the Superintendent of Buildings.\* Every store, storehouse or other building that now is or may be hereafter erected shall have a scuttle or place of egress in the roof thereof, of proper size to be approved by the said Superintendent of Buildings\* and shall have ladders or stairways leading to the same, and all such scuttles and stairways or ladders leading to the roof shall be kept in readiness for use at all times.—*As amended Laws of 1869, Chap. 391.*

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\* Fire Commissioners.



§ 18. The planking or sheathing of the roof of every brick or stone dwelling, store, storehouse, or other building so erected or built as aforesaid, shall in no case be extended across the party or side walls thereof; and every such dwelling, store, storehouse or other building, and the top and sides of dormer windows thereon, shall be roofed and covered with slate, iron, copper, tin, zinc, or other fireproof materials, to be approved by the Superintendent of Buildings, and shall be equally capable of withstanding the influence of fire.

§ 19. All beams and other timbers in the party or other walls of every dwelling, store, or storehouse, or other building hereafter built or erected of brick or stone in the western district of said city, shall be separated from the beams or timber entering into the opposite side of such wall by the distance of at least four inches between the nearest points of such beams or timber, except that in eight inch walls, the butts or ends of the beams shall be cut on a splay of two and one-half inches in their width. No wood or woodwork shall be placed within four inches of any flue. All plate pieces in the front or rear walls thereof shall recede from the outside of such walls at least four inches, and all side or party walls of such buildings shall be built up and extended at least six inches above the planking or roofing, and shall be covered with a coping of stone or iron. Provided that where mansard or French roofs are built over one or more buildings, the partition or division walls so roofed shall be carried up to the under side of the roof planking, and the roof planking must in all such cases have a space of at least four inches left extending the entire length of the wall between the ends or sides of said planking, filled up to the top of the planking with good mortar or cement, and the slating or other roof material may then be carried over the same.

§ 20. No timber shall be used in the front or rear walls of any dwelling, store or storehouse, or other building hereafter built or erected within the western district of said city, where stone, brick or iron is commonly used; each lintel on the inside of the front or rear wall or side walls shall have a secure brick arch over it, and no wall strips in any wall thereof shall exceed in thickness one-half of one inch, and in width two and one-half inches; and no bond timber in any wall thereof shall be more than six feet in length, and such bond timbers shall be laid at least eighteen inches apart from each other, longitudinally, on either side of any wall, and the continuous line thereof shall be broken every six feet by inserting a brick of eight inches; and no front,

rear or other wall of any such dwelling, store, storehouse or other building now erected, or hereafter to be erected, as aforesaid, within the fire limits, or as they may hereafter be extended as aforesaid, or any brick or stone building or buildings in the western district of the city of Brooklyn, shall be cut off or altered below, to be supported in any manner in whole or in part, by wood, but shall be wholly supported by brick, stone, or iron; and no wood or timber shall be used between such wall and such supporters; but it shall be lawful to insert a lintel of wood over the doors and windows of the first story of stores, of oak or Georgia pine, of such length and size as shall be first approved and determined by the Superintendent of Buildings.

§ 21. All wooden gutters of every brick or stone dwelling, store, storehouse or other building hereafter to be erected or built within the western district of the city of Brooklyn, shall be lined or covered on the upper surface thereof with copper, zinc, tin or iron, or other fire proof material, to be approved of by the Superintendent of buildings.

§ 22. If any brick front frame dwelling house, or wooden building already erected within the fire district described in section nine of this act, or as the same may be extended, having a board or shingle roof, shall require new roofing; it shall and may be lawful for the owner or owners or proprietors thereof to put on a new roof of boards or shingles, and it shall be lawful for the proprietor or proprietors, owner or owners thereof to substitute a flat in place of a peaked roof, provided that such new roofing shall be made of copper, slate, tin, iron, zinc, or other fire proof material, to be approved by the Superintendent of Buildings, and be equally capable of withstanding the influence of fire, provided also that it shall not be lawful in substituting a flat roof to carry up the front or rear of any frame building to a greater height than the original peak. And it shall and may be lawful for the owner or owners, or proprietors of any frame dwelling house or wooden building with flat roof within the said district, or as the same may be extended to raise any such building, provided the same be supported front and rear and on both sides to the height raised, by walls of brick or stone not less than twelve inches in thickness, and also provided that such building when raised shall not exceed thirty-five feet in height from the level of the sidewalk to the highest part thereof.—*As amended Laws of 1869, Chap. 591.*

§ 23. All steeples, cupolas and spires of churches or public buildings may be covered with boards or shingles, and churches

and such other public buildings shall be excepted from the operation of such provisions of the Act as relate to iron and copper shutters.

§ 24. Public buildings mentioned in the preceding sections are hereby defined to be such buildings as shall be owned and occupied for public purposes for this State, the United States, the county of Kings, the corporation of the city of Brooklyn, or public schools within said city.

§ 25. All privies not exceeding ten feet square and fifteen feet in height, and all ferry houses which shall be erected with the express permission of the said corporation, may be built and covered with wood, boards and shingles.

§ 26. All ash holes or ash houses within the said district of the city of Brooklyn shall be built of brick or stone, without the use of wood in any part thereof.

§ 27. No wooden or frame shed shall be hereafter erected within the fire limits, as described in section nine of this Act, or as the same may hereafter be extended, except within the district bounded by the East River and by a line commencing at the East River in the centre of Little street, and running thence southerly along the centre of Little street to the centre of John street, thence westerly along the centre of John street to the centre of Bridge street, thence southerly along the centre of Bridge street to the centre of Plymouth street, thence westerly along the centre of Plymouth street to the centre of Adams street, thence southerly along the centre of Adams street to the centre of Water street, thence westerly along the centre of Water street to Fulton street, and across Fulton street in a direct line to the centre of Furman street, thence southerly along the centre of Furman street to the centre of Atlantic street, thence easterly along the centre of Atlantic street to the centre of Columbia street, thence southerly along the centre of Columbia street to the centre of Harrison street, thence westerly along the centre of Harrison street to the centre of Van Brunt street, thence southerly along the centre of Van Brunt street to the centre of King street to the East River. Every such frame or wooden shed erected within such excepted district shall be left entirely and constantly open upon one whole side thereof, and shall not exceed in height twenty feet from the ground to the peak or highest point thereof. No outside wooden stairs shall be erected within said limits, or as the same may be hereafter extended, which shall extend above the second story floor of any building to which the same shall be attached, and if any such stairway shall be enclosed, the same shall be wholly covered with some fire proof material.



§ 28. No wooden or frame building whatever, whether the same may have a brick front or otherwise, within the district described in section nine of this act, or as the same may be extended, shall be altered, raised, enlarged or built upon; nor shall any such building or buildings be removed from any lot out of the Fire District to any lot within said District, or as it may hereafter be extended, nor removed from any lot within the Fire District to any other lot; also within the Fire District without the permission of the Superintendent of Buildings, and the written consent of the next adjoining property owners, first had and filed with the said Superintendent; provided, however, that brick front dwelling houses and wooden buildings only may be altered, raised, enlarged, or built upon under the circumstances and in the manner especially provided for in section twenty-two of this act.—*As amended by Laws of 1869, Chap. 391.*

§ 29. Every wooden or frame building, with a brick front or otherwise, within the district described in section nine of this law, or as the same may hereafter be extended, that shall be damaged by fire to an amount not greater than one half of the value of said building immediately before such fire, may be repaired or rebuilt pursuant to section twenty-two of this act; but if such damage amounts to more than one-half of such value, then such building shall not be repaired or rebuilt, but shall be taken down.

§ 30. The amount or extent of such damages by fire, in case of a disagreement in relation thereto between the Superintendent of Buildings and the owners of such damaged building, shall be determined by two disinterested persons residing in the city of Brooklyn, one of whom shall be appointed by the owner or owners of such building or his or their lawful agent, and one by the Superintendent of Buildings; and in case such two persons disagree, they are to select a third disinterested person, and the decision, in writing, of any two of them, shall be final and conclusive in the premises, and such building shall not be repaired or rebuilt until after the appointment of such persons as aforesaid, nor until after their decision shall be made in writing as aforesaid, finding that such damages do not exceed one-half of the value of such building, as it existed before such fire. In case it is rebuilt, it shall have a fire proof roof, and not exceed thirty-five feet in height from the level of the sidewalk to the peak or highest point thereof.

§ 31. No brick or stone dwelling house, storehouse or other building now erected, or hereafter to be erected within the western district of the city of Brooklyn shall be altered, raised, roofed, enlarged, or built upon in any such manner, that were

such dwelling, store, storehouse or other building wholly built or constructed after the passage of this act, it would be in violation of any of the provisions of this act. And all buildings built of stone, brick or iron, and all wooden buildings with or without brick fronts in any part of the western district of the city of Brooklyn, before the same shall be enlarged, raised or built upon, shall be first examined by the Superintendent of Buildings,\* to ascertain if the building or buildings or either of them are in a good or safe condition to be raised, enlarged or built upon; and no such building as aforesaid shall be enlarged, raised or built upon until after such examination and decisions; and the decision of said Superintendent of Buildings, after such examination shall be made without delay.

§ 32. The owner or owners of any dwelling house, store, storehouse or other building, or of any ash house, ash hole or wooden shed, whether he or they be the owner or owners of the land in fee, or be the lessee or lessees thereof, or has or have qualified or contingent interest therein by virtue of some agreement or contract in writing, or in any other manner, who shall violate or permit any violation of any of the provisions of this act, or any ordinance passed in pursuance thereof, and the owner or owners of any lands or premises upon which any violation of the provisions of this act, or of any ordinance passed in pursuance thereof may be made; and every master builder, carpenter, mason or roofer who may be employed or assist thereon, shall severally for each and every violation respectively, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, and pay in addition thereto, the sum of fifty dollars for every twenty-four hours such violation shall remain after the time designated in the notice given in writing to remove the same shall have expired. Such notice may be given by the Superintendent of Buildings,\* and such notice may be given by serving the same personally or on the agent of such owner or owners, master builder or builders, or master mason, carpenter or roofer, or by posting the same in some conspicuous place where the violation exists; and such additional penalty shall be computed and recovered up to the trial of every suit for the recovery thereof, and in case such violation shall continue after the trial of such suit, such continuing additional penalty, computing from time of such trial, may be recovered in any suit or suits to be brought for that purpose. The premises, realty, property and lot of land attached to and upon which violations may have been made or shall exist, shall be liable and held for the payment of such penalties; and said penalties, until paid and discharged,

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\* Fire Commissioners.

and the amount of any judgment that may be recovered of any suit brought for any violation of the provisions in this act, or of any ordinance passed in pursuance thereof, until paid and discharged, shall be and become a lien thereon to the extent of the legal or equitable interest of the owner or owners therein, provided, however, in all cases of violation that shall exist at the time that this act shall take effect, no penalty for any failure to remove such violation or violations shall become a lien upon the real estate until after a notice of ten days shall have been given, requiring the removal of such violation or violations, which notices shall be given in the same manner as herein provided for the giving of notices for the removal of violations.

§ 33. No building situated or hereafter erected in the western district† of the city of Brooklyn, occupied in whole or in part as a dwelling, or occupied by any family or families, shall have any hay, straw, hemp, flax, shavings, burning fluid, turpentine, compheue or any other combustible material stored therein, or in any part thereof, or kept on sale except in such quantities as shall be provided for by law, or by ordinance of the Common Council of said city.

§ 34. The occupant or occupants of any store, storehouse, manufactory or other building, in which hatchways or hoistways, or openings of any kind, except the usual stairway, are used throughout any or either floor thereof, or in case the said store, storehouse or manufactories are unoccupied and not leased, the owner or owners thereof, and in case they are leased, the lessee, or lessees thereof, shall cause the said hatch or hoistways or other openings, unless said other openings are surrounded by a substantial and permanent railing, at least three feet in height, to be securely shut, closed and fastened at the close of each and every day. For any neglect of, or violation of any of the provisions of this section, the said occupant or occupants, lessee or lessees thereof, shall forfeit, and pay the sum of fifty dollars, for each and every hatch or hoistway so left open in each and every floor, or left in any building under their control.

§ 35. Whenever the said Superintendent of Buildings shall officially report to the Board of Trustees of the Fire Department of the western district of the city of Brooklyn, or the Law Committee thereof, that any building is being built or altered within the western district of said city in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or in such manner that such buildings would be dangerous and insecure, in case the same should

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† Provision extended to whole city by Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.



get on fire, the said Fire Department, in their corporate capacity, may commence an action in any court of record against the owner or builders of any such building, or of the lands and premises upon which such building may be situated, or both, perpetually to restrain such erection or alteration of such building, and for that purpose it shall be the duty of any Judge of the Court in which such action may be commenced, and of any officer authorized by law to perform the duties of such Judge at Chambers, upon satisfactory proof that such certificate has been made by said Superintendent of Buildings, to make an injunction order, restraining such owners or builders, or both, from the further erection or alteration of such building, until the further order of the Court in which said action shall be commenced, and the Court by its judgment may grant the relief above mentioned.—*As amended, Laws of 1869, Chap. 591.\**

§ 36. The Supreme Court of the State of New York, the County Court of the County of Kings, and the City Court of Brooklyn, shall, upon petition, respectively have power and jurisdiction to adjudge and decree that any store, storehouse, dwelling or other building, that has or hereafter may become dangerous or insecure, or any building erected or altered, or in the course of erection or alteration in violation of the provisions of said act, shall be taken down and removed, or repaired and supported in a proper manner. Any owner, agent, lessee or occupant of any building against which a decree shall be made as hereinbefore provided, who shall neglect, refuse or fail to comply with the terms of any such decree, shall be deemed guilty of contempt, and be punished as now provided by law for the punishment of contempt.—*As amended Laws of 1869, Chap. 591.*

§ 37. All gunpowder which shall be found in any store, storehouse, manufactory, or other building whatever, in the western district of the city of Brooklyn, or which may be found in any cart, wagon, or other vehicle, or on board any ship, brig, or other vessel, which shall make fast to, or anchor within two hundred feet of any pier, wharf or bulkhead, in the said western district of the city of Brooklyn, in violation of any of the provisions of this law, shall be immediately seized by the said Superintendent of Buildings,† or his inspectors, and removed to some secure place; and it is hereby made the duty of the inspector of police, and every Captain and Sergeant of police and every policeman or constable, to assist in said seizure when called upon.

\* See Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, abolishing Department of Superintendent of Buildings.

† Fire Commissioners.

§ 38. Nothing in this act contained shall in any way apply to any gunpowder which may be stored in the United States Navy Yard, or which may be on board of any vessel within the jurisdiction of the United States Navy Yard.

§ 39. It shall not be lawful for any person to have kegs of gunpowder, or cause to be kept in any store, storehouse, manufactory, or other building, within the city of Brooklyn, any quantity of gunpowder exceeding twenty-five pounds in weight, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the gunpowder and an additional penalty of fifty dollar; and all gunpowder which may be kept in any building within said city shall be kept in tin canisters, and said canisters shall at all times be kept securely closed.

§ 40. No person shall carry or cause to be carried, any gunpowder through any street, lane or alley in the western district of the city of Brooklyn, in any cart, wagon or other mode of conveyance, unless the same be secured in tight casks, kegs, or cases, well headed and hooped; and said casks, kegs or cases shall be put into and entirely covered with a bag or case sufficiently to prevent any said gunpowder from being spilled or scattered, under the penalty of forfeiture of the gunpowder and a fine of fifty dollars for every violation of the provisions of this act.

§ 41. It shall not be lawful for any ship, barque, brig, lighter, or vessel containing any quantity of gunpowder over and above twenty-five pounds, to make fast to or anchor within two hundred yards of any pier, wharf or bulkhead within the western district of the city of Brooklyn, under the penalty of the forfeiture of all gunpowder on board, and an additional penalty of fifty dollars: provided further, that in case of any explosion caused by a larger quantity of gunpowder than allowed by law to be kept in any building or vessel whatever, contrary to the above section of this act, the occupant or occupants of any such building having the same in their possession, and the owner or owners of any vessel as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the additional sum of one thousand dollars.

§ 42. All fines, forfeitures, or penalties incurred under this act shall be sued for and recovered, with costs of suit, in any Court of record within the State of New York, by the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn, in their own name, and for the use of the fund of such Department.\*

§ 43. The manner and form of instituting and prosecuting any action to judgment, including the services of the process

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\* See amendments in Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.

therein, shall be the same as in other civil actions in the Court in which the same may be brought.—*As amended, Laws of 1869, Chap. 591.*

§ 44. All actions for any fine, forfeiture or penalty incurred under this act shall be commenced within one year next after the time of incurring such fine, forfeiture or penalty.

§ 45. The Superintendent of Buildings\* shall examine all buildings in course of erection, alteration and repair at least once a week, and inquire into all violations of any law of the State, or ordinance of the city, for the prevention or extinguishment of fires, or establishing fire limits, or regulating the erection or altering of buildings, or regulating the conveying or keeping of gunpowder or other combustible material, within the western district of said city, and shall report in writing forthwith all violations of any of the several provisions of this act, together with the street and number of the building or premises upon which violations are found, and the names of the owners, agents, lessees, occupants, builders, masons, carpenters, roofers, furnace builders and architects, and all other matter relative thereto, and report the same to the said Board of Trustees of the Fire Department, or to the law committee of said Board of Trustees,† who shall cause such legal proceedings to be had as shall promptly punish and prevent the continuance of the same.

§ 46. The Superintendent of Buildings† shall, twice in each year, viz., in the months of June and December, and as much oftener as he may think proper, examine the dwelling houses and other buildings in the western district of said city, for the purpose of ascertaining all violations of any laws and ordinances for the more effectual prevention of fires, and also to inspect the fire-places, hearths, chimneys, stoves, and pipes thereto, ovens, boilers, heaters, and all chemical apparatus, which, in his opinion, may be dangerous, in causing or promoting fire, and also to the places where ashes may be deposited; and it shall be lawful for him or any of the inspectors, to enter into or upon any lands or buildings for the purpose of such inspection; and it shall be his duty, upon finding anything defective or dangerous to direct the owner or occupant, by a written or printed notice, to alter, remove or amend the same, in such a manner and within such a reasonable time as he may deem necessary; and in case of any neglect or refusal to do so, the party offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars, and for every twenty-four hours after the time allotted afore-

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\* Fire Commissioners.

† See amendment in Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.



said, to alter, remove or amend the same in conformity with the directions aforesaid, the party or parties offending shall forfeit and pay the further sum of ten dollars.

§ 47. The Superintendent of Buildings\* shall inspect, and it shall be lawful for him or any of the inspectors for such inspection, to enter into or open all buildings, livery or other stables, boats or vessels and places where any gunpowder, saltpetre, hemp, flax, tow, hay, rushes, firewood, board shingles, shavings, or other combustible materials may be lodged; and he shall give such directions, in writing, in the premises, as may be deemed necessary by him, relative to the removal thereof; and in case of the neglect or refusal on the part of the possessor of such combustible materials, or the owner or occupant of said premises, places or vessels, or either of them, to remove or secure the same within such time and in the manner directed by the said Superintendent of Buildings,\* the party offending shall forfeit and pay fifty dollars, and the further sum of ten dollars for every twenty-four hours' neglect to remove or secure the same after being so notified.

§ 48. Any and all persons who, after having been personally served with the notice of violation, as hereinbefore prescribed, shall fail to comply therewith, or shall continue to violate, or assent to, or permit any violation of any of the several provisions of this act, or who shall be accessory thereto, shall in addition to the penalties hereinbefore provided, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both; and upon a complaint made before any police justice or any court or criminal jurisdiction within the city of Brooklyn, shall be arrested and held to bail by said justice or said court, and upon conviction of such offence, shall pay all costs of such arrest, and shall be fined in a sum not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, or may be imprisoned for a term not to exceed six months, or both in the discretion of said justice or court; and all fines levied and collected under the provisions of this section shall be paid over by said justice or court to the Treasurer of the Fire Department, western district of the city of Brooklyn, for the use and benefit of said Fire Department Fund.†

§ 49. The Board of Trustees of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn are hereby designated and charged with the execution of this act.—*Repealed by Law of 1870, Chap. 316.*

§ 50. All laws and parts of laws heretofore passed inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed; but

\* Fire Commissioners.

† See Laws of 1870, Chap. 316.

such repeal shall not affect any suit or prosecution commenced, or offence committed or penalty incurred previous to the time this act shall take effect; but every such suit, suits or prosecution, commenced or to be commenced, may lawfully proceed, and every such offence be prosecuted and punished, and penalty demanded and recovered as if the said laws and parts of laws hereby repealed had remained in full force.

§ 51. This act shall take effect on the first day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, but shall not affect any building or buildings in the actual course of erection or contracted in good faith to be erected at the time of its passage; provided that such building or buildings shall be in actual course of erection, or contracted in good faith to be erected in accordance with the provisions of existing acts. And the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall publish this act twice a week in every newspaper employed by them, from the time of the passage thereof until that day.

[§ 8 of amendment of 1869.] All dwelling houses or other buildings that now are or may hereafter be erected in the city of Brooklyn, which shall contain or be occupied by four or more families above the first story, or built for that purpose, and all hotels, factories, mills, manufacturing establishments, and work shops in said city above the height of two stories, shall have placed thereon a practical fire-proof fire-escape, that shall be approved by the Superintendent of Buildings. Any person after being notified by said Superintendent of Buildings, who shall neglect to place upon any such building the fire-escape herein provided for shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, and shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. All fines or penalties provided for by this section, shall be for the benefit of the Fire Department Fund of the city of Brooklyn, and sued for and collected as other penalties and as provided for in said act. [Last clause abrogated by Act of 1870, *Chap.* 316.]

§ 9 [of amendment of 1869.] The Board of Trustees of the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn are hereby authorized in cases where the public safety shall not be endangered to compromise the civil penalties provided for under said act, and in such cases to suspend the operations of any of the provisions thereof. [Abrogated by Act of 1870, *Chap.* 316].

(a) [§ 10 of amendment of 1869.] The said Superintendent of Buildings is hereby authorized and empowered to make and establish suitable rules and regulations for all public buildings, theatres or other places of amusement that he may deem necessary for the protection of life, and is hereby authorized to call to his support for the enforcement thereof, any police or civil

officer in said county, and it is hereby made their duty to obey any instructions received from him in relation thereto. Any owner, lessee, manager, agent or other person in charge who shall violate, or permit the violation of any rule or regulation established by said Superintendent of Buildings\* as herein provided shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and in addition thereto shall forfeit and pay a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be sued for and recovered in like manner by the Fire Department of the city of Brooklyn.

(b) [§ 11 of amendment of 1869.] The Common council of the city of Brooklyn shall have the same power over the territory described in the first section of this act as is conferred upon that body by the tenth section of the act hereby amended.—*See Laws of 1870, Chap. 316, Sec. 1.*

(c) [§ 12 of amendment of 1869.] All acts and parts of acts so far as inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act, or of which it is amendatory, are hereby repealed.

(d) [§ 13 of amendment of 1869.] This act shall take effect immediately.

#### TITLE VIII.

##### OF THE BOARD OF POLICE.

- SEC. 1. The City of Brooklyn to constitute a Police District.
2. To be managed by "The Board of Police for the City of Brooklyn."
3. Commissioners, how appointed—term of office—vacancies how filled—oath of office—removals from office—Commissioners not to hold any other office.
4. City to be divided into precincts, and officers appointed therefor.
5. What the police force shall consist of—how to be increased.
6. Rules, regulations, and orders for government of force to be provided.
7. Members of the Police Board—sureties of same—salary of Commissioners.
8. Officers of the Police Board.
9. Property for uses and purposes of Police Department to vest in the city—Common Council to provide offices and furniture for use of Police Department.
10. In case of neglect or refusal of Common Council to provide same, when Police Board may do it.
11. Compensation for members and officers of police force.
12. No gift, etc., to be received by any member of the force for his own benefit.
13. Board of Police may dispose of said gift, etc., and how.
14. Expenses of Police Department, how to be paid.
15. Expenses of Department, how to be raised.
16. Powers and duties of Metropolitan force, when to cease—term of office of members of force—qualifications for office.
17. When members of force may resign—absence without leave deemed a resignation.
18. Board to have power to inflict punishment for breach of discipline, &c.
19. Powers of Mayor in respect to requiring the services of the military.
20. Pensions of policemen and their widows and orphans. Interest of Brooklyn in Metropolitan police property to be ascertained and adjusted.
21. Special duties of members of force—special policemen may be appointed on application of private parties.
22. Special policemen may be appointed in case of riot, etc., pestilence or invasion.
23. Policemen may be appointed for county towns—expense to be a charge on town.
24. Board may detail their force for service in any part of Kings County.
25. Policemen detailed for service in county towns to possess same powers as in city—persons arrested to be conveyed before magistrates.
26. Criminal process issuing out of any court, justice or judge in the city to be served only by a member of the force.

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\* Fire Commissioners.



27. Members of the force to possess in every part of the State power of Constables except for service of civil process.
28. Patrolmen to be detailed to attend on criminal courts.
29. Board of Police to have power to issue subpoenas—who empowered to administer oaths—perjury defined.
30. When subpoenas are disobeyed, Justice of Supreme Court to enforce obedience.
31. Board authorized to erect, operate, supply and maintain telegraphs for purposes of department.
32. Duties of police force defined.
33. Duties of Chief and Captains of police defined—interference with officers and members of the force while in official discharge of duty, a misdemeanor.
34. Houses for gambling or lewd purposes and obscene amusements, lottery tickets, or policies—powers of Chief of Police in relation thereto.
35. Power and authority of the police force to arrest—when prisoners shall be conveyed before magistrates.
36. Penalty for unjustifiable violence upon any elector or policeman when in discharge of duty on election day—for member of force to neglect making an arrest, or for any person falsely to represent himself as policeman with fraudulent design upon persons or property.
37. Persons arrested may be taken before a magistrate on Sunday and bailed.
38. Returns of arrest, when to be made.
39. Exemption of members of department from military or jury duty, or service on them of civil process while actually on duty.
40. Chief of Police to make quarterly reports.
41. Board to keep books of record and accounts.
42. Appointments, how to be made.
43. Security for faithful performance of duty, and oaths of office.
44. Patrolmen, to be detailed on days of election.
45. Board of Police to furnish, and take charge, except when in use, of ballot boxes.
46. Duties of police as to booths or boxes for distribution of ballots on election day.
47. Police Surgeons.
48. "Police Life Insurance Fund," how to be established and maintained.
49. Pensions for disabled members of force, and widows and children of members of force, provision for.
50. Property, stolen, lost or abandoned to be taken charge of by property clerk—provisions for disposition of same thereafter.
51. Board to cause ordinances of city to be enforced.
52. Board empowered to offer rewards for information which shall lead to conviction of persons guilty of crime—"Reward Fund," how to be constituted.
53. Steam boilers, provision for their inspection.
54. Record of inspections of steam boilers to be kept—powers of the Board over the use of the same.
55. Penalty for violation of provisions of act in use of steam boilers.
56. Fire Marshal to be appointed.
57. Duties of Fire Marshal.
58. Powers of Fire Marshal.
59. Money to carry out provisions of this act, how to be raised.
60. Board of Police to supervise and direct when necessary, the proceedings of the Fire Marshal.
61. Policemen to arrest persons for violating the Excise Law.
62. Common Council authorized to confer upon Board of Police powers in relation to enforcement of Health Laws.
63. Powers of Board of Police the same as Board of Metropolitan Police, under law creating Metropolitan Board of Health.

[The law creating the Metropolitan Police Department, abrogated the provisions of the charter of 1854, providing a police force for the city of Brooklyn. In April, 1870, an act was passed (Chap. 136,) entitled "To constitute a Police Department in and for the City of Brooklyn, and to define its powers and duties." In March, 1871, was passed an act (Chap. 194,) to amend said act of 1870, the provisions of which are as follows:—

SECTION 1. The act entitled "An Act to establish a Police Department in and for the city of Brooklyn, and to define its powers and duties," passed April fifth, eighteen hundred and seventy, is amended so as to read as follows :

§ 1. The city of Brooklyn shall hereafter constitute a separate police district, and a Police Department is hereby established therein, with the powers and duties in this act prescribed.

§ 2. The management and control of said Department, subject to the provisions of this act, are vested in a Board of Commissioners, to be known and designated "The Board of Police for the city of Brooklyn," and to be composed of the Mayor, *ex officio*, and two other persons, to be appointed as in the next section provided.

§ 3. The Mayor of said city shall nominate, and the Board of Aldermen appoint, two discreet and respectable citizens of said city as Commissioners of Police, who shall respectively hold their offices for four years, from and after the thirty-first day of December next succeeding their appointment, and until their successors have been duly qualified. In case of death, resignation, removal from the said city, removal from office, or other inability to serve, of the said Commissioners, or either of them, during the term for which they shall be appointed, the vacancy or vacancies shall be filled for the balance of their term, upon the nomination of the Mayor, and the confirmation thereof by the Board of Aldermen of said city. Before entering upon the duties of their office, the said Commissioners shall severally take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this State, and file the same in the office of the Clerk of the county of Kings. The said Commissioners may be removed from office by the Supreme Court for neglect of duty, malfeasance in office, bribery, or corruption; but no removal shall be made unless upon charges, and unless the party shall have been served with a copy of the charges, and have had an opportunity to be heard. Any Commissioner who shall, during his term of office, accept or hold any other public office or emolument, or who shall, during his term of office, be publicly nominated for any office elective by the people, and shall not, within ten days succeeding the same, publicly decline the said nomination, shall in that case be deemed thereby to have vacated his office, and the same shall be vacated accordingly. The Commissioners first appointed under this act, shall enter upon their duties on the first day of May next succeeding their appointment, and those thereafter appointed, on the first day of January next after their appointment, having first duly qualified as aforesaid.

§ 4. The Commissioners shall divide said city into precincts, not exceeding one precinct to each thirty-six of the Patrolmen authorized to be appointed. They may also establish sub-precincts, and assign three Sergeants, two Doormen, and as many Patrolmen as they may deem sufficient to each sub-precinct,

and shall appoint a telegraph superintendent, who shall be as signed to duty by the Chief of Police. They shall appoint as many Captains of Police as there may be precincts, and assign one Captain, and as many Sergeants and Patrolmen as they shall deem sufficient, to each precinct.

§ 5. The police force shall consist of a Chief of Police, Cap tains, Sergeants, and Patrolmen, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners. The number of Sergeants shall not exceed four for each precinct, and one for each special squad ; and the num ber of Patrolmen shall not exceed the present number now doing duty in said city, unless the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall, by resolution, upon the application of the Com missioners, authorize a greater number, in which case they shall not exceed the number fixed in such resolutions ; and such reso lutions may be passed by the Common Council from time to time, as that body may deem expedient. And in case of an ad dition to the number or compensation of the police force or Department, the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn shall issue certificates bearing interest, for any sum not already raised for payment of the force or Department accordingly, and a sum sufficient for the payment of the certificates so issued shall be inserted in the next succeeding tax-levy of the city of Brook lyn, and upon the collection thereof, said certificates shall be paid. The Commissioners shall fill all vacancies in the police force as often as they occur.

§ 6. The said Board shall have power to pass such rules, regu lations, and orders for the government of the police force as they may deem proper. They shall promulgate all regulations and orders to the force, through the Chief of Police, who shall have the direction and control of said force, subject to the rules, regulations, and orders of the Board ; but in times of peril, dan ger, riot, or disorder, or apprehension thereof, the Chief of Po lice force shall be subordinate to the Mayor, and obey his orders and directions for the time being, any thing in this act contain ed to the contrary notwithstanding,

§ 7. One of the said Commissioners shall be designated by the said Board as President, who shall preside at the meetings of the Board, and in case of the absenc or disability of the Chief of Police, or vacancy in that office, shall possess all the powers and perform all the duties thereof for the time being, and the other Commissioner shall be Treasurer. The Treasurer shall execute a bond to the city of Brooklyn, with one or more sureties, in a penal sum of twenty thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties as such Treasurer. The sureties shall justify before a Justice of the Supreme Court ;



and the bond shall be approved by the Mayor. The said President shall receive for his services a salary of five thousand dollars a year, to be paid out of the Police Fund in the same manner as the other members of said Department are paid, and the other Commissioner, three thousand dollars, to be paid in the same manner.

§ 8. There shall be appointed by the Board a chief clerk, a deputy clerk, a treasurer's book-keeper, two surgeons, a drill-captain, two doormen for each station-house, a property clerk, a stenographic clerk, and a clerk to the Chief of Police.

§ 9. All the property, station-houses, and effects within the city of Brooklyn, belonging to or used by the Metropolitan Police, upon the passage of this act, shall vest in the city of Brooklyn for the uses and purposes of the Police Department by this act established; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered, immediately on entering upon the duties of the office, to take possession of the same for such use and purposes, and to hold the same subject to the control and superior title therein of the city of Brooklyn. The Common Council shall provide such office and business accommodations as shall be requisite for the transaction of the business of the said Commissioners and its officers, and shall provide such new station-houses and furniture therefor as may from time to time be required, upon the recommendation of said Commissioners, and keep the same in good repair.

§ 10. In case the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn neglects or refuses within thirty days after having been thereto in writing requested by said Board of Police, to provide accommodations as aforesaid, or station-houses, which, in the opinion of the said Board, are suitable, or to put the said station-houses in due repair, then the said Board may make their own provisions by contract of leasing, or hiring, or for repairing premises; and such contracts shall be a proper charge and debt against the said city.

§ 11. The members of the police force, and the different officers named, shall, on and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, respectively receive the following rate of compensation per year for their services: The Chief of Police, three thousand five hundred dollars; each Captain of the police, two thousand dollars; each Sergeant, one thousand two hundred dollars; each Patrolman, one thousand dollars; the chief clerk, who shall also be clerk of the Board; two thousand five hundred dollars; the deputy clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; the property clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; the stenographic clerk, one thousand five

hundred dollars; the treasurer's book-keeper, one thousand five hundred dollars; each police surgeon, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; the Clerk of the Chief of Police, one thousand dollars; the drill-captain, one thousand two hundred dollars; each doorman, eight hundred dollars.

§ 12. No member of the Board of Police, under any pretense whatsoever, shall, for his own benefit, share in any present, fee, gift, or emolument for police services, additional to his regular salary or compensation.

§ 13. The Board of Police, for meritorious and extraordinary services rendered by any member of the police force in the due discharge of his duty, may permit any member of the police force to retain for his own benefit, any reward or present tendered him therefor; and it shall be cause of removal from the police for any member thereof to receive any such reward or present without notice thereof to the Board of Police. Upon receiving said notice, the said Board may either order the said member to retain the same, or shall dispose of it for the benefit of the Police Life Insurance Fund.

§ 14. The expenses of the Department shall be paid monthly by the Treasurer, who shall draw for the amount necessary to meet the same, upon the Mayor and Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn. The financial officers of the city shall cause the necessary warrant to be drawn and paid to said Treasurer, to meet such drafts, from time to time.

§ 15. The joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors of the city of Brooklyn shall fix and determine the amount of moneys to be raised in the annual taxes for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Police Department as by this act established, in the same manner as they determine the moneys to be raised for the other purposes of said city; and the Board of Supervisors of the county of Kings shall annually raise the amount so fixed and determined in the taxes levied for the purposes of said city.

§ 16. Upon notice to the Board of Metropolitan Police by the Commissioners first appointed under this act, of their appointment and qualification, the powers and duties of the said Board of Metropolitan Police, and the officers of the said Board, and of the members of the Metropolitan Police Force (except as herein provided), shall cease, and be no longer operative within the city of Brooklyn. The Patrolmen and Doormen assigned by the Metropolitan Board of Police to do duty in the city of Brooklyn, and, at the time of the passage of this act, doing duty therein, shall be Patrolmen and Doormen in the Department hereby established. All other members of the police force of

Brooklyn authorized by this act shall be appointed by the said Board of Police of the city of Brooklyn. Each member of the police force in such Department shall hold office during his good behavior, and shall be liable to removal therefrom only after written charges shall have been preferred against him according to the rules and regulations of the Board, and the same shall have been publicly heard and examined, after notice thereof by the said Board, in the manner to be prescribed by said rules and regulations. Except that any member of the police force who shall, after qualifying for office, accept any additional place of public trust or civil emolument, or who shall, during his term of office, be publicly nominated for any office elective by the people, and shall not, within ten days succeeding the same, publicly decline the said nomination, shall be deemed thereby to have vacated his office. No person shall be appointed a member of the police force who is not a citizen of the United States, or who has ever been convicted of crime, or who can not understandingly read or write the English language, or who shall not have resided within this State one year next preceding his appointment.

§ 17. No member of the said police force, under penalty of forfeiting the salary or pay which may be due to him, shall withdraw or resign, except by permission of the Board of Police. Unexplained absence without leave of any member of the said police force for five days, shall, at the option of said Board, be deemed and held to be a resignation by such member, and accepted as such.

§ 18. The Board of Police shall have power, in its discretion, on conviction of a member of the force for any legal offense or neglect of duty, or violation of rules, or neglect or disobedience of orders, or incapacity, or absence without leave, or any conduct injurious to the public peace or welfare, or immoral conduct, or conduct unbecoming an officer, or other breach of discipline, to punish the offending party by reprimand, forfeiting and withholding pay for a specified time, or dismissal from the force; but no more than ten days' pay shall be forfeited and withheld for any offense.

§ 19. The Mayor of the city of Brooklyn is hereby reinvested with the powers conferred upon the mayors of cities, by article four, title five, chapter ten, part first, of the Revised Statutes, in respect to requiring the services of the military in aid of the civil authorities, to quell riots, suppress insurrections, protect property, and preserve public tranquility, and no Board of Police shall exercise such power within said city.



§ 20. The pensions of policemen on the pension-roll, doing duty in the city of Brooklyn when a pension was awarded to them, and the pensions of the widows and minor children of policemen who were doing duty in said city having a pension awarded to them, shall be paid out of the Brooklyn Police Life Insurance Fund. The said Board of Metropolitan Police shall also ascertain and state what interest the city of Brooklyn has in any property and for general police purposes of said district, within the city of New York, in order to a future adjustment thereof.

§ 21. The Board of Police for the city of Brooklyn, whenever expedient, shall, on the application of any corporation or person or persons, showing the necessity thereof, detail regular Patrolmen of the police force, or appoint and swear any additional number of special Patrolmen of the police force, to do special duty at any place within the said city, upon the corporation, person or persons, by whom the application shall be made, contributing to the Police Fund, by payment to the Treasurer, not exceeding the same rate *per diem* of service on such detail of special duty as is paid to regular members of the force; but the Patrolmen so additionally and specially appointed shall be subject to the orders of the Chief of Police, and shall obey the rules and regulations of the said Board, and conform to its general discipline, and to such special regulations as may be made, and shall wear such dress or emblems as the Board may direct, and shall, during the term of their holding appointment, possess all the powers, privileges, and discharge all duties of the Brooklyn police force applicable to Patrolmen. The persons so appointed may be removed at any time by the Board of Police without assigning any cause therefor, upon notice to the person or persons who applied for the appointment as aforesaid.

§ 22. The Board of Police may also, upon any emergency or apprehension of riot, tumult, mob, insurrection, pestilence, or invasion, appoint as many special Patrolmen from among the citizens as it may deem desirable, who may be paid the same rate *per diem* as is paid to regular members of the force; and during the service of any special Patrolman authorized as aforesaid, he shall possess all the powers, privileges, and perform all the duties that may be by orders, rules, and regulations of said Board from time to time prescribed. Every such special Patrolman shall wear a badge, to be prescribed and furnished by the Board of Police.

§ 23. On the requisition in writing, from time to time made by the Supervisor and Justices of the Peace of any of the towns in the county of Kings, or a majority of said officers, it shall be

lawful for said Board of Police to detail or appoint such person or persons as members of the police force under their control, as they may deem proper to perform police duty in such town, in such number, and at such times, and for such length of time, as said Board of Police may determine, provided the same shall not exceed the limits of such requisition. The officers herein authorized to make such requisition, may alter, amend, or revoke the same, from time to time, as they shall deem necessary or proper; and it shall be their duty to keep a record of their proceedings under this section, and to forward to the Board of Supervisors of said county, at their annual meeting, a true and complete copy thereof, signed and certified by them. The fair and reasonable expenses of members so detailed for services rendered in such town, shall be a charge upon the taxable property of that town, and shall be determined by said Board of Police, and by them certified to the Board of Supervisors at their annual meeting, with a statement of the number so detailed from time to time, and their respective dates of service, and the said Board of Supervisors shall cause the same to be levied and collected in the the same manner as, and with the other expenses of said town, and paid over to the Treasurer of said Board of Police to the credit of the Police Fund.

§ 24. The said Board of Police may also, upon any emergency and for temporary purposes only, without the requisition provided for in the last preceding section, detail any portion of their force for service in any part of the county of Kings.

§ 25. Upon any member of the police force being detailed or appointed for duty outside of the city of Brooklyn, under either of the last two preceding sections, he shall possess the same powers as he possessed, or would possess, while on duty in the city of Brooklyn, and he shall be subject to the orders of the said Chief of Police, and be governed in such service by such rules and regulations as said Board of Police shall from time to time prescribe. It shall, however, be the duty of such member of the police force, whenever any arrest shall be made by him, for an offense committed in his presence within any town in said county, to forthwith convey the person or persons so arrested before some magistrate of the same town; but in case no such magistrate can be found, then it shall be lawful to convey such person or persons before any other magistrate in said county, to be dealt with according to law.

§ 26. All criminal process issuing out of any court, or from any Justice or Judge in the city of Brooklyn, shall be served by a member of the police force, and not otherwise; and it shall be a misdemeanor for any person not being a regular member

of the police, established in any city of this State, or a member of the Brooklyn police force, or a constable of this State, or a police constable, or assistant police constable, or a Sheriff, or one of the usual general deputies of any Sheriff of this State, to serve any criminal process within the city of Brooklyn.

§ 27. The members of the said police force shall furthermore possess, in every part of this State, all the common law and statutory powers of constables, except for the service of civil process, and any warrant for search or arrest issued by any magistrate of this State may be executed in any part thereof by any member of the said police force, and all the provisions of sections seven, eight, and nine of chapter two, title two, part four, of the Revised Statutes, in relation to the giving and taking of bail, shall apply to any arrest made as aforesaid.

§ 28. The said Board of Police shall detail so many Patrolmen as shall in their judgment be necessary to attend all courts transacting criminal business in said city, and no constables shall hereafter attend said courts, or be paid either by the authorities of said city, or by the Supervisors of the county of Kings, for any service in said courts.

§ 29. The Board of Police shall have power to issue subpoenas, attested in the name of its President, to compel the attendance of witnesses upon any proceedings authorized by its rules and regulations. Each Commissioner of Police, the Chief of Police, and the chief clerk and deputy clerk of the Board of Police, are hereby authorized and empowered to administer affirmations and oaths to any person summoned and appearing in any matter or proceeding authorized as aforesaid, or to take any depositions necessary to be made under the orders, rules, and regulations of the Board of Police, or for the purposes of this amended act. Any wilful and corrupt false-swearing by any witness or person, to any material fact, in any necessary proceeding under the said orders, rules, and regulations, or under these provisions, shall be deemed perjury, and punished in the manner now prescribed by law for such offense.

§ 30. Upon the presentation of satisfactory proof of due service of such subpoena, and a failure to obey the same, or of a refusal by any person appearing before said Board to take oath or affirmation, or to answer any proper question, it shall be the duty of any Justice of the Supreme Court, to whom the same shall be presented, to issue an order returnable at an early day, requiring the person so failing or refusing, to show cause why an attachment should not issue against him, and to adopt other and further measures to compel the witness to appear and testify, and to punish disobedience, as if the matter were legally pending in said court.



§ 31. The Board of Police shall have power to erect, operate, supply, and maintain under the general laws of the State relating to telegraphs, all such lines of telegraph to and between such places in the city of Brooklyn, as for the purposes and business of the police the Board shall deem necessary. Said Board may procure, and shall own and control, all instruments, fixtures, property, and materials procured for the purpose above mentioned, but the costs thereof shall be chargeable to general expenses of the Board of Police.

§ 32. It is hereby made the duty of the said police force, at all times of day and night, within said city of Brooklyn, and the members of such force are hereby thereunto empowered, to especially preserve the public peace, prevent crime, detect and arrest offenders, suppress riots, mobs, and insurrections, disperse unlawful and dangerous assemblages, and assemblages which obstruct the free passage of public streets, sidewalks, parks, and places, protect the rights of persons and property, guard the public health, preserve order at elections and all public meetings and assemblages, prevent and regulate the movement of teams and vehicles in streets, to remove all nuisances in the public streets, parks, and highways, arrest all street mendicants and beggars, provide proper police attendance at fires, assist, advise, and protect emigrants, strangers, and travelers in public streets, at steamboat and ship landings, and at railroad stations, carefully observe and inspect all places of public amusement, all places of business having excise, or other licenses to carry on any business, all houses of ill-fame or prostitution, and houses where common prostitutes resort or reside, all lottery offices, policy shops, and places where lottery tickets or lottery policies are sold or offered for sale, all gambling-houses, cockpits, rat-pits, and public common dance-houses, and to repress and restrain all unlawful or disorderly conduct or practices therein, enforce and prevent the violation of all laws and ordinances in force in said city; and for these purposes, with or without warrant, to arrest all persons guilty of violating any law or ordinance for the suppression or punishment of crimes or offenses.

§ 33. The Chief of Police, and each Captain of police within his precinct, shall possess powers of general police supervision and inspection over all licensed or unlicensed pawnbrokers, vendors, junk-shop keepers, junk boatmen, cartmen, and dealers in second-hand merchandise, intelligence office keepers and auctioneers, within the said police district; and in the exercise of, and in the furtherance of said supervision may, from time to time, empower members of the police force to fulfill such special duties in the aforesaid premises as may be from time to time ordered

by the Board of Police. The said Chief of Police and each Captain within his precinct, may, by authority in writing, empower any member of the police force, whenever such member shall be in search of property feloniously obtained, or in search of suspected offenders, or evidence to convict any person charged with crime, to examine the books of any pawnbrokers, or his business premises, or the business premises of any licensed vender, or licensed junk-shop keeper, or dealer in second-hand merchandise, or intelligence office keeper or auctioneer, or boat of any junk boatman. Any such member of the police, when thereto authorized in writing by the said Chief, shall be authorized to examine property alleged to be pawned, pledged, deposited, lost, or stolen, in whosoever possession said property may be; but no such property shall be taken from the possessor thereof without due process or authority of law. Any wilful interference with the said Chief or Captains of police, or with any member of the police force by any of the persons hereinbefore named in this section, while in official discharge of duty, shall be punished as a misdemeanor.

§ 34. If any member of the said force, or if any two or more householders shall report in writing under his or their signature to the Chief of Police, that there are good grounds (and stating the same) for believing any houses, room, or premises within the said police district to be kept or used as a common gaming-house, common gaming-room, or common gaming premises for therein playing for wagers of money at any game of chance or to be kept or used for lewd and obscene purposes and amusements or the deposit or sale of lottery tickets or lottery policies, it shall be lawful for the Chief of Police to authorize in writing any member or members of the police force to enter the same, who may forthwith arrest all persons there found offending against law, but none others, and seize all implements of gaming or lottery tickets, or lottery policies, and convey any person so arrested before a magistrate, and bring the articles so seized to the office of the property clerk. It shall be the duty of the said Chief of Police to cause such arrested person to be vigorously prosecuted, and such articles seized to be destroyed as the orders, rules, and regulations of the Board of Police shall direct.

§ 35. The several members of the police force shall have power and authority to immediately arrest, without warrant, and to take into custody any person who shall commit or threaten, or attempt to commit, in the presence of such member, or within his view, any breach of the peace, or offense directly prohibited by the act of the Legislature, or by any

ordinance of the city of Brooklyn; but such member of the police force shall, under the penalty of ten days' fine, or dismissal from the force, in the discretion of the Board, immediately upon such arrest, convey in person such offender before a magistrate of the city of Brooklyn, that he may be dealt with according to law. If the arrest is made during the hours that the magistrate does not regularly hold court, or if the magistrate is not holding court, such offender shall be detained in a station-house, or precinct thereof, until the next public sitting of the magistrate, and no longer, but shall be then conveyed, without delay, before the magistrate, to be dealt with according to law.

§ 36. It shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in the county jail, for not less than one year, not exceeding two years, or by a fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, for any person, without justifiable or excusable cause, to use, or to incite any other person to use, personal violence upon any elector, on any election day, in the city of Brooklyn, or upon any member of the police force thereof when in the discharge of his duty, or of any member of the police force to wilfully neglect making any arrest for an offense against the law of this State or ordinance in force in the said city, or for any person not a member of the police force to falsely represent himself as being such member with a fraudulent design upon persons or property, or upon any day or time, to have, use, wear, or display, without authority, any shield, buttons, wreaths, numbers, or other insignia or emblem, such as are worn by the said police.

§ 37. Any person arrested by the police may be taken before a magistrate on Sunday, at the usual place of holding his court, for the purpose of being bailed in proper cases, until the next public sitting of such magistrate, then to be taken before him to be dealt with according to law.

§ 38. In every case of arrest by any member of the said police force, the same shall be made known immediately to his superior upon duty, in the precinct wherein the arrest was made, by the person making the same; and it shall be the duty of the said superior, within twenty-four hours after such notice, to make written returns thereof, according to the rules and regulations of the said Board of Police, with the name of the party arrested, the alleged offense, the time and place of arrest, and the place of detention.

§ 39. No person holding office under this act shall be liable to military or jury duty, or to arrest on civil process, nor to service of subpoenas from civil courts while actually on duty.



§ 40. The Chief of Police shall make to the Board of Police, quarterly, reports in writing of the state of the said police force of the city of Brooklyn, with such statistics and suggestions as he may deem advisable to submit, for the improvement of the police government and discipline of the said force.

§ 41. The Board of Police shall cause to be kept books of records of the police force, of persons arrested for offenses, of complaints against policemen, and the judgment of the Board thereupon, of time lost by Patrolmen, of accounts of the Treasurer showing the amount of moneys received and expended, and for what purpose expended, of proceedings of the Board, of suspected persons and places, of transactions by the sanitary company, and of the property clerk and telegraph office, and all such other books and records in and for the Central Department, and in and for the several station-houses, as shall be required by the business of the Department.

§ 42. Every member of the police force shall have issued to him by the Board of Police, a proper warrant of appointment, signed by the President of the said Board, and chief clerk or first deputy, which warrant shall contain the date of his appointment and his rank.

§ 43. The Board of Police shall make suitable provisions respecting security to be entered into by the Chief of Police, and by the captains of said police force, and by the property clerk for the faithful performance of their respective duties. Each member of the police shall take an oath of office and subscribe the same before an officer of said police who is empowered to administer an oath.

§ 44. It shall be the duty of the Board of Police to detail on each day of election, within the city of Brooklyn, at least two Patrolmen to each election poll.

§ 45. The said Board of Police shall, in and for the said city, provide ballot-boxes for use, at general, special, and charter elections, and retain the custody of said boxes, except during the taking, receiving, and counting the votes; said city to pay the cost of such ballot-boxes, and the expenses of labels therefor, and moving, handling, and repairing the same.

§ 46. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to erect, maintain, occupy, or have any booth box, or structure, for the distribution of ballots at any election within one hundred and fifty feet of any polling-place, and it shall be the duty of the police force, or any members thereof, to prevent any booth or box, or structure for the distribution of tickets at any election, from being erected or maintained within one hundred

and fifty feet of any polling-place within the city aforesaid, and to summarily remove any such booth, box, or structure, or close and prevent the use thereof.

§ 47. The duties of the police surgeons, and the extent and bounds of their districts, shall be assigned, from time to time, by the orders, rules, and regulations of the Board of Police.

§ 48. All fines imposed by the Board of Police upon members of the police force by way of discipline, and collectible from pay or salary, and all rewards, fees, proceeds of gifts, and emoluments that may be paid and given for account of extraordinary services of any member of the police force (except when allowed to be retained by said member), and all moneys remaining for the space of one year in the hands of the property clerk, or arising from the sale of unclaimed goods, and all proceeds of suits for penalties under the act hereby amended, shall be deposited and paid into the bank wherein the Treasurer of the Board of Police shall keep an account. The payments so made shall constitute and be deposited and be kept as a fund to be called the "Police Life Insurance Fund," and the Board of Police are hereby declared to be the Trustees of the said fund, and they shall have power and it shall be their duty, from time to time, to invest the same, in whole or in part, as they shall deem most advantageous for the objects of said fund; and they are empowered to make all necessary contracts and take all necessary remedies in the premises.

§ 49. Any member of the police force who shall, while in the actual performance of duty, and by reason of such performance of duty, and without fault or misconduct on his part become permanently disabled, physically or mentally, so as to be unfitted to perform police duty; and any such member who shall after ten years of membership, become superannuated by age, or rendered incapable of performing police duty by disease contracted without misconduct on his part, may be placed on the pension-roll of Police Life Insurance Fund, and granted and paid a pension of not exceeding three hundred dollars per year, from the said fund. If any member of the police force, while in the actual discharge of police duty, shall be killed, or shall die from the effect of any injury received by him while in the actual discharge of said duty, or shall die, after ten continuous years of service in the force (such death not being caused by misconduct on his part), leaving a widow, the name of such widow may be placed on such pension-roll, and a like pension granted and paid to her from said fund so long as she remains unmarried. If such member dying as aforesaid, shall leave any minor child or children, but no widow (or if a widow, then after her death,)

the name or names of such child or children, under the age of eighteen years, may be placed on said pension-roll, and a pension from said fund granted and paid to such child or children; if more than one, to be divided equally between them; such pension or share of pension to cease on the said child or children respectively arriving at the age of eighteen years, or whenever earlier discontinued by order of the Board. In every case, the Board of Police shall determine the circumstances thereof, and order payment of the pension to be made by draft, signed as the said Board shall direct; but nothing herein contained shall render any payment of said pension obligatory upon said Board or the said trustees, or chargeable, as a matter of legal right, upon the said Police Life Insurance Fund. The Board of Police, in its discretion, may, at any time, order such pension, or any part thereof, to cease. Pensions existing at the date of this act may be modified and increased in pursuance of the provisions of this section.

§ 50. (1.) All property or money alleged or supposed to have been feloniously obtained, or which shall be lost or abandoned, and which shall be thereafter taken into custody of any member of the police force, or which shall come into the custody of any Police Justice, shall be by such member or Justice, given into the custody of and kept by the property clerk of the Board of Police, and all such property and money shall be particularly registered by said property clerk in a book kept for that purpose, which shall contain also a record of the names of the persons from whom such property or money was taken, the names of all claimants thereto, the time of the seizure, and any final disposition of such property or money.

(2.) Whenever property or money shall be taken from persons arrested, and shall be alleged to have been feloniously obtained, or to be the proceeds of crime, and whenever so brought with such claimant and the person arrested before some magistrate for adjudication, and the magistrate shall be then and there satisfied from evidence that the person arrested is innocent of the offence alleged, and that the property rightfully belongs to him, then said magistrate may thereupon in writing order such property or money to be returned, and the property clerk, if he have it, to deliver such property or money to the accused person himself, and not to any attorney, agent, or clerk of such accused person.

(3.) If any claim to the ownership of such property or money shall be made on oath before the magistrate by or in behalf of any other persons than the persons arrested, and the said ac-



cused persons shall be held for trial or examination, such property or money shall remain in the custody of the property clerk until the discharge or conviction of the persons accused.

(4.) All property or money taken on suspicion of having been feloniously obtained, or of being the proceeds of crime, and for which there is no other claimant than the person from whom such property was taken, and all lost property coming into the possession of any member of the said police force, and all property and money taken from pawnbrokers as the proceeds of crime, or by any such member from persons supposed to be insane, intoxicated, or otherwise incapable of taking care of themselves, shall be transmitted as soon as practicable to the property clerk of the Board of Police, to be duly registered and advertised for the benefit of all persons and parties interested, and for the information of the public, as to the amount and disposition of the property so taken into custody by the police.

(5.) All of said property that shall be determined by the Board of Police to be perishable, shall be sold at public auction after having been advertised for three consecutive days in a daily newspaper published in the city of Brooklyn; and all of said property not determined by said Board to be perishable, shall be so advertised and sold after the same has remained in the custody of the property clerk for the period of six months without any lawful claimant thereto; and the proceeds of the sale of said perishable property, after the expiration of six months from the sale, so remaining unclaimed, with the proceeds of the sale of said other property immediately after its sale, together with any money remaining in the custody of the property clerk unclaimed for six months, shall be paid into the Police Life Insurance Fund.

(6.) If any property or money placed in the custody of the property clerk shall be desired as evidence in any police or other criminal court, such property shall be delivered to any officer who shall present an order to that effect from such court; such property, however, shall not be retained in said court, but shall be returned to said property clerk to be disposed of as hereinbefore provided.

§ 51. The Board of Police shall, at all times, cause the ordinances of the city of Brooklyn, not in conflict with the provisions herein contained, to be properly enforced. And it shall be the duty of said Board at all times, whenever consistent with the rules and regulations of the Board, and with the requirements of this act, to furnish all information desired.

§ 52. The Board of Police shall have authority to offer rewards to induce all classes of persons to give information which

shall lead to the detection, arrest, and conviction of persons guilty of homicides, arsons, or receiving stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen, and to pay such rewards to such persons as shall give such information. Such rewards shall be paid from the "Reward Fund," which fund shall be formed by investing from moneys deducted from the pay of members of the police force, on account of lost time, at a rate not exceeding fifty cents per month for said members respectively, to which shall be added all sums subscribed or contributed by insurance companies and other citizens. The Board of Police shall be the trustees of said fund, and shall invest and manage the same, and have the same powers in relation thereto as are conferred on them by law in relation to the Police Life Insurance Fund, and the Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn shall pay over to the Treasurer of said Board any portion of said fund now held by him.

§ 53. Every owner of a steam boiler or boilers in use in the city of Brooklyn, shall annually, and at such convenient times and in such manner and such form as may by rules and regulations to be made therefor by the Board of Police be provided, report to the said Board at its head-quarters the location of such steam boiler or boilers; and thereupon, or as soon thereafter as practicable, such member or members of the police force as may be competent for the duty herein described, and may be detailed for such duty by the said Police Board, shall proceed to inspect such steam boiler or boilers and all apparatus and appliances therewith; but no person shall be detailed for such duty except he be a practical engineer, and the strength and security of each boiler shall be tested by hydrostatic pressure; and every boiler or boilers so tested, shall have, under the control of said Board of Police, such attachments, apparatus, and appliances as may be necessary for the limitation of pressure, locked and secured in like manner as may be from time to time adopted by the United States inspectors of steam boilers, or the Secretary of the Treasury, according to act of Congress passed July twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and they shall limit the pressure of steam to be applied to or upon such boiler, certifying each inspection and such limit of pressure to the owner of the boiler inspected, and also to the engineer in charge of the same; and no greater amount of steam or pressure than that certified in the case of any boiler shall be applied thereto. In limiting the amount of pressure, wherever the boiler under test will bear the same, the limit desired by the owner of the boiler shall be the one certified.

§ 54. The Board of Police shall preserve, in proper form, a correct record of all inspection of steam boilers, and of the

amount of steam or pressure allowed in each case, and in cases where any steam boiler, or the appliances or apparatus connected therewith, shall be deemed by the Board, after inspection, to be insecure or dangerous, the Board shall prescribe such changes and alterations as may render such boilers, apparatus, and appliances secure and devoid of danger. And in the mean time, and until such changes and alterations are made, and such appliances attached, such boiler, apparatus, and appliances may be taken under the control of said Board, and all persons prevented from using the same; and in cases deemed necessary, the appliances, apparatus, or attachments for the limitation of pressure may be taken under the control of the said Police Board, and no owner or agent of any steam boiler shall act or employ any person as engineer without their having a certificate as to the qualification from practical engineers, to be countersigned by the Board of Police.

§ 55. Any person applying, or causing to be applied to any steam boiler, a higher pressure of steam than that limited for the same in accordance with the provisions of this act, and any person violating the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and whenever any owner of any steam boiler, in the city of Brooklyn, shall fail or omit to have the same reported for inspection as provided for by this act, such boiler may be taken under the control of the Police Board, and all persons prevented from using the same until it can be satisfactorily tested as herein provided for, and the owner shall in such cases be charged with the expense of so testing it.

§ 56. There shall be an officer of and for the city of Brooklyn, to be known as the Police Fire Marshal of the city of Brooklyn, who shall reside in Brooklyn, who shall take the constitutional oath of office, and hold such office during the pleasure of said Board of Police, and until a successor shall be appointed and duly qualified by taking the constitutional oath of office, with a salary of two thousand dollars a year. The Assistant Fire Marshal, appointed in pursuance of the act passed May fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, creating the office of Metropolitan Fire Marshal and prescribing his powers and duties, shall continue in office as, and be said Police Fire Marshal of the city of Brooklyn during the pleasure of said Board. Upon his death, resignation, or removal, and thereafter as often as a vacancy shall occur in said office, the said Board shall appoint a proper person to be said Police Fire Marshal. The business office of the said Fire Marshal shall be at the headquarters of the Board of Police of the city of Brooklyn.

§ 57. It shall be the duty of said Fire Marshal to examine into the cause, circumstances, and origin of fires occurring in



the city of Brooklyn, by which any building, vessel, vehicles, or any valuable personal property shall be accidentally or unlawfully burned, destroyed, lost, or damaged, wholly or partially; and to especially inquire and examine whether the fire was the result of carelessness or the act of an incendiary. The said Fire Marshal shall take the testimony, on oath, of all persons supposed to be cognizant of an facts, or to have means of knowledge in relation to the matters herein required to be examined and inquired into, and cause the same to be reduced to writing, verified, and transmitted to the Board of Police, with his report in writing, embodying his opinions and conclusions in relation to the matter investigated. The said Fire Marshal shall report in writing to the Board of Police, the Unsafe Building Commission, to the District Attorney, to the New York Board of Fire Underwriters, to the owners of property, or other persons interested in the subject-matter of investigation, any facts and circumstances which he may have ascertained by such inquiries and investigations, which shall, in his opinion, require attention from or by either of said boards, officers, or persons; and it shall be the duty of the said Fire Marshal, whenever he shall be of opinion that there is evidence sufficient to charge any person with the crime of arson, to cause such person to be arrested and charged with such offense, and furnish the District Attorney with all the evidences of guilt, with the names of witnesses, and all the information obtained by him, including a copy of all pertinent and material testimony taken in the case; and he shall specially report to the Board of Police, as often as such Board shall require, his proceedings, and the progress made in all prosecutions for arson, and the result of all cases which are finally disposed of.

§ 58. The said Fire Marshal shall have power to issue a notice, in the nature of a subpoena, in such form and subscribed in such manner as the Board of Police shall prescribe, to compel the attendance of any person as a witness before him, to testify in relation to any matter which is hereby a subject of inquiry and investigation by the said Marshal. The said Fire Marshal shall be, and is hereby authorized to administer and verify oaths and affirmations to persons appearing as witnesses before him; and false-swearing in any matter or proceeding aforesaid, shall be deemed perjury, and shall be punishable as such. Upon the presentation of satisfactory proof of due service of any such notice, in the nature of a subpoena, upon any such witness, and of a failure by such witness to obey the same, it shall be the duty of the Board of Police to make an order that the said witness be arrested and brought before the Marshal to testify what such

witness may know in relation to the subject-matter of inquiry. Such order may be executed by any member of the police force, by arresting and bringing such witness before the said Marshal ; but such witness shall not be detained longer than is necessary to take such testimony. The said Fire Marshal shall have authority at all times of the day or night, in performance of the duties imposed by the provisions of this act, to enter upon and examine any building or premises, where any fire shall have occurred, and the buildings and premises adjoining and near to that in which the fire occurred.

§ 59. The Board of Police shall estimate and cause to be raised, as a part of the general expenses of the police, and in the same manner as the Police Fund is estimated and raised, all sums necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

§ 60. It shall be the duty of the Board of Police to supervise and direct, whenever it shall be of opinion that the public interest will be subserved thereby, the investigations, examinations, and proceedings of said Fire Marshal, and make all needful and proper rules and regulations in relation to the duties of the office, and the manner of performing the same, and shall detail any members of the police force to aid and assist in the performance of such duties.

§ 61. It shall be the duty of every member of said police force to arrest all persons found actually engaged in the commission of any offense in violation of the excise laws, and forthwith to carry such person before some magistrate to be dealt with according to law ; and if such offense be intoxication, and such magistrate shall, after due examination, deem the person brought before him too much intoxicated to be examined, or to answer an oath correctly, he shall direct the member of the police force who made the arrest to keep said person in some jail, lock-up, or other safe and convenient place, until he shall have become sober, and thereupon forthwith to bring him before said magistrate.

§ 62. The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall have authority to confer upon the Board of Police for the city of Brooklyn, such powers in regard to the preservation of the public health as may be necessary to give effect to all provisions of law relating to the powers or duties of the Board of Health of said city.

§ 63. The said Board of Police shall have and exercise all the powers, and be subject to and liable to perform all the duties, within the city of Brooklyn, which were conferred or imposed upon the Board of Metropolitan Police within the Me-

tropolitan Sanitary District of the State of New York, by the act entitled "An Act to create a Metropolitan Sanitary District and Board of Health therein, for the preservation of life and health, and to prevent spread of disease," passed February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and by all amendments made to said act.

#### TITLE IX.

##### OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

- Sec. 1. Law establishing Metropolitan Board of Health repealed so far as relating to the city of Brooklyn—Provisions of City Charter of April 17th, 1854, revived.
2. Powers of Board of Health of 1854 enlarged—Health acts how far applicable—Mayor and Common Council to appoint certain officers—duties of Comptroller and Corporation Counsellor—duties of police—ordinances how to be published.
3. Moneys of Metropolitan Board—city to receive portions of moneys of—pending actions.
4. Transfer of books and papers of Metropolitan Board relating to city of Brooklyn—copies of papers to be furnished—certificates thereto.

##### TITLE IX OF CHAPTER 384, LAWS OF 1854:

- Sec. 1. Board of Health, how constituted.
2. Presiding officer—when the Board shall convene—power and authority of Board.
3. Office of the Board of Health.
4. Approach of vessels.
5. Physicians to report malignant cases.
6. Boarding house keepers to report.
7. Sick persons to be removed from vessels.
8. Hospitals—powers of Board.
1. To regulate and prohibit intercourse.
  2. To remove vessels.
  3. To remove the sick in certain cases.
  4. To destroy infected articles.
9. Penalties for violating rules.
10. Health Officer's duties.
11. Power to borrow money.

By the act of February 26th, 1866, there was "created a Metropolitan Sanitary District and Board of Health therein, for the preservation of life and health, and to prevent the spread of disease." By this act, Title IX, of the Charter of the City of Brooklyn, as enacted in 1854, entitled "of the Board of Health" was repealed, and the city of Brooklyn included as part of the said Metropolitan District. In 1870, the Legislature enacted a law, Chapter 381, as follows:

#### AN ACT re-establishing the Board of Health of the City of Brooklyn.

Passed April 26, 1870 ; three-fifths being present.

*The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. The act passed February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An Act to create a Metropolitan Sanitary District and Board of Health therein, for the pre-



servation of life an health, and to prevent the spread of disease," so far as relates to the city of Brooklyn, and all acts amendatory of said act, so far as they relate to said city, and all acts conferring power upon the metropolitan board of health of said city, are hereby repealed, and the provisions of the act passed April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, entitled "An Act to consolidate the cities of Brooklyn and Williamburgh and the town of Bushwick into one municipal government, and to incorporate the same," so far as such provisions were modified or repealed by the said first mentioned acts, are hereby revived and given the same force and effect as if the said first mentioned acts had not been passed.

§ 2. The Board of health created by the ninth title of the said act of the seventeenth of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, shall in addition to the powers therein conferred upon said Board, possess the same powers, rights and privileges, except as to compensation, as were conferred by the said acts of February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and the several acts amendatory thereof, and by chapters six hundred and eighty-seven, seven hundred and nine hundred and eight of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, upon the metropolitan board of health within the city of Brooklyn, except the power to appoint officers and to incur expense otherwise than is herein provided.\* All officers required to be appointed for the purpose of carrying out such powers shall be appointed by the Common Council of said city on the nomination of the Mayor. But the Comptroller of said city shall receive and disburse the funds raised for said first mentioned board, in the same manner as other funds of said city are received and disbursed, and the attorney and counsel of said city shall, as part of his official duties conduct the legal business of said board. All expenses incurred by said first mentioned board shall be provided for in the same manner as now provided by law for raising the expenses for the general purposes of said city. The Common Council shall have authority to confer upon the Board of Police of said city such powers in regard to the preservation of the public health as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of this act. It shall not be necessary to advertise any ordinance passed by said board in any paper published elsewhere than in the city of Brooklyn.

§ 3. All moneys standing to the credit of the city of Brooklyn on account of the said Metropolitan Board of Health shall in whose

\* For "powers, rights and privileges" of said Board, see compilation of "Laws and ordinances relating to the Public Health in the city of Brooklyn," prepared by Assistant Corporation Counsellor Johnson, and published by order of the Corporation, August 1st, 1870.

hands soever the same may be, whether in the treasury of the State or in the hands of any officer of the said metropolitan board of health be paid over, after deducting all legal charges against the same, to the Treasurer of the city of Brooklyn. And all judgments heretofore obtained by said metropolitan board of health in the city of Brooklyn, and the moneys to be recovered under the same, shall belong to, and may be enforced and satisfied by the said city. All actions now pending in said city in the name of the said Board of Health may be continued and prosecuted by the said city, and all liens filed in favor of the said board, in said city, may be enforced and satisfied by the said city.

§. 4. The books, papers and records of the Metropolitan Board of Health, or such portions thereof, so far as the same relate exclusively to the city of Brooklyn, shall on demand, be transferred by the officers having them in charge, to the health department hereinbefore established. Copies of all the books, papers and records of said board shall, on demand, be furnished by the persons or officers having possession thereof, without charge to the health department hereinbefore created. Copies of such books, papers and records so transferred, certified by the proper officer of said health department, shall be of the same effect as if they had been certified by the secretary of said metropolitan board of health.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

Below are the Sections of the Charter of 1854, revived by the act of 1870, preceding :

#### TITLE IX.—OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

SECTION 1. The Aldermen of said city, or such number of their body as the Common Council shall designate, shall constitute a Board of Health, and the Mayor, or in his absence or inability to act, the President of the Board of Aldermen shall be president thereof. The City Clerk shall be clerk of said board, and shall keep a journal of its proceedings.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the Mayor or the President of the Board of Aldermen, at all meetings of said board, when he shall be informed of any matter requiring the action of the Board of Health, to lay such matter before them, and they shall thereupon proceed to consider and act upon the same. The said board may also be convened at any time by notice from the clerk, under the direction of the president or any two of the members, for the transaction of business; and the said Board

of Health shall have, possess and exercise the same power and authority in said city as the Board of Health in the city of New York.

§ 3. The board shall designate a place to be called the "Office of the Board of Health," at which the president, or one or more of the members shall attend daily (Sunday excepted), from the first day of June to the first day of October, in each year, and they may so attend on Sunday if necessary; and the person or persons so attending shall enter in a book, to be kept for that purpose, all matters which shall come before or be transacted by them as president or members of the Board of Health.

§ 4. No vessel subject to the examination of the Health Officer of the port of New York, shall approach to the city of Brooklyn beyond the place which shall, at the time of such approach, be assigned for quarantine without a permit from him, countersigned by the president of the said Board of Health.

§ 5. Every person practising physic in the said city, who shall have a patient sick of any malignant, infectious or contagious disease, shall make and file a written certificate thereof in the office of the Board of Health, stating the name of such patient, and the house and place where he shall then be, and the Board of Health may require any such physician to make and file in said office, within such time as they may prescribe, not less than three hours after service of a copy thereof upon him, an affidavit stating therein whether he has or has not any patient, who in his opinion, shall then be sick of any such disease, and if he has any such patient, to state in such affidavit, his or her name, and the house or place in said city where he or she shall then be, and the nature or name of such disease, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

§ 6. The common council may, by ordinance, require every person keeping a boarding or lodging house in said city, within six hours after any seafaring man or sojourner shall be sick in such house, to file in the office of the mayor of said city, a certificate thereof, signed by him or her, stating the location of such house and the name of such diseased person.

§ 7. No person shall remove any sick person from any vessel or from any other place in said city without written permit for that purpose, granted by the president or one of the members of the Board of Health of said city.

§ 8. The Board of Health of said city shall have the charge, control and management of all lands, buildings and premises thereon, which may be purchased, owned, leased or hired by



the common council for the purpose of a hospital or hospitals, and for the purpose of preserving the health of the inhabitants of said city. It shall possess, and may exercise the following powers :

1. By proclamation to prohibit or regulate the intercourse by lands and ferries, or otherwise, between this city and any place or places where they may be informed that any infectious or contagious diseases shall prevail.

2. By resolution to direct any vessel lying at a place within three hundred yards of any wharf, landing place or shore of said city, and from which they shall deem it probable that any infectious or contagious disease may be brought into said city, or communicated to the inhabitants thereof, to be removed to the distance of at least three hundred yards from any wharf, landing place or shore of said city, within six hours after a copy of such resolutions, certified by the city clerk, shall be delivered to the person or persons having command of such vessel, or to the master, owner or consignee thereof; and every such person or persons, master, owner or consignee, to whom such copy of such resolution shall be delivered, shall forthwith comply with the same.\*

3. By resolution to direct to be removed to the hospital of said city, or other place to be designated by them, all persons sick of a malignant, infectious or contagious disease, and all things within the city, which, in their opinion, shall be infected with any matter likely to communicate disease to the inhabitants, and to cause such resolution to be carried into effect.

4. By resolution to direct any bedding, clothing, putrid or unsound beef, pork, fish, hides or skins of any kind, or any other articles found within said city, and which, in its opinion, shall be dangerous to the health of the inhabitants thereof, to be destroyed, by casting the same into the East river below low water mark, at a suitable distance from the shore, or in such other manner as it may direct; and it may employ such person or persons as it may deem proper, to remove and destroy such articles, and every person who shall in any manner resist or hinder any person so employed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 9. Every person who shall violate, or neglect, or refuse to comply with any provision contained in this title, or in the proclamation or resolution made or passed by the Board of Health in pursuance thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine

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\* By a subsequent statute these powers are somewhat enlarged—See page 22.

not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both ; and all such fines when collected shall be paid to the Treasurer of said city for the use of the said Board of Health.

§ 10. The Health Officer of said city shall visit all sick persons who shall be reported to the Board of Health in pursuance of this title, and report to the Board of Health in writing his opinion of their sickness ; and he shall attend at said office at such times as the Board shall direct, for the purpose of conferring with the President or other members of the Board in relation to the health of said city. He shall visit and inspect all vessels coming to the wharves, landing places or shores of said city, or within three hundred yards thereof, which are suspected of having on board any infectious or contagious disease, or likely to communicate the disease to the inhabitants of said city, and all stores and places within said city which are suspected to contain putrid or unsound provisions or other articles likely to communicate disease to the inhabitants, and make and sign a report in writing, stating the vessel, stores, places and articles so inspected by him, and the nature, state and situation thereof, and his opinion, in relation thereto, as to the probability of disease being communicated by or from the same, and file such report in the office of the Board of Health. He shall also discharge such other duties as shall from time to time be prescribed to him by the Board of Health.

§ 11. The Common Council are hereby authorized to procure on loan, on the credit and faith of the city, from time to time, such sum or sums of money as a majority of the Aldermen elected may deem necessary to pay losses or expenses, not provided for in this act, which may arise from any accident by flood, fire or otherwise, or to pay any expenses necessarily incurred in the protection and preservation of the health of said city and its inhabitants, in case of any prevailing epidemic disease or sickness, provided that the sums of money so to be procured shall in the first case be declared to be necessary and proper by a certificate to be signed by the Mayor, County Judge and Street Commissioner, and in the latter case by a certificate to be signed by the Mayor, Health Officer of said city, and the presiding officer of the Kings County Medical Society, which certificate shall be presented to the Common Council before they shall take any action in the matter, and the money so obtained shall be applied only to the specific use and purpose for which it shall be so borrowed. The amount so raised and borrowed shall be levied, assessed and collected in the next annual tax in the same manner as the other expenses of said city.

**TITLE X.**  
OF THE FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

- Sec. 1. Finances.
2. Classification of accounts.
  3. General, special, sinking and revenue funds.
  4. Debts of the respective cities to be paid.
  5. Brooklyn debts.
  6. Brooklyn sinking fund.
  7. Investment of sinking fund.
  8. Report of Commissioners.
  9. Permanent loan.
  10. Vote upon.
  11. Bonds, when to be issued.
  12. Temporary loans.
  13. Certificates of indebtedness for assessments.
  14. Moneys borrowed to be applied to specific purposes.
  15. Property and debts of Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Bushwick.
  16. Auditor and Comptroller to examine accounts of Collectors annually.
- (a) Registered bonds may be issued.
- (b) Comptroller to pay for engraving and printing bonds, etc.

SECTION 1. The accounts of the city and management of its finances shall be under the direction of the Comptroller of said city, subject to the provisions of this act and to the ordinances of the Common Council.

§ 2. The said accounts shall be distributed in four distinct classes. The first of said classes shall embrace all such expenditures as are to be made out of moneys raised by general tax, and shall be called the General Fund; the second, such as are to be made out of money raised by special or local assessment, and shall be called the Special Fund; the third shall consist of the revenues of the city from other sources than taxation, to be called the Revenue Fund. And no money raised or received for the use of one of said funds shall at any time be used for the purpose of either of the other of said funds, except as in the next section provided—1862, *Chap.* 63.

§ 3. The accounts of the General Fund shall always exhibit the receipts and expenditures on account of each purpose or appropriation for which the general tax shall be levied in each year, and no receipt of expenditure of money shall at any time be charged or credited to any other than its appropriate account. The accounts of the Special Fund, in addition to the general account thereof, shall at all times exhibit the accounts received and paid under each item composing said fund, with the amounts received and paid for interest on each. The Sinking Fund shall exhibit the amounts received and paid on account thereof, specifying from what source they shall have been received, together with the amount and description of securities belonging to said fund. The Revenue Fund shall exhibit all the moneys paid into the City Treasury for collector's fees, default and interest for the non-payment of taxes, costs and fees of the Attorney and Counsel in opening, widening and extend-



ing streets, avenues and squares, or other proceedings for taking private property for public purposes, balance of advertising fees after paying the actual expenses of advertising, the balance of Inspector's fees, licenses, fees to city after paying the actual expenses of advertising officers or appointees, fees and fines from the Police and Justices' Courts, penalties for violation of city ordinances, rents and proceeds of sale of any property of the city, interest on deposits in bank, and all revenues of the city whatsoever from other sources than taxation, and shall also exhibit the payments made on account of any judgment against the city as herein provided. The Revenue Fund shall be kept inviolate, except for the payment of such judgments, and the amount thereof standing on the first day of June in each year shall be deducted from the amount otherwise necessary to be raised by tax for the expenses of the city for the next fiscal year, and shall be transferred and charged to the General Fund and applied accordingly. All bonds and other securities belonging to the Sinking Fund shall be endorsed as follows: "The property of the Sinking Fund of the city of Brooklyn, transferable from said fund only by written order of the Mayor, Comptroller and Treasurer of said city, the Commissioners of said Fund." Any transfer without such order of any bond so endorsed shall be null and void.--*Ibid.*

§ 4. The faith of the said city and the property now belonging to the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, respectively, are pledged to the final payment of all moneys heretofore borrowed or raised by said cities respectively under or by virtue of any law of this State; and until said several sums of money shall be fully paid there shall be levied and collected, by a general tax on that part of the city embraced in the present city of Brooklyn, in the same manner as other taxes of said city at large, the sum of seven thousand eight hundred dollars in each of the next six years, and thereafter annually the sum of six thousand dollars, until the surplus of the debt on its property as hereinafter mentioned shall be provided for, and then upon the whole city. There shall be levied and collected, in the same manner, on the part of the city embraced in the present city of Williamsburgh, a sufficient sum to pay off an amount of its debt equal to its surplus as hereinafter mentioned, and the residue of the debt shall be levied and collected upon the whole city.

§ 5. The several sums of money in the present city of Brooklyn, so to be raised, together with the interest accruing from its investment, and all moneys now raised for a similar purpose, shall be and remain pledged and applied to redemption of loans

procured by said present city of Brooklyn; nor shall any other investment or use be made of such moneys or securities except as herein provided, and any other appropriation thereof shall be deemed a misdemeanor and punishable accordingly.

§ 6. The fund thus designated, together with all former and subsequent accumulations, shall be called the "Sinking Fund of the city of Brooklyn," and shall be managed by the Mayor, Treasurer and Comptroller of said city, as *ex officio* Commissioners of said fund, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§ 7. The said Commissioners shall from time to time invest the money of said fund in any stock for payment of which the faith of this State, or the United States, is or shall be pledged; or in any of the bonds or securities issued by said city or the county of Kings; and to deposit said moneys with any safe moneyed corporation in this State, and make such contract with such institution for the duration of such deposits and the interest thereon as they shall consider for the best interest of such fund; and may also, at such times and upon such terms as they may deem advisable, pay any part of the moneys borrowed or raised as aforesaid before the time limited for the payment thereof.

§ 8. The said Commissioners shall report to the Common Council semi-annually, at its first meeting in January and July, a particular account of the condition of said fund, specifying the receipts and payments since the last report, the amount and description of stocks held by them, with the interest they bear, the institution holding deposits, amount of such deposit, and the rate of interest paid thereon respectively; also the amount of loans purchased, if any, and the rate paid therefor.

§ 9. The Common Council shall have power to make permanent loans for the use of said city, and to issue bonds therefor, payable at such times, and in such manner, and at such rates of interest as they may direct, if the proposition for creating such debt shall have been previously submitted to the electors of said city at a regular charter election of which three months' notice shall have been published in the corporation newspapers, and such proposition shall have then received the affirmative vote of a majority of the voters at such election.

§ 10. The Common Council may by ordinance direct the mode and manner of submitting such proposition to the electors of said city.

§ 11. In case the majority of said electors shall be in favor of creating such loan, the Common Council which shall be in office

next after such election has taken place, may, by a vote of a majority of all the members elected, confirm said loan; but no bonds shall be issued therefor until the Common Council shall have made specific provisions for a sinking fund, to be raised by annual tax, sufficient to pay and discharge such bonds at maturity, and the faith and property of the city shall be and is hereby pledged for the final payment of any and all such loans.

§ 12. The Common Council, after the taxes have been levied in any year, shall have power to make temporary loans, in anticipation of the collection of such taxes, such loans to be applied to the purposes for which such taxes have been levied, and for no other purpose, and such tax shall be inviolably applied to repay such loans.

§ 13. The Common Council shall also have power, after any assessment for a local improvement has been confirmed and a contract for making the same has been entered into, to issue certificates of indebtedness to the contractor, payable out of such assessments when collected, and bearing interest after the expiration of one hundred and twenty days from the delivery of the assessment roll to the Collectors; but no certificate shall at any time previous to the completion of the work exceed seventy-five per cent. in value of the work actually done and they may issue a warrant for the collection of the assessment imposed before the work shall have been completed.

§ 14. Whenever the city shall by law be authorized to borrow money for any specific purpose, the moneys so borrowed shall be applied only to such purposes, except the surplus thereof, if any surplus should remain after accomplishing such purposes; and it shall not be lawful for the Common Council of the said city to borrow any money, or to enter into any contract by which they may be compelled to pay money, except for the purposes for which they are or may be authorized to raise money by tax, and then only to an amount not exceeding the sum they are authorized by law to raise by tax during that municipal year for the purpose for which such money may be borrowed or contract entered into; and it shall be the duty of the said Common Council to pay all moneys so borrowed, with interest accruing thereon, and to discharge all such contracts out of the money raised by tax during the same municipal year in which the money is borrowed or contract entered into, except by this act provided.

§ 15. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller to state and keep an account, under the direction of a committee of the Common Council, composed of one from each of the present Cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and Town of Bushwick,



showing the property and assets held by each respectively in their corporate rights, and the value thereof on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five; and also showing the amount of the debts of each on the that day actually existing or contingently arising from any work done for, or liability incurred, or property purchased by them respectively. Such property shall be the common property of the whole city, subject, however, to the pledges heretofore made by law of the portion of each present city and town. The value of the property and assets of each present city and town shall be deducted from the debts of each, and the surplus or debt of each, over the amount of its property and assets, shall continue a particular debt upon each respectively; the residue shall be common debt of the whole city. If the property and assets of either of said present cities and towns shall exceed its debts, the balance shall be credited to it in the taxes of the year eighteen hundred and fifty-five. The property and assets of any district of either of said cities or towns shall, for the purpose of such account, be considered the property of the city or town in which the district is located. Any ward not heretofore included in the Fire Department Districts of Brooklyn or Williamsburgh hereby or hereafter to be admitted to the use of the Fire Department property of the said city, shall contribute its proportion to the value of such property in the district in which it is located, to be determined by the Fire Department Committee of the Common Council, and to be raised by tax in one or more annual installments, as the Common Council shall determine.

§ 16. It shall be the duty of the Auditor and Comptroller to examine annually the accounts of the Collector of Taxes and Assessments, and of the Treasurer, and to audit the same, and to present to the Common Council, at its first meeting after the first day of July in each year, the result, in writing, of such examination. The Common Council, or the Finance Committee thereof, may at any time order further examination, by the Auditor and Comptroller, of such accounts. All other officers of the city receiving and disbursing moneys shall present their accounts annually to the auditor and Comptroller for examination, who shall audit the same and report the result to the Common Council. The Common Council may, by ordinance or resolution, further define and prescribe the duties of the Auditor and Comptroller in the premises.

[(a) The Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized to issue registered or coupon bonds for any loans hereafter to be obtained by or made to the said city, and also to issue registered bonds of said city of Brooklyn, of the various denomi-

nations and loans in place and stead of the coupon bonds of the various denominations and loans now outstanding, at the option and request of the holder or holders of any of the said bonds, upon their surrender and cancellation.—*Laws of 1869, Chap. 576.*]

[ (b) The Comptroller shall pay for the engraving, printing, and stationery required for the issue and cancellation of bonds and certificates of indebtedness of said city, and shall charge the same to the different appropriations for which said bonds and certificates of indebtedness are issued.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 246.*]

## TITLE XI.

### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

#### SEC. I. Perjury.

2. Competency of judges, witnesses or jurors.
3. Certain offices declared offices of record.
4. Embezzlement.
5. Proof or ordinances.
6. Services of process on boats and vessels.
7. Penalties recovered payable into the city treasury.
8. Armory, gun-house, &c.
9. Existing ordinances of Brooklyn.
10. Taxes due and unpaid, how applied.
11. Expenses of local improvements.
12. Rights and liabilities of the respective cities.
13. Board of Education.
14. Saving clause.
15. Time when this act takes effect.
16. Books, &c., to be transferred to city offices.
17. Encroachment upon the navigable waters prohibited.
18. Penalty for violating ordinances.
19. Judgments against the city.
20. The city not liable for nonfeasance or misfeasance of officers.
21. The Common Council and its members trustees.
22. Streets and avenues, when to be deemed public.
  - (a) Excavations—party walls.
23. Contracts, by whom made.
24. City officers not to be interested in contracts, &c.
25. Pay of Aldermen.
26. Frauds in assessments for local improvements.
27. Application to be made to the Judge of the Supreme Court.
28. Assessments to be vacated, in cases of fraud and irregularity.
29. Duty of officers having charge of assessment lists.
30. Privilege of applicants applying for relief.
31. Lands discharged may be re-assessed.
32. Appointment of lamp-lighters.
33. Of incurring a floating debt.
34. Grants for railroads to be published, inviting proposals.
  - (a) Relative to public baths.
  - (b) Appropriation for Brooklyn Art Association.

SECTION 1. Any person who may be required to take an oath or affirmation, under and by virtue of any provision of this act, who shall willfully swear or affirm falsely to any material fact or matter under such oath or affirmation, legally administered, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of perjury.

§ 2. No person shall be incompetent as a judge, justice, witness or juror by reason of his being an inhabitant or freeholder of the City of Brooklyn, in any action or proceeding in which the city is a party or interested.

§ 3. The office of the City Clerk, Street Commissioner, Comptroller and Collector of Taxes and Assessments, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be, Offices of Record, for the purposes of filing, recording and safe keeping any and all papers and documents of the city, appertaining or belonging to the said several offices; and all provisions of law relating to Offices of Record, or the preservation or safe keeping of papers or records therein, are hereby declared to apply to said several offices.

§ 4. Every embezzlement of money by any officer elected or appointed under this act, or by a clerk, deputy or assistant of such officer, shall be deemed a felony, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both.

§ 5. Every ordinance, resolution or by-law of the Common Council may be read in evidence in all courts and legal proceedings, from the volume of ordinances published or to be published by order of the said Common Council, without any other proof of the passage or publication thereof; but such publication shall be only presumptive evidence that the same has been duly published in the corporation newspapers as required by this act.

§ 6. Any civil or criminal process, attachment or execution may be served or levied upon any person or property on board of any vessel which, at the time of such service or levy, shall be attached or fastened to any wharf, pier, bulkhead or landing place in said city, or lying so near thereto that a person can step from the same upon such vessel, or shall be fastened to any other vessel or vessels which shall be so attached or lying to any such wharf, pier, bulkhead, or landing place, in the same manner and with like effect as if such vessel was actually within said city.

§ 7. When a penalty is created, or authorized to be created, by this act, and no particular provision herein is made as to the application thereof, when recovered, such penalty shall, when so recovered, be paid into the city treasury for the use of the city.

§ 8. The Common Council shall have power to provide a suitable armory, gun-houses and drill-rooms for the use of the military of the said city.

§ 9. The existing ordinances, by-laws and regulations of the present city of Brooklyn, not relating to local improvements, as the same have been passed, shall be and continue in full force and effect, in the same manner and to the same extent and effect as though they had been published pursuant to law, and shall



be in full force and effect, as regards the city hereby incorporated, together with such others as may from time to time be passed, until the same shall be repealed by the Common Council.

§ 10. All taxes and assessments in the said present cities and towns remaining due and unpaid on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, shall be collected as now provided by law, except that the Supervisors, in cases of taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and the Common Council in cases of assessments remaining unpaid on the last mentioned day, shall have power and are hereby authorized to issue warrants for the collector of the same to the Collector of Taxes and Assessments to be elected under the provisions of this act, who shall proceed under said warrants to collect the said taxes and assessments, and shall make their returns thereto, and pay over the money collected by them respectively under the same, to the several officers designated in this act for that purpose; and all proceedings after the expiration of any warrant for the collection of any such taxes and assessments shall be conducted according to the provisions of this act. Such taxes shall be applied to the purposes for which they shall have been levied in the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, and the town of Bushwick respectively.

§ 11. The expense of any local improvement commenced by the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh respectively, before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, for which expense no assessment shall have been laid, shall be assessed as now provided by law in the said cities respectively, except that the duties in relation thereto now devolved upon the Common Council and officers of the said cities respectively to be performed, shall be performed by the Common Council of the City of Brooklyn hereby incorporated, and by the officers to be elected and appointed and authorized to perform similar duties under this act, except that if Commissioners shall have been appointed to lay an assessment they shall complete such assessment.

§ 12. All the rights, interest, property, claims and demands whatsoever, belonging to or to accrue to the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and the town of Bushwick, shall belong to and be vested in the city of Brooklyn, hereby incorporated, and all liabilities and responsibilities of either in favor of third parties, shall be assumed by and may be enforced against the city of Brooklyn, hereby incorporated; but each of the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and town of

Bushwick shall be, as between each other, liable for its own indebtedness and entitled to its own property, as herinbefore provided; all suits in favor of or against the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and town of Bushwick, shall be continued against the same respectively until judgment.

§ 13. There shall be a Board of Education, and all the provisions of law relating to the Board of Education of the present city of Brooklyn shall apply thereto, except that the Board hereby authorized shall be constituted of the members of the said present Board and such additional members as may be appointed by the Common Council for the portion of the city embraced in the present city of Williamsburgh and town of Bushwick, and the said Common Council is hereby authorized and required to appoint and classify such additional members, having reference therein to the proportional increase of inhabitants by the additional territory; and the school property of the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and town of Bushwick, and the several districts thereof, shall be valued by the Board of Assessors elected after this act shall take effect, and the Board of Supervisors of the County shall proceed to equalize the said value by assessing the aggregate amount thereof upon the whole city, and crediting each school district (the city of Brooklyn to be considered as one district) on account of its general tax with the value of its separate school property, and any special school taxes already laid and in process of collection. The eighth and twentieth sections of the act entitled to reorganize and regulate the Common Schools and Board of Education of the city of Brooklyn, passed April 4, 1850, are hereby repealed.

[ (6.) On or before the first Monday of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, the Mayor of the city of Brooklyn, shall choose by lot and designate from the then members of the Board of Education three classes, into which said Board shall be divided, which classes shall be made up each of one-third of the members of said Board, the first class to serve and hold office for one year from the date of said appointment, and designate the second class to hold office for the term of two years, and the third class for the term of three years from the date of said appointment and designation respectively. All persons appointed to fill vacancies thereafter shall hold office for the term only which the person or persons in whose place he or they may be appointed would have held if he or they had continued in office.

[ (7.) At the same time between the second Monday of January and second Monday of February, in each year, the

Mayor of said city shall nominate persons to fill the places of the members forming the class of said Board whose terms will next expire, and if the persons so nominated shall be confirmed by the Board of Aldermen of said city to whom the nominations shall be immediately communicated, the said persons so nominated and confirmed shall hold office as members of said Board, and of said class for the term of three years; and in case any person so nominated shall be rejected or shall not be confirmed within twenty days after their nomination, then the Mayor shall immediately nominate to the said Common Council, other persons in place of those rejected or not confirmed, and the said Common Council shall thereupon confirm or reject the same within twenty days thereafter. In case such last mentioned nomination or any of them shall be rejected or not confirmed within the last mentioned twenty days, the said Mayor shall then appoint such persons as he may deem proper to hold office as aforesaid in place of those rejected or not confirmed.

[ (8.) In making such appointments care shall be taken to preserve the representation in said Board of at least one member from each school district, and the members thereof shall hold office until the expiration of their terms, and until their successors shall be appointed. ]—*Laws of 1868, Chap. 635.*

§ 14. This act is hereby declared to be a public act. All acts and parts of acts of the Legislature of this State not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and not hereby repealed, shall be and remain in full force and effect; but any proceedings now pending, or that shall have been commenced before this act takes effect as a law, shall be continued and completed as if this act had not been passed, except as herein provided.

§ 15. This act shall take effect on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, except sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine of title three, which shall take effect on the first day of May next after the passage of this act. The terms of office of the city and town officers elected and appointed for the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and town of Bushwick shall expire on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, except that the incumbents of the offices of Street Commissioner, Councilor and Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies of the present city of Brooklyn, and the incumbent of the office of Clerk of the present city of Williamsburgh, shall perform the duties devolved upon the Street Commissioner, Councilor, Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies and Clerk by this act, until



the expiration of the terms for which they were respectively elected or appointed under the existing law; and except that the incumbent of the office of Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the present city of Brooklyn shall perform the duties devolved upon the Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the Western District by this act, until the expiration of the term for which he was elected under the existing law: and the incumbent of the office of Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the present city of Williamsburgh shall perform the duties devolved upon the Collector of Taxes and Assessments of the Eastern District by this act, until the expiration of the term for which he was elected under the existing law; and except that the incumbents of the offices of Street Commissioner and Counselor of the present city of Williamsburgh shall continue to perform the duties of Street Commissioner and Counselor, for the purpose of closing up all unfinished business in their respective departments, until the expiration of the term for which they were elected; and they are vested with such power, subject, nevertheless, to the directions of the Common Council of the city hereby incorporated; and it shall be the duty of the officers retained in office by this act, to close up the unfinished business of the said cities and town in their respective departments, under the direction of the said Common Council, except as herein otherwise provided, and except that the policemen now in office shall retain their offices until others shall be appointed under the provisions of this act. All officers elected and appointed under and by virtue of this act, shall hold their offices for the term specified in this act, and until others shall be elected or appointed in their stead and have been duly qualified.

§ 16. The books, papers and documents now on file or kept in any office in the present cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and town of Bushwick, shall be transferred to such offices of the city hereby incorporated as the Common Council shall by resolution direct.

§ 17. The provisions of this act shall not be construed to recognize or authorize any encroachment upon the navigable waters of the East River or harbor of New York.

§ 18. Any person arrested in pursuance of this act, for the violation of any ordinance, by-law or regulation of the Common Council or of the Board of Health, may be taken before the Police Justice or either of the Justices elected by virtue of "An Act to establish Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction in the city of Brooklyn," passed March twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, who shall thereupon have

authority to impose upon such person a fine not exceeding the penalty prescribed by the ordinance which such person shall be proved to have violated, and to commit such person to the county jail of Kings County for a period not exceeding thirty days, or until such fine shall be paid.—1862, *Chap.* 63.

[ 19. The amount of any judgment recovered against and payable by said city, and remaining unpaid, with the interest, due and to become due thereon, shall be included by the Mayor in the first statement, after the same shall have become payable, to the joint Board of Aldermen having the shorter time to serve and City Supervisors; and such amount shall be raised in the next levy of taxes for the expenses of the said city. Such judgment shall be paid out of the first moneys paid into the City Treasury on account of such levy, in the order of their recovery. Until the moneys so raised shall be paid into the treasury, and payment of said judgments refused by the financial officers of the city, no execution shall issue against the said city, unless the amount of such judgments shall not have been included in the statement of the Mayor or in the tax levy, as aforesaid. Provided, nevertheless, if there be any moneys in the treasury to the credit of the fund derived from the revenues of the city, other than taxation, sufficient to satisfy said judgments, the Common Council shall direct the payment therefrom of said judgments, in the order of their recovery,—*Ibid.*]

[§ 20. The city of Brooklyn shall not be liable in damages for any nonfeasance or misfeasance of the Common Council, or any officer of the city or appointed by the Common Council, of any duty imposed upon them, or any or either of them, by the provisions of titles four and five of this act, or of any duty enjoined upon them, or any or either of them, as officers of the government, by any other provision of this act, but the remedy of the party or parties aggrieved for any such nonfeasance or misfeasance, shall be by mandamus or other proceeding or action, to compel the performance of the duty, or by other action against the members of the Common Council, officer or appointee, as the rights of such party or parties may by law admit, if at all.—*Ibid.*]

§ 21. The Common Council of said city, and the members thereof, are hereby declared to be trustees of the property, funds and effects of the corporation hereby created; and the Aldermen of the city of Brooklyn are hereby declared to be trustees of the property, funds and effects of their respective wards, so far as such property, funds and effects, in or derived from their respective wards, are or may be committed to their management or control respectively by said act of incorporation,

or the act amendatory thereof; and every person residing in said city, or in any ward, and assessed to pay the taxes therein, who shall pay taxes therein, is hereby declared to be a *cestui que* trust, in respect to the said property, funds and effects respectively; and any co-trustee, or any such *cestui que* trust, shall be entitled, as against such trustees, and in regard to such property, funds, and effects, to all the rights and remedies provided by law, of any co-trustee or *cestui que* trust to prosecute and maintain any action to prevent waste and injury to any property, funds or estate held in trust. Such trustees are hereby made subject to all the duties and responsibilities imposed by law upon trustees, and such duties and responsibilities may be enforced by any co-trustee or *cestui que* trust aforesaid.—*Ibid.*

§ 22. All streets or avenues in said city which have been or may be thrown out to public use, and have been or may be used as such for five years continuously, shall be deemed and taken to be public streets and avenues; and the city of Brooklyn, and the Common Council and the Water Commissioners thereof, shall have all jurisdiction and power in respect thereto, the same as if such streets and avenues had been or shall be opened by proceedings had for that purpose under the provisions of this act.—*Ibid.*

[ (a) Whenever excavations hereafter commenced for building or other purposes on any lot or piece of land in the city and County of New York and the city of Brooklyn, shall be intended to be carried to the depth of more than ten feet below the curb, and there shall be any party or other wall wholly or partly on adjoining land and standing upon or near the boundary line to such lot, the person causing such excavations to be made, if afforded the necessary license to enter on the adjoining land, and not otherwise, shall at all times from the commencement until the completion of such excavations, at his own expense, preserve such wall from injury, and so support the same by a proper foundation that it shall remain as stable as before such excavations were commenced.—1855, *Chap. 6, Sec. 1.*]

[§ 23. All contracts for cleaning streets and repairing wells and pumps shall be made by the Board of Contracts,\* and the expense thereof shall be as heretofore, a charge upon the wards respectively, each for the cleaning of its own streets and repairing its own wells and pumps. Every contract for cleaning streets shall be subject to the powers of the Board of Health,

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\* By Laws of 1865, Chap. 721, the Board of Contracts is abolished and the Common Council substituted in its stead. By Laws of 1869, Chap. 97, the control of cleaning the streets is vested in the Sewerage and Water Board.



created or to be created in or over said city, and a clause to this effect shall be inserted in the advertisement for proposals, and also in the contracts.—1862, *Chap.* 63.]

[§ 24. No member or officer of the Common Council or Board of Contracts,\* or any city or ward officer, whether elected or appointed, or Supervisor of said city, shall be directly or indirectly interested in any contract or agreement made by or with the said Board of Contracts,\* or in the proceeds or profits of any such contract, nor in furnishing said city, for hire or pay, any work, labor, materials or supplies, or any article or service of any kind whatsoever, ordered by said Board of Contracts; \* nor shall he take or receive any money, article, thing, advantage or promise thereof, as consideration for any vote or act in his official capacity, or for making and consenting in such capacity to any award of any contract, or to any appointment for office or place. Any person offending against the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State prison for a term of not less than three or more than five years. All contracts made in violation of this section shall be void.—*Ibid.*]

[§ 25. The section which occupied this place, in relation to the pay of Aldermen, has been repealed by Laws of 1864, *Chap.* 410.]

[§ 26. The provisions of the act entitled “An Act in relation to frauds in assessments for local improvements in the City of New York,” passed April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, are hereby extended and made applicable to the city of Brooklyn, and to the proceedings relative to any assessment or assessments for local improvements made or to be made therein.—*Ibid.*] [The following is a copy of the act referred to:]

§ 27. (1) If in the proceedings relative to any assessment or assessments for local improvements in the city of New York, or in the proceedings to collect the same, any fraud or irregularity shall be alleged to have been committed, the party aggrieved thereby may apply to a judge of the Supreme Court, in special term, or in “vacation,” who shall thereupon, upon due notice to the Counsel of the Corporation of the city in which the lands so assessed are situated, proceed forthwith to hear the proofs and allegations of the parties.

§ 28. (2) If, upon such hearing, it shall appear that alleged fraud or irregularity has been committed, the said assessments

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\* By Laws of 1865, *Chap.* 721, the Board of Contracts is abolished and the Common Council substituted in its stead. By Laws of 1869, *Chap.* 97, the control of cleaning the streets is vested in the Sewerage and Water Board.

shall be vacated, and the lien created thereby, or by any subsequent proceedings, shall cease.

§ 29. (3) On the production of the certificate of the judge before whom the proceedings shall be had, that a judgment vacating any assessment has been made by him, it shall be the duty of the officer having charge of the assessment lists to cancel thereon the assessment so vacated and all proceedings under the same.

§ 30. (4) Any person applying for relief under the provisions of this act, may embrace in all proceedings any or all assessments for local improvements in which he is interested.

§ 31. (5) Any lands which may be discharged from any lien for an assessment for any local improvement, may be again assessed, in the manner now provided by law, for such amount as would have been justly chargeable if fraud or irregularity had not been committed; but the amount so assessed shall be a lien on said lands until paid, and shall be collectable in the manner now provided by law for the collection of assessments, but all proceedings to make a new assessment shall be at the expense of the corporation of the city in which the lands may be situated.

§ 32. [The Alderman of each ward shall appoint so many lamplighters as may be designated for his ward.—1862, *Chap.* 63, *Sec.* 44.]

§ 33. [If any Alderman of the city of Brooklyn shall vote for the incurring of any floating debt against said city, or for creating any liability when there is no money in the treasury to pay the same, the office of such Alderman shall become vacant immediately upon his giving such vote; and the vacancy thus created shall be filled in the same manner as is now provided by law for the filling of vacancies that occur in the Common Council of said city.—1861, *Chap.* 328, *Sec.* 3.]

§ 34. [It shall not be lawful hereafter to lay, construct or operate any railroad in, upon or along any or either of the streets or avenues of the city of Brooklyn, wherever such railroad may commence or end, unless a majority of the owners of property upon the streets or avenues in or along which such railroad is to be constructed, shall first petition the Common Council of said city therefor, nor unless the said Common Council shall authorize the construction of such railroad, and the grant therefor shall have been awarded and given to the person who will agree, with adequate security, to carry passengers on such railroad at the lowest rate of fare. But no such grant shall be awarded until after public notice inviting proposals therefor,

at a specified time and place, shall have been published, under the direction of said Common Council, daily for six weeks in four of the public newspapers printed and published in the said city. This section shall not be deemed to affect the operation of, or apply to, "The Brooklyn City Railroad Company," "The Brooklyn Central and Jamaica Railroad Company," "The Broadway Railroad Company of the city of Brooklyn," "The Brooklyn City and Newtown Railroad Company," "The Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company," "The Grand Street Railroad Company," and "The South Side Railroad Company."—*Ibid*, Sec. 5.] Bushwick Railroad Company.—*Laws of 1867, Chap. 508.*

[(a) § 1. The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn is hereby authorized to establish and maintain in the city of Brooklyn one or more public baths, as they may deem necessary to make, and establish suitable rules and regulations for the management of the same; to appoint a keeper thereof, and to fix his salary.

[§ 2. For the purpose of raising the money needed to defray the expenses to be incurred, the total amount of which shall not exceed ten thousand dollars, the Mayor, Comptroller and City Clerk are hereby authorized to issue a certificate of indebtedness, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable on the first of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors are directed to include the amount of money necessary for the redemption of such certificate in the next annual tax levy.

[§ 3. There shall be levied upon the city at large and collected annually, a sum of money not exceeding ten thousand dollars in any one year, for the purpose of defraying the expenses to be incurred for the proper and efficient maintenance of such bath or baths, and to pay the salaries of the keeper or keepers thereof.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 270.*

[(b) § 1. It shall be lawful for the joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors of the city of Brooklyn, upon the recommendation of the Mayor of said city, in any year thereafter, to levy and raise the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid to the Brooklyn Art Association for the purpose of supporting and maintaining a free school of design in the city of Brooklyn.—*Laws of 1870, Chap. 602.*



## ADDENDA.

The Act Amendatory of the Charter (Chap. 561 of 1871) not having been received in time to place the various provisions under the several titles to which they pertain, the compiler is obliged to annex them below.

[Add to Board of Health, last Section.]

SECTION 1. The provisions of Chapter three hundred and eighty-one of the Laws of eighteen hundred and seventy shall not be construed to authorize, or to have authorized, any determination or order by the Board of Health, except when made by a majority of the members of said Board—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Payment for Bonds—Title X.]

§ 4. The Comptroller of the city of Brooklyn shall pay all expenses incurred, and to be incurred, in the issue and cancellation of bonds and certificates of indebtedness of said city, and charge the same to the different appropriations for which such expense may have been or is to be incurred, and the Auditor of the city of Brooklyn shall audit such bills of expense so incurred, upon the certificate of the Comptroller, and upon such expenses being so audited, a warrant upon the City Treasurer shall be drawn by the proper financial officers of the city for the payment thereof—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Corporation Newspapers—Miscellany, Title XI.]

§ 6. The Common Council of the city of Brooklyn shall designate such newspapers, published in said city, not to exceed three in number, having the largest actual average daily circulation therein, one of which be published in that portion of the city known as the "Eastern Fire Department District," in which shall be published all ordinances, resolutions, notices, tax or assessment sales, and all other proceedings, which by this act, or any other act, are or may be required to be published, affecting said city.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[St. Peter's Hospital.]

§ 10. There shall be raised by tax, annually, in the city of Brooklyn, as is provided by subdivision twenty-eight of section thirteen of Title two, of Chapter three hundred and eighty-four of the Laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-four, entitled "An Act to Consolidate the cities of Brooklyn and Williamsburgh and the town of Bushwick into one municipal government, and

to incorporate the same," in addition to the sums of money mentioned in said subdivision, a further sum of five thousand dollars towards defraying the expenses of St. Peter's Hospital in the city of Brooklyn.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Arrests for Violations of Ordinances, &c.]

§ 12. All violations of any ordinance of the city of Brooklyn, which consists of acts or things done by any person, and not of mere omission or neglect, may be proceeded against summarily before any police justice, or justice of the peace, in said city; such proceedings shall be commenced by warrant, upon proper proof, and shall be continued and conducted in the same manner as criminal proceedings are now conducted in cases triable before such justices, or either of them, as a Court of Special Sessions, but no party charged with such offence, shall have the right to waive an examination, or elect to go before any higher court or tribunal.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Penalties to be Inflicted.]

§ 13. Such justices shall have authority to fine the person offending as aforesaid, a sum equal to the penalty prescribed by the ordinances, and may sentence such person, in default of payment, to be confined in the County Jail a period not exceeding ten days, and not exceeding the penalty prescribed as aforesaid, and all laws relating to trials by Courts of Special Sessions in the city of Brooklyn, not inconsistent herewith, shall apply to such trials. In the proceedings hereby authorized, the offence shall be deemed to be sufficiently described by stating the ordinance, and the section thereof claimed to be violated.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Arrests—How Made.]

§ 14. The members of the police force of said city shall have power to arrest immediately without warrant, any person seen by them in the actual commission of any act punishable as aforesaid, and thereafter their duties in reference to such person, shall be governed by the laws relating to arrests heretofore authorized by law for offences committed in their presence.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*

[Service of Summons—Counsel to Have Costs.]

§ 21. In all suits for the violation of any ordinance of the city, prosecuted in the Justices or Police Courts thereof, the summons shall be deemed to be served in time, if served three days before the return day thereof, and in case the defendant be absent from his residence or place of business, the summons

may be served by leaving a copy of the same at either of such places, with a person of mature age in charge thereof; but no execution, except against property, shall be issued on any judgment in such suit, unless the summons was personally served on the defendant. The Counsel of the city shall be entitled to all legal costs by him collected of the adverse party in any ordinance, or other suit, in the justices or higher courts.—*Laws of 1871, Chap. 561.*



# EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

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MAYOR,

MARTIN KALBFLEISCH.

Residence—Bushwick Avenue, near Grand Street.

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CLERK,

ALBERT H. ANGEL.

Residence—272 Washington Street.

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MESSENGER,

PETER BRENNAN.

Residence—659 Grand Street.

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OFFICERS,

WILLIAM H. GUISCHARD,  
DANIEL B. APPLGATE.

Office, Rooms, 2 and 3, First Floor, City Hall.

HOURS FROM 9 A. M. TO 1. P. M.

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The Mayor is *ex-officio*, a Supervisor, member of the Board of Commissioners of Emigration, of the Prospect Park Commission, of the Commission for building a Quarantine Hospital on the West Bank, and Trustee of the City Hospital, of the Packer Institute, and of the Heany estate.

# Board of Aldermen.

*REGULAR MEETINGS EVERY MONDAY,*

Hours:—Meet at 3 o'clock—Adjourn at 6 o'clock, P. M.

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PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD,

JACOB I. BERGEN.

CLERK,

WILLIAM G. BISHOP.

MESSENGER,

ANDREW McDONALD.

KEEPER OF THE CITY HALL,

PATRICK TORMEY.

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## ALDERMEN:

1st Ward,	CHARLES MILLER.....	113 Willow street.
2d	" WILLIAM DWYER.....	87 Prospect street.
3d	" A. B. THORN.....	201 Montague street.
4th	" BURDETT STRYKER.....	260 Jay street.
5th	" JOHN M. CLANCY.....	121 Sands street.
6th	" JAMES DUNNE.....	Cor. Columbia and Atlantic streets.
7th	" DAVID S. STEWART.....	630 Myrtle avenue.
8th	" JAMES BOLAND.....	650 Sixth avenue.
9th	" JOHN MCGROARTY.....	836 Pacific street.
10th	" JACOB I. BERGEN.....	405 Sackett street.
11th	" LEMUEL BURROWS .....	162 Elliott Place.
12th	" MICHAEL COFFEY.....	Conover street, near Reid street.
13th	" HENRY HARMAN .....	132 Sixth street.
14th	" FRANCIS NOLAN... ..	308 Second street.
15th	" ANDREW CUNNINGHAM.....	95 Devoe street.
16th	" JOHN RABER.....	99 Montrose avenue.
17th	" CHARLES B. ELLIOTT.....	112 Oak street.
18th	" HENRY DAWSON, JR....	36 Madison st., near Bushwick ave.
19th	" JOSEPH P. WALTER.....	227 Rutledge street.
20th	" WALTER D. C. BOGGS.....	76 Clinton avenue.
21st	" FRANCOIS WEEKES.....	575 Gates avenue.
22d	" WILLIAM RICHARDSON.....	Cor. Fifth ave. and First street.

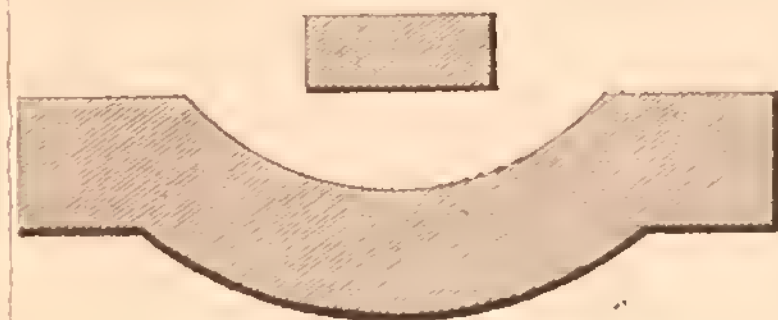
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# DIAGRAM OF THE Common Council Chamber, CITY OF BROOKLYN, 1871.

PRESIDENT,  
JACOB I. BERGEN.

Serjeant at Arms.



WILLIAM G. BISHOP, CLERK.

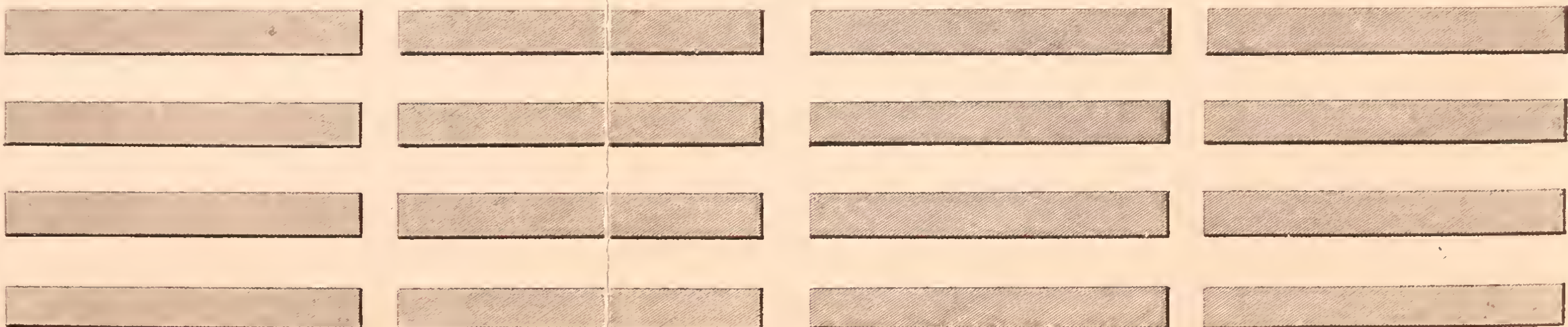
10 BERGEN  
9 MCGROARTY  
8 BOLAND  
7 STEWART

REPORTERS.

6 DUNNE  
5 CLANCY  
4 STRYKER  
3 THORN  
2 DWYER  
1 MILLER

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

22 RICHARDSON  
21 WEEKES  
20 BOGGS  
19 WALTER  
18 DAWSON JR  
17 ELLIOT  
16 RABER  
15 CUNNINGHAM  
14 NOLAN  
13 HARMAN  
12 COFFEY  
11 BURROWS





FAC SIMILIES  
of the  
Signatures  
of the  
MAYOR AND ALDERMEN  
1871.

*Wm. Kalkfleis*

Mayor.

*Charles Miller*

Alderman 1<sup>st</sup> Ward.

*J. B. Weyer*

Alderman 2<sup>d</sup> Ward

*A. B. Thom.*

Alderman 3<sup>d</sup> Ward.





Burdell Stryker

Alderman 4<sup>th</sup> Ward.

John M. Clancy

Alderman 5<sup>th</sup> Ward.

James Hume

Alderman 6<sup>th</sup> Ward.

David A. Stewart

Alderman 7<sup>th</sup> Ward.

James Boland

Alderman 8<sup>th</sup> Ward.

John McElroarty

Alderman 9<sup>th</sup> Ward.

Garb J. Jensen

Alderman 10<sup>th</sup> Ward.



Samuel Burrows

Alderman 11<sup>th</sup> Ward.

Nicholas Coffey

Alderman 12<sup>th</sup> Ward.

Henry Harmon

Alderman 13<sup>th</sup> Ward.

Francis Kalar.

Alderman 14<sup>th</sup> Ward.

Andrew Cunningham

Alderman 15<sup>th</sup> Ward.

John Rabey

Alderman 16<sup>th</sup> Ward.





*Chas A Elliott*

Alderman 17<sup>th</sup> Ward.

*Henry Rawson, Esq*

Alderman 18<sup>th</sup> Ward.

*J. J. Walker*

Alderman 19<sup>th</sup> Ward.

*Walter Lee. Briggs.*

Alderman 20<sup>th</sup> Ward.

*Francis Meekes*

Alderman 21<sup>st</sup> Ward.

*Wm Richardson*

Alderman 22<sup>nd</sup> Ward.





STANDING COMMITTEES  
OF THE  
**BOARD OF ALDERMEN,**  
*FOR 1871.*

---

On Laws, &c.

Aldermen BERGEN, WALTER, CUNNINGHAM, BURROWS and  
McGROARTY.

On Finance.

Aldermen CUNNINGHAM, THORN, BOGGS, RICHARDSON and  
MILLER.

On Opening Streets.

Aldermen BOLAND, RICHARDSON, RABER, WEEKES and  
DWYER.

On Grading and Paving.

Aldermen ELLIOTT, McGROARTY, THORN, CLANCY and COFFEY.

On Water and Drainage.

Aldermen MILLER, STEWART, HARMAN, STRYKER and NOLAN.

On Railroads.

Aldermen HARMAN, BURROWS, BOLAND, WALTER and BOGGS.

On Public Lands and Buildings.

Aldermen NOLAN, STRYKER, COFFEY, DUNNE and RABER.

On Supplies and Expenses.

Aldermen DUNNE, STEWART, RABER, WALTER and DWYER.

On Schools, Arts, Sciences, and Truant Home.

Aldermen McGROARTY, STRYKER, HARMAN, DAWSON and  
DWYER.

On Lamps and Gas.

Aldermen CLANCY, NOLAN, WEEKES, ELLIOTT and DUNNE.

On Ferry and Water Rights.

Aldermen DWYER, THORN, COFFEY, WEEKES and RABER.

On Printing.

Aldermen COFFEY, DAWSON, CUNNINGHAM, BURROWS and DWYER.

On Rules and Election Returns.

Aldermen MILLER, THORN, BOGGS, DAWSON and BOLAND.

On Salaries and Commissioners of Deeds.

Aldermen BOGGS, WEEKES, DUNNE, RICHARDSON and MILLER.

On Public Docks.

Aldermen NOLAN, STRYKER, BOLAND, WALTER and CLANCY.

On Government Property and Claims.

Aldermen RABER, DAWSON, CUNNINGHAM, STEWART and HARMAN.

On Public Health.

Aldermen MCGROARTY, STEWART, CLANCY, NOLAN, BURROWS, DUNNE and ELLIOTT.

**RULES AND ORDERS**  
OF THE  
**COMMON COUNCIL**  
*OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN.*

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*Adopted January, 1871.*

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**POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT.**

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**RULE 1.**

The President shall take the Chair, each meeting, at the hour to which the Board shall have adjourned. He shall call to order, and, except in the absence of a quorum, shall proceed to business in the manner prescribed in these rules.

**RULE II.**

He shall possess the power, and perform the duties herein prescribed, viz:

1st. He shall preserve order and decorum.

2d. He shall decide all questions of order, subject to appeal to the Board. On every appeal he shall have the right, in his place, to assign his reasons for his decision.

3d. He shall appoint all Committees, except where the Board shall otherwise order.

4th. He may substitute any member to perform the duties of the Chair for a period not exceeding two consecutive meetings.

5th. When the Board shall be ready to go into Committee of the Whole, he shall name a Chairman to preside therein.

6th. He shall refer every petition, remonstrance, or other paper presented to the Board, to the appropriate Committee indicated by its subject, except otherwise ordered.

7th. He shall alone have the right to invite to the floor of the House such persons as he shall deem deserving of the privilege.



### RULE III.

The regular meeting of the Board shall commence every Monday, at three o'clock, P. M. All meetings shall adjourn at six o'clock, P. M., or as soon thereafter as the business pending at that hour shall be disposed of.

#### ORDER OF BUSINESS.

### RULE IV.

The first business of each meeting shall be the reading of the Minutes of the preceding meeting, and the correction of any errors that may be found to exist therein. After which, except on days and at times set apart for the consideration of special orders, the order of business shall be as follows, viz. :

- 1st. Presentation of Petitions, Bills, and Communications for reference only.
- 2d. Messages or Communications from the Mayor may be received under any order of business.
- 3d. Communications from City Officers.
- 4th. Receiving and Opening of Proposals.
- 5th. Reports of Standing Committees in their order as enumerated in Rule XIV.
- 6th. Reports of Select Committees.
- 7th. Motions and Resolutions.
- 8th. Unfinished Business.

### RULE V.

When the foregoing order is interrupted by adjournment, the business at the next regular meeting, after the first order of business shall have been finished, shall be taken up at the interruption.

#### RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF MEMBERS.

### RULE VI.

Petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed to the Common Council, shall be presented to the President, or any member in his place.

### RULE VII.

Every member presenting a paper shall indorse the same, with a brief statement of its subject or contents, adding his

name; if a resolution, with his name; if a report of a Committee, the name of the Committee and member making the same. No bills shall be presented for reference unless properly indorsed with the authority under which, and the date at which, the same was incurred.

#### RULE VIII.

Every member who shall be within the bar of the House, when a question is stated from the Chair, shall vote thereon, unless he be excused by the Board, or unless he is directly interested in the question.

#### RULE IX.

Any member requesting to be excused from voting, may make, either immediately before or after the vote shall have been called, and before the result shall be announced, a brief and verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without debate. No debate shall be in order after the voting shall have commenced, but upon the call for absentees, any member who has not voted may briefly explain the reasons for his vote.

#### ORDER AND DECORUM.

#### RULE X.

No member rising to debate, make a motion or report, or to present a petition or paper, shall proceed, unless in his place; nor until he shall have addressed the President, and have been recognized by him. While a member is speaking no member shall entertain any private discourse, or disturb another in his speech in any manner whatever.

#### RULE XI.

While the President is putting a question, or the yeas and nays are being taken, no member shall speak, or leave his place, or walk across or out of the house; and when the Board adjourns, the members shall keep their seats and places until the President leaves the chair.

#### ORDER IN DEBATE.

#### RULE XII.

No member shall speak more than twice to the same general question without leave of the Board; nor more than once in any

case until every member desiring to speak on the question pending shall have spoken, nor longer than five minutes at a time, without leave of the Board.

### RULE XIII.

If any member, in speaking, transgresses the rules of the Board, the President shall, or any member may, call to order ; in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, and shall not rise, unless to explain, or proceed in order.

#### COMMITTEES AND THEIR DUTIES.

### RULE XIV.

Standing Committees, consisting of five members each, shall be appointed on the following subjects :

1. On Laws, etc.
2. On Finances.
3. On Opening Streets.
4. On Grading and Paving.
5. On Water and Drainage.
6. On Railroads.
7. On Public Lands, Buildings, etc.
8. On Supplies and Expenses of Departments.
9. On Schools, Arts, Sciences, and Truant Home.
10. On Lamps and Gas.
11. On Ferry and Water Rights.
12. On Printing.
13. On Rules and Election Returns.
14. On Government Property and Claims.
15. On Salaries and Commissioners of Deeds.
16. On Public Docks.
17. On Public Health.

### RULE XV.

The President may request the Chief of Police to detail an officer, who, with his aids, shall be at the service of the President in maintaining order and decorum in the lobby, and the Keeper of the City Hall shall act as Sergeant-at-Arms, in enforcing order, under the direction of the President, within the bar.



## RULE XVI.

The report of any officer or Committee shall not be acted upon, in cases where previous notice by service or publication is required by law, unless accompanied by proof of such service or publication.

## RULE XVII.

All Committees shall report in writing in all matters referred to them, a statement of facts, and their opinion in relation thereto, and a resolution or ordinance proposing the necessary action for the Board. The report itself shall not be subject to adoption or amendment. Every report shall state the time when the subject matter of such report was referred to the Committee by the Common Council. Every Committee shall report on all matters referred to them within one month after reference, and if the same shall not then be reported upon, the Committee shall be deemed to be discharged from the further consideration thereof, unless further time is extended by the Board, if, at the expiration of which time, the Committee shall report or be considered as discharged from the further consideration of the matter.

## MOTIONS, AND THEIR PRECEDENCE.

## RULE XVIII.

When a question shall be under consideration, no motion shall be received except as herein specified, which motion shall have precedence in the order stated :

- 1st—For the adjournment of the Board.
- 2d—For the previous question.
- 3d—To lay on the table.
- 4th—To postpone indefinitely.
- 5th—To postpone to a day certain.
- 6th—To commit to a Standing Committee.
- 7th—To commit to a Select Committee.
- 8th—To commit to the Committee of the Whole.
- 9th—To amend or substitute.

## RULE XIX.

The motion to adjourn and to lay on the table, shall be decided without amendment or debate. The several motions to postpone or commit shall preclude all debate of the main question,

## RULE XX.

Every motion shall be first stated by the President, or read by the Clerk, before debate, and immediately before putting the question; and every motion, except those specified in the XVIII. Rule, shall be reduced to writing, if the President, or any member desire it.

## RULE XXI.

After a motion shall be stated by the President, it shall be deemed in the possession of the Board, but may be withdrawn at any time, by consent of the Board, before it shall be decided or amended.

## RULE XXII.

When the different sums are moved in filling up blanks, the question shall be on the largest sum and longest time.

## RULE XXIII.

The motion to adjourn shall be always in order.

## RULE XXIV.

No motion for reconsideration of any vote shall be in order unless at the same meeting, or at the next meeting of the Board to that on which the decision proposed to be reconsidered took place, nor unless one of the majority shall move such reconsideration; but a reconsideration shall be in order at any time during those evenings. A motion for reconsideration being put and lost, shall not be renewed; nor shall any subject or vote be a second time reconsidered without unanimous consent. When more than a majority vote is required to pass a vote or resolution, the "majority" shall be considered, for the purpose of this rule, to be that side which prevailed in the vote.

## RULE XXV.

No vote shall be taken upon any proposition to increase the compensation of public officers or employees, without the same shall have first been referred to and reported upon by the Com-

mittee on Salaries, unless said Committee shall be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

#### OF THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

#### RULE XXVI.

The previous question shall be as follows: Shall the main question be now put? and if carried, shall preclude further debate; and the main question shall be on the amendments, in their reverse order, and then on the original resolution.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

#### RULE XXVII.

The Mayor and the President of the Board shall be *ex officio* members of all Committees, but it shall not be necessary for them to sign any report; and the majority of the members of any Committee, exclusive of the Mayor and President, shall be sufficient to pass any report or resolution in Committee

#### RULE XXVIII.

On all questions where the yeas and nays are required to be taken by the Charter, or where more than a majority vote is required to pass the same, they shall be taken by yeas and nays. In all other cases the yeas and nays shall be taken and entered upon the Minutes, when demanded by three members. When the yeas and nays shall not thus be demanded, any member shall be allowed, immediately after the decision of any question, to have his name recorded in the Minutes, in the affirmative or negative, as he may request.

#### RULE XXIX.

All motions or resolutions, having for their object the appropriation of public money, or creating a liability therefor, except from ward funds, shall lie over until the next meeting of the Board, before action, unless upon report of a Committee, or for salaries of elected or appointed officers.

#### RULE XXX.

These rules shall not be altered or amended, except at the meeting next succeeding that at which a resolution therefor shall have been submitted; but any rule may be suspended at and for a particular meeting by a two-thirds vote.



# Officers of Departments.

---

## *Comptroller,*

EVAN M. JOHNSON.

*Residence*—246 Jay Street.

*Deputy Comptroller*—WM. S. LEACH, 78 Lawrence Street.

*Book-keeper*—PETER GREEN, 283 East Baltic Street.

*Clerks*—ANDREW M. BLACK, THOS. E. UREEL, R. F. BUTT.

*Office*—Rooms Nos. 10 and 11, first floor, City Hall. Hours  
from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

---

## *Auditor,*

JAMES O'BRIEN.

*Residence*—Hicks and Degraw Streets.

*Deputy Auditor*—P. KEENAN, 122 Harrison Street.

*Clerk*—HENRY J. O'BRIEN.

*Office*—Room No. 12, first floor, City Hall. Hours, 9 A. M. to  
3 P. M.

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## *Treasurer,*

CORTLAND A. SPRAGUE.

*Residence*—108 Willow Street.

*Deputy to City Treasurer*—M. T. RODMAN, No. 375 Union Street.

*Office*—Brooklyn Trust Co., Court Street, opposite City Hall.  
Hours, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

*Street Commissioner,*  
**ROBERT FUREY.**

*Residence*—154 Prospect Street.

*Deputy Street Commissioner*—JAMES McCauley, 143 Smith Street.

*Clerks*—CHARLES B. WYLIE, JOHN C. CASHOW.

*Foreman of Repairs*—JOHN F. FARRELL.

*Inspector of Flagging, &c.*—WALTER LONG.

*Map Clerk*—EDWARD J. O. FLYNN.

*Clerk and Inspector of Lamps*—CORNELIUS COZINE.

*Office*—Room No. 6, first floor, City Hall. *Hours*, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

*Collector of Taxes and Assessments,*  
**ISAAC BADEAU.**

*Residence*—58 Sands Street.

*Assistant Collector*—A. W. H. GILL, 370 Pearl Street.

*Return Clerk*—JOHN BRADY.

*Book-keeper*—WILLIAM H. BUTLER.

*Redemption Clerk*—C. G. BADEAU.

*Sales Clerk*—M. ALLEN.

*Assistant Clerk*—P. McLAUGHLIN.

*Arrear Clerk*—GEORGE WALLIS.

*Assistant Arrear Clerk*—J. McDERMOTT.

*Notice Clerk*—M. BERGEN.

*Lease Clerk*—J. McCANN.

*Entry Clerk*—MATT. FLANNAGAN.

*Assistant Entry Clerk*—C. H. BROWN.

*General Clerks*—M. J. HANNAN.

JAS. MOORE.

WM. H. THOMPSON.

C. B. HAZLETON.

*Map Clerk*—S. HERMAN.

*General Clerk*—W. H. POWELL.

*Assessment Clerk*—J. W. P. CAWTHORNE.

*Assistant Assessment Clerk*—P. O'HALLORAN.

*Apportionment Clerk*—G. R. ROGERS.

*Advertising Clerk*—JOHN KEENAN.

*Abstract Clerk*—P. McMAHON.

*Index Clerk*—ROBERT McCHESNEY.

*Assessment Return Clerk*—ALBERT ADLER.

*Deputy Assessment Collectors*—GEO. ANDERSON.

N. V. ALLEN.

ED. BOYLE.

ED. MORAN.

H. VIDELL.

C. SHERMAN.

JAS. MCGARRY.

THOS. J. FOSKER.

JAMES CALLERAN.

MICHAEL SHIELDS.

JAMES McCAFFERY.

*Office*—Rooms Nos. 8 and 9, first floor, City Hall. Opens daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Hours for receiving taxes from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

*Attorney and Counsel,*

WILLIAM C. DEWITT.

*Residence*—Carlton Ave., near Greene.

*Assistant*—JESSE JOHNSON, 195 South Oxford Street.

*Clerks*—MAURICE FITZGERALD.

HENRY LOVEJOY.

ARCHIBALD MCKINNEY.

*Constables*—WILLIAM DOOLEY and JAMES KANE.

*Office*—Rooms Nos. 2 and 3, second floor, City Hall. Hours from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.



*City Clerk,*

WILLIAM G. BISHOP.

*Residence*—11 Hoyt Street, near Fulton Avenue.*Deputy City Clerk*—DENNIS McNAMARA, 85 Fleet Place.*License Clerk*—THOMAS ENNIS.*Clerks*—WM. GOODWIN.

JAMES WILLIAMSON.

P. J. COLLINS.

*Registrar of Arrears,*

SIDNEY V. LOWELL.

*Residence*—399 Union Street.*Deputy*—MATTHIAS W. COLE, 113 Nevins Street.*Board of Assessors,*

WM. A. FUREY, President, 285 Bridge Street.

D. H. ROCHE, Secretary, 41 Woodhull Street.

JOHN SHEARON.

H. E. RIPLEY.

MARTIN BREEN.

THOS. W. FIELD.

W. BRIEN.

JOS. SMITH.

*Clerks*—ROBT. B. JORDAN.

W. H. DELANY.

CHAS. W. CHESHIRE.

PHILLIP DOUGHERTY.

**OFFICERS****APPOINTED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL.**

(OTHER THAN ELSEWHERE MENTIONED.)

Keeper of City Hall.....PATRICK TORMEY.

Messenger to Common Council.....A. McDONALD.

Assistant Keeper of City Hall.....	WILLIAM MCGUIRE.
Engineer of City Hall.....	TIMOTHY WARD.
Inspector of Pavements, W. D.....	P. CLARE.
“ “ E. D.....	WILLIAM IRWIN.
Sealers of Weights and Measures, W. D.....	JAMES FAGIN and MICHAEL MALONE.
“ “ “ E. D.....	PETER CALLAN and FRANK DEBOLD.
Clerk of Market.....	PHILLIP DOHERTY.
Keeper of Docks, E. D.....	PATRICK CLARK.
Keeper of Water Closets.....	DANIEL MURPHY.
Poundmaster, 8th Ward.....	MARTIN MCCORMACK.
Keeper Hamilton Ave. Bridge.....	JOHN ANGLIM.
“ 9th street Bridge.....	SIMON WALSH.
“ 3rd street “ .....	JOHN VICTORY.
“ Carroll street “ .....	P CUNNINGHAM.
“ Union street “ .....	JOHN FARRELL.
Pound Master, 9th and 21st Wards.....	WILLIAM SAWYER.

## SALARIES OF CITY OFFICERS.

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Mayor.....	\$5,000
Mayor's Clerk.....	2,500
Messenger.....	1,200
Comptroller.....	3,000
Deputy Comptroller.....	2,500
Book-keeper.....	2,000
Chief Clerk.....	2,000
Clerks, two, each \$1,500.....	3,000
Collector of Taxes and Assessments.....	5,000
Assistant Collector.....	3,000
Return Clerk.....	2,000
Book-keeper.....	2,000
Redemption Clerk.....	1,800
Sales Clerk.....	2,000
Asst. Sales Clerk.....	1,500
Arrear Clerk.....	1,500
Asst. Arrear Clerk.....	1,500
Notice Clerk.....	1,500
Lease Clerk.....	1,200
Entry Clerk.....	1,500
Asst. Entry Clerk.....	1,200
General Clerk.....	1,500
General Clerk.....	1,400
General Clerks, two, each \$1,000.....	2,000
Map Clerk.....	1,500
General Clerk.....	1,200
Assessment Clerk.....	2,500
Asst. Assessment Clerk.....	1,500
Apportionment Clerk.....	1,200
Advertising        ".....	1,000
Abstract            ".....	1,000
Index                ".....	1,000



Assessment Return Clerk.....	1,000
Deputy Assessment Collectors, three, each \$1,200.....	3,600
“ “ eight, each \$1,000.....	8,000
Street Commissioner.....	5,000
Deputy Street Commissioner.....	2,500
Chief Clerk.....	2,000
Clerk.....	1,500
Foreman of Repairs.....	1,500
Inspector of Lamps.....	1,200
Map Clerk.....	1,000
Auditor.....	3,500
Deputy Auditor.....	3,000
Clerk.....	1,800
City Clerk.....	3,000
Deputy City Clerk.....	2,500
License Clerk.....	2,000
Clerks, three, each \$1,500.....	4,500
Treasurer.....	2,500
Deputy Treasurer.....	1,000
Corporation Counsel.....	6,000
Assistant Attorney.....	2,500
Clerks, three, one \$2,000, and \$1,000.....	3,000
Constables, two, each \$400.....	800
Corporation Papers, three, each \$16,666 66.....	50,000
Inspector of Contracts.....	1,500
Clerk of Markets.....	800
Messenger to Common Council.....	900
Keeper to City Hall.....	1,500
Assistant Keeper to City Hall.....	1,000
Keeper, Hamilton avenue Bridge.....	900
“ Ninth Street Bridge.....	900
“ Third Street Bridge.....	700
“ Carroll Street Bridge.....	750
“ Water Closets.....	600
Engineer City Hall.....	900
Aldermen, twenty-two, each \$1,000.....	22,000
Assessors, seven, each \$3,500.....	24,500
Secretary.....	3,000

Clerks, four, each \$1,500.....	6,000
Inspector of Pavements, W. D.....	1,200
“ “ E. D.....	1,000
Police Justice.....	4,500
Justice of the Peace, 1st District.....	4,500
“ “ 2d “.....	4,500
“ “ 3d “.....	4,500
“ “ 4th “.....	4,500
“ “ 5th “.....	4,500
“ “ 5th “.....	2,500
Clerk to Police Court.....	1,800
Clerks to Justices' Court, five, each \$1,800.....	9,000
Truant Home, Superintendent.....	1,200
Teacher.....	600
Assistant Teacher.....	360
Matron.....	300
Police Commissioners—D. D. Briggs, President..	5,000
I. Van Anden, Treasurer.....	3,000
Excise Commissioner, three, each \$2,500.....	7,500
Registrar of Arrears of Taxes.....	3,500
Deputy Registrar of Arrears of Taxes.....	2,000

# ELECTION RETURNS—1870.

## ALDERMEN.

### SECOND WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th—Total.
Dwyer.....	247	250	278	193 968
McLaughlin.....	93	118	89	181 431
Avler.....	21	46	47	48 162
				1,561

### FOURTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th—Total
Oakley.....	227	275	183	204	160 1,049
Stryker.....	202	278	198	169	224 1,066

### SIXTH WARD.

	Districts—1st	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total
Dunne.....	751	447	160	207	231	305	2,68 2,369
Christian.....	86	103	154	206	198	239	336 1,322
Connerton.....	—	15	15	158	85	105	166 542

### EIGHTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	3d,	3d—Total
Boland.....	164	386	292 732
Willard.....	63	65	272 400
Annot.....	187	172	288 597

### TENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th,	9th,	10th—Total.
Bergen.....	230	305	373	333	254	207	195	252	291	988 2,773
Wass.....	313	95	115	178	206	265	231	202	45	68 1,408
Golden.....	16	20	57	110	18	6	68	6	191	41 538

### TWELFTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Coffey.....	280	180	141	57	74	149 837
O'Reilly.....	47	18	19	74	197	848 696
Dowd.....	17	17	110	308	2	45 499
Cunningham.....	176	108	123	17	13	54 490
Schlichting.....	114	80	37	1	3	29 234

### FOURTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Nolan.....	547	313	229	221	279	887 1,926
Murphy.....	91	27	97	37	79	46 377
Smith.....	68	86	63	40	60	77 334
McLean.....	2	16	18	58	7	22 118

2,805



## SIXTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th—Total.
Raber.....	188	139	184	242	267	161	264	263
Geiser.....	260	248	227	104	281	208	186	108
								8,864

## EIGHTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,		2d—Total.
Dawson.....	329	488	817
Totans.....	289	247	536
			1,353

## TWENTIETH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Boggs.....	221	187	300	86	162	74	1,172
Giberson.....	262	188	189	72	180	60	1,066
Whiting.....	109	42	97	182	188	166	969
							<hr/> 3,197

## TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

	Districts—1st,		2d,	3d,	4th—Total.
Talmage.....	150	281	265	222	868
Richardson.....	251	218	268	208	930
Caldwell.....	—	2	32	6	40
					1,838

## SUPERVISORS.

## FIRST WARD.

	Districts—1st,		2d	Total.
Hutchins.....	173	898	571	
Fowler.....	384	127	461	
				1,032

## THIRD WARD.

	Districts—1st,		2d,	3d—Total.
Johnson.....	135	247	404	896
Titchell.....	165	88	105	853
Harrison.....	46	28	...	69
				1,808

## FIFTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th,	9th—Total.
Shevlin.....	323	462	283	161	254	115	175	248	2,298
Reed.....	24	8	65	95	86	95	147	186	645
									<u>2,988</u>

## SEVENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th,	9th—Total.
Slattery.....	282	128	75	102	123	808	880	122	1,653
Milne.....	215	188	276	261	87	220	110	168	1,726
									8,979

## NINTH WARD.

	Districts—1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th—Total.						
Newman.....	205	209	240	220	69	45	994
Eagan.....	113	143	120	140	94	44	654
Sidney.....	26	50	62	11	88	177	412
							2,060

## ELEVENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Howell.....	300	391	401	219	242	145	1,821
Elliott.....	281	157	135	237	187	192	1,437
							3,258

## THIRTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Coe.....	188	153	256	228	196	123	1,146
Smith.....	143	314	118	205	104	90	979
Van Valkenburgh.....	181	142	100	159	73	42	647
							2,772

## FIFTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Wilkeyson.....	54	172	169	183	178	149	855
Cummings.....	77	92	100	152	97	102	620
Hanner.....	106	229	116	107	60	58	676
Hooten.....	117	69	53	86	18	63	356
							2,507

## SEVENTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Devyr.....	216	147	122	83	118	288	1,001
McDiarmond.....	179	245	155	187	118	94	978
Broad.....	50	135	111	115	40	22	473
							2,459

## NINETEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th—Total.
Fairchild.....	304	354	179	1,014
Cross.....	220	254	242	888
McGinnis.....	5	5	13	28
				1,925

## TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Searing.....	190	314	301	260	261	1,590
Flynn.....	211	323	91	311	294	1,427
Linsoth.....	8	115	89	143	56	381
						3,398

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 CONSTABLES.
 

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## SECOND WARD.

	District—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th—Total.
Colgan.....	337	363	364	1,393
Burns.....	23	45	50	172
				1,565

## FOURTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th—Total.
Lant.....	196	254	187	174	1,036
Murray.....	231	293	189	203	1,073
					2,109

## SIXTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Maloney.....	620	72	74	239	175	98	1,441
Bennett.....	88	108	150	235	257	295	1,498
Lynch.....	181	390	102	129	80	283	1,318
							<u>4,257</u>

## EIGHTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d—Total.
Leonhardt.....	167	171	560
Fritschler.....	171	245	620
Kock.....	74	133	522
			<u>1,702</u>

## TENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th,	9th,	10th—Total.
Kelly.....	239	308	400	354	229	204	234	247	307	2,886
Maloney.....	295	105	139	199	214	250	235	196	218	1,916
										<u>4,802</u>

## TWELFTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Hughes.....	45	34	29	24	225	880
Boyd.....	128	64	75	18	5	305
Larney.....	34	34	91	228	28	502
Lannigan.....	11	10	68	156	7	306
Collins.....	217	125	115	28	18	563
Laughlin.....	168	58	52	7	4	308
						<u>2,721</u>

## FOURTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Boylan.....	466	292	164	191	229	1,643
Swift.....	64	20	17	48	30	220
Wallace.....	2	18	16	60	9	127
McGovern.....	166	101	198	52	151	783
						<u>2,778</u>

## SIXTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th,	8th—Total.
Gettings.....	188	142	185	242	259	158	270	1,683
Wulfling.....	254	243	222	158	285	206	166	1,663
								<u>3,346</u>

## EIGHTEENTH WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d—Total.
Whitford.....	440	329
Kuchner.....	179	402
		<u>581</u>
		<u>1,350</u>

## TWENTIETH WARD

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th,	7th—Total.
Smock.....	380	196	311	202	361	264	2,054
Debler.....	209	162	270	86	165	76	1,114
							<u>3,168</u>

## TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th,	5th,	6th—Total.
Sanders.....	186	303	310	284	252	1,634
Jones.....	216	369	91	330	309	1,497
Miller.....	—	26	18	48	22	181
						<u>3,262</u>

## TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

	Districts—1st,	2d,	3d,	4th—Total.
Brown.....	156	251	355	250
Devoy.....	238	189	162	177
				<u>756</u>
				<u>1,768</u>



## ELECTION DISTRICTS.

### BOUNDARIES AS FIXED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL.

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#### FIRST WARD.

First District—Bounded by Fulton, Hicks and Pineapple streets and the East River.

Second District—By Pierrepont, Hicks and Atlantic streets and the East River.

#### SECOND WARD.

First District—By Main and Fulton streets and the East River.

Second District—By Main, Sands and Adams streets and the East River.

Third District—By Adams, Sands and Jay streets and the East River.

Fourth District—By Jay, Sands and Bridge streets and the East River.

#### THIRD WARD.

First District—By Fulton, Hicks and Clark streets.

Second District—By Fulton, Boerum, Atlantic, Hicks and Joralemon streets.

Third District—By Fulton, Joralemon, Hicks and Clark streets.

#### FOURTH WARD.

First District—By Sands, Nassau, Fulton and Bridge streets.

Second District—By Nassau, Tillary, Adams and Bridge streets.

Third District—By Tillary street, Myrtle avenue, Adams and Bridge streets.

Fourth District—By Myrtle avenue, Fulton avenue, Adams, Fulton avenue and Bridge street.

Fifth District—By Nassau, Fulton, Willoughby and Adams streets.

## FIFTH WARD.

First District—By York street, Hudson avenue, East River and Navy Yard wall.

Second District—By Water and Bridge streets, East River and Hudson avenue.

Third District—By York, Bridge and Water streets, and Hudson avenue.

Fourth District—By Sands, Bridge and York streets, and Green lane.

Fifth District—By Navy and York streets, Green lane and Sands street.

Sixth District—By Concord, Bridge, Sands and Gold streets.

Seventh District—By Concord, Gold, Sands and Navy streets.

Eighth District—By Johnson, Bridge, Concord and Prince streets.

Ninth District—By Johnson, Prince, Concord and Navy streets.

## SIXTH WARD.

First District—By Court, Amity, Atlantic streets and the East River.

Second District—By Amity, Warren and Court streets and the East River.

Third District—By Warren street, East River, Harrison and Court streets.

Fourth District—By Harrison street, East River, Degraw and Court streets.

Fifth District—By Degraw street, East River, Union and Court streets.

Sixth District—By Union street, Hamilton avenue, Carroll and Court streets.

Seventh District—By Carroll, Hamilton avenue, Coles and Fourth Place and Court street

## SEVENTH WARD.

First District—By Flushing, Bedford, Willoughby and Kent avenues.

Second District—By Willoughby, Bedford, Lafayette and Clason avenues.

Third District—By Gates, Classon, Atlantic and Washington avenues.

Fourth District—By Classon, Gates, Bedford and Atlantic avenues.

Fifth District—By Willoughby, Classon, Lafayette and Washington avenues.

Sixth District—By Flushing avenue, Steuben street, Willoughby and Washington avenues.

Seventh District—By Flushing, Kent and Willoughby avenues and Steuben street.

Eighth District—By Gates, Classon, Lafayette and Bedford avenues

Ninth District—By Classon, Gates, Lafayette and Washington avenues.

#### EIGHTH WARD.

First District—Commencing on the northwest corner of Twenty-first street and Fifth avenue; thence along the northerly side of Twenty-first street to the northeast corner of Gowanus Bay and Twenty-first street; thence along the east side of Gowanus Bay to the southeast corner of Middle street and Gowanus Bay; thence along the southerly side of Middle street to the southwest corner of Fifth avenue and Middle street; thence southerly along the west side of Fifth avenue to the place of beginning.

Second District—Commencing on the northwest corner of Thirty-sixth street and city line; thence along the northerly side of Thirty-sixth street to the northeast corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-sixth street; thence along the east side of Fifth avenue to the southeast corner of Middle street and Fifth avenue; thence along the southerly side of Middle street to the southwest corner of city line and Middle street; thence southerly along the west side of city line to the place of beginning.

Third District—Commencing on the north-west corner of Twenty-eighth street and Fifth avenue; thence along the northerly side of Twenty-eighth street to the northeast corner of Gowanus Bay and Twenty-eighth street; thence



along the east side of Gowanus Bay to the southeast corner of Twenty-first street and Gowanus Bay; thence along the southerly side of Twenty-first street to the southwest corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-first street; thence southerly along the west side of Fifth avenue to the place of beginning.

Fourth District—Commencing on the northwest corner of Sixtieth street and city line; thence along the northerly side of Sixtieth street to the north east corner of Gowanus Bay and Sixtieth street; thence along the east side of Gowanus Bay to the southeast corner of Twenty-eighth street and Gowanus Bay; thence along the southerly side of Twenty-eighth street to the southeast corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-eighth street; thence southerly along the west side of Fifth avenue to the southwest corner of Thirty-sixth street and Fifth avenue; thence along the southerly side of Thirty-sixth street to the southwest corner of the city line and Thirty-sixth street; thence southerly along the west side of city line to the place of beginning.

#### NINTH WARD.

First District—By Atlantic and Underhill avenues, Dean street and Flatbush avenue.

Second District—By Dean street, Underhill and Flatbush avenues.

Third District—By Atlantic and Perry avenues, Bergen street and Underhill avenue.

Fourth District—By Bergen street, Perry, Flatbush and Underhill avenues.

Fifth District—By Atlantic avenue, City line and Perry avenue.

Sixth District—By Atlantic and Troy avenues to the City line.

#### TENTH WARD.

First District—By Fulton avenue, Atlantic, Boerum and Bond streets.

Second District—By Atlantic, Dean, Court and Hoyt streets.

Third District—By Dean, Warren, Court and Hoyt streets.

Fourth District—By Warren, Degraw, Court and Hoyt streets.

Fifth District—By Degraw street, Fourth Place, Court street, Smith street, Fifth street, Hoyt street and Court street.

Sixth District—By Fulton and Flatbush avenues, Atlantic street, Bond street and Fourth avenue.

Seventh District—By Atlantic, Warren, Hoyt and Nevins streets.

Eighth District—Commencing in the centre of Nevins street and Atlantic street, and thence along the southerly side of Atlantic street to Fourth avenue, and thence along the westerly side of Fourth avenue to Baltic street, and thence along the northerly side of Baltic street to Nevins street, thence along the easterly side of Nevins street to the place of beginning.

Ninth District—By Warren, Fifth, Hoyt, Nevins, Butler streets and the Gowanus Canal to Fifth street.

Tenth District—Commencing in the centre of Baltic street and thence along the westerly side of Fourth avenue to First street, thence along the northerly side of First street to Gowanus Canal, and thence along the easterly side of Gowanus Canal to Fifth street, and thence along the northerly side of Fifth street to Hoyt street, and thence along the easterly side of Hoyt street to Union street, and thence along the southerly side of Union street to Gowanus Canal, and thence along the easterly side of Gowanus Canal to the Basin, and thence along the southerly side of the Basin to Nevins street, thence along the easterly side of Nevins street to Baltic street, thence along the southerly side of Baltic to the place of beginning.

#### ELEVENTH WARD.

First District—Beginning at the junction of Bridge and Willoughby streets, thence along Bridge to Johnson street, thence along Johnson to Carll street, thence along Carll to Willoughby street, thence along Willoughby to Bridge street, at the place of beginning.

Second District—Beginning at the junction of Willoughby and Carll streets, thence along Carll street to Johnson street,

thence along Johnson street to Navy street, thence northerly along Navy street to Park avenue, thence along Park avenue to Raymond street, thence along Raymond street to Willoughby street, thence along Willoughby street to Carll street, at the place of beginning.

**Third District**—Beginning at the junction of Willoughby and Raymond streets, thence along Raymond street to Park avenue, thence along Park avenue to Navy street, thence along Navy street and the westerly line of the ward to the East River, thence along the East River and Wallabout bay to the easterly line of the ward, thence along the easterly line of the ward and Portland avenue, crossing Washington Park to De Kalb avenue, thence along De Kalb avenue to the westerly line of Washington Park, thence along the westerly line of Washington Park to Willoughby street, thence along Willoughby street to Raymond street, at the place of beginning.

**Fourth District**—Beginning at the junction of Bridge street and Fulton avenue, thence along Bridge street to Willoughby street, thence along Willoughby street to Hudson avenue, thence along Hudson avenue to Fulton avenue, thence along Fulton avenue to Bridge street, at the place of beginning.

**Fifth District**—Beginning at the junction of Hudson avenue and Willoughby street, thence along Hudson avenue to the junction of Fulton and Flatbush avenues, thence along Flatbush avenue to Lafayette avenue, thence along Lafayette avenue to Raymond street, thence along Raymond street, to Willoughby street, thence along Willoughby street to Hudson avenue, at the place of beginning.

**Sixth District**—Beginning at the junction of Willoughby and Raymond streets, thence along Willoughby street to Washington Park, thence along the westerly line of Washington Park and along Fort Green place to Atlantic avenue, thence along Atlantic and Flatbush avenue to Lafayette avenue, thence along Lafayette avenue to Raymond street, thence along Raymond street to Willoughby street, at the place of beginning.



**Seventh District**—Beginning at the junction of Atlantic avenue and Fort Green place, thence along Fort Green place to De Kalb avenue, thence along De Kalb avenue to Portland avenue, thence along Portland avenue to Atlantic avenue, thence along Atlantic avenue to Fort Green place, at the place of beginning.

#### TWELFTH WARD.

**First District**—By Dwight street, Erie Basin, Walcott street and the East River.

**Second District**—By William, Dwight and Walcott streets, and East River.

**Third District**—By William, Dwight and Columbia streets, Hamilton avenue and the East River.

**Fourth District**—By Hamilton avenue, Clinton street, Gowanus Bay, Erie Basin, Dwight and Columbia streets.

**Fifth District**—By Hamilton avenue, Mill street, Tenth street, First avenue, Gowanus Bay and Clinton street.

**Sixth District**—By Mill street, Tenth street, First avenue, Fifth street, Fourth Place, Coles street and Hamilton avenue.

#### THIRTEENTH WARD.

**First District**—By Grand, Fourth, South Third street, and the East River.

**Second District**—By Grand, Ninth, South Third and Fourth streets.

**Third District**—By South Third, Fourth and South Seventh streets and the East River.

**Fourth District**—By South Third, Ninth, South Sixth and Fourth streets.

**Fifth District**—By South Seventh and Fourth streets, 19th Ward line and East River.

**Sixth District**—By South Sixth and Ninth streets, the 19th Ward line and Fourth street.

#### FOURTEENTH WARD.

**First District**—By North Sixth, Third, North Fourteenth streets and the East River.

Second District—By North Sixth, Fourth, North Third, Fifth, North Fourteenth and Third streets.

Third District—By North Third street, East River, Grand street and Fourth street

Fourth District—By North Third, North Second, Ninth, Grand and Fourth streets.

Fifth District—By North Third street, East River, North Sixth and Fourth streets.

Sixth District—By North Second street, Union avenue and Fifth street

#### FIFTEENTH WARD.

First District—By South Second street, Union avenue, North Second and Ninth streets.

Second District—By Wyckoff, Leonard, North Second streets and Union avenue.

Third District—By Wyckoff street, Graham avenue, North Second and Leonard streets.

Fourth District—By Wyckoff street, Bushwick avenue, North Second street and Graham avenue.

Fifth District—By North Second, Leonard and Van Pelt streets and Union avenue.

Sixth District—By North Second, Smith, Richardson and Leonard streets.

#### SIXTEENTH WARD.

First District—By Ninth, South Sixth, Tenth streets, Broadway, Twelfth and South Second streets.

Second District—By Twelfth street, Broadway, Lorimer and Wyckoff streets.

Third District—By Lorimer, Meserole streets, Graham avenue and Wyckoff street.

Fourth District—By Lorimer, Boerum streets, Graham avenue and Meserole street.

Fifth District—By Lorimer street, Broadway, Graham avenue and Boerum street.

Sixth District—By Graham avenue, Montrose avenue, old Bushwick road and Wyckoff street.

Seventh District—By Graham avenue, Marshall street, old Bushwick road and Montrose avenue.

Eighth District—By Graham, Flushing, Bushwick avenues and Marshall street.

#### SEVENTEENTH WARD.

First District—By Newtown Creek, East River, Huron street and Union avenue.

Second District—By Huron street and Greenpoint avenue.

Third District—By Greenpoint avenue, Calyer and Vail streets and East River.

Fourth District—By Vail and Calyer streets, Norman avenue Pollock street and East River.

Fifth District—By Norman avenue, Pollock street, East River and dividing line between 17th and 14th and 15th Wards.

Sixth District—By Newtown Creek, Union avenue and Huron street.

#### EIGHTEENTH WARD.

First District—By Newtown Creek, Cypress Hills road, Bushwick and Meeker avenues.

Second District—By City line, Cemetery of Evergreens, Broadway and Flushing avenue.

#### NINETEENTH WARD.

First District—By and lying within Flushing and Lee avenues, Rutledge street and Broadway.

Second District—By and lying within Rutledge street, Wythe avenue, Division avenue (ward line) and Lee avenue.

Third District—By and lying within Wythe avenue, Division avenue (ward line), Wallabout Bay, Washington, Flushing Lee avenues and Rutledge street.

Fourth District—By and lying within Broadway, Division avenue (ward line), Lee avenue and Rutledge street.

#### TWENTIETH WARD.

First District—By Flushing, Carlton, Myrtle and Portland avenues.

Second District—By Flushing, Clermont, Myrtle and Carlton avenues.



Third District—By Flushing, Washington, DeKalb and Clermont avenues.

Fourth District—By DeKalb, Washington, Atlantic and Clermont avenues.

Fifth District—By Lafayette, Clermont, Atlantic avenues and Cumberland street.

Sixth District—By DeKalb avenue, Cumberland street and Atlantic and Portland avenues.

Seventh District—By Myrtle, Clermont and Lafayette avenues and Cumberland street.

Fourth District—By Sandford street, Flushing avenue, Broadway and Willoughby avenue.

Fifth District—By Willoughby avenue, Broadway, Halsey street, Yates, Gates and Tompkins avenues.

Sixth District—By Halsey street, Broadway, City line, Atlantic, Albany, Fulton and Yates avenues.

#### TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

First District—By Atlantic, Albany, Fulton, Yates, Gates and Bedford avenues, Clove place and Atlantic avenue.

Second District—By Bedford, Willoughby, Tompkins and Gates avenues.

Third District—By Bedford, Flushing avenues, Sandford street and Willoughby avenue.

#### TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

First District—All of the Ward lying north of Macomb street.

Second District—All of the Ward lying between Macomb and Thirteenth streets, east of Fourth avenue, including all of Prospect Park, north of a parallel line with Thirteenth street.

Third District—All of the Ward lying west of Fourth avenue.

Fourth District—All of the Ward lying between Thirteenth and Middle streets, east of the Fourth avenue, including all of Prospect Park in the Ward, south of a parallel line with Thirteenth street.

# LOCAL JUDICIARY.

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## POLICE AND JUSTICES' COURTS.

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### Police Court.

*Police Justice*—ANDREW WALSH.

*Residence*—289 Bridge Street.

*Clerk*--FRANCIS QUINN.

*Room*--Basement, City Hall.

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### First District Court.

*Justice*—JOHN DELMAR.

*Residence*—222 Ninth Street.

*Clerk*—P. J. WALSH.

*Room*--Butler, corner Court Street.

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### Second District Court.

*Justice*—JAMES BUCKLEY.

*Residence*—116 Hart Street.

*Clerk*—JAMES CAMPBELL.

*Room*—Basement, City Hall.

Third District Court.

*Justice*—THOMAS M. RILEY.

*Residence*—128 Ryerson Street.

*Clerk*—PATRICK CROOK.

*Room*—Myrtle Ave., near Adelphi St.

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Fourth District Court.

*Justice*—ZACHARIAH VOORHIES.

*Residence*—Division Ave., near Bedford Ave.

*Clerk*—JAMES McCaffray.

*Room*—Fifth, corner South 1st St

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Fifth District Court.

*Justice*—THOMAS EAMES.

*Residence*—540 Grand Street.

*Clerk*—PATRICK ENNIS.

*Room*—Grand, corner Ewen Street.

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Sixth District Court.

*Justice*—JOHN LYNCH.

*Residence*—Broadway.

*Clerk*—JOHN DAILEY.

*Room*—Fulton Avenue, New Brooklyn.



## CONSTABLES.

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First Ward.....	JOHN MALLEY
Second Ward.....	GEORGE COLGAN
Third Ward.....	CHRISTIAN VEITH
Fourth Ward.....	CHARLES A. MURRAY
Fifth Ward.....	WILLIAM DOOLEY
Sixth Ward.....	EDWIN BENNETT
Seventh Ward.....	JOHN JOHNSON
Eighth Ward.....	GEORGE E. FRITSCHLER
Ninth Ward.....	JAMES KANE
Tenth Ward.....	MARTIN KELLY
Eleventh Ward.....	FRANK COX
Twelfth Ward.....	JOHN HUGHES
Thirteenth Ward.....	JAMES S. SLAVIN
Fourteenth Ward.....	OWEN BOYLAN
Fifteenth Ward.....	HENRY BELL
Sixteenth Ward.....	ALDOPH H. GETTING
Seventeenth Ward.....	JACOB THOMAS
Eighteenth Ward.....	JOHN WHITFORD
Nineteenth Ward.....	CHRISTIAN HOLDERLINE
Twentieth Ward.....	GEORGE W. SMOCK
Twenty-first Ward.....	EDWARD W. STANDISH
Twenty-second Ward.....	GARRET BROWER

## COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

---

Abbott, Sam. S.  
Ackerly, W. B.  
Angell, A. H.  
Aldridge, V.  
Atwater, C. R.  
Annis, John F.  
Allen, N. V.  
Abbott, Nathan B.

Burrill, Jos. H.  
Benedict, Henderson  
Bepie, Adolphis  
Burke, F. W.  
Bowden, Samuel  
Beal, George W.  
Barr, Alexander  
Blumerman, L  
Barker, William H.  
Belknap, Rufus R.  
Barnett, David  
Burke, Richard  
Birdsall, Henry D.  
Brower, George V.  
Burns, Euclid  
Bloome, E. W.  
Bradley, Daniel  
Brown, J. D.  
Breckles, C. F.  
Beers, N. F., Jr.  
Brimley, James L.  
Baylis, Smith C.  
Baldwin, G. R.

Andrews, Benjamin  
Ammenworth, Joseph  
Abram, James F.  
Andrews, John  
Anderson, H. S.  
Allen, Charles V.  
Ansley, Fred.  
Ayers, George L.

Botsford, John E.  
Barnard, Daniel P.  
Benson, E. M.  
Brower, Garrit.  
Bert, Peter A.  
Baker, Frederick  
Barker, Charles S.  
Bell, Henry  
Banks, Benjamin  
Barnard, George G.  
Bywater, James W.  
Brower, G. W.  
Barre, William  
Bennett, James W.  
Brainard, R. C.  
Billingham, John  
Barrett, A.  
Black, A.  
Boylan, O. S.  
Brower, James C.  
Baldwin, Ezra  
Bellows, Henry S.  
Barnes, Samuel C.

Bennets, H., Jr.  
 Bisbee, J. F.  
 Barre, Walter, Jr.  
 Burs, F. B.  
 Busby, Joseph  
 Bergen, Leonard M.  
 Bennett, George C.  
 Betts, John A.  
 Blainey, Edward

Cornwell, John M.  
 Cooper, Charles W.  
 Clark, Isaac  
 Condit, Charles  
 Cole, G. J.  
 Cobb, Frederick  
 Crowell, S. W.  
 Carr, Henry S.  
 Carr, Joseph  
 Cheshire, Elisha H.  
 Chigwonie, N. P.  
 Cowell, B. H.  
 Cullen, Edgar M.  
 Crook, Patrick  
 Campbell, W. H., Jr.  
 Corboy, James  
 Colahan, Stephen J.  
 Corcoran, Thomas  
 Clarke, Lathan H.  
 Conselyea, William  
 Campbell, Alexander  
 Cotter, Oliver  
 Campbell, Michael  
 Cozine, Charles M.  
 Cammeyer, George W.  
 Courtney, James  
 Cammeyer, E. M.  
 Coffin, W. J.

Brady, Charles C.  
 Blair, William  
 Biggs, Francis A.  
 Bassett, Arthur  
 Bergen, Cornelius F.  
 Bock, John H.  
 Banks, John C.  
 Bergen, M. H.

Clayton, John H.  
 Courtney, John  
 Coit, William  
 Capers, John E.  
 Curtis, Thomas F.  
 Cornwell, A. D.  
 Colgan, George  
 Clute, F. J.  
 Callahan, P.  
 Carroll, John D.  
 Cornell, J. E.  
 Capidg, John  
 Cadley, Henry F.  
 Clark, Samuel D.  
 Crummey, E. B.  
 Cooper, A.  
 Campbell, John J.  
 Corr, John  
 Carson, Joseph  
 Clark, Stephen  
 Cadley, Edward B.  
 Comstock, Harris  
 Cadmus, William H.  
 Crowell, A. S.  
 Cawthorne, James P. W.  
 Cronk, William H.  
 Cassidy, John



Day, Joseph J., Jr.  
 Davenport, J. B.  
 De Vigne, William  
 Dainty, W. J.  
 Day, Washington  
 Davenport, A. B.  
 Daly, Edward  
 Dooley, William  
 Davie, Frederick A.  
 Davenport, William B.  
 Dutton, George R.  
 Downing, William A.  
 Doyle, M. E.  
 Dolmage, J. H.  
 Davis, N. H.  
 Doherty, Charles  
 Diercks, John H.  
 Duncomb, A. S.  
 Donevan, Daniel

Eckert, Albert  
 Edwards, William  
 Eckert, Henry  
 Edgar, Frederick E.  
 Elliott, John H.  
 Evans, M.  
 Evans, William H.

Finnegan, M. E.  
 Fox, Frederick A.  
 Foster, E. D.  
 Fox, John H.  
 Fairman, James B.  
 Fisher, James A.  
 Fanning, Michael  
 Frost, Charles E.  
 Farrell, John H.  
 Fagan, Charles

Dowden, Michael  
 Dean, James W.  
 Degenkolb, Bernhard  
 Davis, Edward G.  
 Duffey, Hugh  
 Dixon, John J.  
 Daly, John  
 Duffy, J. A.  
 Douglas, Thomas  
 Dikeman, C.  
 Dempe, William F.  
 Delaney, John  
 Delany, Jos. H.  
 Day, Edward P.  
 Dikeman, Louis H.  
 Davies, John  
 Dickerson, J. R.  
 Demill, R.  
 Dunsback, A.

Everitt, George W. A.  
 Eiseman, Peter  
 Elsworth, William  
 Eadie, James C.  
 Egolf, Edward  
 Evarts, James W.

Faron, L. B.  
 Faurot, Oliver  
 Fox, George L.  
 Fowler, Levi  
 Fawn, John F.  
 Ford, Gordon L.  
 Fitzgerald, M.  
 Fisher, George H.  
 Farrell, Thomas J.  
 Farrell, John F.

Fielding, James J.  
 Felt, Chauncey M.  
 Fisher, John H.  
 Float, Charles F.

Gardner, E. F.  
 Getting, Adolph H.  
 Goldsmith, Abm.  
 Green, Theo. E.  
 Greuth, H. J.  
 Glover, Frederick T.  
 Goudge, James  
 Goldman, George F.  
 Grim, C. L.  
 Gale, A. H.  
 Gunn, Thomas  
 Gardner, W. H.  
 Gribben, David  
 Granger, G. M.

Harriman, D. G.  
 Hobart, Charles H.  
 Hallheimer, Max  
 Hickey, Patrick  
 Hodderline, Christian  
 Hennessey, John H.  
 Hutchins, Edgar A.  
 Hannam, Owen  
 Hughes, John  
 Hester, W.  
 Horton, J. O.  
 Herman, Alfred J.  
 Heath, Joseph G.  
 Hawkins, Elisha D.  
 Herr, Rudolph  
 Hanford, Solomon H.  
 Hall, John  
 Herbert, Thomas R.

Flavin, E. H.  
 Furman, Matthew H.  
 Furey, William A.

Geckler, Henry  
 Gillen, Daniel J.  
 Guck, H. L.  
 Grady, James J.  
 Gaines, Samuel C.  
 Garrison, Samuel  
 Greenwood, J. M.  
 Gunninger, W. G.  
 Greene, William H.  
 Green, W.  
 Granniss, George H.  
 Gunther, Joseph  
 Gambert, Alonzo

Hardy, R. K.  
 Havens, J. F.  
 Horgan, P. K.  
 Harding, G. S.  
 Hayward, Parker  
 Hollis, W. H.  
 Hornwill, William E.  
 Hermin, John D.  
 Hess, John  
 Hannigan, James  
 Hoff, John F.  
 Hubbell, William L.  
 Hughes, O. L.  
 Hudson, John P.  
 Hatch, E. L.  
 Hamilton, John F.  
 Hunt, L.  
 Haurand, John C.

Hadley, A., Jr.  
Hull, James F.

Ingraham, H. C. M.

Jack, C. J.  
Jackson, Theo. F.  
Jones, Orville O.  
Jenkins, F. L.  
Johnson, John  
Jarvis Willetts  
Jewitt, Henry L.

Kleinlein, John P.  
Kelsey, J. S., Jr.  
Kirby, David L.  
Kellogg, J.  
Kiernan, Joseph  
Keenan, Patrick  
Kimball, Francis A.  
Kollmyer, E. A.  
Kilgour, George C.  
Kenyon, Charles  
Kemble, John H.  
Kraiger, Alexander H.

Leech, Charles  
Lynch, W. R.  
Lovejoy, Lorenzo  
Lindsay, R. A.  
Lynch, David F.  
Lamsdill, Henry S.  
Lynch, William  
Lowell, Sidney V.  
Lockwood, James  
Lambert, John F.  
Leitch, Oliver B.  
Larwill, Jeremiah  
Leech, R. R.  
Lawrence, W. W.

Howe, Cranston

Ingraham, William M.

Jones, Daniel F.  
Jenks, F.  
Jacobs, S. B.  
Johnson, J. H.  
Johnson, James  
Jaggard, John  
Johnson, Jesse

Kelly, Martin  
Kleinlein, John  
Kelly, Thomas A.  
Knaebel, George W.  
Keese, William Linn  
Kenna, Thomas J.  
Karcher, Frederick J.  
Kuhn, John R.  
Kenyon, Whitman W.  
Keenan, John E.  
Kalbfleisch, F. W.  
Kinney, Robert B.

Lindsay, A. B.  
Lamb, A. E.  
Lockwood, John H.  
Lewis, Benjamin  
Legendergen, Peter J.  
Lane, William T.  
Lush, Thomas R.  
Lohmin, August  
Lowrey, Charles  
Loomis, Charles B.  
Lant, Jeremiah  
Lowe, John  
Lovejoy, Henry  
Lambert, H. G.



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|------------------------|------------------------|
| Mercein, William A.    | Morris, F. W.          |
| Meeker, D. E.          | Meeker, Henry N.       |
| Mershon, William W.    | Marcellus, J. L.       |
| Montgomery, Charles S. | Masterson, Francis     |
| Mackey, William        | Mackey, James H.       |
| Meeker, S. M.          | Mercein, A.            |
| Moorehouse, B. T.      | Mercein, Thomas R.     |
| Maynard, Theodore      | Morrell, James R.      |
| Moore, Henry A.        | Miller, Samuel         |
| Mally, John            | Murray, Charles A.     |
| Murtha, W. H.          | Merchant, Robert       |
| Morgan, William        | Mott, E. S.            |
| Mackay, J. S.          | Merkle, George, Jr.    |
| Midgely, Benjamin S.   | Mark, Richard          |
| Myers, George W.       | Martin, Ephraim, Jr.   |
| Mallison, Francis A.   | Manning, William,      |
| Mudge, Alfred E.       | Millard, A. O          |
| Mitchell, H. W.        | Mills, William T,      |
| Manning, John J.       | Moore, James,          |
| Mahland, Henry W.      | Maben, J. A.           |
| Murray, John H         | McKean, H. M.          |
| McCann, John           | McCann, Joseph         |
| McDougal, Isaac        | Mac Donald, Daniel     |
| McCormick, Francis     | McDermott, John        |
| McIntyre, John         | McLaughlin, Patrick    |
| McDonald, Andrew       | McCaffrey, James       |
| McDonough, James H.    | McNamara, James M.     |
| McIdliff, Edward       | McLaughlin, Charles A. |
| McCormick, Thomas      | McCarty, Thomas        |
| McIlvain, James F.     | McDonald, James        |
| McMahan, Patrick H.    |                        |
| Nesbitt, William J.    | Nostrand, John L.      |
| Nolan, P.              | Nordon, Isidor         |
| Newman, John W.        | Noyes, Randall S.      |
| Naughton, J. W.        | Nicholls, Thomas W.    |
| O'Reilley, E. F.       | Ostrander, Stephen W.  |
| Olltmans, H.           | Oberman, John          |

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|---------------------------|------------------------|
| O'Reilly, N. E.           | Osborn, A. H.          |
| O'Brien, Keran            | Obernier, F. W.        |
| O'Keeffe, D.              | O'Brien, A. S.         |
| Onderdonk, Andrew J.      | Owen, John             |
| O'Brien, N. P.            | O'Conner, Timothy      |
| Ostrander Alexander       |                        |
| Petry, Mathias J.         | Peterson, Robert       |
| Pettitt, George H.        | Perry, J. E.           |
| Pratt, James H.           | Pearson, William W.    |
| Pelletreau, Chas. H., Jr. | Palmer, Justus         |
| Patterson, Oliver C.      | Palmer, Charles H.     |
| Peterson, Lewis W.        | Perry, M.              |
| Pray, John D.             | Perry, Timothy         |
| Poole, William            | Pettit, Skidmore       |
| Pinckney, J. H. Hobart    | Potter, Robert         |
| Provoost, Peter C.        | Pelletreau, Charles H. |
| Palmer, Josiah            | Parry, Alfred          |
| Phillips, Daniel B.       | Parmaler, Samuel V.    |
| Phillips, Charles R.      | Peed, Charles R.       |
| Perry, James A.           | Pinckney, Thomas C.    |
| Quitzon, Charles A.       | Quinn, Francis         |
| Quinty, Daniel S., Jr.    |                        |
| Roesch, John              | Rozell, Henry W.       |
| Rogers, James             | Rolfe, John P.         |
| Reynolds, George G.       | Richards, A. W.        |
| Rowland, S. L.            | Riley, Bartholomew     |
| Rice, Dande               | Randolph, William L.   |
| Rosengarden, J.           | Richardson, W. S. J.   |
| Rems, John                | Rogers, William H.     |
| Rudyard, C. W.            | Rowley, A. Stewart     |
| Richardson, William J.    | Roche, Dominick H.     |
| Stearns, John M.          | Spencer, Andrew J.     |
| Sheeler, G. W.            | Sweeney, J. W.         |
| Scott, Robert L.          | Smith, W. B.           |

Simonson, J. A. S.  
 Sidell, A. H.  
 Schurig, Charles  
 Snedeker, John D.  
 Solomon, Levi  
 Searing, O. Y.  
 Saal, John A.  
 Snediker, Aug.  
 Slavin, James S.  
 Semler, L.  
 Sparks, C. A.  
 Schmitt, Charles T.  
 Savage, William  
 Straub, Peter  
 Smithson, Edward H.  
 Sandmeyer, Jacques  
 Smith, C. O.  
 Spaulding, Charles J.  
 Scully, Joseph V.  
 Smock, George W.  
 Streib, John  
 Stoutesburg, George B.  
 Smith, R. J.  
 Straub, Peter  
 Searing, Edward W.

Tanner, M. E.  
 Treadwell, W. C.  
 Taylor, Thomas J.  
 Tusch, Edward  
 Tyler, George K.  
 Trelow, Joseph  
 Treadwell, Daniel W.  
 Totans, Peter  
 Thompson, George  
 Talier, F. W.  
 Thompson W. H.  
 Tate, W. J.

Smith, J. A.  
 Stryker, Francis B.  
 Smith, John A.  
 Stearns, Oscar H.  
 Sparran, James Jr.  
 Sackett, Joseph T.  
 Standish, Edward W.  
 Smith, J. J.  
 Stearns, J. Milton, Jr.  
 Schaedle, Theodore  
 Swift, Garritt  
 Sullivan, William  
 Smith, D. K.  
 Suydam, William  
 Stone, Aaron  
 Stoops, J. Walter  
 Semlear, James  
 Stone, George R.  
 Stark, Edward J.  
 Smith Daniel  
 Storey, J. Henry  
 Slain, William  
 Simonces, Samuel E.  
 Smith, John

Thornton, W. Charles B.  
 Tripler, Edgar  
 Troy, John P.  
 Travis, Daniel K.  
 Teale, John P.  
 Treadwell, Daniel B.  
 Thompson, Charles H.  
 Tilton, P. M.  
 Teare, John  
 Teese, David, Jr.  
 Thomas, C. W.  
 Tully, James



Tighe, James G.  
Tully, James

Trowbridge, Charles S.  
Tully, Patrick J.

Underhill, Richard C.

Voorhees, J.  
Valentine, D. H.  
Voorhees, Z.  
Vidol, H. O.  
Vanwart, D.  
Voth, C. W.  
Valentine, Benjamin E.  
Vandewater, Gilbert M.

Voorhees, Judah B.  
Veritzan, Richard H.  
Veller, Max  
Vansteenbergh, C.  
Van Wagner, Henry W.  
Volkmer, H. E.  
Veeder, William D.

Wust, A. G.  
Walfins, Augustus  
Welwood, Thomas A.  
Wildes, M. S.  
Whitlock Edgar  
Walsh, John A.  
Weeks, James H.  
Waring, William H.  
Wallace, Michael  
Wood, Francis  
Wagner Charles C.  
Ward, Jonathan  
White, Henry B.  
Wyckoff, Van Brunt.  
Weekes, Francis, Jr.  
Williamson, James J.  
Wilson, Adolph  
Whiting, W. S.  
Waddy, P. A.  
Wells, Daniel M.  
Wilson, George

Winters, Joseph H.  
Walter, Joseph P.  
Winchester, E. H.  
Wild, Mark  
Whiting, W. H.  
Waring, Charles M.  
Walsh, P. J.  
Wallis George  
Woolley, Walker T.  
Whittemore, R. J.  
Walters, Isaac S.  
Wood, E. P.  
Wyckoff, Silas P.  
Weekes, Francis  
Walter, Ernest, A.  
Walter, Charles  
Wood, James F.  
Worthman, B. G.  
Waterhouse, Samuel T.  
Wendell, J. B.  
Wilkersone, H. W.

Yorkes, Thomas H.  
Yerks, A. H.

York, B. J.

Zimmer, Jacob.

## BROOKLYN FIRE DEPARTMENT.

ORGANIZED BY ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE, MAY 22<sup>d</sup>, 1869.

### OFFICERS.

F. S. MASSEY, *President.*

HUGH McLAUGHLIN, *Secretary.*

WILLIAM A. BROWN, *Commissioner.*

ANTHONY F. CAMPBELL, “

C. A. SPARKS, *Secretary.*

W. F. SWALM, *Surgeon.*

ARTHUR QUINN, *Superintendent of Horses.*

JAMES LYNCH, *Superintendent of Repair Yard.*

JOHN MCGRONEN, *Superintendent of Harness.*

THOMAS HEFFERN, *Messenger.*

The Force consists of a Chief and Assistant Engineer, six District Engineers, thirteen Engine Companies and six Hook and Ladder Companies, each having, with Officers and Privates, nine men, as follows :

THOS. F. NEVINS, *Chief Engineer.*

JOHN W. SMITH, *Assistant Engineer.*

JOHN J. READ, *District Engineer.*

C. B. FARLEY, “

JAMES SHEVLIN, “

JAMES GAFFNEY, “

WM. MINARD, “

## LOCATION OF APPARATUS, &amp;c.

**ENGINE No. 1.**

GILFILLAN BURNS, Foreman.

Location 4th Avenue, near 19th street.  

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**ENGINE No. 2.**

JAMES DOYLE, Foreman.

Location Van Brunt street, near Hamilton avenue.  

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**ENGINE No. 3.**

SAMUEL DUFF, Foreman.

Location Hicks near Sackett street.  

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**ENGINE No. 4.**

DANIEL J. GARRITY, Foreman.

Location Degraw street, near Court.  

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**ENGINE No. 5.**

JAMES DALE, Foreman.

Location Pierrepont street, near Fulton.  

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**ENGINE No. 6.**

PATRICK LAHEY, Foreman.

Location High street, near Fulton.  

---

**ENGINE No. 7.**

WILLIAM HAGAN, Foreman.

Location Pearl street, near Tillary.  

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**ENGINE No. 8.**

JAMES WALSH, Foreman.

Location Front street, near Bridge.



**ENGINE No. 9.**

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Foreman.

Location Graham street, near Myrtle avenue.

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**ENGINE No. 10.**

WILLIAM HARRIS, Foreman.

Location Carlton avenue, near Myrtle.

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**ENGINE No. 11.**

GEO. A. FROST, Foreman.

Location Clymer street, near Bedford avenue.

---

**ENGINE No. 12.**

MICHAEL KELLY, Foreman.

Location Second street, between North 8th and North 9th streets.

---

**ENGINE No. 13.**

HENRY M. KIEGLER, Foreman.

Location Powers street, near Ewen.

---

**HOOK & LADDER No. 1.**

TIMOTHY NOLAN, Foreman.

Location Nineteenth street, near 4th avenue.

---

**HOOK & LADDER No. 2.**

JOHN S. DOOLEY, Foreman.

Location Bedford avenue, near Myrtle.

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**HOOK & LADDER No. 3.**

SAMUEL G. HUESTIS, Foreman.

Location Gold street, near Concord.

**HOOK & LADDER No. 4.**

TIMOTHY F. FOLEY, Foreman.

Location South 3rd, near 5th street.

**HOOK & LADDER No. 5.**

JOSEPH BRENNAN, Foreman.

Location Ewen street, corner Wyckoff.

**HOOK & LADDER No. 6.**

ENOCH S. KEPPEL, Foreman.

Location Greenpoint avenue, near Union.

**PAY OF MEMBERS.**

Firemen.....	\$1,000
Engineers.....	1,000
Drivers.....	900
Stokers.....	800
Privates.....	800

**PAY OF OFFICERS.**

Chief Engineer.....	\$3,000
Assistant Engineer.....	2,000
District Engineer.....	1,500

**HEAD-QUARTERS.**

Jay street, near Willoughby.

*Repair Yard.*—Corner Hampden street and Myrtle avenue.*Harness Shop.*—Canton street, near Bolivar.

The Board meets every Tuesday and Thursday, at 11 o'clock  
P. M.

Bills paid on the Thursday and Friday following the first  
Tuesday in each month.

## Officers of Police Department.

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Head-Quarters, S. W. corner Court and Livingston Streets.

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### COMMISSIONERS.

DANIEL D. BRIGGS, *President*.....56 Tompkins place  
ISAAC VAN ANDEN, *Treasurer*.....218 Columbia, Heights  
MARTIN KALBFLEISCH, Mayor of the City, *ex officio*..  
Bashwick avenue, near Grand street

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THOMAS T. DE WITT, *Chief Clerk*.....333 Degraw street  
BENJ. S. MIDGLEY, *Deputy*     "     .....397 Sackett     "  
HORACE HOLT, *Property*     "     .....110 Madison     "  
WM. M. VAN ANDEN, *Treasurer's Bookkeeper*..116 Columbia     "

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### CHIEF OF POLICE.

PATRICK CAMPBELL.....50 Herkimer street  
FRED. D. JENKINS, *Clerk to Chief of Police*...65 Hamilton street

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### SUPERINTENDENT OF TELEGRAPH

GEORGE H. FLANLEY.....Court and Livingston street  
TELEGRAPH OPERATORS,

CHARLES S. FROST.....64 Orange street  
JOHN VAN SAUN.....86 Second     "  
THOMAS WILLIAMS.....33 Willow place  
DAVID MCCONNELL, *Lineman*.....132 Pierrepont street.

### DETECTIVE SQUAD.

HENRY W. VAN WAGNER, *Sergeant*...Fifth ave. and Degraw st.



## DETECTIVES.

DAVID N. CORWIN.....405 Dean street  
 CHARLES H. VIDETO.....97 Clermont avenue  
 WM. H. FOLK.....176 Skillman street  
 ROBERT WILLIS.....100 Court “  
 CORNELIUS V. FINEHOUT.....377 Kent avenue  
 PATRICK L. QUINN.....679 Bedford “  
 MICHAEL POWERS.....646 Atlantic street  
 EDWARD RIGGS.....Fourth avenue and Warren “  
 MAURICE CONWAY, *Messenger*.....147 Skillman street

## BOILER INSPECTORS.

THOMAS F. POWERS, *Chief Engineer*.....393 Marcy avenue  
 JOHN A. FARON.....134 Fifth street  
 WM. F. CUNNINGHAM.....379 Quincy “  
 B. G. WORTMAN, *Clerk to Inspectors*.....83 Adelphi “

## DRILL CAPTAIN.

THOMAS DEAN.....113 Ryerson street

## FIRE MARSHAL.

PATRICK KEADY.....Clinton and Carroll streets

## FIRST PRECINCT.

Station House--315 Washington street.

JOEL SMITH, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Barr, John	Dyer, Edwin
Cornell, Thomas J.	Eason, John W.

*Roundsmen.*

Shepherd, James	Tickner, Augustus P.
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*Patrolmen.*

Barr, William	Kirby, John W.
Brown, Samuel	Layton, Ellis
Carman, James W.	Lewis, Robert,

Chambers, Charles	Maloney, Michael
Conklin, William A.	Mara, John
Curren, Bartholomew	McOwen, Hugh,
Donlen, John J.	Moore, George B.
Donnelly, Patrick	Quick, James S.
Donnigan, Michael	Reed, Samuel H.
Dougherty, Edward,	Reeve, James D.
Elias, Henry	Relihan, Matthew
Harris, Reuben J.	Shanley Thomas
Harrold, Thomas	Simonson, George L.
Haslach, Peter	Steadman, William
Hayes, William	Terwilliger, Abram
Hefferan, Maurice	Vaughan, Thomas W,

*Doormen.*

Ballantine, William	Russell, George
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## SECOND PRECINCT.

Station House—Corner of York and Jay streets.

JOHN McCONNELL, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Craft, Rufus W.	Clancy, John J.
Cain, John	Dunn, James

*Roundsmen.*

Phelan, Lawrence J.	Jones G. Grant
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*Patrolmen.*

Bailey, William	Hill, Henry C.
Bedell, Walter	Kennedy, William
Campbell, James	Mooney, Peter
Carrougher, Joseph	McCarthy, Edward
Clapp, Samuel	McGinness, Peter
Cowan, John	McGowan, John
Conway, Thomas	McLaughlin, Michael
Dawson, John L.	McNany, James
Doyle, Christopher	Quevedo, John
Fitzpatrick, Farrell	Strong, William N.
Folliard, Frank	Turner, Duncan

Flanagan, Thomas  
Graham, Henry

Velsor, Henry  
Whitehead, William,

*Doormen.*

Burns, Patrick

Cannon, James.

THIRD PRECINCT.

Station House—Butler, near Court street.

DANIEL FERRY, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Dobbin, John  
Nicholas, Masterson

Mc Namara, Michael  
Williams, William P.

*Patrolmen.*

Boyle, Robert  
Bowne, James A. H.  
Cadden, William  
Campbell, Joseph  
Campbell, Willard G.  
Clark, John  
Connor, John  
Ferry, Daniel  
Gainty, Michael  
Gilligan, Michael  
Grogan, Michael  
Irwin, Thomas  
Johnson, Thomas  
Kellott, Henry  
Lewis, John  
Lunney, James

McCullough, Thomas  
Maloney, John  
O'Brien, Thomas  
Obeuly, Herbert  
Pendergast, Michael  
Porter, Joseph  
Roach, James R.  
Rogers, George H.  
Rorke, Edward  
Shields, Edward  
Slattery, Patrick  
Smith, James N.  
Stone, James M.  
Teahen, Dennis  
Walker, Edward

*Doorman.*

Haff, Leonard

O'Donnell, Hugh

THIRD SUB-PRECINCT.

Station House—Corner of Van Brunt and King streets.

DANIEL FERRY, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Kenney, James	Edward, Reilly
Leavey, Patrick H.	

*Roundsmen.*

Martin, Stephen	O'Shaughnessey, James
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*Patrolmen.*

Daly, Daniel	McGowan, Hugh
Dougherty, George	McDermot, John
Earley, Thomas	Meagher, Mathew
Farmer, Mathew	Stapleton, William
Gill, Timothy	Walsh, Thomas
Looney, Edward	

*Doormen.*

Allen, Martin	Connell, Nicholas
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## FOURTH PRECINCT.

Station House—Myrtle and Vanderbilt avenues.

JAMES POWERS, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Brennan, John	Campbell, James
Corr, John	O'Brien, Thos. E.

*Roundsmen.*

Dolan, Thomas	Graham, John
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*Patrolmen.*

Boone, Thos. E.	Griffin, Thos.
Berk, Wm.	Hallburg, John M.
Corr, Patrick	Holder, John H.
Carpenter, W.	Lervy, Calvin
Crane, Michael	Lennon, Henry A.
Davy, Michael	Mullin, Bernard
Daynan, Phillip	Murray, Thomas
Delahanty, Lawrence	Martin, John
Friel, James	McKee, James
Frlds, W.	Pentfold, Franklin E.
Fitzgerald, John	Perrin, Wm. A.



Peek, Frederick R.	Rickard, Patrick
Phelan, Michael	Strong, Charles
Price, Joseph	Skitton, Alonzo
Rogers, Sylvester	Utter, Wm.
Ruble, Thomas	Woolsake, John C.

*Doorman.*

Butler, Charles D.	Price, Richard
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## FIFTH PRECINCT.

Station House—Corner North First and Fourth streets.

CORNELIUS WOGLOM, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Bunce, George W.	Colahan, Patrick S.
Brown, Stanton	Holland, Thomas

*Roundsmen.*

Scott, Thomas	Wormell, John W.
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*Patrolmen.*

Abbott, Theodore	Krone, August
Adamson, Robert	Kelly, James
Berrian, John H.	Kaiser, William J.
Bell, William	Lee, James
Brown, Edward	Lee, Isaac A.
Bell, George	Langan, James
Burford, William J.	Langridge, John L.
Burrill, Herbert	Marryatt, Edward
Cleary, Richard	Mangam, Harvey
Corcoran, John C.	Mills, Andrew H.
Cantwell, Thomas	McFarland, David
Donohue, John	McCue, Charles H.
Dredger, Seymour	O'Neil, Michael
Flaherty, Peter	Powell, John
Fisk, Alonzo	Phelan, Timothy
Forbes Alonzo	Quinn, Albert H.
Gorman, Hugh F.	Scullin, Charles
Hirst, Samuel S.	Simons, Joseph H.

Hamilton, John M.  
Kennedy, Michael

Smith, John  
Travis, Joshua T.  
Walsh, Richard

*Doormen,*

Foley, Daniel

Wilson, William W.

SIXTH PRECINCT.

JAMES MULLIN, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Adami, John  
Maddox, Hugh

Sloat, John  
Ulrich, Lewis

*Patrolmen.*

Bennett, Abraham V.  
Colgan, John  
Corby, James  
Cosgrove, George  
De La Hunt, Geo. W.  
Drum, John  
Duffy, John  
Ennis, James  
Gates, William  
Goodell, Charles C.  
Green, James  
Hamer, George  
Hendricks, William A.  
Hopping, Daniel  
Ihne, William  
Kappler, Lewis  
Karcher, Lewis  
Keeler, Samuel  
McGuire, Robert  
McKenzie, Thomas  
McQuade, Frank

Mullin, James,  
Neill, William  
Nicholson, George  
Poole, Albion A.  
Rea, Alexander  
Revel, William  
Rigney, Michael  
Rigney, William  
Robertson, Thomas  
Rund, John H.  
Schelwald, Frederick  
Short, Martin  
Smith, Thomas  
Seale, John C.  
Titus, Asa  
Valentine, John  
Ward, Henry  
Whalen, James  
Whritenour, Edward  
Wilmarth, Treadwell

*Doormen.*

Hovenden, Robert

Worth, Philip

## SEVENTH PRECINCT.

GEORGE R. RHODES, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Stillwell, John	Hoadley, James W.
Elliott, Leonard W.	Fielding, James J.

*Roundsmen.*

Buckingham, George W.	Van Brunt, Alfred J.
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*Patrolmen.*

Battersby, Alfred G.	Quinn, George
De Bevoise, James G.	Reid, Robert W.
Dotten, Alexander B.	Reed, Francis B.
Fitzsimmons, James	Shannon, John
King, James J.	Stillwaggon, Samuel
Kennedy, Thomas	Terrere, William
Lent, Ferris	Whalen, Patrick

*Doormen.*

Brennen, John	Tinkev, Abram
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## EIGHTH PRECINCT.

Station House—5th avenue, near 21st street.

EDWARD O'NEIL, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Delmar, Thomas	Kelly, William P.
Maher, John	See, William

*Roundsmen.*

Driscoll, Dennis	Sutton, John A.
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*Patrolmen.*

Broon, John	Madigan, Michael
Brophy, William	Morrell, William
Condon, John J.	McKearney, John
Doyle, James	Roundtree, Francis
Druhen, Thomas L.	Ryan, Patrick
Evans, Jonas	Thompson, John

Eason, Daniel	Van Wicklen, Garret
Jaques, John J.	Zimmerman, Philip
Leckey, James	

*Doormen.*

Morrell, Joseph	Whalen, Patrick
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## NINTH PRÉCINCT.

Station House—Corner Marcy and Gates aves.

PATRICK H. McLAUGHLIN, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Barwick, William	Worth, Louis
Latty, Richard	Smith, Richard B. G.

*Roundsmen.*

Beecher, Clarence Y.	Nelson, William A.
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*Patrolmen.*

Abercrombie, John	Lawson, David
Anderson, William	Murphy, Thomas
Ammerman, George	Mott, Samuel
Buchanan, Archibald	Martens, Christopher
Baker, Charles A.	Moore, John
Babcock, Lucien	McCallain, John
Bolton, Joseph	Nelson, Thomas
Clark, John	Payne, George N.
Downey, William	Quinn, Charles
Donaghy, John	Spellman, Dennis
Draper, Thomas H.	Sergeant, James G.
Develin, Barnard	Sweeney, Michael J.
Goud, James T.	Tallman, George F.
Gillespie, Patrick	Velson, Benjamin F.
Hubert, Phillip J.	Ward, James.
Lauvell, Alfred L.	

*Detective.*

Leavey, James.

*Doormen.*

O'Brien, Martin	Smith, Thomas
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## NINTH SUB-PRECINCT.

Station House—Corner Green avenue and Broadway.

*Sergeants.*

Campbell, James                      Miller; Charles H.

*Acting Sergeant.*

Metcalf, Henry

*Roundsmen.*

Buckholtz, George A,              Murphy, Thomas,

*Patrolmen.*

Dailey, George, M.                  McCormick, Thomas

Guise, Alexander L                  Patten, James

Hamilton, James                      Smith, Joseph

Kelly, Henry P.

*Doormen*

Richardson, Wm. A.              Streeper, Peter

## TENTH PRECINCT.

Station House—Corner Pearsall and Bergen streets.

JAMES CASSIDY, Captain.

*Sergeants.*

Hambler, John                      Meeks, William

Lamb, James, W.                      Sheridan, John

*Roundsmen.*

Holmes, Isaac F.                      Temple, Edward J.

*Patrolmen.*

Bannon, John                      McGrath, Francis

Barry, Peter, J.                      McMahan, James

Cadmus, Phillip T.                      Mullen, Patrick

Doyle, John                      Noonan, Edward

Gregory, William                      Rogers, Phillip

Harrington, Cornelius                      Sullivan, Daniel

Henniger, Charles                      Zundt, George

Kelly, James

*Doormen.*

Cloonan, Patrick                      Rogers, William F.

# Nassau Water Department.

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## COMMISSIONERS.

WILLIAM A. FOWLER, *President.*  
ARCHIBALD M. BLISS,  
E. J. LOWBER.

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## Secretary.

DANIEL L. NORTHUP.

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## HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

### *Chief Engineer.*

JULIUS W. ADAMS.

### *Water Purveyor.*

JOHN H. RHODES.

### *Register of Water Rates.*

CHARLES W. WILLETS.

### *General Superintendent of Sewers.*

FRANCIS B. STRYKER.

### *Engineers in Charge of Pumping Engines.*

FREDERICK D. HART, at Ridgewood.

THOMAS GREEN, at Mount Prospect.

The Nassau Water Department has charge and control of the water supply, sewerage, cleaning, repaving and repairing streets, etc. of the city.

The following extracts from the last annual report of the Water Commissioners will show the operations of the Department for the year ending preceding, January, 1. 1871,

## RECEIPTS.

The total Receipts of the Department from January 1870 to January 1871, were as follows :

Regular rates.....	\$439,231	53
Extra.....	174,614	12
Defaults.....	23,349	60
Profits on Water Permits .....	4,094	30
	<hr/>	
	\$641,289	56

Advertising arrears account in

Treasury, Dec. 31, 1870....\$1,582 30

Less on hand, as per last re-

port..... 102 50— 1,479 80

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\$642,769 36

being an increase of receipts compared with the report of January, 1870, of \$60,113 31.

We desire to call the particular attention of the public to the fact that notwithstanding the increased amount of water consumed, amounting to 412 million of gallons more than last year, and the increased cost of supplying that largely additional amount, yet the current expenditure of that department is less by twenty-one thousand dollars than the year previous.

The extension of the pipe distribution the last year amounted to 20<sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub> making a total length of pipes of 258<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> miles. The amount of water pumped was 6,819 million gallons, or over 412 million gallons more than last year, and with an expenditure of 2,332 tons of coal.

A great deal has been accomplished during the last year, in the matter of drainage, the details of which appear in their appropriate schedules. The number of miles built during the year was 33<sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub>, of which 7<sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub> miles was brick sewer, varying from 2 to 7 feet in diameter. The large district between Nosstrand and Bedford avenues, as also between Flushing and Putnam avenues, has been completely sewered. The main sewer in Marcy avenue, and some of its tributaries, have been completed, draining the large pond formerly existing at corner of Halsey street, and relieving Fulton avenue at its junction with Lewis avenue, at which point the water at times was so deep as to cover the bottom of the cars. A similar pond has been drained at Reid avenue. The increased volume of water which the completion of Marcy avenue and tributaries has thrown into

River street and Kent avenue sewer, has lessened the cost of cleansing the sewer, by removing the deposit which formerly remained in the flat portions of the line.

The main sewer on Third and Fourth avenues has been completed this season to the temporary outfall at Twenty-eighth street, affording great relief to a rapidly growing district.

The outlet sewer in Walcott street has been completed, and as much of the Twelfth Ward as drains into it has been sewer-ed, and improvements to existing sewers have been effected at numerous points, to the great benefit of the drainage of the city.

In 1869, a special act of the Legislature was passed, providing for the construction of a sewer in the Eighteenth Ward, known as Drainage District No. 37, Map O.

This act was amended in May, 1870, and under the amended act, the work has been prepared for letting, and proposals received for the same, agreeable to law ; but, as yet, we have been unable to perfect the preliminary arrangements requisite for the prosecution of the work.

The importance of the completed drainage-works will be seen by a reference to the topography of the ground. On the northwesterly side, represented generally by Myrtle avenue, and on the southwesterly side, by Atlantic avenue, two ridges of elevated ground inclose a valley nearly two miles wide, covering some 2,300 acres. The surface of this inclosed area preserves a pretty uniform level, being 57 feet above tide at Stuyvesant and Fulton avenues, and 55 feet at Broadway and Madison. Surface ponds of large extent are thus formed at various points; in one case, between Halsey and Chauncey streets, ranging from 8 to 40 acres during the year. Another collection of surface water, at Knickerbocker avenue and Stockholm street, covers an unhealthy morass of nearly 18 acres. Within the county of Queens, and near the city line, lies another plateau of still greater area, having within its limits numerous similar collections of water, covering in the aggregate over 120 acres, which find their natural outlet through this district of the city. Provision had, therefore, to be made for draining a much greater area than lay within the city limits, or suffer great evils from the accumulation of water on its eastern boundary. It was not only necessary to provide for the drainage of this surface water, but to drain the substratum of this valley, the soil of which, from its position, must be constantly saturated with stagnant water. The effect of this condition of things is seen yearly in the prevalence of malarious diseases over the entire district, which thorough drainage alone will eradicate.



The repairs of streets have been numerous, and extending over the entire city; but the area of badly paved streets is so great, that the work done is, from necessity, not commensurate with the wants of the city in this respect. The streets in some localities are in such shape that any thing expended upon repairs, short of entire renewal, would be a waste; and to utilize our efforts to the best possible advantage, called for an expenditure in making such repairs only as really *improved* the condition of the street. In the low lying lots, for instance, great trouble arises from the washing away of the embankments, they having been originally filled too narrow; repairs made in such cases are soon lost sight of, and, indeed, frequently last no longer than the next storm.

No failure has taken place in any of the patent pavements which can be attributable to the pavements themselves. On Atlantic street, settlement has taken place at various points between Fourth avenue and Bond street, which necessitated taking up the pavement, and relaying it, but in every case it proved to arise from the shrinkage over a sewer trench, which required refilling. In other streets, leaks from water connections have caused various settlements which were not due to any fault in the pavement. At present all these pavements are in comparatively good order. Sufficient time has not elapsed since they were laid to justify an opinion as to their respective merits, in point of durability. The decided comparative comfort in their use is fully appreciated by all who may have occasion to extend their drives through the city. Whether the decided improvement which has been made in the city by the introduction of these new *forms* of pavement will be extended still further, is a question which now rests with the property owners themselves.

With reference to the street-cleaning; we think it will be conceded, that the streets of the city never have been so generally clean as under the present system of management, which holds the contractor responsible, not by withholding payment for non-performance of contract, but by putting on a force and cleaning the streets, deducting the cost from his contract price, in the event of his neglect to do it himself.

The amount heretofore appropriated for this purpose is very small, considering the extent of the city area, but the complaints of dirty streets, which were so frequent a year or two since, have steadily dwindled to a minimum, and we have reason to believe that our efforts in this direction, notwithstanding the limited means at our disposal, have given satisfaction to our citizens.

## SCHEDULE

*Showing the Weekly Receipts of the Water Department  
for the Year 1870.*

Week ending.	Regular Rates.	Extra Rates.	Default.	Advertis'g Arrears.	Total.
1870.					
January 8	\$8,323 51	\$2,381 83	\$227 21		\$10,932 55
" 15	1,868 83	911 66	253 83		3,034 32
" 22	1,574 66	638 03	147 96		2,360 65
" 29	1,406 10	4,748 03	168 53		6,322 66
February 5	2,059 81	316 49	301 12		2,677 42
" 12	1,047 73	8,223 95	156 71		9,428 39
" 19	1,784 30	1,999 29	233 15		4,016 74
" 26	1,166 05	1,066 74	185 50		2,418 29
March 5	1,375 89	253 83	226 85	17 50	1,874 07
" 12	1,284 45	939 91	202 77		2,427 13
" 19	1,014 87	391 40	133 95		1,540 22
" 26	1,514 65	343 14	222 37		2,080 16
April 2	1,783 21	387 63	276 74		2,447 58
" 9	1,269 68	161 88	210 25		1,641 81
" 16	1,247 47	195 17	196 78		1,639 42
" 23	1,416 45	747 93	254 78		2,419 16
" 30	2,362 71	295 47	401 03	5 00	3,064 21
May 7	28,899 63	5,150 82	474 82	2 50	34,527 77
" 14	36,689 93	5,224 72	298 39		42,213 04
" 21	43,966 96	6,751 44	458 30		51,176 70
" 28	61,130 13	8,437 36	575 12	5 00	70,147 61
June 4	57,017 81	16,838 79	641 19	5 00	74,502 79
" 11	11,840 83	1,758 43	450 54		14,049 80
" 18	10,076 83	2,307 95	324 64		12,709 42
" 25	12,864 77	3,190 75	406 96		16,462 48
July 2	21,970 74	10,036 53	664 80		32,672 07
" 9	7,696 35	3,676 55	274 74		11,647 64
" 16	9,654 01	7,719 85	594 07		17,967 93
" 23	7,503 92	5,161 54	323 87		12,989 33
" 30	12,457 23	5,341 07	718 52		18,516 82
August 6	4,897 63	4,699 53	447 60	62 50	10,107 26
" 13	2,905 70	1,805 23	202 18	30 00	4,943 11
" 20	3,280 62	5,018 64	216 81	25 00	8,541 07
" 27	4,438 97	1,390 57	304 57	47 50	6,181 61
Sept. 3	5,961 49	1,801 49	440 96	82 50	8,286 44
" 10	3,112 85	4,471 62	241 44	32 50	7,862 41
" 17	2,632 61	1,549 80	188 16	32 50	4,403 07
" 24	2,861 10	953 49	306 17	70 00	4,190 76
October 1	2,902 07	829 82	261 37	50 00	4,043 26
Carried fw'd.	\$387,265 55	128,118 37	12,618 75	467 50	528,467 17

Week ending.	Regular Rates.	Extra Rates.	Default.	Advertis'g Arrears.	Total.
1870.					
Bro't forward	\$387,265 55	128,118 37	12,618 75	467 50	528,467 17
October 8	3,575 75	7,828 47	349 19	55 00	11,808 41
" 15	3,001 93	3,035 87	284 03	45 00	6,366 83
" 22	3,550 01	2,976 90	308 06	42 50	6,875 47
" 29	2,934 19	1,123 26	379 84	77 50	4,514 79
Nov. 5	3,579 19	2,006 86	440 26	102 50	6,128 81
" 12	2,229 99	783 24	295 97	67 50	3,376 70
" 19	3,171 37	1,034 32	576 38	212 50	4,994 57
" 26	4,643 59	637 10	1,353 58	727 50	7,361 77
Dec. 3	6,191 03	7,501 01	1,929 42	920 00	16,541 46
" 10	5,071 74	7,016 62	1,470 49	752 50	14,311 35
" 17	4,957 93	3,394 93	1,145 76	615 00	10,113 62
" 24	5,346 95	5,333 83	1,522 15	732 50	12,935 43
" 31	3,715 31	3,823 34	677 73	267 50	8,483 88
Total ..	\$439,231 53	174,614 12	23,349 61	5,085 00	642,280 26

Amount carried forward..... \$642,280 26  
Add amount received for water permits, as per schedule.. 13,777 75

Gross receipts for the year 1870..... \$656,058 01

Amount paid to City Treasurer..... \$624,463 21  
" " for tapping mains..... 9,683 45

Balance in Central Bank (at time of suspension) to the credit of the following accounts, viz.:

Regular and extra water rates.. \$20,902 85  
Water permits..... 1,003 50  
Advertising arrears..... 5 00  
21,911 35  
\$656,058 01

Gross receipts as above..... \$656,058 01  
Less amount paid tappers..... \$9,683 45  
" " " advertising arrears..... 3,605 20  
13,288 65

Net receipts for the year 1870.....		\$642,769 36
Add balance advertising arrears account in City Treasury, December 31, 1869, as per last annual report.....		102 50
		<u>\$642,871 86</u>
Of which were received for regular rates....	\$439,231 53	
“ “ “ extra rates.....	174,614 12	
“ “ “ default.....	23,349 61	
“ were profits on water permits ...	4,094 30	
Balance advertising arrears account in Treas- ury, December 31, 1870.....	1,582 30	
		<u>\$642,871 86</u>
Regular rates as per this report.....	\$439,231 53	
“ “ “ last report.....	387,427 14	
Increase regular rates for 1870.....		\$51,804 39
Extra rates as per this report.....	\$174,614 12	
“ “ last report.....	173,019 97	
Increase extra rates for the year 1870....		1,594 15
Default as per this report.....	\$23,349 61	
“ “ last report.....	18,095 04	
Increase for the year 1870.....		5,254 47
Advertising arrears account receipts over ex- penditures for the year 1870.....	\$1,479 80	
Add excess in expenditures over receipts for 1869, as shown in last report.....	91 20	
		<u>1,571 00</u>
		<u>\$60,224 11</u>
Profits on water permits, 1869... ..	\$4,205 10	
“ “ “ 1870.....	4,094 30	
Decrease for 1870.....		110 80
		<u>\$60,113 31</u>



## SCHEDULE

*Showing Weekly Payments into the City Treasury.*

1870.			Brought forward...\$409,919 21		
Jan. 8.	Cash.....	\$10,932 55	July 12.	Cash.....	11,647 64
" 15.	" .....	3,034 32	" 18.	" .....	17,967 93
" 22.	" .....	2,360 65	" 25.	" .....	12,989 33
" 29.	" .....	6,322 66	Aug. 1.	" .....	.....
Feb. 7.	" .....	2,677 42	" 8.	" .....	7,716 23
" 14.	" .....	9,428 39	" 15.	" .....	4,943 11
" 21.	" .....	4,016 74	" 22.	" .....	8,541 07
" 28.	" .....	2,418 29	" 29.	" .....	6,181 61
March 7.	" .....	1,874 07	Sept. 5.	" .....	8,286 44
" 14.	" .....	2,427 13	" 12.	" .....	7,862 41
" 21.	" .....	1,540 22	" 19.	" .....	4,403 07
" 28.	" .....	2,080 16	" 26.	" .....	4,190 76
April 4.	" .....	2,447 58	Oct. 3.	" .....	4,043 26
" 11.	" .....	1,641 81	" 10.	" .....	11,808 41
" 18.	" .....	1,639 42	" 17.	" .....	6,366 83
" 25.	" .....	2,419 16	" 24.	" .....	6,875 47
May 2.	" .....	4,196 96	" 31.	" .....	4,514 79
" 9.	" .....	34,527 77	Nov. 7.	" .....	6,128 81
" 14.	" .....	42,213 04	" 19.	" .....	3,876 70
" 23.	" .....	51,176 70	" 21.	" .....	4,994 57
" 30.	" .....	70,147 61	" 28.	" .....	7,361 77
June 6.	" .....	74,502 79	Dec. 5.	" .....	16,541 46
" 13.	" .....	14,049 80	" 12.	" .....	14,311 35
" 20.	" .....	12,709 42	" 19.	" .....	10,113 62
" 27.	" .....	16,462 48	" 27.	" .....	12,935 43
July 5.	" .....	32,672 07	" 31.	" .....	10,441 93
Carried forward....\$409,919 21			Total..... \$624,463 21		

## SCHEDULE

*Showing the Yearly Receipts of the Department from its Organization in 1859 to January 1, 1871, with the Increase and Decrease thereof.*

From	To	Receipts,	Increase.	Decrease.
July 1, 1859	Jan. 1, 1860	*\$133,733 33		
Jan. 1, 1860	" 1861	256,400 49	\$122,667 16	
" 1861	" 1862	239,355 52	.....	\$17,044 97
" 1862	" 1863	303,295 93	63,940 42	
" 1863	" 1864	362,749 80	59,453 87	
" 1864	" 1865	386,416 68	23,666 28	
" 1865	" 1866	419,106 32	32,690 24	
" 1866	" 1867	462,619 04	43,512 72	
" 1867	" 1868	528,537 83	65,918 79	
" 1868	" 1869	617,986 32	89,448 49	
" 1869	" 1870	582,656 05	.....	35,330 27
" 1870	" 1871	642,769 36	60,113 31	
Total.....		\$4,935,626 07		

\* Six Months.

## SCHEDULE

*Showing the Amount of Water Rates for the Years 1859 to 1870, both inclusive, remaining unpaid January 1, 1871.*

Ward.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	Total.
1. ....	\$ 31	\$ 32		\$ 35		\$ 4 10	\$ 34	\$ 3 60	\$ 3 60	\$ 279 60	\$ 367 94	\$1,111 96	\$ 1,767 67
2. ....	36	35					7 50			625 22	987 29	2,350 22	3,971 29
3. ....										182 40	636 00	2,217 20	3,035 60
4. ....										374 74	794 43	2,313 38	3,482 55
5. ....		4 00		8 00						635 68	1,181 68	3,050 72	4,880 08
6. ....	101 32	101 38	105 78	5 00	16 14	153 59	106 96	104 79	77 70	1,530 49	2,695 13	5,708 15	10,020 57
7. ....				99 94	20 90	21	8 49	36 22	147 59	1,074 19	2,887 65	5,754 06	10,653 29
8. ....				12 10	21 60	173 82	64 43	13 64	306 91	2,842 19	1,773 44	3,391 29	8,391 75
9. ....		5 02		7 00	21 60	21 60	6 11	18 61	158 86	2,761 28	2,053 70	4,936 42	10,195 77
10. ....					29 73	29 73	46 73	86 63	45 56	1,838 21	3,161 17	8,345 02	13,405 68
11. ....	49	50 23	30 45	29 73	29 73	51 24	6 59	16 59	64 03	1,033 84	1,712 99	4,269 24	7,405 33
12. ....									107 60	900 78	1,732 92	3,387 90	6,145 79
13. ....									51 80	739 78	1,349 39	3,751 34	5,892 31
14. ....			4 36		6 50	83 40	90 57	60 40	165 58	1,104 54	1,762 67	4,399 98	7,678 00
Card fwd	\$102 48	\$101 30	\$140 59	\$162 12	\$94 87	\$466 36	\$331 13	\$340 48	\$1,129 23	\$15,922 94	\$23,087 30	\$54,986 88	\$98,925 68

## SCHEDULE No. 7.—(Continued.)

Ward.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	Total.
Brot'wd	\$102 48	\$161 30	\$140 59	\$162 12	\$94 87	\$466 36	\$231 13	\$340 48	\$1,129 23	\$15,922 94	\$23,087 30	\$54,986 88	\$96,925 68
15. ....	2 50				5 00	2 92		5 00	103 93	792 98	1,560 94	3,423 37	5,888 72
16. ....									140 18	644 43	1,393 59	3,013 96	5,200 08
17. ....									25 20	321 43	1,138 68	3,085 18	5,470 49
18. ....									112 71	357 84	1,751 86	4,206 08	6,428 43
19. ....						1 10		3 53	145 40	476 50	1,369 08	3,980 05	5,975 66
20. ....									93 50	793 50	1,825 81	4,728 91	7,441 72
21. ....											4,179 16	12,434 33	16,613 49
22. ....											4,180 20	8,485 02	12,665 22
	\$104 98	\$161 30	\$140 59	\$162 12	\$99 87	\$470 38	\$331 13	\$340 01	\$1,750 15	\$19,309 62	\$40,485 99	\$99,244 35	\$162,609 49

Total regular rates as above.....\$162,609 49

Estimated amount of "Extra Rates" for 1870, including "Meter" accounts to accrue between the present

date and May 1, 1871.....84,186 07

Total amount uncollected.....\$246,795 56

## SCHEDULE

*Showing the number of Buildings, Vacant Plots and Lots subject to  
Payment of Regular Water Rates, July 1, 1871.*

1,245 buildings at \$4 each.....	\$4,980 00
4,052 " 5 ".....	20,260 00
3,636 " 6 ".....	21,816 00
6,925 " 7 ".....	48,475 00
12,568 " 8 ".....	100,544 00
8,366 " 9 ".....	75,294 00
4,904 " 10 ".....	49,040 00
1,121 " 11 ".....	12,331 00
686 " 12 ".....	8,232 00
412 " 13 ".....	5,356 00
385 " 14 ".....	5,390 00
410 " 15 ".....	6,150 00
211 " 16 ".....	3,376 00
96 " 17 ".....	1,632 00
43 " 18 ".....	774 00
32 " 19 ".....	608 00
30 " 20 ".....	600 00
24 " 21 ".....	504 00
13 " 22 ".....	286 00
7 " 23 ".....	161 00
35 " 24 ".....	840 00
11 " 25 ".....	275 00
3 " 26 ".....	78 09
12 " 27 ".....	324 00
23 " 28 ".....	644 00
5 " 29 ".....	145 00
32 " 30 ".....	960 00
15 " 32 ".....	480 00
2 " 33 ".....	66 00
7 " 34 ".....	238 00
8 " 35 ".....	280 00
7 " 36 ".....	\$252 00
3 " 38 ".....	114 00
5 " 40 ".....	200 00
6 " 42 ".....	252 00
4 " 45 ".....	180 00
1 " 46 ".....	46 00
4 " 48 ".....	192 00
9 " 56 ".....	504 00
1 " 58 ".....	58 00
3 " 60 ".....	180 00
1 " 63 ".....	63 00
5 " 68 ".....	340 00
3 " 72 ".....	216 00
2 " 80 ".....	160 00
2 " 127 ".....	254 00
<hr/>	
531,078 feet of unimproved lots, at 10c. pr. ft.....	\$53,107 80
66,441 " " " 15c. ".....	9,966 15
28,360 " " " 20c. ".....	5,672 00
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Public buildings.....	68,745 95
	1,885 33
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	\$443,781 28
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## SCHEDULE

*Showing the estimated amount of Extra Water Rates of every description, Chargeable to Occupants of Buildings and others, using the Nassau Water.*

6,392 street-washers, at \$2 each.....	\$12,604 00
9,624 water-closets, at \$2 each.....	19,248 00
419 baths, at \$3 each.....	\$1,257 00
36 baths, at \$5 each.....	180 00
	<hr/>
	1,437 00
1,335 bars, at \$5 each.....	\$6,675 00
17 bars, at \$10 each.....	170 00
2 bars, at \$15 each.....	30 00
	<hr/>
	6,875 00
44 fountains, at \$5 each.....	\$220 00
141 fountains, at \$7 each.....	987 00
25 fountains, at \$15 each.....	375 00
	<hr/>
	1,582 00
4,964 horses, at \$1 each.....	\$4,964 00
479 horses, at \$2 each.....	958 00
708 horses, at \$2.50 each.....	1,770 00
	<hr/>
	7,692 00
99 horse-troughs, at \$5 each.....	495 00
Bakeries.....	1,005 64
Barber-shops.....	755 55
Building purposes.....	6,805 32
Meter account.....	106,949 47
Garden-sprinklers.....	714 50
Milk depot.....	111 00
Slaughter-houses and markets.....	442 42
Calculated amount for engines and manufactories.....	9,684 81
Miscellaneous.....	18,548 89
	<hr/>
	\$194,950 60
	<hr/>

# SCHEDULE

*Statement of the Monthly Expenditures in Maintaining the Water Department, from January 1 to December 31, 1870. Showing, also, the Amounts received and drawn from City Treasurer, etc., during same time.*

Months.	Salaries.	Office Expenses.	Ponds, Conduits, and Reservoirs.	Distribution and Repairs.	Taxes.	Prospect Hill Engine House.	Ridgewood Engine House.	Resurvey Pipe Dist.	Printing and Stationery.	Total Expenditure.	Amounts drawn from City Treas'y.
1870.											
Jan....	\$4,370 80	\$18 00	\$1,059 41	\$7,738 04	\$114 59	\$968 16	\$5,405 42	.....	\$133 00	\$19,807 42	\$24,807 42
Feb....	2,787 47	42 95	650 51	5,849 06	420 82	793 78	8,820 78	.....	50 50	19,415 87	19,165 87
March..	2,429 13	47 02	263 66	7,437 62	793 32	476 32	4,288 06	\$3,354 29	4 79	19,089 42	19,089 42
April...	4,270 78	37 00	1,038 58	7,450 07	307 06	542 44	10,842 41	3,382 63	.....	27,875 76	23,125 76
May....	2,720 80	154 60	1,372 97	9,564 36	.....	850 37	7,897 24	.....	.....	22,560 34	27,560 34
June...	2,779 12	65 21	781 83	7,635 82	.....	380 31	18,888 49	.....	1,553 30	32,084 08	32,084 08
July....	3,407 75	93 83	431 20	7,839 04	.....	378 41	9,158 83	.....	35 60	21,344 66	21,344 66
August	3,212 46	42 35	367 85	6,253 57	.....	391 09	18,574 89	.....	.....	28,842 21	28,692 21
Sept....	2,812 47	62 75	623 41	9,356 38	.....	476 01	11,098 38	.....	2,259 25	26,679 65	26,829 65
Oct....	4,062 46	34 60	577 22	18,944 50	7 97	1,738 74	19,761 05	.....	36 60	45,163 14	45,163 14
Nov....	3,079 14	20 80	1,991 45	7,931 25	.....	404 26	47,239 09	.....	.....	60,665 99	60,665 99
Dec....	3,420 80	140 97	2,147 35	14,115 28	37 57	580 03	7,946 10	.....	1,982 65	30,370 75	25,098 00
	\$39,353 18	\$760 08	\$11,305 44	\$110,114 99	\$1,681 33	\$7,970 92	\$169,920 74	\$6,736 92	\$6,055 69	\$353,899 29	\$353,626 54

Add amount received for an erroneous charge in October, 1870.....

Total receipts.....	5,272 75
Expenditures as above.....	\$358,899 29
Cash balance on hand.....	353,899 29
	\$5,000 00

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Receipts and Expenditures Sewer General Fund,  
from January 1 to December 31, 1870.*

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 RECEIPTS.

Amount levied in General Tax, 1869.....	\$45,000 00
“ received for sewer permits.....	29,473 85
“ “ for plumbers’ licenses.....	2,970 00
“ “ from R. S. Bussing and others, for drains on Third av.....	354 01
“ “ from Comptroller.....	20,438 75

## EXPENDITURES.

Amount paid on account of salaries.....	\$35,287 03	
“ “ “ repairs and supplies...	26,970 51	
“ “ “ contingencies.....	3,270 98	
“ “ “ instruments and furni- ture.....	27 00	
“ “ “ printing and station- ery.....	763 58	
“ “ “ cleaning and repair- ing.....	31,417 05	
“ “ “ Bedford av. Commis- sioners.....	146 45	
“ “ “ drains on Third av....	354 01	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$98,236 61	\$98,236 61
	<hr/>	<hr/>

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Receipts and Expenditures for the Year 1870, for  
the Construction of Sewers.*

## RECEIPTS.

Cash balance on hand as per last report.....	\$100 00
January. Amount from Comptroller.....	70,733 04
February.   "   "   " .....	24,346 08
March.   "   "   " .....	14,949 73
April.   "   "   " .....	18,559 99
May.   "   "   " .....	76,825 61
June.   "   "   " .....	132,562 12
July.   "   "   " .....	125,411 97
August.   "   "   " .....	118,425 85
September   "   "   " .....	139,350 07
October.   "   "   " .....	132,297 86
November.   "   "   " .....	125,400 69
December.   "   "   " .....	167,003 34
"   "   " .....	15,000 00
Miscellaneous receipts.....	1,542 99

## EXPENDITURES.

On account of constructing sewers in—

Drainage District No. 6.....	\$198 42
"   "   11.....	34,313 48
"   "   20.....	17,396 31
"   "   21.....	25,381 02
"   "   22.....	95,852 11
"   "   23.....	20,728 73
"   "   24.....	430,749 58
"   "   29.....	455,363 64
"   "   32.....	167 50
"   "   35.....	1,281 65
"   "   36.....	14 15
"   "   37.....	54,275 93
Clay street sewer....	4,486 58
Dupont street sewer.....	3,400 54
Eagle street sewer.....	2,786 84
Marion street sewer.....	674 95
Main sewer in District 37.....	732 31
Cash balance on hand .....	14,705 60

<u>\$1,162,509 34</u>	<u>\$1,162,509 34</u>
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## SCHEDULE

*Showing Total Amount and Cost of Work done on Construction of Sewers, from Jan. 1, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1871.*

93,435	lineal feet of 12 inch pipe sewers.....	\$158,962 04
27,234	" " 15 " " " .....	58,568 50
16,140	" " 18 " " " .....	53,593 58
7,712	" " 24 " " " .....	39,665 97
5,793	" " 30 " " " .....	32,853 05
4,567	" " 36 " " " .....	27,966 44
1,767	" " 42 " " " .....	12,324 00
3,562	" " 48 " " " .....	27,437 00
2,442	" " 54 " " " .....	17,069 58
753	" " 60 " " " .....	7,148 75
2,692	" " 66 " " " .....	89,162 74
6,699	" " 72 " " " .....	133,886 26
2,427	" " 78 " " " .....	106,172 50
334	" " 84 " " " .....	14,696 00
50	" " wooden sewers.....	1,000 00
165	" " foundation piling.....	990 00
1,629	manholes.....	81,251 00
444	street basins.....	65,695 50
1,053,347	feet B. M. foundation planking.....	30,949 41
	Embankment on regrading streets.....	1,912 30
	Extra work.....	4,752 58
Total.....		\$966,057 00
Number of miles of pipe sewers laid in 1870.....		25.91
" " brick " " " .....		7.35
Total.....		33.26

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Number of Miles of Sewers completed from Jan. 10, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1871.*

	MILES.
12 inch pipe sewers.....	109.80
15 " " ".....	37.85
18 " " ".....	21.23
24 " " ".....	0.23
24 " brick ".....	9.71
30 " " ".....	4.04
36 " " ".....	7.32
42 " " ".....	0.76
48 " " ".....	4.53
54 " " ".....	0.86
60 " " ".....	1.67
66 " " ".....	0.51
72 " " ".....	2.42
78 " " ".....	0.73
84 " " ".....	0.20
90 " " ".....	06
94 " " ".....	19
96 " " ".....	16
102 " " ".....	69
108 " " ".....	24
Total.....	203.20

## BUILT UNDER PRIVATE CONTRACTS.

12 inch pipe sewers.....	59
15 " " ".....	13
Tortal.....	203.92

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Connections made with Sewers from 1859 to 1871.*

1859.....	422	1865.....	1,519
1860.....	1,695	1866.....	3,605
1861.....	4,895	1867.....	2,922
1862.....	3,168	1868.....	3,286
1863.....	1,984	1869.....	3,501
1864.....	1,301	1870.....	2,972
Total.....			31,270

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Average Daily Consumption of Water, in U. S. Gallons.*

Month.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.
January.....	4,596,000	6,324,300	7,877,000	9,656,250	11,845,300	14,403,200	16,564,499	17,315,300	18,620,271
February.....	4,471,500	6,303,500	7,963,500	10,070,200	11,235,400	12,730,400	17,632,062	17,835,700	19,777,045
March.....	4,421,400	5,733,900	6,860,500	7,756,900	9,677,500	12,020,400	14,929,229	17,234,700	18,967,269
April.....	4,447,100	5,371,100	7,426,400	7,296,100	9,056,100	11,258,600	13,672,900	16,689,700	16,995,954
May.....	4,454,300	6,049,500	9,099,800	8,096,500	9,759,900	11,145,300	14,152,800	16,337,000	19,339,408
June.....	4,832,000	6,847,300	8,075,600	9,361,800	10,598,000	11,678,700	14,746,458	17,598,700	18,554,363
July.....	5,456,700	6,834,300	8,872,200	9,631,850	12,157,400	12,118,900	16,348,368	18,494,200	19,110,569
August.....	5,663,800	7,223,600	9,322,000	10,009,900	11,062,100	11,486,300	15,949,100	18,565,300	18,997,469
September.....	5,745,300	6,872,700	8,457,000	10,063,600	11,365,600	12,232,400	15,714,400	19,093,000	19,749,754
October.....	5,392,300	6,811,000	7,563,500	9,447,700	10,798,700	12,014,300	15,455,200	17,247,000	17,823,797
November.....	4,955,100	6,271,500	6,828,600	9,436,500	10,681,000	11,898,400	15,187,509	16,956,000	17,332,106
December.....	5,820,600	7,246,300	8,848,000	10,010,100	12,627,500	15,183,600	18,115,400	18,199,600	18,918,624
Average for the year.....	5,021,250	6,490,750	7,932,850	9,233,350	10,905,450	12,348,100	15,710,700	17,630,400	18,682,219

The average number of taps in use was, in 1860, 9,302; in 1861, 12,856; in 1862, 15,105; in 1863, 17,145; in 1864, 18,935; in 1865, 20,382; in 1866, 22,244; in 1867, 24,888; in 1868, 28,173; in 1869, 32,097; in 1870, 34,230.

The total number of taps or service connections in use, January 1, 1871, was 38,170.

## SCHEDULE

*Showing Average Depth and Quantity of Water in Reservoirs  
each Month of 1870.*

RIDGGEWOOD.			MOUNT PROSPECT.	
Month.	Feet.	U. S. Gallons	Feet.	U. S. Gallons.
Jan....	18 61	133,556,967	18 72	17,770,186
Feb....	18 10	134,368,228	17 85	16,824,311
March..	18 40	136,886,840	19 44	18,558,794
April ..	19 01	141,920,016	18 51	17,540,718
May....	18 24	135,497,261	18 04	17,029,799
June....	18 11	134,455,077	18 99	18,066,316
July.....	19 19	143,327,580	18 86	17,923,591
Aug.....	19 12	142,830,793	19 10	18,187,309
Sept.....	18 58	138,363,269	18 92	17,989,428
Oct.....	18 96	141,316 125	19 27	18,374,730
Nov.....	19 32	144,403,953	19 30	18,407,834
Dec.....	19 20	143,410,378	19 08	18,110,302
Av'ge...	18 74	139,609,707	18 84	17,898,610



## SCHEDULE

*Showing Amount and Cost of Work done on Streets repaved  
under the direction of the Board, to January 1, 1871.*

WORK DONE IN 1869.

234,631 square yards paving.....	}	\$832,222 70
49,397 square feet bridge stones.....		
115,149 lineal feet curb and gutter set.....		
86,442 square yards grading.....		

WORK DONE IN 1870.

62,058 square yards improved Belgian pavement.....	356,833 50
18,649 " " Nicolson wooden ".....	83,920 50
14,630 " " Miller " ".....	71,687 00
26,061 " " Scrimshaw concrete ".....	89,712 00
2,931 " " Scharf " ".....	10,258 50
29,006 square feet bridge stone reset.....	4,160 84
27,914 " " new bridge stones.....	31,821 96
84 " " second class bridge stones.....	47 88
47,497 lineal feet old curb reset.....	11,874 25
3,381 " " new " ".....	2,704 80
815½ " " second class curb.....	326 20
18,649 square yards grading.....	9,324 50
262 square feet flagging.....	10 48
99,298 square yards cobblestone pavement.....	95,570 62
60,998 lineal feet curb reset.....	
32,036 square feet bridge stones reset.....	
21,950 " " flagging relaid.....	

\$1,600,475 73

*Concrete Pavement laid at the Expense of Patentees, or under Private Contract with Real Estate Owners.*

Kind of Pavement.	Streets and avenues.	No. feet.
Laid in 1869.	Fiske ..... Livingston, bet. Clinton and Boerum sts....	1,118
	Evans ..... Clinton av., bet. Fulton and Atlantic sts....	618
	Smith ..... { Willoughby av., bet. Cumberland st. and } { Carlton av. .... } .....	100
	Hoyt ..... Fourth av., bet. Atlantic and Flatbush avs..	64
	Hoyt ..... Baltic st., bet. Henry and Clinton sts.....	504
	Scharf ..... Lee av., bet. Ross and Rodney sts.....	210
	Erhardt... Fourth st., bet. Broadway and South 8th sts.	34
Trinidad .....	Orange st., bet. Henry and Hicks sts.....	90
Total of feet .....		2,738 <sup>3</sup>

\* Or, 0.  $\frac{51}{100}$  miles.

### RATE OF WATER RENTS.

With a view of carrying into effect the recommendation of the Water Commissioners that the Water Department should be made self-sustaining, *i.e.* that its revenues should be sufficient to meet its expenses, the Common Council on the 3d of April, 1871, adopted an ordinance establishing the following rate of water rents :

FRONT WIDTH.		STORIES IN HEIGHT.				
		1	2	3	4	5
16 feet and under.	.....	\$5	\$6	\$8	\$10	\$12
18 and over 16 feet.	.....	6	8	10	12	13
20	" 18 "	8	10	12	13	14
22½	" 20 "	10	12	13	14	15
25	" 22½ "	12	13	14	15	16
30	" 25 "	14	15	16	17	19
37½	" 30 "	16	17	19	20	21
50	" 37½ "	19	20	21	22	24

**STREET WASHERS.**—For each street washer, for washing windows and sidewalks, on the sidewalks or otherwise, the sum of \$2 per annum. Stops for other purposes shall be subject to assessment by the board. A hose bibb, when hose is used, is chargeable as a street washer. Street washers can only be used for any purpose between the hours of 4 and 8 A. M. from May to November, and 4 and 9 A. M. from November to May. When hose is used for garden purposes, an additional charge of \$2.50 per lot will be made.

Each private house is entitled to one water closet and one bath, without charge; for each additional water closet, \$2 per year; and for each additional bath, \$3 per year.

Baths in public houses, boarding houses, bathing establishments, barber shops, and boarding schools, from \$5 to \$25 each, at the discretion of the Water Board.

Every house containing over twelve occupants will be taxed 50 cents for each person over that number.

The foregoing rents are predicated upon supplying hotels, tenements, and dwellings at 3 cents per 100 gallons, or 3,333 gallons for each dollar of tax, and, for all water used over and above this allowance, an additional charge shall be made at the same rate.

**LARGE BUILDINGS.**—Churches, factories, storage, etc., shall be subjects of special contracts with the Water Board; and all large buildings, with stores or offices on the ground floor, and halls or offices above, shall rate the same as though each store or subdivision, on the ground floor front, was, with the building above, a separate building.

## VACANT LOTS.

Assessed at \$1,000 and under, 15 cents per foot.

Assessed over \$1,000 and under \$2,000, 20 cents per foot.

Assessed at \$2,000 and over, 25 cents per foot.

The foregoing are denominated regular rents, and are payable annually in advance on the first day of May. Such regular rents as shall remain unpaid for thirty days after they are payable, shall be subject to an additional charge of 1 per cent. a month until paid, and such additional charge shall be a lien upon the premises.

## SPECIAL OR EXTRA RENTS,

as follows, are due and payable in advance, between the 1st and 10th days of May. *Default in payment within the prescribed time subjects the entire premises wherein the water is furnished to be disconnected without notice.*

FOUNTAINS, ordinarily used three hours per day, for a period of not more than four months in the year, shall be charged as follows: A one-sixteenth of an inch jet, the sum of \$7 per annum; for one-eighth of an inch jet, the sum of \$15 per annum; for a one-quarter of an inch jet, the sum of \$40 dollars per annum; for a one-half inch jet, the sum of \$90 dollars per annum; and for an inch jet, the sum of \$200 dollars per annum. No fountain shall be permitted on any premises where the water is not taken for other purposes, and to an extent sufficient for those purposes; and if the water from the jet or fountain be permitted to flow into premises adjacent to or in the neighborhood, where it may be used for other purposes, the supply shall be stopped, and the amount of payment forfeited.

PRIVATE HORSES.—For each horse, \$2.50 per annum, with privilege to wash carriages used in such stable.

LIVERY HORSES.—For each horse, \$2 per annum. Railroad and omnibus horses the same rate.

CART AND OTHER WORK HORSES, \$1 per annum.

HORSE TROUGHS.—For each trough on sidewalks (which must be made to conform to a model trough kept in the Commissioner's office), the sum of \$5 per annum.

BAKERIES.—For every barrel of flour or meal used, the sum of 1 cent.

BARBER SHOPS.—Each wash-basin, \$3.

BARs, from \$5 to \$30.

PORTER HOUSES, TAVERNS, ETC., that retail liquors, shall be charged an extra rate of from \$5 to \$30, at the discretion of the Board.

**BUILDING PURPOSES.**—For each one thousand bricks laid, or for stone work—to be measured as brick—10 cents per thousand. For plastering 40 cents per hundred yards.

**COW OR CATTLE STABLES.**—For each and every cow or head of cattle, the sum of 75 cents; and for hogs 25 cents per each annum.

**MARKET STALLS AND STANDS.**—Butchers' stalls each per annum from \$2 to \$5; fish stalls from \$3 to \$10; fruit and vegetable stands from \$2 to \$5.

**SLAUGHTER HOUSES** shall be charged at the rate of from \$10 to \$300 each per annum.

**REFECTORIES, PRINTING OFFICES, AND PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS** shall be charged at such rates as may be determined in the discretion of the Board.

**BOARDING SCHOOLS** to be charged at the rate of from \$15 to \$50 each, and school houses at the rate of from \$10 to \$20 each per annum.

These special rates are predicated upon supplying water at the rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  cents per 100 gallons.

All manufacturing and other business, and all steam and ferry boats, requiring a large supply of water for steam engines and other purposes, are to be charged therefor 2 cents per 100 gallons, on the average estimated quantity during the year. Proportions of a year may be paid for to the termination of the current year (but no deduction shall be made for less than one month in any instance), at the discretion of the Water Board. This rule will apply in all cases.

All matters not hereinbefore mentioned are reserved for special contract by and with the Water Board.

#### STORAGE RESERVOIR.

The summer of 1870 was an exceptionally dry one, and the consumption of water had approximated nearer the amount of supply than the Commissioners believed to be safe, and in response to recommendations by them to the Common Council, that body, on the 12th of December, took final action on the subject. They authorized the issue of bonds of the city to the amount of \$1,400,000 for the purchase of land and the construction of a storage reservoir in the Hempstead Valley. The plan of the Engineers, and which they recommend as the most economical course, is the construction of a storage reservoir in the Hempstead Valley within the drainage basin of the existing works, which yields in the driest season an excess of over 24,000,000 of gallons daily, now running to waste. Such a stor-



age reservoir they estimate can be constructed of 1,055,000,000 gallons, equal to ten millions of gallons a day for one hundred and five days, which would be longer than any probable drought.

The new reservoir is to be constructed adjoining the present receiving reservoir at Hempstead, and the plan embraces the appropriation of about three hundred acres of land, much of it already ponded for milling purposes, and of no great value, the excavation and cleaning out of a considerable portion of it, and the construction of roads, dams, embankments and puddle walls, with the requisite waste rivers, gate house, and its machinery, branch conduit and other work. The Chief Engineer estimates the entire expense of the work, including land damages, at \$1,393,743.

Under this action Commissioners were appointed to appraise and award damages for the land to be taken, and at this present meeting they have proceeded so far in the discharge of the duties devolved upon them as to have made their final report. The work will now be vigorously prosecuted to a completion.

# The Brooklyn Park Commission.

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## BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.

JAS. S. T. STRANAHAN, SEYMOUR L. HUSTED,  
JOHN H. PRENTICE, ABRAHAM B. BAYLIS,  
EDWARDS W. FISKE, STEPHEN HAYNES,  
WILLIAM MARSHALL, ISAAC VAN ANDEN,  
ABIEL A. LOW, MARTIN KALBFLEISCH, *ex-of.*

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### *President.*

JAMES S. T. STRANAHAN,

### *Secretary,*

JOHN H. PRENTICE.

### *Comptroller and Counsel,*

JOHN N. TAYLOR.

### *Landscape Architects and Superintendents,*

OLMSTED, VAUX & CO.

### *Engineer-in-Charge,*

JOHN BOGART,

### *Assistant Engineer,*

JOHN Y. CUYLER.

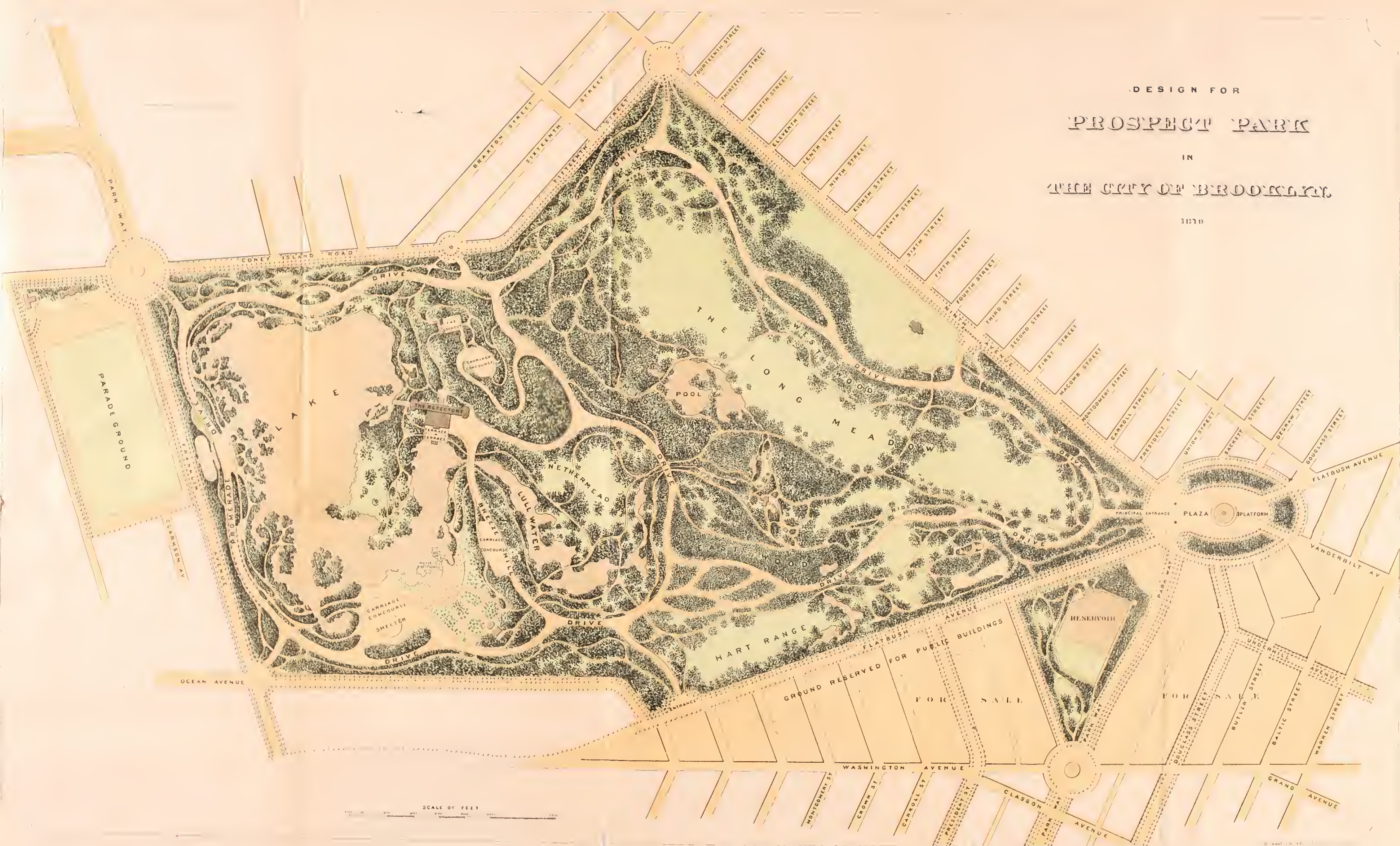
### *Clerk,*

FRANCIS G. QUEVEDO.



DESIGN FOR  
PROSPECT PARK  
IN  
THE CITY OF BROOKLYN

1870









## Standing Committees of the Board.

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### Executive Committee.

JOHN H. PRENTICE,	STEPHEN HAYNES,
SEYMOUR L. HUSTED,	EDWARDS W. FISKE,
ISAAC VAN ANDEN	

### Finance Committee,

ABRAHAM B. BAYLIS,	ABIEL A. LOW,
MARTIN KALBFLEISCH,	WILLIAM MARSHALL.

### Auditing Committee,

ISAAC VAN ANDEN,	JOHN H. PRENTICE.
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From the annual report of the Commissioners dated January 1, 1871, the following facts are extracted :

## PROSPECT PARK.

"A large amount of work, has been done during the year, and Prospect Park is fast verging to completion. The coming season will, in all probability, see the Lake, with the entire drive around its margin, finished ; an ornamental, as well as useful shelter erected upon the carriage concourse ; and an enlarged and much improved pedestrian concourse, with seats, for the convenience of visitors, on the eastern side of the Lake."

The number of those who resort to the Park increases faster than it seems possible to extend facilities for their reception, the ratio of increase being evidently greater than the city's gain in population. The Commissioners, however, believe that after the proposed rides, drives, and walks have been fully carried out, and thrown open to public use, ample accommodation for locomotion to all parts of the Park will be afforded for visitors, and the increased freedom of circulation thus obtained will ob-

viate the necessity of those crowds which are now occasionally found in certain localities. To the greater number of those who frequent the Park nothing would seem to be more desirable, than simple, straightforward exercise in the open air, and thus far the great effort has been to facilitate free and unobstructed movement everywhere over the Park domain, reference being at the same time had, to the proper development of those landscape conditions which would render such movements interesting. Next to this in importance, the Commissioners have ranked such provisions as would enable feeble persons, convalescents, and especially mothers with children, to remain for considerable periods in the open air, under comfortable and quieting conditions; and some arrangements to this end, of which the Dairy Cottage is the centre, are now well advanced, and are expected to be opened next summer.

The opportunity afforded by the Park for general social reunion—although no part of it yet open to the public, has been expressly adapted to that purpose—is already highly appreciated by a large body of our citizens. Better provision, however, for coming together, and for meeting and recognizing friends, is regarded by the Commissioners of equal importance when they take into consideration the true uses and objects of a public park. To accomplish this purpose, arrangements which include a promenade concert ground on the shore of the Lake, are now in progress.

In estimating the capacity of the Park to meet the probable requirements of the future population of Brooklyn, the proposed improvement of the streets which surround and form the boundary lines of the Park has not been overlooked. Provision has accordingly been made for widening each of these streets, so as to form, when completed, a continuous avenue one hundred feet wide around the whole circuit of the Park, with a shaded walk thirty feet wide on the side adjacent to the Park, and extending in length to a distance of five miles."

MESSRS. OLMSTEAD & VAUX, the Landscape Architects and Superintendents of the Park in their report set forth the objects in view, in respect to so much of the Park as may be regarded as completed, and of the work now in progress and yet to be finished. The following is extracted from their report:

"When the plan of your park was first outlined, it was intended to provide a ground within which citizens could not only withdraw themselves at some few points from the sight of town houses and town traffic, but in which they could wander for hours at a time, constantly finding new scenes of natural beauty. The whole of it was laid out with this purpose in view.

At the same time, the growth of the tastes and habits which are gratified by joining a gay assemblage or throng was anticipated, and, to provide more completely for the demand which was thus expected to arise, it was recommended that two series of stately avenues should be provided outside the Park. This recommendation was repeated and urged in three of your Annual Reports, and measures were at length taken to carry out the suggestion before any public demand for the purpose began to be manifested."

"But experience teaches, as we have indicated, that no matter how fine and well adapted to their purpose such avenues may be made, even when their drives are exclusively used for pleasure carriages, where there is a rural park with good roads through it, also conveniently accessible, it will likewise be more or less used as a promenade, and this whether well adapted to that purpose or not."

"Accommodations for large throngs of people, and advantages for observing these throngs, are then at some points desirable and necessary, and means must be carefully studied of reconciling such accommodations with the purpose of giving the public the largest practicable extent of rural scenery, and of rural exercising ground. As for this purpose the drives must not, as already explained, be very wide, and as the movement both ways (in order to give opportunity for the recognition of acquaintances) must be slow, it is desirable that such provision should be originally secured in such a place that people can make a considerable circuit within the Park, if they choose, without entering upon them all."

"The part of your Park thus intended exclusively for rural recreation is complete within itself, and a circuit of it can be made upon both its drives and walks without entering upon the promenade district, which, indeed, lies completely hidden from it, except as the tree-tops and the water within it extend the background of the view from certain points."

"According to the plans you have approved, the portion of the drive more especially intended to be used as a promenade, is to be nowhere less than fifty feet in width; in the greater part, sixty feet. Its length, not including the turning-places at the ends, is to be three-quarters of a mile. A path for saddle-horses will adjoin it, thirty feet wide. At certain points it will be separated a short distance from the drive in order to avoid too extended a bare surface. Adjoining the pad, and again on the opposite side of the drive, are to be walks fifteen to twenty feet wide. Near the middle of the system, sheltered galleries are arranged, where those who wish can sit and look upon those



moving by. The width of the whole promenade ways at this point, for a distance of two hundred and fifty feet, is to be one hundred and eighty feet, the pad and the drive being thrown together, and the walks brought to curbs upon them. One of the walks will spread laterally to beaches or bays of the Lake, and there will be an outlet from it upon a boat-landing. Throughout the whole extent of the promenade ways a succession of views will be commanded with the back to the sun over the Lake. On the side towards the sun will be a dense plantation of trees and underwood. Planted points and islands are arranged to cover the broader bare spaces of the promenade from the view of boating parties and the opposite shores, and to supply strong foregrounds to the views northward. There are to be rows of trees within and upon the edge of the drive, it being impossible to avoid long spaces, which would be unpleasantly exposed to the sun by any wholly natural arrangement of trees consistently with convenience of movement where so many are expected to be passing together, but the bordering plantations are so arranged, that the formality of these rows will not be noticed, except when close upon them. Looking beyond the exterior lines of the promenade walks, the scene will be perfectly natural and rural in character; so also the whole Lake shore, except at one point, where preparation is making for promenade concerts."

"Promenade concerts are common in many European pleasure grounds, but nowhere are the arrangements for them such as would be at all satisfactory to an American audience of the number which has frequently been found already in your Park. They may be divided into two classes: those universal in German towns, common in French and less so in British, where the audience is standing, walking, or sitting upon chairs, and frequently at tables at which refreshments are served, and those in which the greater part of the audience is in carriages, or walking about among carriages, as the Casino at Florence, and on the Pincian Hill at Rome."

"The music of a proper promenade band can be best heard only at a greater distance from the instruments than is desirable when listening to an ordinary indoor orchestra. It does not require close attention, and may be enjoyed while walking among the trees. It is common, however, for at least the central part of the audience to rest during the performance of each piece, and for the greater part of it to stroll or drive off and return between the pieces. Where the audience is largely in carriages, there is always more or less movement in its outer part, and this, with the room necessarily taken by each vehicle and





States Architectural Co. New York

# DESIGN FOR THE ARRANGEMENT OF PEDESTRIAN CONCOURSE.

SCALE: 120 FEET TO ONE INCH.





its horses, makes the number of those who can enjoy the music at all, with any arrangement hitherto used, very small. There is no carriage promenade concert in Europe which is largely attended by people on foot. In the best and most popular promenade concerts, it is customary for all who come in carriages to leave them on arriving at the ground, and this both in small and large towns.

The plan of the concert grounds in your Park is designed to secure the advantages of both the classes which have been described, and to avoid, as far as practicable, their disadvantages.

"The orchestra is to be placed upon a small island, about one hundred feet from a semicircular sweep of shore, in the direction where the audience is expected chiefly to congregate. It is believed, that with suitable instruments, at this distance over water nothing will be lost of the sound, while it will prevent the disagreeable crowding together of a large number of persons close before the stand where the music can not be heard to advantage. Provision, however, is made for small boats to fasten along the shore below the level of the audience and of the floor of the music stand, and a large fleet may lie about it. The circuit drive of the Park passes parallel with the shore, at a distance of five hundred and thirty feet; a short loop from it opens into a concourse, nearly five acres in area, sloping towards the shore, and occupying a quadrant of the circle surrounding the music-stand. All parts of this are open to drivers and riders. Its southward outlets open into the promenade drive and ride.

"A smaller carriage concourse (two acres) is situated upon the top of an eminence, five hundred feet to the northward, and carriages can either be driven to this and back, or a turn be taken in the promenade drive, if desired, between the pieces. It is believed that most music will be heard very well upon the higher concourse, which has the advantage for a hot summer's day of being strongly swept by the sea breeze passing over the music island.

"North of the principal carriage concourse is an esplanade, with a grove, for a promenade on foot. The lower part of this, for a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet, is to be planted with plane trees, arranged at the intersection of concentric circular lines with others radiating from the music island, as may be understood from the plan accompanying this report. Back of this, at a higher elevation, is to be a grove, pierced by three alleys on the lines of vistas opening toward the music island. In the rear will be an open pavilion, with

tables and seats, and back of it a low house containing cloak and dressing rooms, and from which coffee and ices may be served. A series of awnings on fixed standards will cover seats in front of the trees on the esplanade, the passage in front of which is to be closed during the performance of music. There are also to be seats in the rear of the esplanade. It is expected, however, that the larger part of the audience collecting here will be moving during the intervals of the music, and will stand among the planes or continue walking in the alleys of the upper grove during its performance. There are walks leading from the concert ground along the shore each way, and upon the face of Breeze Hill, looking towards the music-stand. The music will float across the Lake, and be heard very well on the opposite shore, and more or less clearly at various more distant points.

As an agreeable, natural decoration of a space like the concert ground, designed to be mostly occupied by an audience, is impracticable, its plan is formal, and its decorations will be mainly architectural.

The ground-work of the whole of the Park south of the Lookout Hill, having to be made from material excavated from the Lake site, and every tree, shrub, and stone to be moved to it, and every variation from a plain surface to be formed, it will be some time before the design can be fully realized, but it is hoped that this statement of its intention will sufficiently show, that while the simplest form of healthful and educative rural education has been studiously provided for the use of a park as a place to see people under pleasant circumstances, and in which to be cheered by the pervading gayety of a great company coming together simply for pleasure, has not been neglected.

No part of the Park is designed with reference to use after nightfall. There are many reasons why it should not be. The attempt to light any large ground, planted closely, or with underwood in the natural style, sufficiently to make it a safe resort, always fails. If in the midst of a large town, its use for immoral and criminal purposes more than balances any advantages it may offer. It has been shown that where the climate makes the night the most agreeable time for open-air recreation, formal promenades between rows of trees on regular, strongly defined, and well-lighted walks are customary. Not only the parkways now under construction are of this character, but the Park is designed to be surrounded on all sides with a broad avenue for carriages, and a well-lighted mall, thirty feet wide, for walking. Wherever practicable, this is made to overlook the Park, from which it is to be divided by





T O M P K I N S  
A V E N U E

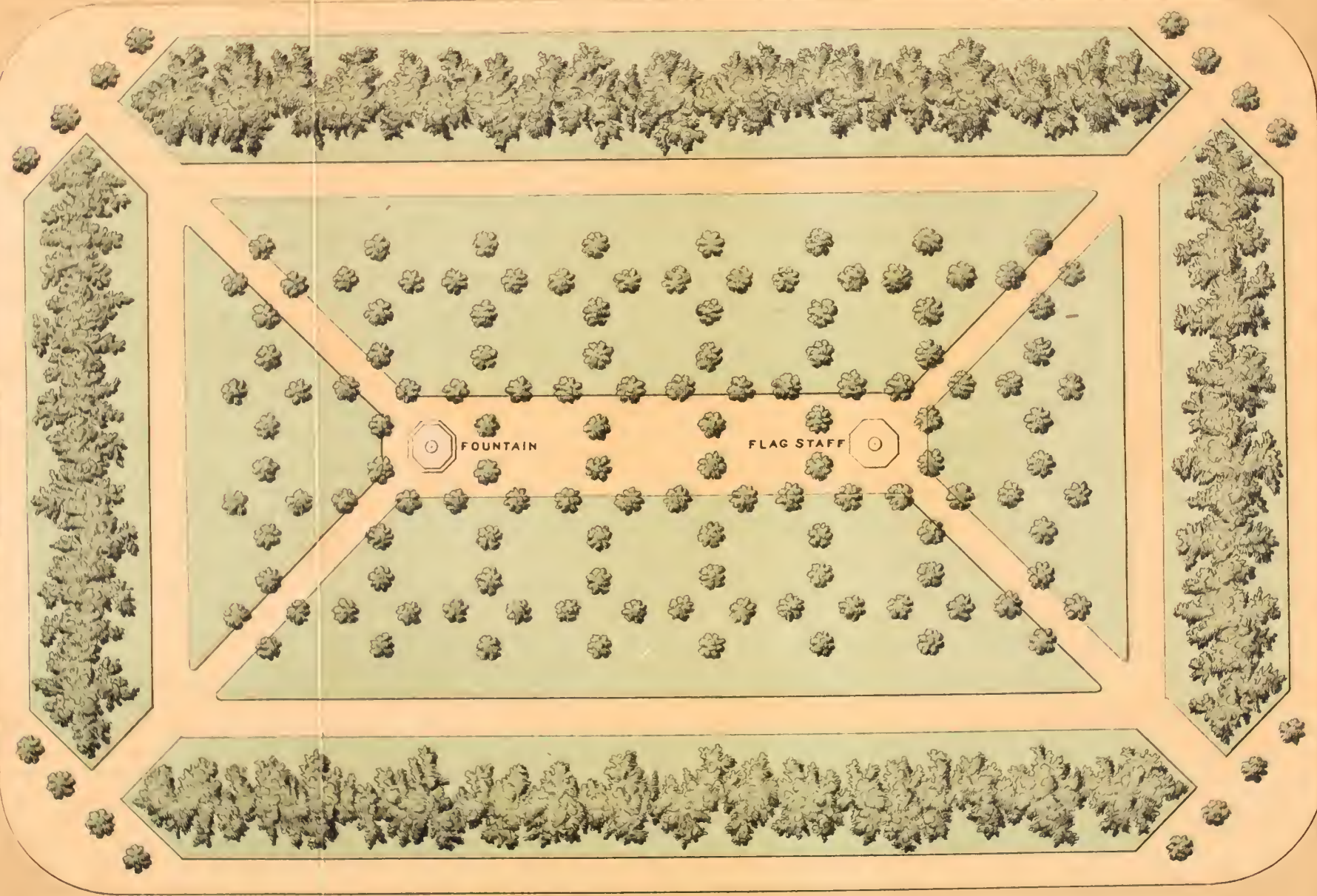
G R E E N E    A V E N U E

M A R C Y  
A V E N U E

L A F A Y E T T E    A V E N U E

DESIGN FOR LAYING OUT TOMPKINS PARK - BROOKLYN.

OLMSTED, VAUX & CO. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS



a parapet three feet in height, the total height of the interior wall being eight feet. The Plaza is designed with a similar purpose, and the planting and lighting arrangements have been studied with special reference to night effects.

"In our last report we spoke of that intention of the plan which is to be more especially realized in the pastoral district of the Long Meadow, and among the scattered trees in the West and Mid woods which border it. The central walk leading from the Plaza to the hills and the promenade district, after passing through this open, and for the present rather too sunny ground, reaches the edge of a pool of water in the lowest part of the meadow, which is also intended to be sunny and bright; it is then carried to the left, and passes through a shady ravine, from which it issues through the Nethermead Arches upon another broad and open space of greensward, with placid water in view beyond it. This ravine is designed to provide favorable conditions for rich, dark, cool, and secluded effects in contrast with the neighboring meadow, and with the scenery of the Park generally, and connects with a small district of similar character, now under construction, which extends with a series of rambling walks and sheltered seats to the Dairy Cottage."

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## TOMPKINS PARK.

The Legislature of 1869 authorized an appropriation of \$25,000 for the improvement of Tompkins Park, in a style corresponding with the other city parks. The work on this Park is now progressing, on a plan which is explained by the landscape architects, as follows :

"Our plan provides for a spacious central quadrangle, planted only with large trees, which are arranged symmetrically, but not in avenues or straight rows. It will be observed that a portion of the ground is shown in turf, and a portion in gravel, but no restriction upon walking or playing upon the turf is intended to be maintained, and whenever, owing to the increase of population in the neighborhood, and the growth of the trees, it is found impracticable to keep the interior spaces of turf in good order, the turf is expected to be wholly obliterated and the entire area graveled. While the trees are young and small, so large a space of unshaded ground will appear hot and dreary, unless covered with turf.

"On each side of the central umbrageous quadrangle, and between it and the streets, there is a garden, which being unshaded by trees, may be made very bright and elegant with



flowering shrubs and plants, and perfect turf, and these will be equally well presented to the view of passers-by and the residents of the opposite houses. These garden spaces are proposed to be inclosed by a very light and open fence on the street side, and by a low rail on the promenade side. The turf and flowering plants within being thus protected from close approach, the expense of keeping them in order would be comparatively small.

“Four entrances to the quadrangle through the garden are provided for, and these are placed at the corners, because they will here give the most direct access to the promenade ground to those approaching from without the square, while the inhabitants of the square on an average, are equally well accommodated. At each of these entrances four trees are placed, because in these positions they will not obstruct the view from the houses of the garden, nor injure them by the shade. By this arrangement, also, decorative border planting is admissible opposite every house fronting the square.

“The original expense of construction, under this plan, would be less than for a ground laid out in the manner of which Carroll Park is an example, while the results would, it is believed, be much more satisfactory.”



## WASHINGTON PARK.

In this Park an arbor has been built and painted, and a tar concrete pavement laid under it. Tar concrete pavement has also been laid on a number of walks. Granite steps have been set in the walk running from Canton street to Fort Greene place. A portion of the enclosing wall of the Park has been built by contract.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The following is extracted from the report of the Comptroller of the Parks :—

## CONSTRUCTION ACCOUNT.

*Receipts.*

The total receipts on account of PROSPECT PARK during the year 1870, were :

Balance to the credit of this Park, January 1, 1870.....	\$33,913 44
Received from the Comptroller of the City.....	\$500,000 00
“ “ rents of houses in the Park.....	6,169 26
“ “ sales of wood, grass, etc.....	4,019 86
“ “ interest on bank balances.....	2,339 23
“ “ Park pound.....	372 10
“ “ water sold.....	59 46
	<hr/>
	513,459 91
	<hr/>
	\$547,373 35
	<hr/>

*Expenditures.*

The total expenditures on this Park, for the same time, were :

Paid salaries, Comptroller, Superintendent, architects, and engineers.....	\$23,736 20
“ surveyors, draughtsmen, and assistants....	13,324 20
“ laborers, mechanics, horses, and carts.....	295 606 72
“ materials of construction, tool, etc.....	88,485 13
“ fitting up of offices, rent and insurance....	3,019 42
“ stationery, printing, and drawing materials.	2,840 74
“ trees, plants, and shrubs.....	3,706 90
“ manure, and other fertilizers... ..	233 50
“ drainage pipe.....	2,711 20
“ patent pavements.....	7,462 56
“ water-pipe and hydrants.....	1,977 98
“ legal expense for additional counsel.....	4,965 93
	<hr/>
	\$448,080 48
Balance to new account.. ..	99,292 87
	<hr/>
	\$547,373 35
	<hr/>

## WASHINGTON PARK.

The total receipts and expenditures on account of WASHINGTON PARK, for the same time, were :

*Received.*

From City Comptroller..... \$79,655 00

*Expended.*

Amount overdrawn January 1, 1870.....	\$5,018 95	
Paid surveyor and assistants.....	648 63	
“ materials for construction, and tools.....	1,354 96	
“ Scrimshaw pavement.....	2,513 98	
“ trees, shrubs, and plant.....	1,995 00	
“ on account of inclosing wall.....	3,453 42	
“ laborers, horses, and carts.....	4,238 05	
		<hr/> \$19,222 99
Balance to new account.....		60,432 01
		<hr/> \$79,655 00

## PARADE GROUND.

The total receipts and expenditures on account of the PARADE GROUND, during the year 1870, were :

*Received.*

From County Treasurer.....	\$4,000 00
“ rent.....	17 50
	<hr/> \$4,017 50

*Expended.*

Paid surveyors and assistants.....	\$55 33
“ materials for construction.....	981 59
“ keepers, mechanics, laborers, and teams.....	3,085 02
“ balance due for lodge and shelter.....	2,350 00
“ trees and shrubs.....	54 60
	<hr/> \$6,326 54

## MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

*Received.*

For the maintenance of all the City Parks for 1870.....	\$84,450 00
---	-------------

*Expended.*

For	Prospect.	Washington.	Carroll.	City.	City Hall.	
Roads.....	\$12,815 30	\$85 05	.....	.....	.....	
Walks.....	460 48	84 97	\$54 57	\$33 34	\$83 79	
Structures.....	1,382 18	20 15	41 95	89 25	.....	
Plantations.....	16,747 64	2,212 90	828 10	6 80	139 17	
Water.....	1,921 61	3 44	.....	1 00	2 00	
Drainage.....	967 67	14 19	6 40	2 25	.....	
Ice.....	1,760 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Tools.....	1,000 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Keepers.....	32,324,62	2,179 12	963 67	1,047 25	.....	
General.....	5,755 92	177 38	11 26	.....	.....	
Total.....	\$75,136 82	\$4,777 15	\$1,405 95	\$1,129 89	\$224 96	\$82,674 27

Deficiency of maintenance in 1869..... 18,817 73

\$101,492 00

Received, 1870..... 84,450 00

Deficiency of maintenance for 1870..... \$17,042 00

NAMES AND RESIDENCES  
OF THE  
**Officers of the Board of Education,**  
OF BROOKLYN,  
FOR THE YEAR 1871-2.

---

*President,*  
EPHRAIM J. WHITLOCK, 186 WASHINGTON STREET.

---

*Vice-President,*  
JAMES MURPHY, 169 GRAND STREET.

---

*City Superintendent,*  
JOHN W. BULKLEY, 303 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

---

*Assistant Superintendent,*  
JAMES CRUIKSHANK, 206 SOUTH OXFORD STREET.

---

*Secretary,*  
GEORGE A. W. STUART, 91 FOURTH AVENUE.

---

*Assistant Secretary,*  
THOMAS H. WILSON, 154 TWENTY-FIRST STREET.

---

*Clerk,*  
HENRY DEAN, 122 ST. FELIX STREET.

---

*Messenger,*  
HENRY O. DYER, 335 DEAN STREET.

---

*Superintendent of Repairs,*  
SAMUEL B. LEONARD, 60 GREENE AVENUE.



NAMES, RESIDENCES, AND PLACES OF BUSINESS  
OF THE

Members of the Board of Education.  
OF BROOKLYN,  
For the Year 1871-2.

NAMES.	RESIDENCES.	PLACES OF BUSINESS.
Mr. ALBERT AMMERMAN.....	150 Elliott place .....	9th, near Smith street.
" ABRAHAM B. BAYLIS.....	76 Remsen street .....	Cor. Court & Jeralomen st.
" DEMAS BARNES.....	88 First place.....	
" GEORGE C. BENNETT.....	Broadway, corner Magnolia..	26 Broadway, <i>Times</i> Office.
" GARRET BERGEN .....	217 Seventeenth street.....	33 Beekman street, N. Y.
" DEHART BERGEN.....	43d street near First av. ....	
" JOHN H. BROAD.....	Java, near Franklin .....	300 East 4th street, N. N.
" JONATHAN S. BURE.....	178 South Ninth street .....	122 Front street, N. Y.
" FELIX CAMPBELL.....	Pacific, near Nostrand av....	79 John street, N. Y.
" THOMAS CARROLL.....	344 Jay street.....	104 Front street, N. Y.
" O. G. CARTER.....	23 Park Place.....	32 Pine street, Room 9, N. Y.
" EDWARD B. CADLEY.....	433 Gold street.....	Room 21 Court House
" E. M. CULLEN.....	37 Clinton street.....	377 Fulton street
" JOHN DREYER.....	Bergen street, near Utica av..	Bergen street, near Utica av.
" L. B. FARON.....	356 Sackett street.....	No. 3 Court House
" JOHN FINLEY.....	98 Gold street.....	
" GEORGE H. FISHER.....	55 Bedford avenue.....	91 Broadway
" J. W. FLAHERTY.....	262 South First street.....	
" WILLIAM L. GILL.....	Mansion House.....	367 Fulton street
" L. V. D. HARDENBERGH .....	82 Henry street.....	174 Fulton street
" JAMES HALL.....	Orient, near Bushwick av....	17 Burling Slip, N. Y.
" DANIEL HAET.....	150 Nelson street .....	Harbor Master, N. Y.
" JAMES H. HAET.....	Broadway, corner Gates av....	247 Fulton street
" JOHN F. HENNESSY.....	319 Bridge street .....	319 Bridge street
" JOHN W. HUNTER.....	361 Clinton avenue.....	367 Fulton street
" WILLIAM W. HURLBUT.....	54 Sands street.....	
" J. R. JUEGEND.....	Graham av. cor. Boerum....	
" THOMAS KINSELLA.....	430 Clinton street.....	<i>Eagle</i> Office
" DANIEL MAJER.....	578 Grand street .....	161 Fourth street
" WILLIAM MARTIN .....	138 Norman street .....	Bible House, N. Y.
" A. B. MARTIN.....	76 Adams street.....	Greene, cor. Houston street, N. Y.
" JAMES MCGEE.....	266 Carlton avenue .....	62 William street, N. Y.
" JAMES MURPHY.....	169 Grand street.....	169 Grand street
" WILLIAM H. MURTHA.....	344 Carlton avenue.....	Cor. Atlantic & Washington
" JOHN M. PHELPS.....	De Kalb, near Yates av....	Classon, near Flushing av.
" EDWARD ROWE.....	529 Franklin avenue.....	51 Worth street, N. Y.
" J. W. RIGGS.....	257 South Third street .....	New York <i>World</i>
" JOHN H. RHODES.....	418 Clermont avenue.....	11 City Hall
" CORNELIUS H. SCHAFFS.....	23 Bedford avenue.....	23 Bedford avenue
" A. W. SHEPARD.....	124 Willoughby street.....	
" WILLIAM E. SPRAGUE.....	156 Adelphi street.....	
" WILLIAM M. THOMAS.....	219 Schermerhorn street....	
" JOHN WILLIAMS.....	450 Pacific street.....	22 Court street
" EPHRAIM J. WHITLOCK.....	186 Washington street.....	

## STANDING COMMITTEES.

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*School Houses.*

Thomas, Maujer, Hall, D. Bergen, Hennessy, Campbell, Phelps.

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*Finance.*

Murphy, Hunter, Hall, Williams, McGee, Barnes, Cadley.

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*School Books.*

Rowe, Kinsella, W. Martin, J. H. Hart, Broad, D. Hart, Cullen.

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*Teachers.*

Hurlbut, Garrett Bergen, Carroll, Hardenbergh, Riggs.

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*Law.*

Gill, Faron, Fisher.

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*Music.*

Cadley, Schapps, W. Martin, Ammerman, Shepard.

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*Supplies.*

Murtha, Bennett, Cullen.

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*Libraries.*

Schapps, Burr, D. Bergen, Carter, Riggs.

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*Evening Schools.*

Carroll, Kinsella, Maujer, Murphy, Garrett Bergen, Gill, Broad,  
Murtha, Faron, Sprague, Shepard, Flaherty.

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*Normal School.*

Baylis, Rhodes, Hennessy, Campbell, Ammerman.

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*Examination.*

Bennett, Barnes, Fisher.

*Rules.*

Williams, Broad, Dreyer, Faron, Finley.

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*Credentials.*

Hardenbergh, Jurgens, Dreyer.

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*Warming and Ventilation.*

Campbell, Burr, D. Hart, Hennessy, A. B. Martin.

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*Attendance.*

Schapps, Carter, Fisher.

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*Printing.*

Garrett Bergen, W. Martin, Faron.

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*Free Scholarships.*

McGee, Kinsella, Rhode, Schapps, Hunter, Cullen, Fisher.

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SCHOOL COMMITTEES.

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- SCHOOL No. 1—Corner of Adams and Concord Streets,  
Messrs. Hurlbut, Carroll, Shepard.
- “ “ 2—Forty-seventh street, near Third avenue,  
D. Bergen, G. P. Bergen, Shepard.
- “ “ 3—Bedford, cor. Jefferson avenue.  
Rhodes, Garret Bergen, Phelps.
- “ “ 4—Classon, near Flushing avenue,  
Schapps, Phelps, Flaherty.
- “ “ 5—Johnson, cor. Duffield street,  
Carroll, Cadley, Hennessy.
- “ “ 6—Warren, near Smith street,  
Williams, Faron, Thomas.
- “ “ 7—York, near Bridge street,  
Hardenbergh, Hurlbut, Sprague.
- “ “ 8—Middagh, between Henry and Hicks street,  
• Baylis, Hardenbergh, Cullen.

School No. 9—Butler street, cor. Vanderbilt avenue,  
Rowe, Kinsella, Campbell.

- “ “ 10—Seventh avenue, near Seventeenth street,  
Garret Bergen, D. Bergen, Hardenbergh.
- “ “ 11—Washington, near Greene avenue,  
Hunter, Carter, Ammerman.
- “ “ 12—Adelphi street, near Myrtle avenue,  
McGee, Rhodes, Sprague.
- “ “ 13—Degraw, near Hicks street,  
Barnes, Kinsella, Faron.
- “ “ 14—Navy, cor. of Concord street,  
Sprague Hurlbut, Hennessy.
- “ “ 15—Cor. of Powers and State Streets,  
Thomas, Williams, Carter.
- “ “ 16—Wilson street, near Bedford avenue,  
Burr, Schapps, Fisher.
- “ “ 17—North Fifth, cor. Fifth street,  
Murphy, Maujer, Hall.
- “ “ 18—Maujer, near Ewen street,  
Maujer, Hall, Riggs.
- “ “ 19—South Second, cor. Tenth street,  
Riggs, Jurgens, Flaherty.
- “ “ 20—South Fourth, near Seventh street,  
Schapps, Burr, Fisher.
- “ “ 21—McKibbin, near Ewen street,  
Jurgens, Gill, Flaherty.
- “ “ 22—Java street, near Union avenue,  
Broad, Martin, Burr.
- “ “ 23—Conselyea, near Smith Street,  
Hall, Maujer, Broad.
- “ “ 24—Prospect street, near Evergreen avenue,  
Bennett, J. H. Hart, A. B. Martin.
- “ “ 25—Walworth street, near Myrtle avenue,  
Phelps, Dreyer, Fisher.
- “ “ 26—Gates, near Ralph avenue,  
J. H. Hart, Bennett, A. B. Martin.
- “ “ 27—Nelson, near Hicks street,  
Hurlbut, Garret Bergen, D. Hart.
- “ “ 28—Herkimer street, near Ralph avenue,  
Dreyer, Hunter, A. B. Martin.



School No. 29—Cor. Columbia and Amity streets,  
Cadley, Kinsella, Cullen.

“ “ 30—Red Hook Point,  
D. Hart, Barnes, Cadley.

“ “ 31—Ryerson street, near Myrtle avenue,  
Gill, Murtha, Rhodes.

Primary No. 1—North Seventh, near Third street,  
Murphy, Maujer, Hall.

“ “ 2—Norman avenue, near Eckford street,  
Martin, Broad, Burr.

“ “ 3—North First, near Fourth street,  
Murphy, Maujer, Hall.

“ “ 4—Tenth, near North Second street,  
Jurgens, J. H. Hart, Riggs.

“ “ 5—Gold, near Water street,  
Hennessy, Sprague, Finley.

“ “ 6—Fifteenth street, near Fourth avenue,  
Garret Bergen, D. Bergen, Ammerman.

“ “ 7—Vanderbilt, betw. Park and Myrtle avenues,  
Rhodes, McGee, Murtha.

“ “ 8—Prospect, near Bridge Street,  
Hennessy, Finley, Shepard.

“ “ 9 Warren, near Smith streets,  
Faron, Williams, Cullen.

“ “ 10—Bedford, near Putnam Avenue,  
Campbell, Rhodes, Phelps.

“ “ 12—Park avenue, near Walworth street,  
Phelps, Gill, Fisher.

Colored No. 1—Willoughby, near Raymond street,  
McGee, Hurlbut, Shepard.

“ “ 2—Troy avenue, near Bergen street,  
Dreyer, Hunter, A. B. Martin.

“ “ 3—Union avenue, near South Third street,  
Riggs, Murphy, W. Martin.

“ “ 4—High, near Pearl street,  
McGee, Hurlbut, Shepard.

“ “ 5—282 Eighteenth street,  
Garret Rergen, D. Bergen, Hardenbergh.

Protestant Orphan Asylum School, Cumberland near Myrtle ave-  
nue—Sprague, Hurlbut, Ammerman.

- Church Charity Foundation Asylum School, Herkimer street,  
near Albany avenue—Hunter, Phelps, Carter.
- Catholic Orphan Asylum School for Boys—Carroll, Murphy,  
Finley.
- Catholic Orphan Asylum School for Girls, Congress, near  
Court street—Cadley, Carroll, Gill.
- Howard Colored Orphan Asylum School—Dreyer, Hunter,  
A. B. Martin.

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TABLE No. 1.

*Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the School Funds of the  
City of Brooklyn, for the Year ending  
January 31st, 1871.*

RECEIPTS.

From the County Treasurer, the distributive share of the State Moneys.....	\$163,892 55
From City Tax, levied in 1869, for General and Special School Funds,	
General School Fund ...	\$323,376
Special do do.	294,350
	617,726 00
From the City Treasurer, the amount authorized by the Legislature, April 23rd, 1867, for the purchase of sites and the erection of School Houses .....	180,000 00
From rent of site of Primary School No. 11, in South Fourth Street.....	750 00
From interest on Deposits during the year,....	5,125 47
From sale of old iron,.....	542 03
From sale of books at depot,.....	30,127 59
From sale of old books at depot,.....	2,995 40
Balance .....	157,365 46
	<hr/>
	\$1,158,524 50

EXPENDITURES.

Balance from statement, January 31st, 1870,....	\$315,830 79
Salaries of Teachers in Day Schools,.....	480,537 24
do. do. Evening do.....	10,099 15
do. do. of Music,.....	8,556 70
Janitors' Wages, cleaning, sweeping and making fires,.....	26,436 50

Repairs and Furnishing,.....	\$22,493 66
Heating apparatus,.....	15,607 59
Brooklyn Orphan Asylums, distributive share of School moneys for 1870,.....	10,731 41
Building new School House No. 10, on account,.	3,997 63
do. do. do. " 5, " "	50,659 75
Assessments,.....	36 50
Enlargement of School House No. 23, on account,	789 72
Building new School House No. 30 " "	4,267 47
do. do. do. " 31, " "	48,829 93
Primary Room Rents,.....	4,070 94
Wings to School House No. 18, on account,....	2,240 00
Enlargement of Primary School House No. 4, on account,.....	265 00
Purchase of Site for School House in 17th Ward,	5,656 00
Addition to School House No. 7, on account,...	350 00
do. " " do. " 15, " " ...	13,628 55
Exchange of Books,.....	4,977 46
Addition to School House No. 28, on account,...	23,997 00
Purchase of Pianos,.....	8,555 00
do. of Books and Slates at Depot,.....	29,724 51
do. " " " " for pupils unable to pay for the same,.....	4,467 68
General Expenditure, applicable to all the Schools, Board of Education, Building, Office, etc...	
Salaries of Superintendants, Clerks and Messenger,.....	\$10,945 19
Printing, .....	1,868 71
Fuel,.....	18,518 82
Janitors' salary at depot,.....	300 00
Repairs and Furnishing, viz: Re- pairs to Rooms of the Board, Heating Apparatus, Stationary, Pails, Brushes, Mats, etc., for the use of the Schools, text books for teachers, etc.,.....	30,084 62
	61,717 34
	<hr/>
	\$1,158,524 50

## COMPARATIVE TABLE,

*Showing the Number of Schools, Whole Number of Pupils, Average Register and Average Attendance, and Per centage of Average Attendance on the Whole Number Enrolled, and on Average Register in each Year since the Consolidation.*

Years.	Schools.	Teachers.*	Whole Number of Pupils on Register	Average Register of Pupils.‡	Average Attendance	PER CENT.	
						on whole number	on aver. Register.
1854	32	390	18,327	No means of ascertaining.	—	—	—
1855	30	312	30,977		13,380	43	—
1856	33	338	35,468		13,477	38	—
1857	31	340	39,225		13,547	34	—
1858	34	375	42,264	20,650	15,384	36	74
1859	34	391	49,452	25,043	15,965	35	68
1860	35	415	46,976	26,090	15,989	34	61
1861	36	433	40,452	27,537	18,649	37	74
1862	36	430	54,684	29,612	20,732	37	70
1863	36	433	50,362	28,433	21,143	41	74
1864	36	494	50,837	31,017	21,556	42	69
1865	38	545	53,947	31,160	22,610	43	7½
1866	38	596	57,299	31,876	24,667	43	77
1867	40	615	68,966†	33,135‖	27,795	40	83
1868	43	673	77,919†	35,334	30,582	29	86
1869	45	725	90,133‡	37,782	32,761	36	87
1870	46	815	99,391††	41,533	36,535	36	87

\*Exclusive of those employed in Evening Schools.

†This number includes re-admissions as well as new pupils. The actual number of different Pupils can not be far from 60,000.

‡Re-admissions 15,310, making of different Pupils 62,609.

‖ Re-admissions, 20,464. Pupils "from other Schools," 6,663—making of different Pupils 63,004.

†† Re-admissions, 25,789. Pupils "from other Schools," (counted twice) 7,206—making of different Pupils 66,396.

§ The number of Pupils on Register prior to 1867, was obtained from Annual Reports of Principals, and in most instances, re-admissions are excluded. The actual number of different pupils for those years can not now be ascertained.

‖ A closer interpretation of the 15th Section of the Rules and Regulations during the last three years has tended to reduce, comparatively, this item.



## TEACHERS AND PUPILS.

## DETAILED STATEMENT BY SCHOOLS.

[Abbreviations—*M.*, Mixed; *B.*, Boys; *G.*, Girls; *Gr.*, Grammar Grades; *Pr.*, Primary.]

## SCHOOL NO. 1.

*Boundaries of District*—Centre lines of Fulton, Sands and Bridge Streets, and Myrtle Avenue to Fulton Street.

House—Corner of Adams and Concord Streets.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. HURLBUT, CARROLL, SHEPARD.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	313	393			706
“ Admitted during the year,.....	224	386	213	197	1,020
“ Re-admissions,.....	45	171	5	2	223
“ New Pupils,.....	179	215	203	195	797
Total Enrollment,.....	537	779	213	197	1,726
Different Pupils instructed,.....	492	608	203	195	1,503
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade,.....					
Discharged during the Year,.....	281	421	46	35	783
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....	256	353	167	162	943
Average Daily Register,.....	219	319	149	144	831
Average Daily Attendance,.....	203	282	134	129	748
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register,.....					90
“ “ “ different pupils,.....					49
“ “ “ total enrollment,.....					43
Whole number of Sitzings,.....					1,012

## Teachers—Grammar Department.

Grades.		Grades.	
	C. R. ABBOTT, <i>Prin.</i>	4, 5, 6	M. P. Tracy.
	<i>Sup.</i> Eliza L. Dennison,	6,	K. P. Jordan.
1, 2, 3	B. Martha A. Ostrander.	6,	Nellie Callanan.
3, 4	Mary M. Beale.	4,	Jane G. Evans.
1	G. Maria M. Hyde.	4, 5	Amelia G. Pendleton,
2	Margaretta E. Baker	5, 6	Henrietta R. Kemble,
3	Josephine A. Whittemore.	6&1. <i>Pr.</i>	Agnes O'Neil,
4, 5	Franc A. Walker.		

**Primary Department.\***

	Mary E. Marsh.	6,	Louisa J. Newcomb.
1, 2	Kate P. Jordan.	1, 2	Clara E. Robinson.
2, 3 B.	Emma M. Ives.	3, 4	Alice C. Spear.
4, 5	Ellie W. Crummie.	5, 6	Mary A. B. Clapp.
	Henry Wells, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Andrew Hughes, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL NO. 2.**

*Boundaries of District*—All that portion of the City southwest of Twenty-seventh St.

*House*—Forty-seventh Street near Third Avenue, Gowanus.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. D. BERGEN, GARRET BERGEN, SHEPARD.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	59	34	148	88	328
" Admitted during the year,.....	104	62	135	158	459
" Re-admissions,.....	70	42	61	74	247
" New Pupils,.....	34	20	74	84	212
Total Enrollment,.....	162	96	283	246	787
Different Pupils instructed,.....	92	54	222	172	540
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade,.....			21	8	29
Discharged during the Year,.....	124	72	162	144	502
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....	59	32	100	94	285
Average Daily Register,.....	50	32	108	90	275
Average Daily Attendance,.....	38	27	80	70	215
Per cent, of Attendance on average Register,.....					78
" " " different pupils,.....					40
" " " total enrollment,.....					28
Whole number of Sitzings,.....					354

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.	Grades.
1, 2, 3, JACOB SANDS, <i>Principal.</i>	4, 5, 6, Lucy W. Hedge.
	1, Mary E. Quye.

**Primary Department.**

6, Helen M. Hall.	2, 3, Isabella Watkins.
	4, 5, Emma Porter.
Alla M. Russell, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	Johanna Moore, <i>Janitress.</i>

**SCHOOL NO. 3.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Centre lines of DeKalb, Grand, Warren and Nostrand Avenues, .

City line, Albany, Fulton and Yates Avenues, Halsey Street, Reed,  
Greene, Franklin and DeKalb Avenues.

*House*—Bedford, corner of Jefferson Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. RHODES, G. BERGEN, PHELPS.

\* Opened Sept. 1870.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	223	209	222	205	919
" Admitted during the Year.....	254	308	236	249	1157
" Re-admissions.....	132	206	156	174	668
" New Pupils.....	122	162	130	75	489
Total Enrollment.....	477	627	508	454	2076
Different Pupils instructed.....	345	431	352	280	1408
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade.....			74	49	123
Discharged during the Year.....	387	472	191	168	1218
On Register Feb. 1, 1871.....	164	214	243	237	858
Average Daily Register.....	204	246	236	214	900
Average Daily Attendance.....	166	190	184	193	733
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					61
" " " different pupils.....					52
" " " total enrollment.....					35
Whole number of Sitzings .....					800

### Teachers—Grammar Department.

Grades.		Grades.	
	HENRY W. HAYWARD,		
	<i>Principal.*</i>	5	Harriet L. Mead.
<i>Sup.</i>	Ellen A. Spencer.	3	B. Mary A. Seaman.
1	M. Eloise Adamson.	5	B. Sarah Taylor.
2	Sarah F. Smith.	5	G. Ida Elkins.
4	M. Emma E. Smith.	6	Agnes E. DeMunn.

### Primary Department.

	Cecilia A. Gardner.	2	G. Rosellen Wright.
4	B. Nina Spencer.	2	B. Deborah Wright.
	G. Leonora Willis.	3	G. Emma Fortune.
1	B. Margaret Nerney.	3	B. Susan Johnson.
4	G. Esther M. Lynde.	4	Margaret Nerney.
6	S. O. Flynn	6	M. Bettie.
6	C. Vorhis.		
	E. C. Phelps, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Wallace S. Douglass, <i>Janitor.</i>

### SCHOOL No. 4†

*Boundaries of District.*—Wallabout Bay, Flushing, Washington, DeKalb, Franklin, and Wythe Avenues, and Hewes Street, boundary line of U. S. Hospital to Wallabout Bay.

House—Classon, near Flushing Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. SCHAPPS, PHELPS, FLAHERTY.

\* Mr. Clark, after a service of twenty-five years as principal of this School, resigned March 1, 1871, and Mr. Henry W. Hayward was appointed in his place.

† This school was depeleted by the opening of No. 81 in the same district. Mr. Edgar Knickerbocker, resigned Sept. 1, and Mrs. Adams, formerly Principal of the Primary Department of No. 22, was appointed in his place.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register Feb. 1, 1870.....	68	66	259	207	600
“ Admitted during the year .....	76	83	304	339	867
Re-admissions .....	20	..	140	139	299
New Pupils .....	56	88	224	200	568
Total Enrollment.....	144	154	623	546	1467
Different Pupils instructed.. .....	124	153	488	407	1167
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	..	..	31	33	69
Discharged during the year.....	149	169	463	385	1166
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	96	23	129	123	301
Average daily Register.....	59	62	183	145	454
Average Daily Attendance.....	54	53	166	127	460
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					88
“ “ “ different pupils.....					84
“ “ “ total enrollment .....					27
Whole number of Sitzings.....					668

### Teachers—Mixed Classes.

Grades.		Grades.
4 5 Pr.	Mrs. F. E. C. Adams.	5 C. L. Birdseye.
1 2 3 Pr.	Lizzie M. Cumberson	4 Adelaide E. Robertson.
6	Blanche Talbot.	1. B. Belle Allen.
	1 Jane Pattern.	
	Alla M. Russell, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	Alois Scharman, <i>Janitor.</i>

### SCHOOL No. 5.

*Boundaries of District*—DeKalb Avenue, Canton Street, Myrtle and Hudson Avenues, Johnson and Bridge Streets, Myrtle Avenue, Fulton Street, DeKalb Avenue.

*House*—Duffield, corner of Johnson Street.\*

*Local Committee*—MESSRS. CARROLL, CADLEY, HENNESSY.

	Gram. Grades		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	87	86	419	336	928
“ Admitted during the Year.....	123	98	518	533	1302
Re-admissions.....	54	44	164	153	416
New Pupils.....	69	53	384	380	886
Total Enrollment.....	210	184	967	869	2230
Different Pupils instructed.....	186	139	803	716	1814
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	..	..	99	88	187
Discharged during the Year.....	132	103	432	378	1045
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	177	169	496	403	1185
Average daily Register.....	112	111	41	343	967
Average daily Attendance.....	101	98	378	297	874
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					88
“ “ “ different pupils.....					48
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					39
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1352

\* The new School House was opened in October.



**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.

Grades.

B. Y. CONKLIN, <i>Principal</i> .	2 G. Anna L. Coghlan.
2 B. Aletta M. Hendrickson.	4 " Emma L. Smith
3 " Josephine A. Edwards.	5 " Ellen F. Quinn.
3 " Annie L. Mumford.	6 " Mary C. Coffin.
4 " Lydia A. Bliss.	5 B. Libbie Decker.
6 " Helen J. Morrison.	

**Intermediate Department.**

Prim. Grades.

Prim. Grades.

Mary E. Dill.	2 G. Hattie C. L'Hommedieu
1 G. Josephine C. LeBlanc.	3 B. Lizzie Garvey.
1 B. Annie B. Stevens.	3 G. Elizabeth Cassidy.
2 " Alida Woods.	

**Primary Department.**

Emeline A. Seabury.	5 G. Maria Hennessy.
4 B. Jurusha W. Horton.	5 B. Elizabeth Regan.
4 G. Kate M. Meehan.	6 G. Norah Ternan.
3 B. Elizabeth Carroll.	6 B. Ellen Mahon.
6 G. Jennie Newell.	6. " Kate O'Hara.
D. B. Horton, <i>Music Teacher</i> .	Mrs. McNally, <i>Janitress</i> .

**SCHOOL No. 6.**

*Boundaries of District*—Court, Atlantic, Nevins and Wyckoff Streets, Fourth Avenue,  
First Street, Second Avenue, Fifth Street, First Avenue, Fourth Place to Court Street  
House—Warren, near Smith Street.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. WILLIAMS, FARON, THOMAS.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	196	208	278	324	1006
“ Admitted during the year.....	128	104	404	488	1209
Re-admissions.....	83	67	224	191	565
New Pupils.....	45	37	270	192	644
Total Enrollment.....	324	312	772	807	2215
Different Pupils instructed.....	241	245	548	616	1650
Promoted to the 6th Grammar Grade.....			50	52	102
Discharged during the year.....	202	188	363	366	1119
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	172	176	359	389	1096
Average daily Register.....	189	199	304	348	1040
Average daily Attendance.....	164	165	271	310	910
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					87
“ “ “ different pupils.....					55
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					41
Whole number of Sittings.....					1334

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	JOHN B BEALE, <i>Principal.</i>	4 5	B. Jennie S. Vass,
1	M. Elizabeth R. Tilton,	3 4	G. Hattie A. Rogers,
1 2	M. Susan A. Damon,	4 5	G. C. Jane Van Patten,
3 4	B. Martha J. Evans.		

**Intermediate Department.**

	Huldah B. Tuthill,	6	G. Mary A. Gardner,
	6 B. Hattie A. Bliss,	2	B. Emma A. Leland,
	6 G. H. Maria Barber,	2	G. Helen W. Newcomb.
1	Pr. B. Sarah L. Newcomb,	1	Pr. G. Catherine S. Gray.

**Primary Department.**

	Emma Shaurman,	3	B. Louisa E. Tapling,
3	G. Mary U. Welch,	4	B. Eliza J. Brown,
4	G. Marion C. Richmond,	5	B. Julia Raymold,
5	G. Eliza Jane Brown,	5	M. Mary J. Ithell,
3	B. Sarah L. Newcomb,	6	M. Mary C. Forrester,
6	M. Fannie Briant.		

Miss Ella Murray, *Music Teacher.* John Magee, *Janitor.*

**SCHOOL No. 7.**

*Boundaries of Distr'ct*—Fulton, Sands, Gold and York Streets, Navy Yard Wall, and East River to Fulton Street.

House—York, near Bridge Street.

*Local Committee*—MESSRS. HARDENBERGH, HURLBUT, SPRAGUE.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	146	144	239	204	733
“ Admitted during the year.....	119	92	414	359	984
Re-admissions.....	69	43	131	143	301
Now Pupils.....	50	44	283	216	533
Total Enrollment.....	265	236	653	563	1717
Different Pupils instructed.....	196	188	522	420	1326
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	..	..	25	26	51
Discharged during the year.....	172	172	325	225	904
On Register Feb. 1, 1871 ....	118	90	308	242	763
Average daily Register.....	176	109	270	213	718
Average daily Attendance.....	114	100	243	204	661
Per cent of Attendance on average Register.....					92
“ “ “ different pupils .....					49
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					39
Whole number of Sitzings.....					826

**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
3 4	Samuel Taylor,	6	Margaret A. McKinney,
5	Mary J. Wright,	6	Ida A. Whitney,
	2 Pr. Josephine Howard.		

**Female Grammar Department.**

3	Margaret Palmgreen,	5 6	Mattie S. L'Hommedieu
4 5	Ellen J. Furey,	1 Pr.	Margaret Reynolds,
	2 Pr. Anna P. Carman.		

**Primary Department.**

	Anna S. Barstow,	2 G.	Anna P. Carman,
3	B. Lizzie M. Robinson,	3 G.	Mary L. Conkling,
4 5	B. Mary E. Masterson,	4 5	G. Belle E. McElroy,
5 6	B. Josephine Blydenberg,	5 6	G. Ella L. O'Brien,
5 6	B. Laura E. Rogers,	6 G.	Eliza A. Leary,
6	B. Mary H. Benton.		
	Henry Wells, <i>Music Teacher</i> ,		Ann Reilly, <i>Janitress</i> .

**SCHOOL No. 8.**

*Boundaries of District*—Main, Fulton, Boerum and Atlantic Streets, and East River to Main Street.

*House*—Middagh, between Henry and Hicks Streets.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. BAYLIS, HARDENBERGH, CULLEN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	138	134	256	237	765
“ Admitted during the Year .....	56	77	389	402	924
“ Re-admissions .....	25	35	114	127	301
“ New Pupils .....	31	42	275	275	623
Total Enrollment .....	194	211	645	639	1689
Different Pupils instructed .....	169	176	531	512	1388
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade .....	..	..	27	30	57
Discharged during the Year .....	121	143	350	381	1000
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871 .....	100	93	268	228	689
Average daily Register .....	190	174	183	170	722
Average daily Attendance .....	179	153	182	164	683
Per cent. of Attendance on .....					64
“ “ “ different pupils .....					49
“ “ “ total enrollment .....					40
Whole number of Sitzings .....					954

**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.

Grades.

ESTHER A. BROOKS, *Principal*,\* 4 5 6 Bella M. Hunter,  
 2 3 4 Delia Giles, 6 M. Francis Giles,  
 1 2 3 Hattie E. Goings.

**Female Grammar Department.**

2 3 4 Margaret A. Dunkly, 6 Ellen B. Wasson,  
 4 5 6 Imogene M. Smith, 1 2 3 Ellen D. Beckner.

**Primary Department—Mixed Classes.**

Mary B. Hart, 5 6 Ellen M. Gleason,  
 3 4 Mary F. Moore, 6 Libby Bedell,  
 4 5 Hattie Bedell, 6 Lizzie Dalgleish.  
 Alla M. Russell, *Music Teacher*, Bridget Dillon, *Janitress*.

**SCHOOL No. 9.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Atlantic and Sixth Avenues, First Street, City Line, Nostrand,  
 Warren, Grand and Atlantic Avenues.

House—Butler St., cor. of Vanderbilt Ave.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. ROWE, KINSELLA, CAMPBELL.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	229	236	426	330	1211
“ Admitted during the year....	207	203	403	308	1301
“ Re-admissions .....	141	127	185	118	571
“ New Pupils.....	66	76	308	287	730
Total Enrollment.....	436	439	919	728	2522
Different Pupils instructed .....	325	336	704	590	1951
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			144	141	285
Discharged during the Year.....	312	263	434	335	1364
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	263	297	341	262	1158
Average daily Register.....	215	254	368	303	1160
Average daily Attendance.....	198	235	344	263	1040
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					89
“ “ “ different pupils.....					53
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					41
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1466

\* Mr. Wm. M. Jelliffe, for several years principal of this School, resigned Sept. 1, to take charge of the new School, No. 31, and Miss Brooks, principal of the Female Department, was appointed principal in his stead.



**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	JANE A. DUNKLY,	3	B. Johanna Butler.
	<i>Principal.</i>	4	G. Sarah E. Jones.
Suppl. 1	M. Mrs. A. Northup.	4	B. Kate Dunn.
	1 B&G Kate S. Taggart.	5	G. E. B. Kennedy.
	2 B. Emily Bridgham.	5	B. Mary Reilly.
	2 G. Mary E. Cornell.	6	G. Rebecca Sparks.
2 2 Div of 1	B&G Ida K. Hinds.	6	Emily Leslie.
	3 G. M. Augusta Teall.		

**Primary Department.**

	M. Annie Beyer.	4	B. Mary O'Neil.
1	G. Mary T. Spear.	3	G. Kate Bridgham.
1	B. Alice Seaman.	5	B. Ena McCorkindale.
2	B. Kate Lysaght.	4	G. Ellen Kelly.
5	G. Bertha Williamson.	6	Charlotte Mead.
3	B. Jennie Fisk.	6	Mary Tobin.
2	G. Cecelia L. Higgins.		
	David P. Horton, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		H. Hockstadter, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 10.**

*Boundaries of District.*—First Street, Second Avenue, Fifth Street, First Avenue, Gowanus Bay, Twenty-seventh Street, Greenwood Cemetery line, and Flatbush line to First Street.

House—Seventh Avenue, near Middle St.

[New House Opened February 22nd, 1870.]

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. G. BERGEN, D. BERGEN, HARDENBERGH.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	229	268	290	213	1000
“ Admitted during the Year.....	317	395	864	1066	2642
“ Re-admissions.....	174	207	341	485	1157
“ New Pupils.....	143	188	523	631	1485
Total Enrollment.....	546	663	1154	1279	3642
Different Pupils instructed.....	372	456	813	834	2485
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			35	32	67
Discharged during the Year.....	342	418	757	837	2354
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	239	277	362	410	1288
Average daily Register.....	237	273	340	399	1249
Average daily Attendance.....	213	240	284	327	1064
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					84
“ “ “ different pupils.....					42
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					29
Whole number of Sittings.....					1128

**Teachers—Boys Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	PETER ROUGET, <i>Principal.</i>	4	Bertha M. Gisburne.
	<i>Suppl.</i> Sarah Ball.	5	Mary Eagan.
1 2	Susan V. N. Rouget.	6	Sarah Cadiz.
3	Elizabeth L. Savage.	6	Anna Treacy.

**Girls Grammar Department.**

	Sarah A. Scott.	4	Minnie Hodge.
1 2	Harriet Boyer.	5	Lizzie A. Hudson.
3	Martha W. Ward.	6	Florence Dyer.
4	Annie E. Ivers.	6	Carrie A. Davenport.

**Primary Department.**

	Caroline A Cox.	3	M. Zilpha A. Smith.
1	G. Mary E. Sloan	4	" Mary J. Tuthill.
1	B. Cora A. Sloan.	5	" Cornelia Skinkle.
2	G. Jennie A. Leach.	6	" Isabella Young.
2	B. Eliza McKinney.	6	" Kate Sheppard.
	Mrs. Cooper, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		C. Cummisky, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 11.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Atlantic, Grand, DeKalb, Portland and Atlantic Avs.

*House.*—Washington, between Greene and Gates Avenues.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. HUNTER, CARTER, AMMERMAN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	258	324	148	242	1072
" Admitted during the Year.....	190	121	228	294	933
" Re-admissions .....	66	62	88	86	302
" New Pupils.....	124	50	240	208	631
Total Enrollment.....	448	445	576	536	2005
Different Pupils instructed.....	381	383	458	450	1702
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			27	23	50
Discharged during the year.....	197	163	270	240	869
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	278	306	279	273	1136
Average daily Register.....	261	300	264	264	1089
Average daily Attendance.....	241	269	242	229	981
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					90
" " " different pupils .....					57
" " " total enrollment.....					48
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1148

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	LEROY F. LEWIS,		<i>Sup.</i> Mary E. Burch.
	<i>Principal.</i>	1	G. Catharine Van Tuyl.
<i>Sup. B.</i>	Julia Nichols.	2	" Mary E. Shannon.
2	" Augusta C. Hutchins.	3	" Maria L. Kenney.
3	" Maggie McCalvey.	4	" Jane K. Leary,
4	" Ella Nichols.	4 5	" Ella Churchill.
4 5	" Mary A. Seevan.		

**Primary Department.**

	Eliza J. Lee.	1	G. Pr. Pauline E. Fuller.
1	<i>B. Pr.</i> Kittie R. Nye.	2 3	" Georgia Mitchell.
2 3	" Thirza Wilson.	3 4	" Anna E. Betts.
3 4	" Rosa Gorvan.	5 6	<i>M &amp; G</i> Mary Kerr.
Ellsworth C. Phelps, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Henry Hughes, <i>Janitor.</i>	

**SCHOOL No. 12.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Oxford Street, Myrtle Avenue, Canton Street, DeKalb and Washington Avenues, and Wallabout Bay to Oxford Street.

*House.*—Adelphi St., near Myrtle Ave.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. McGEE, RHODES, SPRAGUE.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	209	227	183	178	797
" Admitted during the year.....	164	211	177	269	821
Re-admissions.....	150	153	75	147	530
New Pupils.....	14	53	102	122	291
Total enrollment.....	573	438	360	447	1618
Different Pupils instructed.....	223	280	285	300	1088
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			47	51	98
Discharged During the year... ..	241	296	186	241	964
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	179	193	127	155	654
Average daily Register.....	174	191	150	168	683
Average daily Attendance.....	167	176	138	149	630
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					92
" " " different pupils.....					57
" " " total enrollment.....					88
Whole number of Sittings.....					892

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	E. S. ADAMS, <i>Principal,</i>		<i>Sup.</i> Clementina Swain,
1	<i>B.</i> Susan H. Wilkins,	1	G. Jane O. Hand,
2 3	<i>B.</i> Julia Michaels,	2 3	G. Almira L. Browne,
3 4	<i>B.</i> Sarah K. Morehouse	3 4	G. Helen M. Weeks,
4 5	<i>B.</i> Mary L. d'Estimauville,	4 5	G. Kate R. Webster,
6	<i>B.</i> Mary E. Adams,	6	G. Sarah H. Browne.

SCHOOL No. 13.

House—Degraw, near Hicks Street.

*Local Committee*—MESSRS. BARNES, KINSELLA, FARON.

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.	Grades.
WM. N. REID, <i>Principal.</i>	3 Emeline O. Seaton,
<i>Sup.</i> Augusta S. Muldford,	2 Mary A. T. Molow,
1 B. Mary J. Averill,	4 Martha J. Holman,
1 G. Fannie Webster,	3 Emma Tusch,
2 G. Maggie S. Oakley,	4 Maggie Roberts.

**Intermediate Department.**

Martha Farmer,	6	G. Ida M. David,
5 G. M. Louise Rockwood,	6	Sarah A. Smith,
5 Julia A. Jones,	6	Matilda E. Cochran,
5 G. Ellen Reilly,		



**Primary Department.**

Emma M. Nichols,	6 B. Mary H. Farrell,
1 G. Lizzie Calvert,	4 G. Josephine Caldwell,
1 B. Maggie Taylor,	3 B. Kate B. Watlington,
1 G. Elmira S. Ketcham,	5 G. Rose Murray,
2 B. Libbie Wood,	4 B. Letitia Ronk,
2 B. Laura E. Moore,	5 G. Maggie Dalton,
1 B. Ida A. Johnson,	6 G. Mary C. Behn,
3 G. Hannah Sause,	

Miss Murray, *Music Teacher.*      John Shedy, *Janitor*

**SCHOOL No. 14.**

*Boundaries of District*—York, Gold, Sands, Bridge and Johnson Streets, Hudson and Myrtle Avenues, Oxford Street, Flushing Avenue, and Navy to York Streets.

*House*—Navy, corner of Concord Street.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. SPRAGUE, HURLBUT, HENNESSY.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	97	90	460	399	1046
“ Admitted during the year.....	107	163	659	681	1610
Re-admissions.....	72	137	278	343	830
New Pupils.....	35	26	381	838	780
Total Enrollment.....	204	253	1119	1080	2656
Different Pupils instructed.....	132	116	841	737	1826
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	..	..	90	80	170
Discharged during the year.....	155	204	625	630	1614
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	139	129	404	370	1042
Average Daily Register.....	124	118	424	379	1045
Average Daily Attendance.....	115	111	401	352	979
Per cent. of attendance on average Register.....					93
“ “ “ different pupils.....					58
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					87
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1250

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.	Grades.
BENJ. EDSON, <i>Principal</i> ,	1 Anna A. Souper,
2 3 Ellen McKinley,	2 Kate L. Barron,
4 5 Margaret E. Mulkair,	2 Henrietta Rogers,
6 Gussie M. Merritt.	3 A. Letitia Burrell,
6 Mary E. Wilson,	3 Elizabeth Jones.

**Female Grammar Department.**

Harriet M. Coffin,	6 Sarah M. Howard,
2 3 Sally S. Doyle,	1 Julia H. Vass,
6 Charlotte A. Pratt,	2 Annie E. Mallon.

**Primary Department.**

Sarah Dayton,	4 B. Annie E. Farley,
2 Cornelia E. Mason,	5 " Fanny M. Burke,
3 Mary Whittaker,	6 " Deborah Whittaker,
4 Mary E. Farley,	6 G. Mary P. Hall.
5 Elizabeth J. McKay,	
Henry Wells, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	W. H. Colton, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 15.**

*Boundaries of District*—Boerum Street, Fulton, DeKalb, Portland, Atlantic and Sixth Avenues, First Street, Fourth Avenue, Wyckoff, Nevins and Atlantic to Boerum Street.

*House*—Corner of Powers and State Streets.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. THOMAS, WILLIAMS, CARTER,

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	330	428	503	444	1705
" Admitted during the year,.....	274	429	639	796	2138
" Re-admissions,.....	139	281	275	415	1110
" New Pupils,.....	135	148	364	381	1028
Total Enrollment,.....	604	857	1142	1240	3843
Different Pupils instructed,.....	463	576	867	825	2733
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade,.....			107	99	206
Discharged during the Year,.....	344	486	550	591	1971
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....	367	470	485	550	1872
Average Daily Register,.....	349	441	488	493	1771
Average Daily Attendance,.....	343	429	465	469	1706
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register,.....					*96
" " " different pupils,.....					62
" " " total enrollment,.....					44
Whole number of Sittings,.....					1961

**Teachers.—Grammar Department.**

Grades.	Grades.
Stephen G. Taylor.	1st <i>Sup.</i> Harriet E. Dennison.
1 B. H. M. Edwards.	2nd " H. Maria Blanding.
2 " H. Sophia Colby.	1 G. Sarah C. Stewart.
3 " Elizabeth Evans.	2 " Sarah Taylor.
4 " Mary Davis.	3 " Charlotte Hadden.

\* No School in July.

## Intermediate and Primary Department.

VIRGINIA BLAKE,

JANE N. PAINE,

*Principal.**Principal.*

5 <i>B.</i>	Annie Davis.	4 <i>G. Gr.</i>	Julia Heywood.
2 <i>M.</i>	M. Gertrude Lent.	5 "	Mary E. Moore.
6 <i>B.</i>	Clara B. Lander.	6 "	Kate A. Fox.
1 "	<i>Pr.</i> Susan B. Reid.	1 "	Fannie Whittaker.
3 "	Lydia Burgess.	2 "	Armenia Shaffer.
4 "	Elizabeth J. Eginton.	4 "	Elenora Moore.
4 "	Clara M. Howes.	3 "	Mary E. Fowler.
4 "	Lydia A. Eginton.	5 "	Hellen M. Little.
6 "	Mary M. Brown.	5 <i>B &amp; G</i>	Mary A. Stewart,
			(additional.)
		5	Susie M. Rafferty.
		6	Lizzie B. Wilshean.

Mrs. E. R. Murray, *Music Teacher.*Theodore Nedderman, *Janitor.*

## SCHOOL No. 16.

*Boundaries of District*—East River, Grand, Sixth, South Sixth and Seventh Streets,  
Division, Marcy, Flushing, Franklin, and Wythe Avenues, and Hewes  
Street, U. S. Hospital Wall to the Wallabout Bay.

House—Wilson St., near Bedford Ave.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. BURR, SCHAPPS, FISHER.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	412	526	564	489	1991
" Admitted during the Year.....	321	350	510	477	1664
" Re-admissions.....	119	121	110	98	443
" New Pupils.....	202	235	400	379	1216
Total Enrollment.....	733	882	1074	966	3655
Different Pupils instructed.....	614	717	964	868	3163
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			101	101	202
Discharged during the Year.....	401	505	431	367	1704
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	433	478	542	498	1951
Average daily Register.....	427	500	562	501	1990
Average daily Attendance.....	401	464	477	425	1767
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					88
" " " different pupils.....					55
" " " total enrollment.....					48
Whole number of Sitzings.....					2034

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	LEONARD DUNKLY, Jr.,		2nd Sup. V. Cowerthwait.
	<i>Principal.</i>		
1st. Sup.	Elizabeth C. Shepley.	1 G.	Emma L. Michaels.
1 B.	Emma J. Dunkly.	2 "	Sarah Carpenter.
2 "	Emma M. Monk.	2 "	Sarah A. Black.
2 "	Kate R. Johnson.	3 "	Kate W. Adams.
3 "	Marion A. J. Ledger.	4 "	Jane E. Collins.
4 "	Maria L. Shapley.	5 "	Janet M. Crown.
5 "	Lizzie Lamb.	6 "	Emma L. Brown.
5 "	Sarah J. Wilcox.	6 "	Fanny Miles.
6 "	Martha Abrams.		Harriet Brotherton.
6 "	Mary Black.		

**Primary Department.**

	Cecelia B. Davies.	1 G.	Annie E. Cook.
1 B.	Elizabeth C. Duyckink.	3 "	Celestina Hodgkinson.
3 "	Amanda Mather.	4 "	Lottie Strachan.
4 "	Matilda Talbot.	5 "	Annie Dealy.
5 "	Celia J. Sheehan.	6 "	Francelia J. Fiske.
	Mary Harrison.		Annie Golden.
6 "	Amy Coffin.		
	David P. Horton, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		L. Stephens, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 17.**

*Boundaries of District.*—East River, Grand, Sixth, North Second Streets, Union and Van Cott Avenues, and North Fifteenth Street.

House—North Fifth, cor. Fifth St.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. MURPHY, MAUJER, HALL.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	316	357	339	338	1350
" Admitted during the year.....	530	482	445	463	1920
" Re-admissions.....	283	250	225	209	972
" New Pupils.....	242	232	220	254	948
Total Enrollment.....	546	839	784	801	3270
Different Pupils instructed.....	553	589	559	592	2298
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			72	72	144
Discharged during the Year.....	579	553	381	419	1937
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	339	353	331	310	1333
Average daily Register.....	339	345	343	340	1372
Average daily Attendance.....	272	293	239	276	1130
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					82
" " " different pupils.....					49
" " " total enrollment.....					34
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1333



**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	Henry D. Woodworth, <i>Prin.</i>	5	Rebecca L. Green.
1	Mary E. Burke.	5	Eliza J. Wilson.
2	Vianna L. Gildersleeve.	6	Anna L. Clark.
3	Mary A. Weaver.	6	Mariah C. Holhan.
4	Emily R. Roberts	1 <i>Pr.</i>	Julia E. Durand.

**Female Grammar Department.**

1	Ann R. Smith.	5	Mary L. Brotherton.
2	Eleanor L. Hill.	4	Eleanor A. Egan.
3	Eliza Brandau.	6	Anna R. Tuite.
5	Mary A. Lewis.	6	Josephine J. King.

1 *Pr.* Dora M. Coughlan.

**Primary Department.**

	Almira C. Gray.	4	B. Grace A. Potter.
2	B. Mary J. Vine.	2	" Mary J. Brady.
3	" Emeline C. Davies.	4	G. Alicia A. Cassidy.
3	G. Emma F. Fowler.	5	M. Rose Donnelly.
6	" Mary E. Stearns.	5	G. Sarah E. Russell.
Ellsworth C. Phelps, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		James Osborn, <i>Janitor.</i>	

**SCHOOL No. 18.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Union Avenue, Ainslie and Smith Streets, Newtown Turnpike,

Flushing and Marey Avenues, Hayward Street, and Union Avenue.

House—Remsen near Ewen St.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. MAUJER, HALL, RIGGS.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	273	313	630	577	1793
" Admitted during the year,.....	239	274	717	752	1982
" Re-admissions,.....	82	177	172	187	618
" New Pupils,.....	157	97	545	565	1364
Total Enrollment,.....	512	587	1347	1329	3775
Different Pupils instructed,.....	430	410	1175	1142	3157
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade,.....			180	137	317
Discharged during the Year,.....	311	358	485	518	1672
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....	381	366	682	674	2103
Average Daily Register,.....	336	345	643	637	1961
Average Daily Attendance,.....	304	315	594	550	1743
Per cent, of Attendance on average Register,.....					88
" " " different pupils,.....					55
" " " total enrollment,.....					46
Whole number of Sitzings,.....					2097

**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	EDWARD BUSH, <i>Principal</i> .	3	Harriet A. McDonald.
	<i>Sup.</i> Eliza Ford.	4	Charlotte A. Lown.
1	Elizabeth P. Fendall.	5	Fannie Higbie.
2	Maria L. Falconer.	6	Fannie S. Doolittle.

**Female Grammar Department.**

1	Mary A. Wilson, <i>Prin.</i>	5	May Cunningham.
2	Mary F. Joy.	5	Sarah E. Ferris.
3	Louisa M. Pentz.	6	Emily Murphy.
4	Adelaide S. Franklin.	6	Sarah E. Hains.

1 *Pr.* Jennie A. Tompkins.**Primary Department.**

	Jane E. Wilson.	5 <i>B.</i>	Emily L. Baker.
1 <i>B.</i>	Elizabeth Lindsay.	5 <i>G.</i>	Abbie J. Dillworth.
2 <i>G.</i>	Lydia J. Strickland.	6 <i>G.</i>	Sarah E. Fairbrother.
2 <i>B.</i>	Aline C. Hill.	6 <i>B.</i>	Susan E. Keely.
3 "	Sarah C. Wilson.	6 <i>B &amp; G</i>	Emily Gretsch.
3 "	Eliza A. Fountaine.	6 <i>G.</i>	Hattie S. Cook.
4 <i>G.</i>	Emma Jordon.	6 <i>B.</i>	Jennie A. Christopher.
4 <i>B.</i>	Mary S. Tompkins.		
Ellsworth C. Phelps, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Edward Bolman, <i>Janitor.</i>	

**SCHOOL No. 19.**

*Boundaries of District.*—Hayward Street, Union Avenue, North Second, Sixth, South Sixth and Seventh streets, Division and Marey Avenues, and Hayward Street.

House —South Second, cor. of Tenth.

*Local Committee.*—RIGGS, JURGENS, FLAHERTY.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	316	405	506	479	1706
" Admitted during the year.....	166	153	486	451	1256
" Re-admissions.....	67	82	179	192	520
" New Pupils.....	99	71	307	259	736
Total Enrollment.....	432	553	992	930	2963
Different Pupils instructed.....	415	476	813	738	2442
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	..	..	70	70	140
Discharged during the year.....	243	232	436	447	1365
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	304	396	484	413	1597
Average daily Register.....	274	357	491	443	1565
Average daily Attendance.....	242	322	422	377	1363
Per cent. of attendance on average Register.....					87
" " " different pupils.....					55
" " " total enrollment.....					46
Whole number of Sittings.....					1514

**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	Thos. W. Valentine,	3	Lucy E. Fuller.
	<i>Principal.</i>	4	Ellen Moriarty.
<i>Sup.</i>	Mary Davenport.	5	Philena A. Howell.
1	H. Mary Glück.	6	Avis Jones.
2	Harriet A. Valentine.	6	Emma S. Martin.

**Female Grammar Department.**

1	Harriet Dean.	5	Grace A. Cunningham.
2	Margaret A. Marseilles.	6	Addie E. Thomas.
3	Mary A. Benson.	6	Mary E. Cherry.
4	Amelia E. Guion.		

**Primary Department.**

	Cornelia C. Cunningham.	2	Cornelia M. Shaw.
1	B. Isabel M. Garretson.	3	Louise Kline.
1	G. Amelia C. Krugler.	4 5	Mary D. Bryant.
2	Angenora Semlear.	5 6	Marion J. McIntyre.
3	B. Amy E. Mason.	5 6	Ella F. Bellows.
4	Ida Spinning.		
Ellsworth C. Phelps, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Charles Jones, <i>Janitor.</i>	

**SCHOOL No. 20.**

[In District No. 19.]

House—South Fourth, Bet. Seventh and Eighth Sts.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. SCHAPPS, BURR, FISHER.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....	169	156	353	315	998
“ Admitted during the Year.....	127	171	572	544	1414
“ Re-admissions.....	51	109	181	165	506
“ New Pupils.....	76	62	391	379	908
Total Enrollment.....	296	327	930	859	2412
Different Pupils instructed.....	245	205	749	694	1906
Promoted to 6th Gram. Grade.....			56	53	109
Discharged during the Year.....	183	205	517	534	1442
On Register Feb. 1, 1871.....	166	175	357	272	970
Average Daily Register.....	168	164	369	313	1014
Average Daily Attendance.....	149	143	313	249	854
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					84
“ “ “ different pupils.....					44
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					34
Whole number of Sittings.....					1159

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	GEORGE L. A. MARTIN,	5 G.	Sarah L. Bailey.
	<i>Principal.</i>	3 "	Sarah H. Ballagh.
2 M.	Kate McNabb.	5 "	Lydia McCracken.
3 G.	Anna Barnes.	4 "	Fanny Sheehan.
4 "	Esther A. Seer.	6 B.	Maggie M. Torrey.

**Primary Department.**

	ELIZA T. ARMSBURY,	2 3	Juliet A. Barnes.
	<i>Principal.</i>	2 3 B.	Alice Barnes.
4 B.	Annie Haydock.	4 "	Mary Provost.
5 "	Elvina D. Murray.	5 G.	Ellen Sparks.
6 "	Emma F. Cook.	6 "	Susan Seer.
1 G.	Emily King.		
	Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Minnie Tribler, <i>Janitress.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 21.**

[In District No. 18.]

**Local Committee.—Messrs. JURGENS, GILL, FLAHERTY.**

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	52	56	593	529	1176
“ Admitted during the Year.....	20	40	722	965	1747
Re-admissions.....	18	38	205	632	838
New Pupils.....	7	2	517	333	859
Total Enrollment.....	72	96	1261	1494	2923
Different Pupils instructed.....	59	58	1156	962	2035
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			38	14	52
Discharged during the Year.....	64	72	780	1072	1953
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	46	33	443	408	935
Average daily Register.....	47	45	504	476	1072
Average daily Attendance.....	42	37	444	372	895
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					83
“ “ “ different pupils.....					44
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					80
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1278

**Teachers—Male Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
5 Gr.	KATE E. McWILLIAMS,	3	Emma M. Vail.
	<i>Principal.</i>	4 Pr.	Sarah L. Oakley.
6	Eliza J. Howell.	5 "	Alice B. Homan.
1 Pr.	Mattie McWilliams.	5	Annie E. Golden.
2	Ellen G. Wall.	6	Carrie G. Homes.



**Female Department.**

5	Gr. DELIA M'MASTER,	3	Mary L. Stack.
	Principal.	5	Matilda M. Livingstone.
6	Sarah J. Thompson.	4	Julia L. Grady.
1	Pr. Harriet W. Thomson.	5	Isabel R. Tobey.
6	Mary L. Pymm.	6	Emma S. Dickerson.
2	Mary L. Forker.	6	Eliza C. Murphy.
	Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Mrs. Alvater, <i>Janitress.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 22.**

*Boundaries of District.*—East River, Bushwick Creek, North Fifteenth Street, Van Cott and Mecker Avenues, to City Line.

House—Java St., near Union Ave.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. BROAD, MARTIN, BURR.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register Feb. 1, 1870.....	166	206	471	473	1318
“ Admitted during the year .....	111	143	720	709	1778
Re-admissions .....	54	80	200	216	550
New Pupils .....	57	68	520	583	1228
Total Enrollment.....	277	354	1191	1272	3094
Different Pupils instructed.. .....	223	174	991	1056	2544
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			60	67	127
Discharged during the year.....	167	208	564	602	1601
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	170	213	567	543	1493
Average daily Register.....	151	191	513	526	1381
Average Daily Attendance.....	139	171	464	452	1226
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					83
“ “ “ different pupils.....					48
“ “ “ total enrollment .....					87
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1592

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	LYMAN B. HANAFORD,	4	B. Clara E. Jeffries.
	Principal.	4	G. Carrie W. Decker.
Sup.	Isabella D. Godding.	5	B. Annie E. Lindley.
1	M. Lizzie Rogers.	5	G. Maggie E. Curran.
2	“ Sarah A. Statley.	6	B. Marie A. Lowrie.
3	M. Eliza A. Evans.	6	G. Phebe Whittemore.

**Primary Department.**

Hattie Warren.	3	Helen M. Jackson.
1 G. Mary F. Cocheu.	4 G.	Annie J. Young.
1 B. Hannah J. Burke.	5 B.	Mary J. Cosby.
2 G. Josie H. Galpin.	5 G.	Carrie S. Pearce.
2 B. Anna W. Ogilvie.	4 B.	Amanda S. Allen.
6 G. Lida Lane. (Temp.)	6 B.	Willa A. Hilton.
3 B. Mary S. Burger.		
Henry Weils, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Mrs. Brickner, <i>Janitress.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 23.**

House—Conselyea, near Smith Street.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. HALL, MAUJER, BROAD.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	199	190	494	384	1267
“ Admitted during the Year.....	280	307	757	689	2033
“ Re-admissions.....	191	237	346	385	1159
“ New Pupils.....	89	70	411	304	874
Total Enrollment.....	479	497	1251	1073	3300
Different Pupils instructed.....	288	260	905	688	2141
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			79	66	145
Discharged during the Year.....	342	364	680	634	2020
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	216	199	492	373	1280
Average daily Register.....	193	190	514	363	1290
Average daily Attendance.....	167	162	427	317	1073
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					83
“ “ “ different pupils.....					50
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					32
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1618

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	SAMUEL S. MARTIN,	6.	Margaret M. Sutton,
	<i>Principal.</i>	1	G. Elizabeth M. Hamilton,
<i>Sup.</i>	Mary H. Clacker.	2	“ Annie Briggs,
1 B.	Josephine Allen.	3 4	“ Emma J. Stoddard,
2 “	Mary F. Wright	5	“ Marcia H. Harding,
3 4 “	Mary Wackerhagen.	6	“ Adaline A. Phillips,
5 “	Mary E. Bennett.		

**Primary Department.**

	Myra H. Abbott,	4 B.	Josephine Conselyea,
1 B.	Esther Sutton,	4 G.	Elizabeth L. Maujer,
1 G.	Helen Collins,	5 B.	Mary A. Shoettel,

- 2 B. Marion Elizabeth Rowan, 5 G. Isabella Mousley,  
 2 G. Mary Whitaker, 6 B. Ela A. Conselyea,  
 3 B. Mary L. Earley, 6 G. Ada Schoonmaker,  
 3 G. Sarah J. Cozine,

Levi Wilder, *Music Teacher.*

Peter Storms, *Janitor.*

### SCHOOL No. 24.

*Boundaries of District.*—Division and Flushing Avenues, Smith and Wyckoff Streets to City Line, and Cedar Street to Division Avenue.

House—Prospect Street, near Evergreen Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. BENNETT, T. H. HART, A. B. Martin.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	80	89	225	207	601
" Admitted during the Year.....	109	134	345	342	930
" Re-admissions .....	73	98	106	111	388
" New Pupils.....	36	36	239	231	542
Total Enrollment.....	189	223	570	549	1531
Different Pupils instructed.....	116	125	464	438	1143
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			21	27	48
Discharged during the year.....	134	173	313	325	949
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	76	78	231	197	582
Average daily Register.....	80	88	244	218	630
Average daily Attendance.....	71	75	212	176	534
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					80
" " " different pupils.....					46
" " " total enrollment.....					34
Whole number of Sitzings.....					602

### Teachers—Grammar Department.—Mixed Classes.

Grades.		Grades.	
1 2 A. G. MERWIN, <i>Principal.</i>	5	Lovina Wainwright,	
3 Dolly Corwin,	6	Angelina Laird,	
4 Minnie E. Althans,			

### Primary Department.—Mixed Classes.

1 Ellen E. Mowbray,	4 Anna Brigham,
2 Annie M. C. Reilly,	5 Josephine A. Glasier,
3 Martha Imogene Wheeler,	6 Fannie Valentine,
6 Mary A. Hill,	6 Amanda Smith,
Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	Mary Price, <i>Janitress.</i>

## SCHOOL No. 25.

*Boundaries of District.*—Franklin, Greene, Reed, Division, Flushing and Franklin Avenues.

House—Walworth St., near Myrtle Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. PHELPS, DREYER, FISHER.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	180	215	369	366	1130
“ Admitted during the Year .....	202	297	863	940	2302
Re-admissions.....	81	165	236	265	747
New Pupils.....	121	132	627	675	1555
Total Enrollment.....	382	512	1232	1306	3432
Different Pupils instructed.....	301	347	996	1041	2865
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			63	62	130
Discharged during the Year .....	299	363	806	864	2332
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	151	211	353	380	1100
Average daily Register.....	171	203	369	372	1120
Average daily Attendance.....	164	199	350	355	1063
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					95
“ “ “ different pupils.....					39
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					31
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1244

## Teachers.—Grammar Department.—Mixed Classes.

Grades.		Grades.	
	CHARLES E. TUTHILL,	4	Eliza Keetels,
	<i>Principal.</i>	5	Fanny M. Scott,
	<i>Sup.</i> Mary Van Wyck,	5	Eliza M. Hogg,
1	Anna M. Barnes,	6	Laura V. Sampson,
2	Mary M. Hicks,	6	Jennie B. Rae,
3	Mary Meserole,		

## Primary Department.

	Mary L. Forbes,	1 G.	Mary A. E. Knaebel,
1 B.	Anna M. Buchenberger,	2 “	Mary Charters,
2 “	Eliza C. Rogers,	3 “	Sarah A. Knaebel,
3 “	Jennie E. Dickie,	4 “	Carrie A. Stanley,
4 “	Julia A. Hovey,	5 “	Jennie A. Hyer,
5 “	Annie M. Collier,	6 “	Mary A. Bannon,
6 “	Isabella Lyle,		

## SCHOOL No. 26.

*Boundaries of District.*—Myrtle and Reed Avenues, Halsey Street, and Division Avenue to City Line.

House—Gates, near Ralph Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. J. H. Hart, BENNETT, A. B. MARTIN.



	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	161	150	327	262	900
“ Admitted during the year.....	189	266	808	853	2116
“ Re-admissions.....	73	157	409	480	1119
“ New Pupils.....	116	109	399	373	997
Total Enrollment.....	350	416	1135	1115	3016
Different Pupils instructed.....	277	265	726	635	1903
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			43	44	87
Discharged during the Year.....	226	279	747	867	2119
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	167	181	345	204	897
Average daily Register.....	164	171	353	284	972
Average daily Attendance.....	143	129	287	208	767
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					78
“ “ “ different pupils.....					40
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					25
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1212

#### Teachers—Grammar Department.—Mixed Classes.

Grades.		Grades.	
	JAMES E. RYAN, <i>Principal</i> .	4	Carrie H. Thain,
	<i>Sup.</i> Mary P. Ingalsbee,	4	Agnes C. James,
1	Emma Slocum,	5	Isabel France,
2	Elenore E. Elliott,	6	Martha Shultz,
3	Sarah L. Herrick,	6	Alice Marshall,

#### Primary Department.

1	B. Adeline E. Warner,	1	B. Elizabeth Van Tassel,
2	“ Carrie E. Hill,	2	G. Augusta James,
3	“ Martha Prosser,	4	B. Maud Barton,
5	“ Kate Perry,	5	“ Addie Bauman,
1	G. Minnie Ellis,	6	“ Annie Baker,
	Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher</i> .		William Smith, <i>Janitor</i> .

#### SCHOOL No. 27.

*Boundaries of District.*—Hamilton Avenue Ferry, Hamilton Avenue, Coles Street, Fourth Place, Fifth Street, First Avenue to west side of Gowanus Creek, and City line to Hamilton Avenue Ferry.

House—Nelson, near Hicks Street.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. HURLBUT, G. BERGEN, D. HART.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	157	157	584	461	1359
“ Admitted during the year.....	100	228	866	778	1972
Re-admissions.....	53	137	287	242	724
New Pupils.....	42	91	579	536	1248

Total Enrollment.....	257	385	1450	1239	3331
Different Pupils instructed.....	199	243	1163	997	2607
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			40	62	102
Discharged during the year.....	175	304	980	765	2224
On Register Feb. 1, 1871.....	123	143	430	413	1107
Average daily Register.....	138	172	427	370	1107
Average daily Attendance.....	134	167	390	343	1034
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					93
“ “ “ different pupils.....					89
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					31
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1475

### Teachers—Grammar Department.

Grades.		Grades.	
	AGNES Y. HUMPHREY,	5	Mary A. Atkins,
	<i>Principal.</i>	6	Susie C. Geary,
1	M. Agnes T. McCully,	3 4	G. Adeline E. Reeve,
1	“ Elizabeth Hemstreet,	5	“ Emma Robinson,
2	“ Jennie C. Champlin,	5	Mary E. Starkweather,
2 3	“ Geraldine G. Finn,		

### Primary Department.

	Amelia Cutter,	1 2	G. Jennie J. Leslie,
1 2	B. Mary A. Gardner,	3	“ Eliza D. Ketcham,
3	“ Lizzie E. Milligan.	4	“ Tillie A. Wilson,
4	“ Maria B. Ward,	5	“ Charlotte Bostwick,
5	“ Mary Wood,	5	“ Francis J. Hopkins,
5	“ Mary L. Whitlock,	6	“ Lizzie E. Butler,
6	“ Ella Sherman.		

Alla M. Russell, *Music Teacher.*

Patrick Burns, *Janitor.*

### SCHOOL No. 28.

*Boundaries of District.*—Halsey Street, Broadway to City Line, Albany, Fulton and Yates Avenues and Halsey Street.

House—Herkimer St., bet. Howard and Ralph Av.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. DREYER, HUNTER, A. B. MARTIN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	74	63	323	225	695
“ Admitted during the year.....	62	41	407	415	925
Re-admissions.....	42	31	206	176	455
New Pupils.....	20	10	201	239	470
Total Enrollment.....	136	109	735	640	1620
Different Pupils instructed.....	94	78	529	464	1165

Promoted to the 6th Grammar Grade.....	51	35	86
Discharged during the year.....	81	57	418
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	106	87	266
Average daily Register.....	93	78	282
Average daily Attendance.....	79	62	236
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			82
“ “ “ different pupils.....			43
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			34
Whole number of Sitzings.....			1420

#### Teachers—Grammar Department.—Mixed Classes.

Grades.	Grades.
ELLA FOLGER, <i>Principal</i> .	6 Sara Sage,
3 4 Emma F. Lyon,	6 Marie A. Ford.
5 Emilie I. Fish,	

#### Primary Department.—Mixed Classes.

1 Sarah G. Watson,	6 Ada J. Willets,
3 Leah Wright,	1 Agnes M. France,
4 Anna B. Gill,	5 Sarah J. Field,
2 Jennie E. Ekerman,	5 Emily M. James,
4 Emily J. Moore,	6 A. Augusta Warner,
6 Lottie Cohnert,	6 Lizzie A. Buckerbergen,
Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher</i> .	Margaret E. Stewart, <i>Janitress</i> .

### SCHOOL No. 29.

[Part of District No. 13.]

House—Cor. of Columbia and Amity Sts.

*Local Committee*.—Messrs. CADLEY, KINSELLA, CULLEN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	161	79	371	310	921
“ Admitted during the year.....	156	69	569	601	1395
“ Re-admissions.....	78	26	228	239	571
“ New Pupils.....	78	43	341	362	824
Total Enrollment.....	317	148	940	911	2316
Different Pupils instructed.....	239	122	712	672	1745
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			86	67	153
Discharged during the Year.....	247	130	571	540	1438
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	156	85	283	304	828
Average daily Register.....	149	92	329	320	890
Average daily Attendance.....	130	77	264	280	751
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					84
“ “ “ different pupils.....					43
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					32
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1172

**Teachers—Male Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	ALGERNON S. HIGGINS,	3 5 6	Phebe Wilson,
	<i>Principal.</i>	1	Teresa McGranahan,
1 2	Mary J. Merritt,	2	<i>Pr.</i> Margaret E. Summerfield,
2 3 4	Abbie O. Proctor,	3	“ Anna A. Earley,

**Female Grammar Department.**

	Mrs. K. J. McClosky,	1	<i>Pr.</i> Emma E. Reed,
1 2 3	Ellen F. Dougherty,	2	“ Isabella Mackey,
2 4 5	Mary E. Willins,	3	“ Isabel Devane,
3 6	Ida O. Rockwood,		

**Primary Department.**

	Mary J. Mackey.	4	<i>G.</i> Mary J. Lynch,
4	<i>B.</i> Sarah J. Reed,	5	“ Norah Harrington,
5	“ Lillie M. Bennett,	6	“ Margaret E. McKeon,
6	“ Minnie L. Stowe,		
	Miss Murray, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		Thomas Shannon, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 30.**

[Opened February 1, 1870.]

House—Wolcott St., near Van Brunt.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. D. HART, BARNES, CADLEY.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....					
“ Admitted during the year,.....	245	194	1359	1195	2993
“ Re-admissions,.....	115	83	333	436	967
“ New Pupils,.....	130	111	1026	759	2026
Total Enrollment.....	245	194	1359	1195	2993
Different Pupils instructed,.....	130	111	1026	759	2026
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade,.....			26	21	47
Discharged during the Year,.....	173	126	783	709	1791
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....	98	89	550	465	1202
Average Daily Register,.....	99	97	556	496	1248
Average Daily Attendance,.....	86	90	467	428	1071
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register,.....					85
“ “ “ different pupils,.....					52
“ “ “ total enrollment,.....					35
Whole number of Sitzings,.....					1351



**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	THOMAS O'DONALD,	5 6 G.	Lucretia McWilliams,
	<i>Principal.</i>	1 2 Pr. B.	Kate C. Maloney,
1 2	M. Catharine Hopkins,	1 2 "	G. Josephine Brennan,
3 4	" Theresa McGehan,	2 3 "	B. Margaret A. Thomas.
4	" Clara L. Hemstreet,	3 4 "	G. F. R. Codington.
5 6	B. Mary L. Griffin,		

**Teachers—Primary Department.**

	Mrs. Carrie H. Sheffer,	6	B. Ella Snook,
4	B. Mary L. Reynolds,	3 4	G. Maggie A. Corr,
3	" Maria G. McKenna,	4 5	" Johanna Burns,
5	" Annie M. Whitty.	4 5	" Mary C. Kenna,
5	" Mary A. Maloney,	6	" Elizabeth Scanlon,
6	" Sarah J. Burns,	6	Annie Lewis,
	Mrs. Cooper, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		John Fleming, <i>Janitor.</i>

**SCHOOL No. 31.**

House—Ryerson Street, near Myrtle Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. GILL, MURTHA, RHODES.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....					
" Admitted during the year.....	191	278	658	771	1898
Re-admissions.....	8	28	63	153	252
New Pupils.....	183	250	595	618	1646
Total Enrollment.....	191	278	658	771	1898
Different Pupils instructed.....	183	250	595	618	1646
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....				1	1
Discharged during the Year.....	63	96	243	310	712
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	128	183	415	460	1186
Average Daily Register.....	122	186	407	448	1163
Average Daily Attendance.....	109	164	359	387	1019
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					87
" " " different pupils.....					61
" " " total enrollment.....					53
Whole number of Sitzings.....					1960

**Teachers—Grammar Department.**

Grades.		Grades	
	WM. M. JELLIFFE,	4	B. Emma L. Sweeny,
	<i>Principal.</i>	4	G. Emma C. Osmar,
Sup. 1	M. Emily Lucky,	5	B. Maggie B. Hartt,
2 3	" M T. Whittemore,	5	Mary J. McEntee.

**Intermediate Department.**

	Agnes Reilly,	2	B. Lucy A. Chapman,
6	B. Mary J. E. Reilly,	2	G. Belinda M. McGuire,
1	Pr. B. C. D. Chittenden,	1	G. Mary B. Lee.
3	G. Alice M. Lynes,	3	L. H. Schenck,
6	G. Louisa A. Herring,		

**Primary Department.**

	Ellen M. Warren.	6	B. Annie L. Hunter,
4	B. Nellie M. Bannon,	6	G. Jennie E. Fry,
4	G. Josephine W. Barker,	6	B. R. B. Martin, [1st ass't]
5	B. Ella T. Fitzgibbon,	6	G. Mary C. Taylor,
5	G. Maggie E. Farrell.		

**PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 1.**

[In District No. 17.]

House—North Seventh, near Third Streets.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. MURPHY, MAUER, HALL.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870,.....		31	548	510	1089
“ Admitted during the year,.....		33	1020	569	1922
“ Re-admissions,.....		25	612	552	1189
“ New Pupils,.....		8	408	317	733
Total Enrollment,.....		64	1568	1379	3011
Different Pupils instructed,.....		39	956	827	1322
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade,.....				56	56
Discharged during the Year,.....		88	1108	887	2083
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871,.....		32	460	436	928
Average Daily Register,.....		31	547	516	1094
Average Daily Attendance,.....		28	472	450	950
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register,.....					86
“ “ “ different pupils,.....					52
“ “ “ total enrollment,.....					31
Whole number of Sitzings,.....					1208

**Teachers—Male Department.**

Grades.	Grades.
JAMES PRIDDY, <i>Principal</i> ,	3 Kate Hendrick,
6 Kate T. Gaynor,	5 Mary Ward,
1 Ann Hughes, 1st Assistant,	5 Kate O'Grady,
2 Martha A Merrick,	6 Ellen M. O'Grady,
4 Eliza T. Burke.	6 Ella Kelly.

**Female Department.**

6 Gr. Mary H. Mitchell,	4 Annie Reed,
1 Pr. Elvira A. Hill,	5 Harriet S. Brandau,
2 Charlotte A. Comstock,	5 Mary F. Corley,
3 Julia Burger,	6 Margaret McCoy,
	6 Jane Tennant.

Levi Wilder, *Music Teacher.*John Lee, *Janitor.***PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 2.**

[In District No. 22.]

House —Norman Avenue, Green Point.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. MARTIN, BROAD, BURR.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	84	76	409	349	918
“ Admitted during the year.....	125	249	824	965	2163
Re-admissions.....	68	130	518	696	1412
New Pupils.....	57	119	306	269	751
Total enrollment.....	209	325	1233	1314	3081
Different Pupils instructed.....	141	195	715	618	1669
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade....			63	73	136
Discharged During the year... ..	164	957	853	931	2205
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	108	141	317	310	879
Average daily Register.....	113	138	387	359	997
Average daily Attendance.....	104	109	356	339	908
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					91
“ “ “ different pupils.....					54
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					29
Whole number of Sittings.....					1204

**Teachers—Upper Floor.**

Grades.	Grades.
AARON V. DAVIS,	4 Gr. B. Emily Henderson,
<i>Principal.</i>	5 “ G. Lillian Hall,
2 Gr. M Kate Valentine.	5 “ B. Annie Henderson,
3 “ B. Alice Benjamin,	6 “ G. Mary J. Evans,
4 “ G. Kate L. Barbarie,	6 B. Catherine Gravesend.

**Lower Floor.**

Hester J. Strickland,	3 Pr. B. Emma S. Barton,
1 Pr. B. Clara Frick,	3 “ G. S. H. R. Pease,
1 “ B. Eliza L. Jackson,	4 “ B. Eliza Hassall,
2 “ G. Louise Herdt,	4 “ G. Mamie E. Doan,
6 “ “ Eliza A. Hamilton,	5 “ B. Lizzie Sackett,
5 “ “ Martha Scott,	6 “ B. Marie E. Doane.
Miss Howard, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	George Stevens, <i>Janitor.</i>

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 3.

[In District No. 17.]

House—North First, near Fourth Street.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. MURPHY, MAUJER, HALL.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	162	121	283
“ Admitted during the year.....	197	190	387
“ Re-admissions.....	75	85	160
“ New Pupils.....	122	105	227
Total Enrollment.....	359	311	670
Different Pupils instructed.....	284	226	510
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			
Discharged during the Year.....	211	204	415
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	149	107	256
Average daily Register.....	162	118	270
Average daily Attendance.....	133	101	234
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			86
“ “ “ different pupils.....			45
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			85
Whole number of Sitzings.....			300

## Teachers.

Grades.	Grades.
1 EVELINA L. PETTY, <i>Principal</i> ,	3 4 Ellen E. Donnelly,
2 Isabella Bertrand,	5 Sarah Schroeder,
	6 Martina Von Deering.
Levi Wilder, <i>Music Teacher</i> .	Margaret Gordon, <i>Janitress</i> .

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 4.

[In District No. 19.]

House—Tenth, near North Second Street.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. JURGENS, JAMES H. HART, RIGGS.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	253	196	448
“ Admitted during the year.....	573	890	1763
“ Re-admissions.....	544	571	1115
“ New Pupils.....	329	319	648
Total Enrollment.....	1125	1086	2296
Different Pupils instructed.....	581	515	1096
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			
Discharged during the year.....	844	867	1711
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	281	219	500
Average Daily Register.....	277	218	495
Average Daily Attendance.....	243	185	428
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			82
“ “ “ different pupils.....			89
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			18
Whole number of Sitzings.....			686



**Teachers.**

Grades.

5 B. SARAH S. HUNT,  
*Principal.*  
 6 G. Josephine McNamara,  
 1 M. Adelaide L. Lockwood,  
 2 " Annes L. Wilson,  
 Levi Wilder, *Music Teacher.*

Grades.

3 M. Jane Bodine,  
 4 " Mary A. Sheehan,  
 5 " Martha A. Kaye,  
 6 " Cordelia E. Ganley,  
 John Biffar, *Janitor.*

**PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 5.**

[In District No. 7.]

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. HENNESSY, SPRAGUE, FINLEY.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	295	289	584
" Admitted during the Year.....	340	276	616
" Re-admissions.....	60	105	165
" New Pupils.....	280	171	451
Total Enrollment.....	635	565	1200
Different Pupils instructed.....	573	460	1033
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	10	10	10
Discharged during the Year.....	288	256	544
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	347	309	656
Average daily Register.....	311	296	607
Average daily Attendance.....	287	264	551
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			90
" " " different pupils.....			53
" " " total enrollment.....			46
Whole number of Sitzings.....			798

**Teachers.**

Grades.

MARY A. LEECH,  
*Principal*  
 5 6 Gr. G. Hannah B. Leech,  
 1 Pr. " M. E. Lynch,  
 2 " " Fanny Hover,  
 3 " " Kate Macdonough,  
 4 " " Mary L. Lynde,  
 5 " " Alicia M. Mackay,  
 Henry Wells, *Music Teacher.*

Grades.

6 Pr. G. Mary Gilmore,  
 6 Gr. B. Charlotte Murphy,  
 1 Pr. " Millicent A. Seymour,  
 2 " " Mary Cottier.  
 3 " " Annie Best,  
 4 " " Emeline Reilley,  
 5 " " Caroline W. Willis,  
 6 " " Mary McMullen,  
 Ellen Noonan, *Janitor.*

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 6.\*

(In District No. 10.)

House—Fifteenth St., near Fourth Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. G. BERGEN, D. BERGEN, AMMERMAN.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	362	263	525
“ Admitted during the Year.....	400	507	907
“ Re-admissions .....	76	124	200
“ New Pupils.....	324	383	707
Total Enrollment.....	662	770	1432
Different Pupils instructed.....	586	646	1232
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade .....	24	26	50
Discharged during the Year .....	334	376	710
On Register Feb. 1, 1871.....	328	394	722
Average Daily Register.....	298	356	654
Average Daily Attendance.....	287	293	580
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			84
“ “ “ different pupils.....			44
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			38
Whole number of Sitzings.....			755

## Teachers.

Grades.	Grades.
ALICE E. MARTIN,	2 B. Lillie Bush,
<i>Principal.</i>	3 “ Mary A. Urell,
5 Priscilla H. Lessner,	3 G. Ella E. Lewis,
6 G. Eva E. Whitney,	5 B. Marion R. Cogswell,
1 Henrietta F. Barker,	5 G. Clara M. Moore,
2 G. Ellie H. Knapp,	6 B. Lizzie Van Brunt,
1 “ Drucilla Risley,	4 B. Lizzie Authur,
6 “ Mary Harper,	6 B. Mary Preston,
Edward J. Fitzhugh, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	Z. R. Combs, <i>Janitor.</i>

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 7.

(In District No. 12.)

House—Vanderbilt, near Myrtle Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. RHODES, MCGEE, MURTHA.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	190	194	384
“ Admitted during the Year.....	588	658	1246
“ Re-admissions .....	390	498	888
“ New Pupils.....	198	160	358
Total Enrollment.....	778	852	1630
Different Pupils instructed.....	287	232	569

\* School removed March 1, 1870, to building lately occupied by No. 10. .

Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			
Discharged during the year.....	583	603	1276
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	105	159	354
Average daily Register.....	176	173	349
Average daily Attendance.....	153	134	287
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....			82
“ “ “ different pupils.....			50
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			17
Whole number of Sitzings.....			467

### Teachers.

Grades.	Grades.
MARTHA A. DIGGLES.	4 M. Isabella Henderson.
<i>Principal.</i>	5 6 “ Julia Galvin,
4 M. Eliza R. Ferguson,	6 Flora McGuire,
6 Carrie Cahoon,	5 6 M. Annie Burns.

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 9.

[In District No. 6.]

House—Warren Street, between Smith and Court Streets.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. FARON, WILLIAMS, CULLEN.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	289	265	554
“ Admitted during the year.....	265	304	569
“ Re-admissions.....	82	92	174
“ New Pupils.....	183	212	395
Total Enrollment.....	554	569	1123
Different Pupils instructed.....	472	477	949
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			
Discharged during the year.....	318	319	637
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	236	250	486
Average daily Register.....	264	270	534
Average daily Attendance.....	242	238	480
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			90
“ “ “ different pupils.....			50
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			42
Whole number of Sitzings.....			486

### Teachers.

Grades.	Grades.
JANE VANDUYNE, <i>Principal.</i>	5 M. Elizabeth Martin,
2 M. Emma Nevin,	4 G. Emma T. Wade,
3 “ Joanna L. Mitchell,	6 B Zora E. Ryder,
4 “ Margaret A. Murphy,	6 “ Kate Hall,
4 “ Fannie N. Conklin,	5 G. Sarah N. Hatch.
Henry Wells, <i>Music Teacher.</i>	H. M. Ludlam, <i>Janitor.</i>

## PRIMARY SCHOOL, No. 10.

[In District No. 3.]

House - Bedford, near Putnam Avenue.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. CAMPBELL, RHODES, PHELPS.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	214	152	366
“ Admitted during the Year .....	329	295	624
Re-admissions .....	149	134	283
New Pupils .....	180	161	341
Total Enrollment .....	543	447	990
Different Pupils Instructed .....	394	313	707
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade .....			
Discharged during the Year .....	354	312	666
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871 .....	189	135	324
Average daily Register .....	209	163	372
Average daily Attendance .....	166	124	290
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register .....			89
“ “ “ different pupils .....			41
“ “ “ total enrollment .....			29
Whole number of Sitzings .....			280

**Teachers.**

Grades.

Grades.

ELIZA C. GOODELL, *Principal.*

5 B. Sarah A. Currie,

6 B. Grace Hazzard,

5 G. Anna B. Boyd,

6 G. Louise Pope,

Levi Wilder, *Music Teacher.*D. C. Waldron, *Janitor.*

## PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 12.

[In District No. 25.]

House—Park Avenue, near Walworth Street.

*Local Committee.*—MESSRS. PHELPS, GILL, FISHER.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870 .....	287	182	469
“ Admitted during the Year .....	307	315	622
Re-admissions .....	90	83	173
New Pupils .....	217	232	449
Total Enrollment .....	594	497	1091
Different Pupils instructed .....	504	414	918
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade .....			
Discharged during the Year .....	380	309	689
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871 .....	214	188	402
Average daily Register .....	245	181	426
Average daily Attendance .....	230	169	399
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register .....			93
“ “ “ different pupils .....			43
“ “ “ total enrollment .....			36
Whole number of Sitzings .....			478



**Teachers.**

Grades.		Grades.	
	HANNAH A. RIKER, <i>Principal.</i>	5	M. Eliza F. Hanlon.
4	M. Edith M. E. Dougherty,	6	B. Rose Haggarty,
5	" Alzina C. Richardson,	6	G. Martha A. Wallis.
	Sarah C. Howard, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		E. Abernethy, <i>Janitor.</i>

**PRIMARY SCHOOL No. 13.**

House—Clay Street, Greenpoint.

*Local Committee.*—Committee of No. 22.

This School was opened in September, 1870. The Statistics are included with those of No. 22. There are three teachers giving instruction in the three lowest Primary Grades.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
The number of Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870, is.....	154	136	290

**Teachers.**

6	BETSEY OGLVIE, <i>Principal.</i>	5	Carrie Hill,
	4 Louise Conklin.		
	Alla M. Russell, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		H. C. Davis, <i>Janitor.</i>

**COLORED SCHOOL, No. 1.**

[In District No. 5.]

House—Willoughby, near Raymond Street.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. MCGEE, HURLBUT, SHEPARD.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	29	39	71	61	200
" Admitted during the Year.....	32	36	154	229	441
" Re-admissions.....	15	21	125	142	306
" New Pupils.....	14	5	29	87	135
Total Enrollment.....	61	65	225	290	641
Different Pupils instructed.....	43	44	100	143	335
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			12	7	19
Discharged during the Year.....	35	25	162	217	439
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	38	47	51	66	202
Average daily Register.....	35	41	59	74	209
Average daily Attendance.....	30	33	48	57	168
Per cent. of Attendance on Average Register.....					50
" " " different pupils.....					50
" " " total enrollment.....					26
Whole number of Sitzings.....					250

**Teachers.****Grammar Department.****Primary Department.**

Grades.		Grades.	
1 2 3	CHAS. A. DORSEY,	1 2 3	Georgianna F. Putnam,
	<i>Principal.</i>	4 5 6	Harriet J. West,
4 5 6	Maritcha R. Lyons.		
	Ella M. Russel, <i>Music Teacher.</i>		A. Kemp, <i>Janitor.</i>

## COLORED SCHOOL. No. 2.

[In District No. 28.]

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. DREYER, HUNTER, A. B. MARTIN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	45	21	68	55	189
“ Admitted during the year.....	34	33	80	80	227
Re-admissions.....	24	20	37	29	110
New Pupils.....	10	13	43	51	117
Total Enrollment.....	79	54	148	135	416
Different Pupils instructed.....	55	34	106	92	287
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			5	7	12
Discharged during the year.....	32	31	79	60	202
On Register Feb. 1, 1871 ....	52	30	64	68	214
Average daily Register.....	39	20	64	58	181
Average daily Attendance.....	26	17	38	35	116
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					64
“ “ “ different pupils .....					40
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					27
Whole number of Sitzings.....					154

**Teachers.**—Mixed Classes.4 5 6 *Pr.* JUNIUS C. MOREL, *Principal.*

4 5 6 Emma Cohnert, 3 Emma C. Prime.

Levi Wilder, *Music Teacher.*Sarah C. Morel, *Janitress.*

## COLORED SCHOOL No. 3.

[In District No. 19.]

House—Union Avenue, near South Third Street

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. RIGGS, MURPHY, W. MARTIN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim. Grades.		Totals.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	30	25	28	38	121
“ Admitted during the year.....	87	75	84	70	316
Re-admissions.....	26	14	25	35	100
New Pupils.....	61	61	59	25	216
Total Enrollment.....	117	100	112	108	437
Different Pupils instructed.....	91	86	87	73	337
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			5	3	8
Discharged During the Year.....	86	84	85	91	346
On Register Feb. 1, 1871.....	36	19	22	14	91
Average daily Register.....	24	21	31	32	108
Average daily Attendance .....	18	13	25	27	83
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					76
“ “ “ different pupils.....					24
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					19
Whole number of Sitzings.....					135

**Teachers.**—Mixed Classes.

Grades.

Grades.

3 *Gr.* S. S. RANKINS, *Principal.*3 6 *Pr.* C. M. Knowles,Sarah C. Howard, *Music Teacher.*S. S. Rankins, *Janitor.*

# COLORED SCHOOL No. 4.\*

House—High Street., near Jay.

*Local Committee.*—Messrs. McGEE, HURLBUT, SHEPHARD.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register Feb. 1, 1870.....	27	39	66
“ Admitted during the year .....	36	70	106
Re-admissions .....	25	35	60
New Pupils.....	11	35	46
Total Enrollment .....	63	109	172
Different Pupils instructed.....	39	77	116
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....			
Discharged during the year.....	36	76	112
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	27	33	60
Average daily Register.....	26	41	67
Average Daily Attendance.....	21	31	52
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			77
“ “ “ different pupils.....			44
“ “ “ total enrollment .....			30
Whole number of Sittings.....			70

## Teachers.

4 5 6 ANNE E. O. ROSS, *Principal.* Henry Wells, *Music Teacher.*

## Evening Schools.

*Committee.*—Messrs. CARROLL, KINSELLA, MAUJER, HALL, G. BERGEN, GILL, BROAD, MURTHA, FARON, SPRAGUE, SHEPARD, FLAHERTY.

### Summary of Schools, Teachers and Pupils.

Number of Schools—seven for white and two for colored pupils.....	9
“ Male Teachers, twenty white and one colored.....	21
“ Female Teachers, seventy-six white and two colored.....	78
“ Teachers in Male Departments.....	64
“ “ Female “ .....	35
“ Male Pupils.....	3775
“ Female Pupils.....	1421
“ Colored Pupils, Male 126, Female 94.....	220
Total number of Pupils.....	5196
Total average attendance.....	2071
Per cent. of attendance.....	38

## EVENING SCHOOL No. 1.

(Held in School House No. 8.)

*Committee*—Messrs. SHEPARD, CARROLL.

### Teachers—Male Department.

R. W. DUNKLY, *Principal.* Annie Beyer,

\* Opened March 1, 1869.

D. W. Northup,  
Chas. McLoughlin,  
H. Sophia Colby,  
M. B. Ingoldsby,

L. Jones,  
Ellen Beckner,  
Julia H. Vass,  
Anna Best,

**Female Department.**

Margaret Mulkair,  
M. E. Wilson,  
M. L. Reynolds,  
Sarah E. Jones.

Mary L. d'Estimauville,  
E. Sweeny,  
Franc A. Walker.

**EVENING SCHOOL No. 2.**

(Held in School House No. 6.)

*Committee*—MESSRS. FAVOR, MURTHA.

**Teachers—Male Department.**

JOHN B. BEALE, *Principal*.  
Algernon S. Higgins,  
Mary J. Merritt,

Jane S. Vass,  
Laura V. Sampson,  
N. M. Barmon.

**Female Department.**

Ellen M. Warren,  
S. J. Reid,  
Maria G. McKenne,  
Catharine S. Gray,

E. E. Reed,  
Miss Theresa McGehan,  
Julia Galion,  
Miss Millius.

**EVENING SCHOOL No. 3.**

(Held in School House No. 17.)

*Committee*—MESSRS MURPHY, FLAHERTY.

**Teachers—Male Department.**

1st Asst. Henry D. Woodworth.  
H. Burke,  
Owen Moran,  
P. J. Mahon,

E. J. Wilson,  
Ann Hughes,  
Annie M. C. Reilly,  
J. M. Garrettson.

**Female Department.**

Mrs. Cowell,  
L. I. King,  
S. L. Oakley.

J. Conselyea,  
M. A. Kaye,



**EVENING SCHOOL, No. 4.**

[Held in School House No. 18.]

*Committee*--Messrs. MAUJER, FLAHERTY.**Teachers--Male Department.**

EEWARD BUSH, <i>Principal</i> ,	Harriet A. McDonald,
James Priddy,	Fanny Higbie,
Elizabeth P. Fendall,	Lydia G. Brading,
J. Lehmann,	Mary Shehan,
Louisa M. Pentz,	Charles Hettesheimer,
Josie Allen,	Eliza A. Fountaine,
Matilda M. Livingstone,	Thomas Murphy.

**Female Department.**

Eliza Ford,	Jennie A. Tompkins,
Adelaide S. Franklin,	Ellen G. Wall,
Mary H. Clacker,	Marion E. Rowan.
Mary L. Stack.	

**EVENING SCHOOL, No. 5.**

[Held in School House No. 25.]

*Committee*--Messrs. GILL, SPRAGUE.**Teachers--Male Department.**

EDWIN S. ADAMS, <i>Principal</i> ,	M. Brooks,
H. O. Hiscox,	C. W. Willis,
Miss E. M. Dougherty,	E. Delaney,
Baldwin Straup,	A. Boyd,
Kate A. Jones,	S. E. Goodell.

**Female Department.**

Agnes Reilly,	Mary J. Reilly,
Jennie Lewis,	Anna B. Gill,
Rose Haggerty,	M. E. Lynch,
Kate McDonald,	Mary L. Lynch:
C. W. Burnap.	

**EVENING SCHOOL, No. 6.**

[Held in School House No. 22.]

*Committee*--BROAD, MURPHY.**Teachers--Male Department.**

LYMAN B. HANNAFORD, <i>Principal</i> ,	
John S. Ogilvie,	George May,
Henry Tate,	Frank W. Hannaford.

**Female Department.**

Sarah K. Moorehouse, Mary F. Cocheu.  
Annie Haydock,

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**EVENING SCHOOL, No. 7.**

[Held in School House No. 27.]

*Committee*—G. BERGEN, KINSELLA, SPRAGUE.

**Teachers—Male Department.**

James J. Delancy, Rertha M. Gibbure,  
Fred. A. Bulkley, Isabella Devane,  
P. Madden, Mary ell.  
Mary A. Gardiner,

**Female Department.**

Mrs. K. J. McClosky, Ellen Reilly,  
Miss Kate Collins.

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**EVENING COLORED SCHOOL, No. 1.**

[Held in School House in Willoughby Street.]

*Committee*—MESSRS. GILL, MURTHA.

**Teachers.**

CHARLES A. DORSEY, *Principal*. Harriet J. West,  
Georgiana F. Putnam.

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**EVENING COLORED SCHOOL, No. 2.**

[Held in Colored School House No. 3.]

*Committee*—FLAHERTY, MAUJER.

**Teacher.**

T. W. Valentine, *Principal*.

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**ORPHAN ASYLUM SCHOOLS.****PROTESTANT ASYLUM.**

House—Cumberland Street near Myrtle Avenue.

*Local Committee*—MESSRS. SPRAGUE, HURLBUT, AMMERMAN.

	Gram. Grades.		Prim Grades.		Totals
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	41	13	47	24	125
“ Admitted during the Year.....	11	10	56	29	106
“ Re-admissions.....	3	2	8	1	14

New Pupils .....	8	8	48	28	92
Total Enrollment.....	52	23	103	53	231
Different Pupils instructed.....	49	21	95	52	217
Discharged during the Year.....	16	8	41	25	90
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	36	15	62	28	141
Average daily Register.....	38	14	55	26	133
Average daily Attendance.....	36	14	55	24	129
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					97
“ “ “ different pupils.....					59
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					55
Amount of money appropriated to the School.....					\$1,745 98

### Teachers.

Mary E. Horton, *Principal*. Sarah W. Horton.  
Mary E. Scott.

## CATHOLIC ASYLUMS.

### Male Department.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. CARROLL, MURPHY, FINLEY.  
House—Jay, near Concord Street.

	Gram.	Gr.	Prim.	Gr.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	55		197		252
“ Admitted during the year.....	8		70		78
New Pupils.....	8		70		78
Total enrollment.....	63		267		330
Different Pupils instructed.....			14		14
Promoted to 6th Grammar Grade.....	18		53		76
Discharged During the year... ..	59		105		254
Average daily Register.....	56		194		250
Average daily Attendance .....	55		191		246
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					98
“ “ “ different pupils.....					74
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					74

### Teachers.

3 4 5 Sr. M. Borgia, 1 2 3 S. M. Philomela,  
4 5 6 Sr. M. Ambrose.

### Female Department.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. CADLEY, CARROLL, GILL.  
House—Congress, near Court Street.

	Gram	Gr.	Pr.	Gr.	Totals.
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	200		163		363
“ Admitted during the year.....			56		56
New Pupils.....			56		56
Total Enrollment.....	200		219		419
Different Pupils instructed.....	200		219		419
Discharged during the Year.....	5		24		29
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	195		195		390
Average daily Register.....	198		180		378
Average daily Attendance.....	190		174		364
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....					96
“ “ “ different pupils.....					95
“ “ “ total enrollment.....					95
Money appropriated to the two Schools.....					\$8,346 66

**Teachers.****Grammar Grades.**

Sr. Margaret Dennon,  
 Sr. Ann Vincent Burke,  
 Sr. Mary Bradley,  
 Sr. Mary Smith.

**Primary Grades.**

Miss Mary Higgins,  
 Miss Mary Higgins.  
 [Vacancies.]

**CHURCH CHARITY FOUNDATION SCHOOL.**

House.—Herkimer Street, near Albany Avenue.

*Local Committee*—Messrs. HUNTER, PHELPS, CARTER.

	Boys.	Girls.	Totals
Pupils on Register, Feb. 1, 1870.....	34	16	50
“ Admitted during the year.....	3	3	6
“ New Pupils.....	3	3	6
Total Enrollment.....	37	19	56
Different Pupils instructed.....	36	19	56
Discharged during the year.....	4	3	7
On Register, Feb. 1, 1871.....	33	16	49
Average Daily Register.....	31	15	46
Average Daily Attendance.....	31	15	46
Per cent. of Attendance on average Register.....			100
“ “ “ different pupils.....			82
“ “ “ total enrollment.....			82
Amount of money appropriated to the School .....			\$638 77

**Teachers.**

Lucius N. Voigt, *Chaplain.* Libbie C. Gamble, *Principal.*

**MUSIC DEPARTMENT.**

*Committee.*—Messrs. CADLEY, SCHAPPS, W. MARTIN, AMMERMAN,  
 SHEPARD.

**Teachers.**

Henry Wells, Mrs. Cooper,  
 F. G. Mitchell, Miss Sarah C. Howard,  
 David P. Horton, Miss Alla M. Russell,  
 Leonora Ahlers, M. E. Clark.  
 William Tillinghast.

**Expenditures for the Year.**

Salaries of Eight Teachers.....\$3,557 70

The Music Teachers are daily engaged, during school hours, throughout the school year, in giving instruction, in the science, art and practice of Music. To each Teacher are assigned a certain number of Schools, and to these he devotes his time, dividing it among the several Departments, giving two lessons per week to each School.



# BOARD OF EXCISE.

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## COMMISSIONERS.

JAMES CORBOY,  
JOHN PYBURN,  
RODNEY THURSBY.

GERALD LALOR, *Secretary.*

THOMAS J. KENN, *Clerk.*

CHARLES B. CASSIDY, “

THOMAS HAITE, *Inspector.*

PATRICK MULLADY, *Messenger.*

The Board of Excise assumes powers and exercises duties, firstly under and by virtue of the following Act :

### CHAPTER 175.

#### AN ACT

REGULATING THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS. PASSED APRIL 11, 1870; THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT.

*The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows :*

SECTION 1. There shall be a Board of Commissioners of Excise in each of the cities, incorporated villages, and towns of this state. Such boards in cities shall be composed of three members, who shall be appointed as hereinafter provided. In incorporated villages they shall consist of three members of the Board of Trustees, one of whom shall be president, to be annually designated by such Board of Trustees; and in towns they shall consist of the Supervisors and Justices of the Peace thereof, for the time being respectively. Any three members shall be competent to execute the powers vested in any town board, and in case the office of Supervisor be vacant, or there may not be two justices in the town, then the town clerk shall act in their places respectively.

§ 2. The Mayor of each of the cities, except in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, shall appoint the Commissioners of Excise in their respective cities within ten days after the pas-

sage of this act; but in the cities of New York and Brooklyn the Mayor shall nominate three good and responsible citizens to the Board of Aldermen of such cities respectively, who shall confirm or reject such nominations. In case of the rejection of such nominees, or any of them, the Mayor shall nominate other persons as aforesaid, and shall continue so to nominate until the nominations shall be confirmed. The present Commissioners of Excise for the metropolitan district, and the commissioners for the counties, shall continue to exercise the duties of the office until such appointments, or some one of them, shall be appointed in such cities respectively as herein provided. Any one or more of the commissioners so appointed shall have the power to act as a Board of Excise for the city in which he shall be appointed until the others shall be duly appointed. Commissioners of Excise in cities shall hold their offices for three years, and until others shall be appointed in their places, and shall receive a salary not to exceed twenty-five hundred dollars a year each, to be fixed by the Mayor and Common Council of their respective cities, and shall be paid as other city officers are paid. On the first Monday of April in every third year hereafter, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall proceed to appoint in the manner above described, persons qualified as aforesaid to be such Commissioners of Excise in their respective cities for the next three years, commencing on the first day of May in that year, and shall, from time to time, as often as vacancies shall occur, appoint persons qualified as aforesaid to fill the unexpired term of any commissioner who shall die, resign, remove from the city, or be removed from office. Such Commissioners of Excise in cities shall be removed for any neglect or malfeasance in office, in the same manner as provided by law for the removal of Sheriffs.

§ 3. The Commissioners of Excise shall meet in their respective cities, villages, and towns on the first Monday of May in each year, and on such other days as a majority of the Commissioners shall appoint, not exceeding one in each month in any year in any town or village, for the purpose of granting licenses as provided by law. In cities they shall meet on the first Monday of each month, and as often as they shall deem necessary. All such licenses shall expire at the end of one year from the time they shall be granted.

§ 4. The Board of Excise in cities, towns, and villages shall have power to grant licenses to any person or persons of good moral character, who shall be approved by them, permitting him and them to sell and dispose of, at any one named place within such city, town, or village, strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale, and beer, in quantities less than five gallons at a

time, upon receiving a license fee to be fixed in their discretion, and which shall not be less than thirty nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars. Such licenses shall only be granted on written application to the said board, signed by the applicant or applicants, specifying the place for which license is asked, and the name or names of the applicant or applicants, and of every person interested or to be interested in the business, to authorize which the license shall be used. Persons not licensed may keep, and in quantities not less than five gallons at a time, sell, and dispose of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale, and beer, provided that no part thereof shall be drunk or used in the building, garden, or inclosure communicating with, or in any public street, or place contiguous to the building in which the same be so kept, disposed of, or sold.

§ 5. Licenses granted, as in this act provided, shall not authorize any person or persons to expose for sale, or sell, give away, or dispose of, any strong or spirituous liquors, wines, ale or beer, on any day, between the hours of one and five o'clock in the morning; and all places, licensed as aforesaid, shall be closed, and kept closed between the hours aforesaid.

§ 6. The act entitled "An act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors within the metropolitan police district of the state of New York," passed April fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, is hereby repealed, and the provisions of the act, passed April sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, except where the same are inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act, shall be taken and construed as a part of this act, and be and remain in full force and effect throughout the whole of this state.

§ 7. In no town or village shall the Commissioners of Excise created by this act, appoint a clerk of the Board of Excise. The pay of Commissioners of Excise in towns or villages shall be three dollars per diem. The moneys arising from licenses in any town or village shall be deposited with the county Treasurer, within thirty days after receiving the same, to be expended under the direction of the Board of Supervisors at their next annual meeting, for the support of the poor of such town. Moneys arising from licenses in cities, shall be paid into the treasuries of such cities respectively. The book of minutes kept by the Commissioners of Excise in any town or village, except when in use by such commissioners, shall be deposited in the clerk's office of such town or village. The expenses of procuring necessary books for minutes, and necessary blanks, in any town or village, when actually incurred, shall be audited and paid in like manner as other town or village charges.

§ 8. The provisions of this act as to the appointment of Commissioners of Excise in each of the cities of this state, their tenure of office, the supplying of vacancies, and their removal from office, shall not extend to the territory included in the Niagara frontier police district, until the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two. And at all times hereafter up to the last-mentioned day, the Board of Police Commissioners of the said police district, shall continue to be the Board of Commissioners of Excise in and for said district, and the territory embraced therein, as now provided by laws, subject to the provisions of this act; and up to the time aforesaid all fees for licenses which shall be issued by the said Board and all fines and penalties herein provided for, shall be received by said Board of Police Commissioners of said Niagara frontier police district, and shall be paid into the Niagara police fund, for the use and benefit thereof, as now provided by law.

§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately.

and (under the opinion of the Attorney-General) secondly, by virtue of those portions of the Act of 1857 which are not in conflict with the Act of 1870. The opinion of the Attorney General is as follows:

### OPINION OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL. THE NEW EXCISE LAW.

STATE OF NEW YORK.  
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL, }  
ALBANY, April 23, 1870.

SIR—Your communication asking for a construction of the excise law recently passed by the legislature has been received. The same questions presented for my opinion by you with others have been referred to this office by officers charged with the execution of the law from different parts of the state. I shall answer all these inquiries in this communication.

Construing the statute in question as we must, as a part of the general system of legislation upon the subject of the sale of strong and spirituous liquors, and adhering to the fundamental rules of construction that when there is a discrepancy between two statutes such exposition should be made as that both may stand together, and reading the statutes according to the most natural obvious import of the language employed, without resorting to subtle and forced construction for the purpose of limiting or extending its operation, and that repeals, by impli-



cation, are things disfavored by the law and never allowed but when inconsistency and repugnancy are plain and unavoidable, and especially so when the repeal is of a part of a statute which seriously mars the harmony of a long established system, the questions presented do not seem to me to be of difficult solution.

By the law existing in this state, previous to the 11th day of April, 1870, the day on which the excise law was passed, and which was mainly embodied in the act "to suppress intemperance and regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors," passed April 16, 1857, and the act amending the same passed May 11, 1869, Boards of Excise were empowered to grant three kinds of license—one was to keepers of inns and taverns, who were required to have the qualifications and accommodations necessary for that purpose, and whose licenses authorized them to sell strong and spirituous liquors to be drank in their houses, and were to be granted only on the petition of not less than twenty respectable freeholders, and upon the execution of a bond conditioned that the applicant would not suffer such hotel to become disorderly or suffer gambling therein. Such boards were also empowered to grant to storekeepers license to sell liquors and wines in quantities less than five gallons, but not to be drank in their shops, houses, or on their premises. Such applicant was also required to execute a bond that he would not suffer his place of business to become disorderly, and that he would not suffer liquors to be drank in his shop, house, or upon his premises.

Another license authorized was for the sale of ale or beer in quantities less than five gallons, which might be drank upon the premises, for which the applicant was to pay a license fee of not less than ten dollars, which was the only pre-requisite for the granting of such license. The recent excise law creates new Boards of Excise in the several cities, villages, and towns of the state, and vests the powers before exercised by the county commissioners, and other boards created by the act of 1857, in the town boards and villages, and city boards created by this act, and this is the only essential and important change worked by the recent law; all the provisions of the act of 1857 requiring qualifications and imposing restrictions upon the applicant for licenses are in my judgment, in full force and effect.

In towns the board of excise are to consist of the supervisor and justices of the peace; and in villages the board consists of three members of the board of trustees to be annually designated by the trustees—one of which board so designated must be the president of the board of trustees of the village,

In cities, other than New York and Brooklyn, the first Commissioners of Excise under the act are to be appointed by the mayor; and in the cities of New York and Brooklyn they are to be nominated by the mayor, and appointed by the Board of Aldermen, and in the other cities of the State all appointments subsequent to the first made, are to be made in the same manner as in the cities of New York and Brooklyn.

The powers of the board of excise in the towns and incorporated villages are concurrent. The town Commissioners may license within the incorporated villages, and the board of excise for the village may also license within its corporate limits.

It is known that the act in question was first introduced into the legislature as a substitute for an act to repeal the act regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors in the metropolitan police district, and the language employed in the fourth section as to the application for licenses, is substantially that contained in the fourth and sixth sections of the last-named act, which is expressly repealed by the sixth section of the recent excise law. Pending the discussion of the bill of the legislature, it was so amended as to extend its provisions over the whole state, without changing the language of the fourth section, which involves its construction in some obscurity.

It will be observed, however, that by the third section of the recent act the boards of excise are required to meet on the first Monday of May in each year, and on such other days as a majority of the Commissioners shall appoint, for the purposes of *granting licenses as provided by law*; and by the sixth section of the act it is declared "that the provisions of the act passed April 16, 1857, except where the same are inconsistent, or in conflict with the provisions of this act, *shall be taken and construed as a part of this act, and be and remain in full force and effect throughout the whole of this State.*"

No language could be employed which more clearly evinced a design to incorporate the recent act into the system of the law established by the act of 1857, regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors, and that the two acts should be blended and stand together so far as they were not in palpable conflict as the complete system of the law of the State regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The rule of interpretation has long been settled by the courts that effect must be given to the intent of the law-making power, and to seek for that intent in every legitimate way; yet it is to be sought first of all, in the words and language employed, and

if the words are free from ambiguity, and express clearly the sense of the framers, there is no occasion to resort to other means of interpretation.

It is not allowable to interpret what has no need of interpretation; and where the words have definite and clear meaning, conjecture can not be indulged in, in order to restrict or extend the meaning. Courts can not correct supposed errors, omissions, or defects, and it is the office of interpretation to bring a sense out of the words and not to bring a sense into them.

The only apparent conflict between the recent act and the acts of 1857, as to the granting of licenses, is found in the fourth section, which provides that "such licenses shall only be granted on written application to the said board, signed by the applicant or applicants, specifying the place for which license is asked, and the name or names of the applicant or applicants and of every person interested or to be interested, to authorize which the license shall be used." This provision is not at all in conflict with the requirement of the act of 1857, that the applicant for an innkeeper's license shall present the freeholders' certificate, give the requisite bond and possess the other qualifications required, but is in harmony with such requirements.

The requirement that he shall make his application in writing, specifying the place to be licensed and persons interested, is simply a superadded restriction upon the applicant in harmony with the restrictions imposed by the law of 1857; and so of the applicant for a storekeeper's license. This provision is a further condition he is to comply with besides the bond he is required to give. The applicant for license to sell beer or ale is required to make this written application in addition to the payment of the fee.

The Commissioners of Excise must be satisfied that the applicant, in each case, is of good moral character, as required by the law of 1857, and the boards have the same discretionary power as to withholding or granting license as was vested in them by such law.

Complaints for infractions of the law are to be made to the Commissioners of Excise created under this law, and prosecutions are to be instituted by them in all cases where actions were authorized under the act of 1857.

Justices of the Peace of towns have jurisdiction of actions for penalties incurred, the same as under the provisions of the previous law.

The selling or giving away of intoxicating liquors on Sunday or on the day when any general, special or town election is held,



within one quarter of a mile of the place where held, is prohibited by the act of 1857, which is expressly re-enacted and made a part of the present statute. The sale of spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer *in quantities not less than five gallons*, by any persons, is not prohibited by any law of the State and never has been. The only restriction upon an unlicensed person to sell in quantities of five gallons and more is, that it shall not be sold to be drank upon his premises.

Respectfully yours,

MARSHALL B. CHAMPLAIN,

*Attorney-General.*

To Hon. N. C. BRADSTREET, Rochester, N. Y.

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Under advice of such counsel, the Board of Excise promulgate the following provisions of 1857, which, in the opinion of counsel, are in force :

#### CHAPTER 628.

##### AN ACT

TO SUPPRESS INTEMPERANCE AND TO REGULATE THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

*The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

§ 8. Every keeper of an inn, tavern, or hotel, in any of the towns or villages of this state, shall keep in his house at least, three spare beds for his guests, with good and sufficient bedding, and shall provide and keep good and sufficient stabling and provender of hay in the winter, and hay or pasturage in the summer, and grain for four horses or other cattle more than his own stock, for the accommodation of travelers; and every keeper of an inn, tavern, or hotel in the cities of this state shall keep at least three spare beds and the necessary bedding for the accommodation of travelers. For every neglect or default in having either of the articles herein required, such keeper shall forfeit ten dollars, to be recovered by the overseers of the poor for the use of the poor.

§ 10. No inn, tavern, or hotel keeper, who shall trust any person other than those who may be lodgers in his house, for any sort of strong or spirituous liquors, or wines, shall be capable of recovering the same by any suit. All securities given for such



debts shall be void; and the inn, tavern, or hotel keeper taking such securities, with intent to evade this provision, shall forfeit double the sum intended to be secured thereby.

§ 11. In all licenses that may be granted (excepting to inn, tavern, or hotel keepers) to sell strong or spirituous liquors, or wines, in quantities less than five gallons, there shall be inserted an express declaration that such license shall not be deemed to authorize the sale of any strong or spirituous liquor or wine, to be drank in the house or shop of the person receiving such license, or in any outhouse, yard, or garden appertaining thereto, or connected therewith.

§ 13. Whoever shall sell any strong or spirituous liquors or wines in quantities less than five gallons at a time, without having a license therefor, granted as herein provided, shall forfeit fifty dollars for each offence.

§ 14. Whoever shall sell any strong or spirituous liquors or wines to be drank in his house or shop, or any outhouse, yard, or garden appertaining thereto, or shall suffer or permit any such liquors or wines sold by him, or under his direction or authority, to be drank in his house, or shop, or in any outhouse, yard, or garden thereto belonging, without having obtained a license therefor as an inn, tavern, or hotel keeper, shall forfeit fifty dollars for each offence.

§ 15. No inn, tavern, or hotel keeper, or any other person licensed to sell any strong or spirituous liquors or wines, shall sell or give away any such liquors or wines to any Indian or apprentice, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such, without the consent of his master or mistress, nor to any minor under the age of eighteen years, without the consent of his father or mother, or guardian. Whoever shall offend against either of these provisions, shall forfeit ten dollars, to be recovered by the master of such apprentice or servant, or by the parent or guardian of such minor; and any person who shall sell or give away any strong or spirituous liquor to any Indian in this state shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be liable to a fine of twenty-five dollars for each and every offence.

§ 16. It shall be the duty of every sheriff, under-sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, marshal, policeman, or officer of police, to arrest all persons found actually engaged in the commission of any offense in violation of this act, and forthwith to carry such person before any magistrate of the same city or town, to be dealt with according to the provisions of this act; and it shall be the duty of such magistrate on sufficient proof that such offense has been committed, unless such person shall elect to be

tried before such magistrate, to require a bond to be executed by such offender in the penal sum of one hundred dollars, with sureties, who shall justify in double the amount severally, conditioned, that such offender will appear and answer the charge at the next term of the court of oyer and terminer or sessions to be held in said county, and abide the order and judgment of the court thereon, or to commit such offender to the county jail until such judgment of said court, or until he be discharged according to law. And it shall be the duty of the magistrate to entertain any complaint of a violation of this act, made by any person under oath, and forthwith to issue a warrant and cause such offender to be brought before him, to comply with the provisions of this section; and such magistrate shall within ten days cause such bond, together with all papers and affidavits, with a list of the persons and residences of the complainants and witnesses examined before him, to be delivered to the district attorney of the county, whose duty it shall be forthwith to prosecute the same.

§ 17. It shall be the duty of every such officer, whenever he shall find any person intoxicated in any public place, to apprehend such person and take him before some magistrate of the same city or town; and if such magistrate shall, after due examination, deem him too much intoxicated to be examined, or to answer on oath correctly, he shall direct said officer to keep him in some jail, lock-up, or other safe and convenient place until he shall become sober, and thereupon forthwith to bring him before said magistrate; and whenever any person shall be brought before any magistrate, as provided in this section, it shall be the duty of such magistrate to administer to such person an oath or affirmation, and examine him as to the cause of such intoxication, and to ascertain the person or persons who sold or gave the liquor to such person; such intoxication being hereby declared to be an offence against the provisions of this act, punishable, upon conviction, by a fine of ten dollars, and costs, at the same rate as in courts of special sessions, and imprisonment in the county jail, workhouse, or penitentiary until paid, not however, to exceed ten days. It shall be the duty of such officers to arrest, or cause to be arrested, all such persons when so intoxicated, and of the magistrate to entertain such complaints and make such examination, under the penalty of fifty dollars, with full costs of suit, for any neglect to comply with the provisions of this section.

§ 18. Whoever shall sell or give away any strong or spirituous liquors or wines, or shall suffer any such liquors or wines to be sold or given away, under his direction or authority, to any

intoxicated person, shall forfeit not less than ten nor more than twenty-five dollars for each offence.

§ 19. It shall be the duty of magistrates and overseers of the poor in any town or city, on complaint and satisfactory proof by a wife, that her husband is an habitual drinker of intoxicating liquors, to issue written notices to all dealers in intoxicating liquors against whom such a complaint is made, forbidding the sale or giving of such liquor to such husband for the term of six months from the date of the notice, under a penalty of fifty dollars, with costs, for each and every sale or giving of such liquor, after such notice shall have been given; to be sued for in her own name and for her own use. It shall be the duty of such magistrates and overseers of the poor to forbid the sale in like manner in all cases when a husband shall make like satisfactory proof concerning the wife, and all the provisions of this section shall apply the same in either case. It shall be the duty of magistrates and overseers of the poor, when like proof is made by a parent concerning a child, who is a minor under the age of twenty-one years, or of a child concerning a parent, to forbid the sale in like manner; and all the provisions of this act shall apply as in other cases named above.

§ 20. It shall not be lawful under the provisions of this act, to sell intoxicating liquors to any person guilty of habitual drunkenness, nor to any person against whom the seller may have been notified by parent, guardian, husband, or wife, from selling intoxicating liquors, and every party so selling or retailing intoxicating liquors, shall, on proof thereof before any court or competent jurisdiction, be deprived of his license to sell, and shall not be allowed a renewal of said license, and in addition, on conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars, nor more than fifty dollars for each and every violation of the provisions herein set forth. If any inn, tavern, or hotel keeper, or any other person or persons whatsoever, knowingly (outside of any poorhouse), shall sell or give to any pauper or inmate of any poorhouse or almshouse, strong or spirituous liquors, or wine, such person or persons so offending shall be fined twenty-five dollars, and be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be imprisoned not more than sixty days.

§ 21. No inn, tavern, or hotel keeper, or person licensed to sell liquor, shall sell or give away any intoxicating liquors or wines on Sunday, or upon any day on which a general or special election or town meeting shall be held, and within one quarter of a mile from the place where such general or special election or town meeting shall be held, in any of the cities, villages, or towns of this State, to any person whatever, as a beverage. In



case the election or town meetings shall not be general throughout the State, the provisions of this section in such case shall only apply to the city, county, village, or town in which such election or town meeting shall be held. Whoever shall offend against the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the county jail, workhouse, or penitentiary not more than twenty days.

§ 22. The penalties imposed by this act, except the penalties provided for by section eight, fifteen, and nineteen, shall be sued for and recovered in the name of the Board of Commissioners of Excise, and paid over to the Treasurer of the County for the support of the poor of the county.

§ 23. Every bond taken in pursuance to the provisions of this act, shall, within ten days after the execution of the same, be filed in the office of the Clerk of the town or village in which the license shall be granted, and in cities in the City Clerk's office.

§ 24. Whenever a breach of the condition of such bond, given upon the granting of any license, shall happen, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners of Excise, the Supervisor of the town, Mayor of the city, or Trustee of the village in which the person who shall incur the penalty shall reside, to prosecute the same and recover the penalty therefor.

§ 25. Whenever any conviction or judgment shall be obtained against any person licensed to sell strong or spirituous liquors or wines, for any violation of the provisions of this act, either in a suit for a penalty or in a suit upon a bond given by such person, it shall be the duty of the Justice or Court before whom the same shall be had to transmit to the next Court of Sessions of the county a statement of such conviction or judgment, and the offence for which it was obtained.

§ 26. The said court shall cause the person or persons against whom such conviction or judgment was obtained, to be notified to appear on such a day as the court shall appoint, to show cause why any such license that may have been granted to him or them should not be revoked. At the day appointed, and on such other days as the court shall appoint, it shall proceed to inquire into the circumstances, and shall revoke the license granted to the person or persons violating the provisions of this act.

§ 27. The person whose license shall be revoked shall be incapable of receiving any such license to sell strong or spirituous liquors or wines for the space of three years from the time of such revocation.



§ 28. Any person who shall sell any strong or spirituous liquors or wines to any of the individuals to whom it is declared by this act to be unlawful to make such sale, shall be liable for all damages which may be sustained in consequence of such sale, and the parties so offending may be sued in any of the courts of this State by any individual sustaining such injuries, or by the overseers of the poor of the town where the injured parties may reside, and the sum recovered shall be for the benefit of the party injured.

§ 29. It shall be the duty of the courts to instruct grand jurors to inquire into all offences against the provisions of this act, and to present all offenders under this act, and also all persons who may be charged with adulterating imported or other intoxicating liquor with poisonous or deleterious drugs or mixtures, or selling the same, or with knowingly importing or selling intoxicating liquors or wines adulterated with poisonous or deleterious drugs or mixtures; which offences are hereby declared to be misdemeanors, to be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary, workhouse, or jail, for a period of three months, and by a fine of one hundred dollars.

§ 30. In case the parties or persons whose duty it is, by the provisions of this act, to prosecute, shall neglect to prosecute for any penalty provided by this act, for the period of ten days after complaint to them that any provision of this act has been violated, accompanied with reasonable proof of the same, any other person may prosecute therefor in the name of the Board of Commissioners of Excise.

§ 31. All incorporated companies and persons in this State engaged in conveying passengers, including especially all railroad, steamboat, and ferry companies, and all kinds of corporations conveying for hire, persons or property, shall be, and hereby are required, to refuse employment to all persons who, on good and sufficient proof, shall be shown to indulge in the intemperate use of intoxicating drinks, and any such company which shall retain in its employ any person or persons who shall on competent proof, be shown to be intoxicated at any period while in the active service of said company or person, either as engineer, conductor, fireman, switchtender, commander, pilot, mate, or foreman, or be in any way connected with the moving power or management, or whose duty, if neglected, would diminish the safety and security of life, limb, or property, intrusted thereto, said company or corporation shall be liable to pay a sum of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars to the County Treasurer in the county where the offence may be committed and proved, before any court of competent jurisdiction.

§ 32. In any judgment rendered or recovered on any bond to be given under this act, or for any penalty incurred under this act, the person or persons against whom such judgment shall be rendered shall not be entitled under any execution issued on such judgement to the liberties of the jail.

The provision in the law of 1859, which requires twenty freeholders, seems, in the opinion of the Counsel to the Board, to refer to the particular kind of license engrafted upon the law of 1857, and he deems it in possible conflict with the law of 1870, notwithstanding the opinion of the Attorney-General. The Board will therefor give the applicant the benefit of the doubt, and not require the signature of the freeholders.

The Board hereby establishes the following grades of fees for licences :

For Hotels and Restaurants, according to their capacity for entertainment, from \$100 to \$150.

For other places, whereat all liquors are sold, \$50.

The Board of Excise reserves, however, the right to make such changes or alterations, as, in their judgment, they may deem expedient and necessary in particular cases.

Each applicant for license will sign an application which is in words and figures as follows—to wit :

#### APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE.

To Sell and Dispose of Strong and Spirituous Liquors, Wines, Ale and Beer.

*To the Board of Excise in and for the City of Brooklyn :*

The undersigned, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, of Chapter 175 of the laws of 1870, hereby apply for a License to sell and dispose of strong and spirituous Liquor, Wines, Ale, and Beer, in quantities not less than five gallons at a time, at \_\_\_\_\_

The names of all persons interested, or to be interested, in said business, are as follows :

NAMES.

STREET AND STREET NUMBER.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

[Signed] \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Firm Name \_\_\_\_\_

which can be obtained at the office, No. 349 Fulton street

The Board will not license any person or place reported by the Superintendent of Police as guilty of immoral or disorderly practices.

The Board will be prepared to receive applications for license, and to grant license, and will hold daily sessions (Sundays excepted) for that purpose.

Licenses granted by the Metropolitan Board of Excise, and not yet expired, on being surrendered to the Board, will be replaced by licenses from this Board, a rebate from the license fee being allowed for the unexpired term of said licenses.



## BROOKLYN BOARD OF HEALTH.



GEORGE COCHRAN, <i>Health Officer</i> . . . .	149 Pierrepont Street
WILLIAM J. GILFILLAN, <i>Sanitary Inspector</i> . . . .	93 Washington “
SAMUEL N. FISK, “ “ . . . .	89 Fifth Street, E. D.
SEYMOUR J. HOLLEY “ “ . . . .	309 Henry Street
JOHN O’CONNOR, <i>Chief Clerk</i> . . . . .	118 John Street
DANIEL J. DOWNEY, <i>Registrar</i> . . . . .	439 Flatbush Avenue
JACOB B. DE BAUN, <i>Assistant Clerk</i> . . . . .	62 High Street
JOHN MURPHY, “ “ . . . . .	140 Degraw “

## THE TRUANT HOME.

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This institution, intended for the reformation of truant children is under the charge of the Committee on Schools, Arts and Sciences of the Common Council. The buildings are located on the Jamaica Plank Road.

CHARLES DEMEREST, *Superintendent.*

MRS. C. DEMEREST, *Matron.*

EUGENE MARTIN, *Teacher.*

JOHN L. ZABRISKIE, *Physician.*

From the annual report of the Superintendent the following statistics are obtained :

There were in the institution at date of last report,		
January 1st, 1870.....	75	
There have been committed during the year, ending		
December 31st, 1870.....	131	
Making the total number under instruction during the		
year .....	206	
There have been discharged during the year.....	114	
Escaped and not returned.....	4	118
Remaining in the institution December 31st 1870...		88
Daily average number in institution .....		90
Of those committed during the year, there were		
orphans .....	4	
One-half orphans by the loss of father .....	35	
One-half orphans by loss of mother .....	20	
Had father and mother.....	72	
		131
Whole number received in the institution since its		
organization .....	1657	

The parentage of those admitted, were as follows: American, 29; Irish, 85; English, 5; German, 10; Scotch, 1; Spanish, 1—131.

The nativity of those admitted were: United States, 121; England, 4; Ireland, 3; New Brunswick, 1; Germany, 1; Bermuda, 1—131.



The ages of the children when admitted, were, 6 years of age, 1; 7 do. 1; 8 do. 6; 9 do. 11; 10 do. 20; 11 do. 22; 12 do. 37; 13 do. 28; 14 do. 4; 15 do. 1—131

Of the inmates during the year, there were delivered  
to parents and friends.....114  
Escaped through the insecurity of grounds and build-  
ings..... 4 118

## OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION. OF EXEMPT FIREMEN OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN, W. D.

SAMUEL A. AVILA, *President*.....97 Front Street.  
MONROE F. CONNOR, *Vice-President*.....175 Fort Greene Place.  
JOHN M. COLGAN, *Recording Secretary*...31 South Portland Ave.  
WASHINGTON DAY, *Financial Secretary*.....19 Henry Street.  
JOHN T. FINN, *Treasurer*.....139 Elliot Place.

### STANDING COMMITTEES.

<i>Ways and Means.</i>	<i>Investigation.</i>
PETER H. TAWS,	JAMES MCCARTHY,
WM. BURRELL,	WILLIAM H. KENT,
D. McDAMARA.	JOHN B. PITT.
<i>Relief.</i>	<i>Finance.</i>
WILLIAM BROWN,	C. B. TIMSON,
FARRELL WARD,	THOS. MCGUNIGLE,
R. A. WILLIAMS.	JOHN COURTNEY.

The Association meets at their Rooms, in the N. W. Corner City Hall Basement, on the Second Friday of each month, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

DATES OF MEETINGS—February 10, March 10, April 14, May 12, June 9, July 14, August 11, September 8, October 13, November 10, December 8.

*Annual Meeting, January 12, 1872.*

# COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

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## Supervisors of the County of Kings.

1871.

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Hon. WILLIAM J. OSBORNE, Supervisor-at-Large, President *ex-officio*.

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### CITY OF BROOKLYN.

### POST OFFICE ADDRESS.

HON MARTIN KALEFLEISCH.....Bushwick Avenue, corner of Grand St.  
Mayor of the City, and *ex-officio* Supervisor.

1st Ward—	CHARLES D. HUTCHINS.....	No. 58 Joralemon Street.
2d “	ROBERT NELSON.....	No. 133 Sands Street.
3d “	DWIGHT JOHNSON.....	Box No. 7, Brooklyn P. O.
4th “	EDMUND A. KOLLMYER.....	No. 78 Nassau Street.
5th “	THOMAS SHEVLEN.....	No. 172 Nassau Street.
6th “	THOMAS KEATING.....	No. 55 Pine Street, New York.
7th “	PETER MILNE, JR.....	No. 143 Fulton Street.
8th “	CHARLES H. FOLEY.....	No. 126 19th Street.
9th “	RICHARD J. NEWMAN.....	No. 671 Bergen Street.
10th “	JAMES DUFFY.....	No. 80 Douglass Street.
11th “	JAMES HOWELL, JR.....	No. 291 Adams Street.
12th “	THOMAS SHERIDAN.....	No. 386 Van Brunt Street.
13th “	JOHN W. COE.....	No. 68 South 6th Street, Williamsburgh.
14th “	JOHN L. MURPHY.....	N. W. cor. N. 6th & 2d Sts., Williamsburgh.
15th “	JOSEPH WILKEYSON.....	No. 271 Ewen Street, Williamsburgh.
16th “	HENRY WILLS.....	No. 12 Union Avenue, Williamsburgh.
17th “	THOMAS DEVIE.....	Cor. Kent & Union Avenues, Greenpoint.
18th “	JAMES FLETCHER.....	No. 254 Withers Street.
19th “	ROBERT FAIRCHILD.....	Cor. Keap & Wythe Avs., Williamsburgh.
20th “	JOHN W. HAERMAN.....	No. 172 Cumberland Street.
21st “	WILLIAM S. SEARLING.....	Cor. Cumberland Street & Myrtle Avenue
22d “	JOHN HALL.....	P. O. Box. No. 302.

N. Utrecht..FRANCIS HOPKINS.....Fort Hamilton, L. I.  
Flatbush...J. V. B. MARTENSE.....Flatbush, Kings County.  
Law Lots..GILLIAM SCHENCK.....East New York, Kings County.  
Gravesend..JACQUES J. STILWELL.....Gravesend, Kings County.  
Flatlands..JOHN L. RYDER.....Flatlands, Kings County.

EDWARD B. CADLAY, Clerk of the Board, 433 Gold Street.

JAMES L. CONNELLY, Messenger of the Board and Clerk's Assistant, No. 527 Pacific Street.

STANDING COMMITTEES  
OF THE  
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
OF KINGS COUNTY,  
APPOINTED APRIL 28, 1871.

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1. *On Accounts of Commissioners of Charities*—Shevlen, Hopkins, Fletcher, Keating and Wilkeyson.
2. *On Accounts of County Treasurer*—Newman, Devyr, Duffy, Martense and Hall.
3. *On Accounts of United States Deposit Fund*—Devyr, Searing, Newman, Nelson and Ryder.
4. *On Court House*—Kollmyer, Sheridan, Hopkins, Keating and Wills.
5. *On Penitentiary*—Foley Shevlen, Searing, Hutchins and Ryder.
6. *On Jail*—Newman, Nelson, Devyr, Murphy, and Wills.
7. *On Laws and Applications to the Legislature*—Hopkins, Hutchins Schenck, Stillwell, and Fairchild.
8. *On Salaries*—Sheridan, Devyr, Searing, Martense, and Wilkeyson.
9. *On Military Affairs*—Murphy, Fletcher, Nelson, Devyr, and Wills.
10. *On Printing and Stationery*—Kollmyer, Shevlen, Sheridan, Newman, and Hall.
11. *On Jurors*—Searing, Shevlen, Schenck, Nelson, and Ryder.
12. *On Equalization of Assessment Rolls*—Nelson, Martense, Stillwell; Newman, and Fairchild.
13. *On General Taxes*—Keating, Duffy, Foley, Sheridan and Ryder.
14. *On Special and Local Taxes*—Stilwell, Fletcher, Murphy, Foley, and Wilkeyson.
15. *On Finance*—Schenck, Searing, Fletcher, Kollmyer, and Hall.

RULES AND ORDERS  
OF THE  
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
OF KINGS COUNTY,  
ADOPTED APRIL 28, 1871.

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RULE I.—The President, or, in his absence, the President *pro tem.*, shall take the chair each meeting, at the hour to which the Board shall have adjourned. He shall call to order, and except in the absence of a quorum, shall proceed to business in the manner prescribed in these rules.

RULE II.—The presiding officer shall possess the powers, and perform the duties herein prescribed, viz :

- 1st. He shall preserve order and decorum.
- 2d. He shall decide all questions of order, subject to appeal to the Board ; on every appeal, he shall have the right in his place to assign his reasons for his decisions.
- 3d. He shall name the chairman when the Board shall go into Committee of the Whole.

RULE III.—The President *pro tem.* shall appoint all committees, unless otherwise ordered by the Board, and he shall be, *ex officio*, a member of all committees.

RULE IV.—The meetings of the Board shall be held on such days, from time to time, as a majority of the members at any meeting shall agree upon ; but all calls for a special meeting of the Board shall require the signatures of a majority of all the members ; and the hour of meeting shall be at three o'clock, P. M., for the months of October, November, December, January, February and March ; and for the balance of the year, at four o'clock, P. M.

RULE V.—The first business of each meeting shall be the calling of the roll and noting the attendance of members, and reading and approving the Minutes of the preceding meeting, and the correcting of any errors that may occur therein, and the order of business thereafter shall be as follows :

- 1st. Presentation of petitions, communications, etc.
- 2d. Reports of standing committees, in their order as follows :



1. On Accounts of "Commissioners of Charities."
2. On Accounts of County Treasurer.
3. On Accounts of United States Deposit Fund.
4. On Court House.
5. On Penitentiary.
6. On Jail.
7. On Laws and Applications to the Legislature.
8. On Salaries.
9. On Military Affairs.
10. On Printing and Stationary.
11. On Jurors.
12. On Equalization of Assessment Rolls.
13. On General Taxes.
14. On Special and Local Taxes.
15. On Finance.

3d. Reports of special committees.

4th. Special order of the day.

5th. Unfinished business.

6th. Motions, resolutions, and notices.

RULE VI.—When the foregoing order is interrupted by adjournment, the business at the next meeting, after the first order of business shall have been finished, shall be taken up at the interruption.

RULE VII.—The standing committees of this Board shall consist of five members each, to be appointed at the commencement of each annual session, and their order and subjects shall be as enumerated in Rule Five.

RULE VIII.—After a motion or resolution shall be stated by the Chair, it shall be deemed in possession of the Board, but may be withdrawn at any time, by consent of the Board.

RULE IX.—Every member who shall be present when a question be put, shall vote for or against the same, unless excused by the Board.

RULE X.—All committees shall report in writing on all matters referred to them, with a resolution proposing the necessary action for the Board.

RULE XI.—A motion to lay on the table, or to adjourn, shall be put without debate. The motion to adjourn shall be always in order.

**RULE XII.**—When a question shall be under consideration, no motion shall be received except as herein specified :

- 1st. For the adjournment of the Board ;
- 2d. For the previous question ;
- 3d. To lay on the table ;
- 4th. To indefinitely postpone ;
- 5th. To postpone to a day certain ;
- 6th. To commit to a standing committee ;
- 7th. To commit to a special committee ;
- 8th. To commit to the Committee of the Whole ;
- 9th. To amend or substitute.

**RULE XIII.**—Every resolution, or amendment thereto, shall be reduced to writing, when requested by any member.

**RULE XIV.**—If any member transgresses any of the rules of this Board, the President shall, or any member may, call to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, and shall not rise unless to explain, or to proceed in order.

**RULE XV.**—No member shall speak more than twice to the same general question without leave of the Board, nor more than once in any case until every member desiring to speak on the question pending shall have spoken, nor longer than ten minutes at a time, without leave of the Board.

**RULE XVI.**—While a question is being put by the Chair, or the yeas and nays taken, no member shall leave his seat, or speak, or walk across the floor, or leave the House and when the Board adjourns, the members shall keep their seats until the President declares the Board adjourned.

**RULE XVII.**—No debate shall be in order after the voting has commenced, but any member who has not voted may briefly explain the reasons for his vote.

**RULE XVIII.**—No member rising to debate, or to make a motion, or report, or present a paper, shall proceed until recognized by the Chair.

**RULE XIX.**—When different sums are moved in filling up blanks, the question shall be first put on the largest sum and the longest time.

**RULE XX.**—The previous question shall be as follows :  
“ Shall the main question be now put ? ” and if decided in the

affirmative, shall preclude all debate, and the main question shall be on the amendments in their reverse order, and then on the main question.

RULE XXI.—The yeas and nays shall be recorded by the Clerk on all questions, when requested by any member of the Board.

RULE XXII.—No motion for a reconsideration of any matter shall be in order unless at the same or next meeting of the Board, nor unless moved by a member voting in the majority. A motion to reconsider being put and lost, shall not again be put without unanimous consent.

RULE XXIII.—No question shall be entertained by the Chair until seconded by a member of the Board.

RULE XXIV.—The foregoing rules of order shall not be departed from, unless by a two-third vote of all the members present and voting at any meeting.

XXV.—These rules shall not to be altered or amended, except at the meeting next succeeding that at which a resolution therefor shall have been submitted, and then only by a two-third vote of all the members present and voting.

## SHERIFF.

ANTHONY WALTER.

*Under Sheriff*—THOMAS MURPHY.*Equity Clerk*—CHARLES W. COOPER.*Deputy Sheriffs*—JOHN M. PERRY,

BEJNAMIN P. MIDDLETON.

*Attorneys*—CROOKE, BERGEN & CLEMENT.

## COUNTY CLERK.

GEORGE G. HERMAN.

*Deputy Clerk*—GEORGE G. BARNARD.*Deputy Clerk of Court of Sessions*—BERNARD J. YORK.*Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court*—GERARD M. STEVENS,  
CHRISTIAN VOLCKMER.*Searchers*—DANIEL M. TREDWELL.

HENRY B. WHITE.

JOHN M. CORNWELL.

*Recording Clerks*—JAMES B. CASY.

JOHN NAUMER.

HENRY RASQUIN.

JAMES McCAFFRY.

## REGISTER.

HUGH McLAUGHLIN.

*Deputy Register*—WILLIAM BARRE.*Searchers*—THOMAS R. MERCEIN.

ANDREW MERCEIN.

WILLIAM A. MERCEIN.

WILLIAM H. CAMPBELL, JR.

JOHN F. LAMBERT.

JOHN L. LEFFERTS.

WILLIAM H. BYAM.

FRANK JENKS.

MICHAEL FINNEGAN.



*Index Clerks*—JAMES H. WEEKS.  
THOMAS MURRAY.

*Comparing Clerks*—JOTHAM E. PERRY.  
WILLIAM RUSSELL.

*Collector*—FRANK DOYLE.

*Copyists*—CHARLES PELLETREAU.

JAMES H. MCCAULEY.

ALFRED CROCKER.

JOSEPH W. HAYES.

ROBERT F. HALL.

THOMAS CORCORAN.

LOUIS PETERSON.

THOMAS MCGONIGLE.

ALEXANDER J. CADLEY.

IRA F. MARSHALL.

HENRY SABINE.

JAMES HARVEY.

MICHAEL D. O'CONNOR.

MICHAEL MURRAY.

WILLIAM FLINDT.

ALEXANDER SUTHERLAND.

THOMAS H. WEAKLEY.

SAMUEL BROWN.

ALFRED J. POWELL.

MICHAEL J. KEELEY.

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## COUNTY TREASURER.

THOMAS A. GARDINER.

*Deputy County Treasurer*—JAMES GARDINER.

*Clerks*—HENRY F. CADLEY.

JAMES GREEN.

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## SURROGATE.

WILLIAM D. VEEDER.

*Clerk to Surrogate's Court*—JUDAH B. VOORHEES.

*Clerk to Surrogate*—JOHN COURTNEY.

*Officer*—JOHN GALVIN.

*Stenographer*—RICHARD McDERMOTT.

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

SAMUEL D. MORRIS.

*Assistant District Attorney*—THOMAS E. PEARSALL.*Chief Clerk*—LEVI D. FARON.*Assistant Clerk*—JAMES J. GRAY.*Officers*—WILLIAM POWERS.

MICHAEL FANNING.

JEREMIAH LAWSON.

CHARLES SMILEY.

## CORONERS.

JOSEPH B. JONES. L. A. WHITEHILL.

*Clerk*—WILLIAM LYNCH.

## COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.

JOHN LINSKY.

*Deputy Commissioner of Jurors*—WALKER T. WOOLLEY.*Clerk*—JAMES W. McEVoy.*Messengers*—ROGER A. HAYES.

DANIEL M. KELLY.

WILLIAM N. NESBITT.

HENRY M. ELLIOTT.

# Commissioners of Charities.

## Commissioners.

HENRY CORR,  
THOMAS FORAN,  
HENRY SEILER,  
JOHN J. SCOTT,  
CORNELIUS FERGUSON.

## Office—County Court House.

The Commissioners have the charge and management of the Alms House, Lunatic Asylum, and other charities of the County. From their report to the Board of Supervisors of August 1st, 1871, it appears that there have been cared for at the institutions and relieved temporarily during the year preceeding that date, the following number of persons :

In the Alms House.....	2,868
In the Hospital.....	4,337
In the Nursery.....	1,005
In the Lunatic Asylum.....	956

9,166

Relieved by districts temporarily... 35,726

Total.....44,892

This shows a weekly average of 2,456 persons subsisted in the institutions being in excess of the previous year, while the expense of maintenance is less, as the reports show. The net expenses for the several classes of persons cared for during the past six years, together with the average cost, and probable per capita tax on the population of the County, are shown by the following table:

YEAR.	Estimated population.	Net cost for all purposes.	Total relieved and supported.	Average cost for each person	Per capital tax on pop.
1866	312,000	\$336,827 35	36,257	\$ 92 80	\$1 06
1867	338,000	367,372 90	32,185	114 40	1 08
1868	362,000	463,800 61	44,734	103 40	1 02
1869	381,000	454,149 42	40,381	112 40	1 01
1870	406,000	537,024 81	46,712	114 90	1 03
1871	440,000	490,596 70	44,892	107 57	1 10

The cost of temporary relief in the same period has been gradually reduced, the largest amount being expended in 1870, viz., \$163,436 77. The amount chargeable to this account for the fiscal year of 1871, is \$141,208 21, which is a reduction of \$22,228 58, being but slightly in excess of the year 1868.

The Commissioners in their last annual report state:

"To check the increase of pauperism, admission is refused to the Almshouse to all but the old and decrepid. Yet, during the winter months, large numbers of persons seek shelter at the institutions, the majority of whom could be more properly classed as "houseless poor." No provision has ever been made for this class, and no account of the cost of the large number of nightly lodgers taken. We have cared for over right at the Almshouse, on account of its near proximity to the the city, an average number of 20 persons nightly, 140 a week, or 6,720 in a year. Erroneous opinions would be formed, if it were taken for granted that this large number were without homes. The same faces are seen nightly, bringing other poor unfortunates with them, which is merely a duplication. It is safe to say, that fully 2,000 persons are without homes in the city. Large numbers of them are unable to work, on account of disease contracted by exposure, and eventually they become permanent fixtures at the Almshouse.

"The Hospital, during the past year, on account of the prevalence of the small pox in the city, was taxed to an extent entirely beyond its capacity of accommodation, so that the Board of Health was obliged to erect a wooden building for this class of patients, entailing an additional outlay by the Board of Commissioners from the amount appropriated for the support of the poor, for nursing, medicines, food, etc., besides the loss of clothing and bedding, destroyed after being used. There have been sent to us, during the year, indiscriminately, by the Health Officer of the city, 1,230 persons. We submit, that this is not just or proper, as nine-tenths of the persons cared for were in a condition to pay for any medical attendance, if an hospital isolated in the city had been provided for their reception. The funds intrusted to our care are for the poor and indigent, and not for those who are, in a pecuniary point of view, above want."

During the past year, after careful inquiry, we have been enabled to reduce the number of non-paying patients at the Lunatic Asylum. More evasion and equivocation on the part of the friends of this class occur, than with all others. It is only after considerable time has elapsed after admission, that we arrive at the truth. We find in many instances, that those



who make application to us for the admission of friends, and represent them as being in indigent circumstances, afterward apply to the courts for the proper authority to take charge of their estates. When this occurs we promptly file a bill of charges before the Commissioners appointed by order of the court to take testimony and report, thus lessening materially the cost of the institution.

The proportion of lunatics to the population, from the best authority on the subject, is, in France, 1 to 432; in England, 1 to 444; in the city of London, 1 to 400. From the nervous and excitable temperament of our own people, we might assume the rate to be 1 in 450. There would be then in a population of 440,000, not more than 300 persons cared for privately by friends or relatives.

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## KINGS CO. ALMSHOUSE.

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### *Officers.*

<i>Warden</i> .....	WILLIAM MURRAY.
<i>Chief Engineer</i> .....	PATRICK M. KENNA.
<i>Carpenter</i> .....	WILLIAM GRADY.
<i>Steward</i> .....	M. V. B. BURROUGHS.
<i>Matron</i> .....	JANE MURRAY.
<i>Assistant Matron</i> .....	MARIA TRUMBLE.

The annual report of the warden for the year ending July 31st, shows the admissions, discharges, etc., for this period, as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Remaining at date of last Report.....	149	598	747
Admitted during the year .....	1,051	1,070	2,021
Total.....	1,200	1,668	2,868
Number discharged .....	799	826	1,625
“ transferred.....	328	225	553
“ eloped.. .....	10	7	17
“ died .....	5	4	9
Total.....	1,142	1,062	2,204
Number remaining at date.....	262	402	664

# KINGS COUNTY HOSPITAL.

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*Resident Physician*—TEUNIS SCHENCK, M. D.

*Assistant* “ P. L. SCHENCK, M. D.

*Consulting* “ JOHN L. ZABRISKIE, M. D.

HOMER L. BARTLETT, M. D.

R. CRESSON STILES, M. D.

JOHN A. BRADY, M. D.

*Assistant* “ WALTER READ, M. D.

THOMAS R. FRENCH, M. D.

JOHN S. WEBB, M. D.

*Steward*—JAMES FITZGERALD.

*Apothecary*—L. MORGENSTERN.

*Clerk*—ARMAND KOERFER.

*Matron*—MRS. ELEANOR MARTIN.

*Matron*—S. P. H. MRS. ANN MAGUIRE.

The Annual Report of the Resident Physician shows the number of patients treated, and the results of treatment during the year, ending July 31, 1871 to be as follows :

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Remaining July 31, 1870.....	163	212	375
Admitted during the year.....	2,166	1,893	4,059
Total number under treatment....	2,329	2,105	4,434
Discharged, recovered.....	1,496	1,439	2,935
“ improved.....	341	242	583
“ unimproved.....	22	19	41
Died.....	305	224	529
Total number discharged and died..	2,164	1,924	4,088
Remaing, July 31, 1871.....	165	181	346
Total number under treatment for the year ending July 31, 1866.....			3,505
“ “ “ “ July 31, 1867.....			2,808
“ “ “ “ July 31, 1868.....			2,613
“ “ “ “ July 31, 1869.....			3,009
“ “ “ “ July 31, 1870.....			3,792
“ “ “ “ July 31, 1871.....			4,434

From the above synopsis, it will be perceived that there has been an increase of 642 over the total number of last year. Of those discharged, 2,935, or 72 per cent. left the Hospital recovered, 583, or 14 per cent. improved; 41, or 1 per cent. unimproved; 529, or 13 per cent. have died.

The nativity of those under treatment was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
United States.....	472	451	933
Ireland.....	1,098	985	2,083
Germany.....	601	568	1,169
England.....	60	32	92
France.....	21	18	39
Wales.....	8	1	9
Polish Russia.....	2	1	3
Sweden.....	33	19	52
Norway.....	2	1	3
Denmark.....	20	11	31
Canada... ..	5	3	8
Portugal.....	..	1	1
Italy.....	1	1	2
Spain... ..	1	1	2
Holland. ....	5	2	7
	2,329	2,105	4,434

The large percentage of deaths is due to the greatly increased number of Small Pox patients which have been sent to the Hospital by the Brooklyn Board of Health.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
1862.....	85	85	170
1863.....	17	19	36
1864.....	23	24	47
1865.....	205	176	381
1866.....	18	6	24
1867.....	9	7	16
1868.....	...	...	...
1869.....	12	14	26
1870.....	120	86	206
1871.....	604	637	1,261

## KINGS COUNTY NURSERY.

### Officers.

*Keeper*—JOHN DRISCOLL.

*Matron*—CATHERINE M. DRISCOLL.

*Teacher*—CHARLES McLAUGHLIN.

*Assistant Teacher*—CATHERINE L. PHELPS.

The Annual Report of the Nursery Department for the year, ending July 31, 1871, exhibits the following figures:

	CHILDREN.		ADULTS.		TOTAL.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Remaining July 31, 1870.....	257	121	11	39	428
Admitted during the year.....	308	213	8	48	577
Total remaining and admitted	565	334	19	87	1,005
Discharged During the year...	274	186	8	53	521
Died.....	29	22	.....	.....	51
Total discharged and died...	303	208	8	53	572
Remaining July 31, 1871.....	262	126	11	34	433

The above table shows the number of inmates at the date of the last report to have been 428; admitted during the year, 577; making 1,005 who have been in the institution during the year; 572 of those have been discharged or died, leaving at present 433. The number did not vary much during the year, the highest 459, on the 19th of October, and the lowest, 421, on the 21st of June.

The whole number of children that attended school and received instruction during the year, was four hundred and sixty-three; of whom three hundred and twenty-two were boys, and one hundred and forty-one girls. The average daily attendance of children during the year, was two-hundred and seventy-five. Of the total number who attended for any length of time, eighty-four studied geography, history, and punctuation; two hundred and sixty-eight studied tables and arithmetic; one hundred and eighty-seven learned to write with the pen, and eighty-one to form letters and figures on slates; three hundred and fifty-two studied reading and spelling; and one hundred and eighty-seven learned the alphabet, and how to spell easy words on tablets.



## Kings County Lunatic Asylum,

### Officers.

*Resident Physician*—EDWARD R. CHAPIN, M. D.

*Assistant Physicians*—CHARLES F. McDONALD, M. D.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, M. D.

*Steward*—JAMES F. SCOTT.

*Matron*—MRS. MARGARET E. SCOTT.

The Fourteenth Annual Report of the condition of the Lunatic Asylum makes the following exhibit:

	Males.	Females,	Total.
Patients in Asylum, August 1, 1870.....	238	364	602
“ Admitted during the year.....	152	203	355
Whole number under treatment.....	390	567	957
Discharged recovered.....	47	56	103
“ improved.....	36	49	85
“ unimproved.....	24	28	52
Died.....	25	50	75
Whole number discharged.....	132	183	315
Remaining July 31, 1871.....	258	384	642
Number of employees.....	32	44	76

The supposed causes of insanity of patients admitted during the year were as follows:

Intemperance.....	50	Change of life.....	2
Ill-health.....	28	Blow on the head.....	6
Religious excitement.....	34	Paralysis.....	6
Epilepsy.....	20	Sunstroke.....	5
Hereditary.....	32	Lead poisoning.....	2
Domestic troubles.....	15	Spermatorrhœa.....	2
Vicious Habits.....	15	Fright.....	2
Puerperal.....	15	Excitement.....	2
Loss of friends.....	10	Imbecility.....	2
Business reverses.....	6	Softening of the brain.....	3
Periodical.....	12	Rachitis.....	1
Disappointed affection.....	5	Old age.....	12
Jealousy.....	5	Unknown.....	54
Overwork.....	9		
<b>Total.....</b>			<b>355</b>

The ages of patients admitted from July 1858, to August 1871, were as follows:

AGES.		Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 10 years		5	5	10
Between 10 and 15		14	14	28
" 15 "	20	87	82	169
" 20 "	25	177	199	376
" 25 "	30	224	294	518
" 30 "	35	198	254	452
" 35 "	40	222	212	434
" 40 "	45	173	176	349
" 45 "	50	111	103	214
" 50 "	55	79	80	159
" 55 "	60	44	65	109
" 60 "	65	49	59	108
" 65 "	70	25	24	49
" 70 "	75	12	21	33
" 75 "	80	7	12	19
" 80 "	85	3	9	12
" 85 "	90		1	1
" 90 "	95			
" 95 "	100		2	2

Of the patients admitted since July 31st, 1858, there were :

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married.	766	988	1,754
Single.	636	665	1,301
Unknown	33	30	63
	1,435	1,683	3,118

## GENERAL STOREKEEPERS DEPARTMENT.

## Officers and Employees.

*Storekeeper*—AARON J. MICHAELS.*Assistant Storekeeper*—JOHN A. MURTHA.*Cutter of Clothing*—MARY McLAUGHLIN.*Baker*—ABRAHAM COMBS.*Assistant Baker*—JAMES KEENAN.*Porter*—THOMAS STAMP.

The following account shows the total valuation of the receipts and disbursements for the year:

Stock on hand, August 1st, 1870.....	\$1,743 94
Amount of receipts, including transfers and articles sold.....	224,009 59
Total .....	<u>\$225,753 53</u>
Distributed to Almshouse .....	\$59,876 81
“ Hospital .....	54,163 98
“ Nursery .....	35,550 61
“ Lunatic Asylum.....	72,440 76
Fixtures, stationery, etc., for store...	112 38
Cash paid Board Commissioners of Charity .....	1,710 08
Due for old boilers, copper, and lead sold .....	113 99
	<u>223,968 62</u>
Balance, stock remaining on hand..	<u>\$1,784 92</u>

# The Law Library in Brooklyn.

No. 4 COUNTY COURT HOUSE.

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*Trustees*—P. S. CROOKE.

J. P. ROLFE.

H. HAGNER.

H. C. MURPHY, JR.

J. N. TAYLOR.

N. B. MORSE.

CHARLES LOWREY.

*President*—P. S. CROOKE.

*Treasurer*—H. C. MURPHY, JR.

*Secretary*—HENRY HAGNER.

*Librarian*—S. C. BETTS.

*Assistant Librarian*—HENRY INGRAHAM.

4000 VOLUMES.

*Open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.*



# THE COURTS.

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## SUPREME COURT—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

*Judge*—JOSEPH F. BARNARD.

“ JASPER W. GILBERT.

“ ABRAHAM B. TAPPEN.

“ CALVIN E. PRATT.

*Clerk*—GERARD M. STEVENS.

*Stenographer*—WILLIAM G. BISHOP.

*Times for Holding Court in the County of Kings.*

### Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer.

First Monday of January, 1872.....	Justice Gilbert.
First Monday of March, 1872... ..	“ Pratt.
First Monday of April, 1872.....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of June, 1872.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of October, 1872.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of November, 1872.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of January, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of March, 1873.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of April, 1873.....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of June, 1873.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of October, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of November, 1873.....	“ Barnard.

### For the Trial of Issues and Hearing of Enumerated Motions.

Third Monday of Eebruary, 1872.....	Justice Tappen.
Third Monday of May, 1872.....	“ Barnard.
Third Monday of September, 1872.....	“ Pratt.
Third Monday of December, 1872.....	“ Gilbert.
Third Monday of February, 1873.....	“ Tappen.
Third Monday of May, 1873.....	“ Barnard.
Third Monday of September, 1873.....	“ Pratt.
Third Monday of December, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.

### For the Hearing of Non-Enumerated Motions.

First Monday of January, 1872.....	Justice Tappen.
First Monday of February, 1872.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of March, 1872.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of April, 1872 .....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of May, 1872.....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of June, 1872.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of July, 1872.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of August, 1872 .....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of September, 1872.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of October, 1872.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of November, 1872 .....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of December, 1872.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of January, 1873.....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of February, 1873.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of March, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of April, 1873 .....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of May, 1873.....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of June, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.
First Monday of July, 1873.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of August, 1873.....	“ Barnard.
First Monday of September, 1873.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of October, 1873.....	“ Pratt.
First Monday of November, 1873 .....	“ Tappen.
First Monday of December, 1873.....	“ Gilbert.

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### General Terms.

- Second Monday of February, at the Court House in Kings County.
- Second Monday of May, at the Court House in Poughkeepsie.
- Second Monday of September, at the Court House in Kings County.
- Second Monday of December, at the Court House in Kings County.

## CITY COURT OF BROOKLYN.

*Judge*—GEORGE THOMPSON.

“ JOSEPH NEILSON.

“ ALEXANDER McCUE.

*Clerk*—STEPHEN J. COLAHAN.*Deputy Clerk*—FRANCIS A. MALLISON.

“ GEORGE W. KNABEL.

“ AURY SNEDIKER.

*Stenographer*—TIMOTHEY BIGELOW.

“ JOHN E. NORCROSS.

*Appointments of the City Court of Brooklyn for the Years  
1871 and 1872.*

## General Terms.

First Monday of September, 1871,	Third Monday of November, 1871,
“ “ “ January, 1872,	“ “ “ March, 1872,
“ “ “ May, 1872,	“ “ “ July, 1872.

## Terms for the Trial of Issues of Law and Fact.

First Monday of September, 1871.....	Part I., Judge Neilson.
“ “ “ “ 1871.....	Part II., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ October, 1871.....	Part I., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ “ 1871.....	Part II., “ McCue.
“ “ “ November, 1871.....	Part I., “ McCue.
“ “ “ “ 1871.....	Part II., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ December, 1871.....	Part I., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ “ 1871.....	Part II., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ January, 1872.....	Part I., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ McCue.
“ “ “ February, 1872.....	Part I., “ McCue.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ March, 1872.....	Part I., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ April, 1872.....	Part I., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ McCue.
“ “ “ May 1872.....	Part I., “ McCue.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ June 1872.....	Part I., “ Neilson.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ July, 1872.....	Part I., “ Thompson.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ McCue.
“ “ “ August, 1872.....	Part I., “ McCue.
“ “ “ “ 1872.....	Part II., “ Neilson.

### Special Terms.

First Monday of September, 1871.....	Judge McCue.
" " " October, 1871.....	" Neilson,
" " " November, 1871.....	" Thompson.
" " " December, 1871.....	" McCue.
" " " January, 1872.....	" Neilson.
" " " February, 1872.....	" Thompson.
" " " March, 1872.....	" McCue.
" " " April, 1872.....	" Neilson.
" " " May, 1872.....	" Thompson.
" " " June, 1872.....	" McCue.
" " " July, 1872.....	" Neilson.
" " " August, 1872.....	" Thompson,

### KINGS COUNTY COURT.

*Judge*—JAMES TROY.\*

*Justice of Sessions*—VOORHIES.

" " " JOHNSON.

*Clerk*—GEORGE C. HERMAN, *County Clerk*

*Stenographer*—WILLIAM HEIMSTREET.

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\* After January 1, Henry A. Moore, elected Nov. 1871.



# FEDERAL OFFICERS.

## INTERNAL REVENUE.

ASSESSORS OFFICE.

*No. 40 COURT STREET.*

---

*Assessor*—JAMES JOURDAN.

*Chief Clerk*—CHARLES B. MORTON.

*Clerk*—JOHN A. SELVAGE.

“ DANIEL J. GILLEN.

### Assistant Assessors.

1st & 3d Wards,	HENRY L. JEWETT.
2d	“ JAMES HANLEY.
4th	“ LUKE C. RYDER.
5th	“ CHARLES R. PHILLIPS.
6th	“ CORNELIUS GARDINER.
7th	“ EDWARD L. LANGFORD.
8th & 22d	“ IRA A. KIMBALL.
9th & 21st	“ GEORGE T. KNIGHT.
10th	“ SAMUEL FROST.
11th	“ ADAM T. DODGE.
12th	“ JAMES JOHNSTON.
13th & 19th	“ JOSEPH L. HEATH.
14th & 15th	“ HENRY W. HUGHES.
16th	“ GEORGE GIEHL.
17th	“ STEPHEN CLARK.
18th	“ HENRY DAWSON, JR.
20th	“ GEORGE D. WEEKS.

## Collectors Office, 1st District New York.

44 COURT STREET,

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*Collector*—JAMES FRELAND, 1st District, N. Y.*Deputy Collector*—WM. H. FREELAND, in charge Gaugers  
and forms return to Washington.

“ “ SILAS J. BOONE, Cashier.

“ “ E. C. PARKINSON, In charge Distilled  
Spirits and Bonded accounts.

“ “ S. CHASE, In charge Cigars and Tobacco.

“ “ O. C. PATTERSON, In charge Lists and  
Abatements.

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UNITED STATES COURTS.*Circuit Court*—LEWIS B. WOODRUFF, *Judge*.*District Court*—CHARLES L. BENEDICT, *Judge*.*Clerk of both Courts*—SAMUEL F. JONES.*Deputy Clerk*—EDWIN B. HUSTED.*Assistant Clerk*—THOMAS C. HARRISON.

“ “ EDWARD C. BOERUM.

*Stenographer*—JOSEPH G. CURRY.

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UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS,

SAMUEL T. JONES.      DAVID C. WINSLOW.

*Clerk*—RENSSELAER VAN KLEECK.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*United States District Attorney*—BENJAMIN F. TRACY.*Assistant United States District Attorney*—JOHN J. ALLEN.

“ “ “ ISAAC S. CATLIN.

*Clerk U. S. District Attorney's Office*—SAMUEL C. CALDWELL.

## UNITED STATES MARSHALL.

*United States Marshal*—S. B. HARLOW.*1st Deputy* “ R. D. BARLOW.*Deputy* “ CHRISTOPHER WRIGHT.

“ “ B. W. DE CLUE,

“ “ ADOLPH WILSON.

“ “ WILLIAM M. DAVIS.

“ “ JAMES KINNEY.

United States Commissioner and Register.

DAVID C. WINSLOW.

*Clerk*—RENSSELAER VAN KLEECK.

## THE CITY FINANCES.

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The following tables exhibit the amounts authorized to be raised by tax for the various purposes of the City Government for the year 1872:

### *For Principal of City Bonds.*

	ISSUED.	WHEN PAYABLE.	LOAN.	AM'T TO BE RAISED.
Item 1—City Hall Loan .....	1849.	1872 to 1876.	\$ 50,000 00	\$ 10,000 00
“ 2—Debts of Williamsburgh.	1855.	1875.	150,000 00	4,650 00
“ 3—Water Loan .....	1859.	1896.	8,615,000 00	50,000 00
“ 4—Mt. Prospect Sq. Loan..	1857.	1887.	90,000 00	3,000 00
“ 5—Wallab't Bay Imp. L'n..	1867.	1868 to 1890.	788,000 00	54,000 00
Total.....				\$121,650 00

To be raised upon the city at large.



## For Interest on City Bonds.

Item	ISSUED.	WHEN PAYABLE.	RATE OF INTEREST.	AMOUNT OF LOAN.	INTEREST.
1—City Hall Loan.....	1849.	From 1872 to 1876	6 per cent.	\$ 50,000 00	\$ 2,400 00
2—“ “.....	1850.	In 1875.	6 “	15,000 00	900 00
3—Debts of Williamsburgh.....	1855.	“ 1875.	6 “	150,000 00	9,000 00
4—Mount Prospect Square.....	1857.	“ 1887.	6 “	90,000 00	5,400 00
5—Williamsburgh Streets, Liabilities.....	1857.	“ 1872.	6 “	92,000 00	5,520 00
6—Williamsburgh Local Improvement.....	1859.	“ 1879.	6 “	100,000 00	6,000 00
7—Brooklyn Local Improvement.....	1861.	“ 1891.	7 “	213,000 00	14,910 00
8—Third Street Improvement.....	1862.	“ 1881.	6 “	167,000 00	10,020 00
9—“ “.....	1867.	“ 1881.	7 “	135,000 00	9,450 00
10—Williamsburgh Local Improvement.....	1861.	In 1881.	6 “	38,000 00	2,280 00
11—Soldiers' Aid Fund Bonds.....	1865.	From 1885 to 1894	7 “	552,000 00	38,640 00
12—Nat. Guard and Vol. Firemen.....	1864.	In 1881.	7 “	25,000 00	1,750 00
13—“ “.....	1864.	“ 1880.	6 “	2,000 00	120 00
14—Public Park.....	1864.	“ 1924.	6 “	1,217,000 00	73,020 00
15—“ “.....	1864.	“ 1924.	7 “	7,021,000 00	491,470 00
16—Bushwick Avenue Improvement.....	1865.	From 1871 to 1890	7 “	321,000 00	22,470 00
17—National Guard Loan.....	1865.	In 1875.	6 “	32,000 00	1,920 00
18—Wallarout Bay Improvement.....	1867.	From 1868 to 1890	7 “	788,000 00	54,160 00
19—Bedford Avenue.....	1867.	In 1877.	7 “	278,000 00	19,460 00
20—Union Street.....	1867.	From 1877 to 1886	7 “	183,000 00	12,810 00
21—Kent Avenue Basin.....	1869.	In 1879.	7 “	170,000 00	11,900 00
22—New York Bridge Improvement.....	1870.	From 1899 to 1904	7 “	1,200,000 00	84,000 00
				\$	\$877,600 00
				257,370 00	
				13,800 00	
				583,960 00	
				22,470 00	
				\$	\$877,600 00

To be raised as follows:

Upon the City at large, Items 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 11, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.....  
 “ late City of Williamsburgh, Items 5, 6 and 10.....  
 “ first, Twelve, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wds, Items 8, 9, 14 & 15  
 Upon Lands included in Districts as fixed by law, Item 16.....

### FOR PRINCIPAL OF CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTED- NESS.

Willoughby Avenue, issued 1871, April 8; payable 1872.....	\$	2,500	00
Deficiency in Gas Bills, " 1871, March 23; " " .....		172,065	81
Edward Friel, " 1871, July 1; " " .....		3,851	22
<hr/>			
Willoughby Avenue, from April 18, 1871 to January 1, 1872....	\$	125	25
Deficiency in Gas Bills, " May 21, " to " 1, " ....		9,488	35
Edward Friel " July 1, " to " 1, " ....		134	80
<hr/>			
Total.....	:	188,165	43

To be raised upon the city at large.

### FOR SALARIES OF CITY OFFICERS.

Salaries of Heads of Departments—Deputies, Clerks, etc.....\$245,000 00  
To be raised upon the city at large.

### FOR BOARD OF HEALTH.

Health Officer, Salary.....	\$5,000	00
Three Sanitary Inspectors, each \$1,800.....	5,400	00
Three Assistant Sanitary Inspectors, each \$1,200.....	3,600	00
Chief Clerk.....	1,800	00
Registrar of Records.....	1,800	00
Two Clerks, each \$1,200.....	2,400	00
Disinfecting Material and expenses for removing Contagious Dis- eases, etc.....	5,000	00
<hr/>		
Total.....	\$25,000	00

### FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.

Lighting Streets.....	\$550,000	00
Printing and Stationery.....	10,000	00
Advertising in three Corporation Newspapers.....	50,000	00
Cleaning, Repairing, and Furniture for Public Buildings.....	20,000	00
Fuel for Public Buildings.....	6,000	00
Gas " " .....	15,000	00
Rent of " .....	11,500	00
Long Island College Hospital.....	4,000	00
City Hospital.....	4,000	00
St. Peter's Hospital, Laws, 1871, Chap. 561.....	5,000	00
Dispensaries, Laws 1870, Chap. 320.....	16,500	00
Fourth of July Celebration.....	3,000	00
Truant Home.....	15,000	00
City Manual.....	4,000	00

Gowanus Canal, Repairs to Bridges, and Salaries of Keepers.....	5,000 00
Approaches to Bushwick Creek Bridge, Laws 1870, Chap. 764...	5,000 00
Commissioner's Fees, Hopkins St. Opening, Laws 1871, Chap. 389	300 00
Contingencies.....	25,000 00
Free School of Design of Brooklyn Art Association.....	1,000 00
To pay Assessment on City Property for the Widening of Vander- bilt Avenue.....	45,296 73
	<hr/>
	\$795,596 73

To be raised upon the city at large.

## THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

### GENERAL SCHOOL FUND.

Teachers' Wages.....	\$503,700
Less State Apportionment, estimated.....	174,000
	<hr/>
	\$329,700 00
Janitor's Wages.....	30,000 00
Fuel.....	19,000 00
Printing.....	2,000 00
Salaries.....	13,000 00
Music Teachers.....	9,000 00
Evening Schools.....	1,200 00
	<hr/>
	\$414,700 00

### SPECIAL SCHOOL FUND.

Repairs and Furnishing.....	\$20,000
Warming and Ventilation.....	15,000
Brooklyn Orphan Asylum's share of School Moneys.....	14,000
Primary Room Rents.....	4,000
Building New School Houses, and providing additional ac- commodation in old Buildings.....	71,000
Water rents.....	3,000
	<hr/>
	\$147,000 00
To Pay Certificates of Indebtedness for School Sites, issued Oct. 18, 1870.....	90,000 00
	<hr/>
	\$651,700 00

To be raised upon the city at large.

## FOR POLICE PURPOSES.

1 Commissioner, President.....	\$5,000
1 " Treasurer.....	3,000
1 Chief of Police.....	3,500
1 Chief Clerk.....	2,500
1 Deputy Clerk.....	1,500

1 Treasurer's Bookkeeper.....	1,500	
1 Property Clerk.....	1,200	
1 Stenographer.....	1,500	
1 Clerk to Chief of Police.....	1,000	
1 Telegraph Superintendent.....	1,800	
1 Fire Marshal.....	2,000	
1 Drill Captain.....	1,200	
2 Doormen to Central Office.....	1,600	
		<hr/>
		\$27,300 00
2 Surgeons, at \$2,250.....	4,500	
10 Captains " 2,000.....	20,000	
49 Sergeants " 1,200.....	58,800	
368 Patrolmen, at 1,000.....	368,000	
25 Doormen " 800.....	20,000	
		<hr/>
		\$471,300 00
Advertising, Printing and Stationery.....	2,500	
Contingent Expenses.....	13,000	
Telegraph.....	2,000	
Mounted Police, Keep of Horses, &c.....	1,240	
Subsistence of Persons detained as Witnesses.....	1,300	
		<hr/>
		\$20,040 00
		<hr/>
		\$518,640 00
To be raised upon the city at large.		

### FOR FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Salaries of Commissioners, Engineers, Foremen, Drivers, and other employees, and Salaries of Building Department.....	\$233,400 00
Maintenance.....	54,010 00
Organizing two new companies, as per resolution of Common Council.....	37,576 00
To pay Certificates of Indebtedness for Deficiencies in Fire Dept.....	7,430 66
	<hr/>
	\$332,416 66
To be raised upon the city at large.	

### FOR BOARD OF WATER AND SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS.

Repairing of Streets.....	\$ 25,000 00
Cleaning " &c.....	125,000 00
Repairing of Sewers, &c.....	40,000 00
	<hr/>
Total.....	\$190,000 00
To be raised upon the city at large.	



### FOR PARK COMMISSIONERS.

For Maintenance of the Public Parks of the city.....	\$75,000 00
To be raised upon the city at large.	

### FOR WARD MAPS, RE-SURVEYS, &c.

For Re-Surveys of Water Front, and Wards, Field Maps, and copies of Ward Maps. Laws 1871, Chap. 561.....	\$30,000 00
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### FOR WELLS AND PUMPS.

First Ward.....	\$ 200
Second “.....	200
Third “.....	100
Fourth “.....	200
Fifth “.....	
Sixth “.....	400
Seventh “.....	400
Eighth “.....	500
Ninth “.....	1,000
Tenth “.....	500
Eleventh Ward.....	300
Twelfth “.....	500
Thirteenth “.....	500
Fourteenth “.....	400
Fifteenth “.....	200
Sixteenth “.....	300
Seventeenth Ward.....	300
Eighteenth “.....	500
Nineteenth “.....	200
Twentieth “.....	400
Twenty-first “.....	900
Twenty-second “.....	

Total.....	\$8,000
To be levied upon the several Wards.	

### RECAPITULATION.

Principal of Public Debt.....	\$131,650 00
Interest on “.....	877,600 00
Principal of Certificates.....	178,417 03
Interest on “.....	9,748 40
Salaries of City Officers.....	245,000 00
Board of Health.....	25,000 00
General Purposes.....	795,596 00

Board of Education .....	\$651,700 00	
Police Department .....	518,640 00	
Fire " .....	332,416 66	
Water and Sewerage Department .....	190,000 00	
Park Commission .....	75,000 00	
Re-Surveys, Ward Maps, etc .....	30,000 00	
Repairs to Wells, Pumps, etc .....	8,000 00	
		\$4,058,768 09
Less City Revenue .....	\$536,305 58	
Less Excise Funds .....	147,400 00	\$683,705 58
		\$3,375,062 51

The following Statement of the Board of Estimate submitted to the Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors at its Annual Meeting, July, 1871, may be regarded as an authentic Exhibit of the financial affairs of the City and County.

Under Chapter 352 of the Laws passed at the last session of the Legislature, entitled "An Act in relation to the taxes to be annually raised in the city of Brooklyn and county of Kings," a copy of which is hereunto annexed, it has been made the duty of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund (comprising the Mayor, the City Treasurer and Comptroller,) the Supervisor at Large and the County Treasurer, to act as a Board of Estimate. It is made the duty of said Board to estimate on or before the first Tuesday in July of each year, the amount required to be raised by law in said city and county for all city and county purposes, including the moneys to be raised for the Board of Education.

Heretofore it has been the duty of the Mayor and Comptroller of the city to estimate the amount required for all city purposes. The power of these officials to revise or reduce the annual budget submitted by the Board of Education has not been well settled. Last year this power was exercised and the question was not raised. The general practice has been, however, to permit this Board to determine the amount required for its support, and the aggregate result, at all events, has seldom been interfered with. The Board of Supervisors have hitherto decided upon their own budget. By a law passed at an early period of the last session of the Legislature, the Fire Commissioners were empowered to require the city authorities to raise a fixed sum, not exceeding an amount already agreed upon by this body as determining their wants for this year. The Water Commissioners exercised by law hitherto the power of estimating the amount required to meet the interest on the water loan after

deducting the cost of maintaining the Department. The same body was also empowered by law to fix the cost of cleaning and keeping in repair the sewers of the city. The purpose of the law under which the present Board of Estimate is acting evidently is to impose on one body, whose members are elected by the people, responsibility for the general expenditure of our local government—a responsibility which has up to this time been diffused and divided. The object of the law is definitely fixed by the important provision restricting the amount estimated to be raised in said city, for both city and county purposes, to two cents and three mills per dollar upon “an amount equal to the aggregate of the assessed value of the property in said city for the year eighteen hundred and seventy; and no greater sum shall be raised in said city by tax for such purposes.” It is further provided that this defined limit to the aggregate expenditure shall not include the principal of the public debt falling due within the year. In other words it has been made the duty of this Board to bring the current expenditure of our local government within an amount equal to a tax rate of two cents and three mills on the dollar, on the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the city, as it stood in 1870. This Board, therefore, had not merely to estimate the amount required, but to so revise the requisitions of the several departments, as to bring the amount to be raised within the rate determined by law. To comply with the law a decrease in local expenditure of nearly two millions of dollars was demanded. It was left to the Board of Estimate to determine in what direction economy could be enforced without detriment to the public interest, and to say where even commendable improvement might be delayed in view of the conviction on the part of our citizens that there was no necessity of Brooklyn so pressing as an immediate and considerable reduction in the rate of local taxation. The duty which devolved upon the members of the Board was not of their seeking. It was not one which they could be reasonably expected to covet. In executing it they have not deemed it proper to deal out censure in any quarter. They have been content with enforcing the terms of the law under which they were organized, and in doing so, meeting the reasonable expectation of the great taxpaying interest of the city and county.

The members of the Board of estimate desire to say here that their labors were greatly lessened by the disposition shown on the part of almost every department to bring its expenditures within the reduction contemplated by the law. This spirit has made comparatively easy a task which was approached in the

apprehension that it would be almost impossible of execution, without creating antagonisms which would inevitably impair the efficiency of our local administration.

The Board of Estimate organized on the 10th of May, and at their first meeting passed a resolution notifying the several departments to submit without delay, their estimates for the coming year, and at the same time calling the attention of each department to the necessity of reducing the amount asked for as compared with last year, to enable the law of the State to be complied with. The estimate of each department has been received, and revised carefully, and where reductions have been made in any department an opportunity has been given for a full explanation from the heads of such department. We are satisfied your Honorable Body will share in the general gratification that the task imposed on the Board has been successfully accomplished. The estimated aggregate expenditure for next year is over two million dollars less than was required last year. In other words, the cost of supporting our local government has been reduced from nearly eight million dollars to less than six. The rate of taxation, on the assessed valuation of last year, averaged three dollars and eighty-six cents on the hundred. A reduction of the rate of three per cent. seemed to have been the very most that was hoped for by a local press exceptionally vigilant to criticizing the acts of public officials. The rate has been reduced to less than three per cent. on the assessed valuation of last year, and with the increase of the real property of the city within the year—for the returns of the city assessors show that the growth of Brooklyn is as vigorous as ever. We believe we can safely claim that the average rate of taxation for the coming year will not be more than two dollars and eighty-eight cents on the hundred. When the existing standard of valuation in this city and county is considered, and the insignificant amount paid in tax on personal property by some of our concededly wealthiest citizens, it cannot now be disputed that Brooklyn may challenge rivalry as a moderately taxed city with the corporate communities surrounding her, and claim a high place among the most economically-governed of the large cities. The per capita cost of local government in Brooklyn was less even last year than in most other cities in the Union.

Mr. Wells, the eminent statistician, in his report to the State Legislature at its last session, gives the assessed valuation, the population and the cost of local government in the chief cities of this and other states, as follows, on last year's returns :



	<i>Population.</i>	<i>Aggregate Tax.</i>	<i>Per Capita.</i>
New York.....	926,436	\$27,403,859	\$29 54
Boston .....	250,701	9,050,428	36 10
Cincinnati .....	218,908	4,199,413	19 00
Chicago .....	299,117	4,139,798	21 65
Albany.....	66,482	1,307,680	20 13
Troy.....	46,429	835,897	18 03

This city, with a population of at least four hundred thousand, will require for the support of its local government next year under six millions of dollars, or a tax per capita of less than fifteen dollars. We may therefore, proudly claim for Brooklyn as an economically governed city, a foremost, if not the first place among the great cities of the country.

We deem it proper to state here that the amount appropriated for each department is fully sufficient for its maintenance, in the opinion of this Board. In no case will any deficit at the end of the year be justifiable. While for various reasons taxation in Brooklyn last year was exceptionally high, no attempt has been made to reduce it this year to a point which cannot be maintained. That the cost of the government of a growing city will not be stationary need not be denied. The long step now taken toward securing an economical and responsible local government, will increase without doubt the taxable resources of the city, and this should enable us to meet, without any increase of individual burdens, any new expenditure, which in the future, public policy may justify us in undertaking.

We submit the several estimates of the different departments as adopted by the Board, with a brief statement of the reasons, which, in the opinion of the Board, justified a reduction of the estimates originally asked, where reductions have been effected:

#### COUNTY PURPOSES.

The following embrace the items agreed upon under the head of county charges:

Quota of Water Tax.....	\$1,103,495 17
Commissioners of Charities.....	400,000 00
Maintenance, &c., of Parade Ground.....	2,000 00
Supervisors' Budget.....	870,699 84
Total.....	\$2,376,195 01

The amount of our quota of taxes for State purposes has not yet been officially determined. The rate, however, has been

fixed by act of the Legislature, and the above estimate is based on last year's valuation. If justice is done us, we are entitled to look for a reduction of this amount. The subject of the reduction of our valuation for State purposes, so as to equalize our county valuation with that of other counties, which now escape their fair share of State taxation, is in the hands of a committee of the Board of Supervisors, and we do not doubt will be properly taken care of. We have deemed it proper and safest to make the estimate in the existing valuation. The rate of taxation for State purposes is about two mills on the dollar less than last year, or in the aggregate \$1,153,495 17 this year against \$1,409,760 31 last year.

The Commissioners of Charities in their first requisition asked for \$497,000. They subsequently revised their estimate, and reduced the amount to \$427,000. The amount allowed is \$400,000, a sum which we believe to be entirely ample, in view of the power recently given to the Board to control and reorganize their department. This Board is of opinion that the greater part of the amount taken of can be saved by a more careful and judicious expenditure of the out-door relief fund. It has been shown that the amount expended for this purpose last year, exceeded twice over the expenditure of New York County, for the same purpose and for the same period. The Commissioners of Charities claim, in a communication presented to this Board, that there is economy in extending out-door relief, rather than in making additions to the number of those supported in the Almshouse, for the reason that a loss of self-respect follows admission to the County Institution. The same public policy in the opinion of this Board demands care in the distribution of public charity out doors. The same loss of self-respect and self dependence follows reliance on it, and there is reason to fear that a class of sturdy clamorers for public bounty may grow up among us, looking to public alms as a right, and forming, as of right, a source of income. This class may, in time, crowd out the more deserving poor, who are most inclined to keep their wants from the public view, and who will rarely be found scrambling for the discriminate public alms.

The Supervisors' budget is \$870,699 84 this year as against \$1,335,690 09 last. The saving effected here is not contingent, we are glad to say, but secured. The excess of last year was occasioned by the necessity of repaying loans raised to defray the cost of making additions to the County Buildings. The buildings are now believed to be ample, and in good condition. In the main the improvements made on them, and the additions

to them, have been paid for as they have been made. The power which the Supervisors exercised of borrowing money, in advance of its being raised by taxation, has been taken away by the act organizing this Board.

The necessity which now exists of applying to the Legislature for authority to borrow money for county purposes will secure a consideration and a discussion of the need of every proposed expenditure which was not to be expected while the power to borrow and the power to spend was combined in the same body.

A reduction of ten thousand dollars in the cost of maintaining the Penitentiary has been determined upon by the Board, in the belief that the time has now arrived for the Penitentiary to justify the large expenditure which has been made in providing employment for prisoners confined in it, and should be on its way toward being self-sustaining.

#### CITY PURPOSES.

The budget for city purposes embraces the expenditure of the city proper, and includes the interest on the public debt; the principal falling due within the year; certificates of indebtedness outstanding and now due; the cost of the Police, Fire, and Water departments; the expense of the Board of Education and of the Board of Health, &c., &c. The amount required to be raised this year for these various purposes, exclusive of city revenue and license fees handed over by the late Metropolitan Commission (\$147,000), is \$3,513,063 18 as against \$5,311,504 18 raised last year. The decrease is accounted for by the increase of city revenue—annually augmented by the fees collected for license paid by liquor dealers, received now by local officials—by a reduction in the expenditure of the Board of Education, and of the Water Department, and by the fact that debts contracted for local improvements by the city are now being repaid by the collection of local assessments.

#### THE WATER DEPARTMENT.

The estimates of this department have been reduced to \$190,000 as against \$314,000 last year. This is a reduction of \$124,000. As against this, the water rates have been increased during the present year. The amount which the increase will realize cannot yet be accurately determined. An increase of 25 per cent., as claimed by the Water Board, would amount to over \$125,000 per annum. At all events, no deficiency is asked for this year, and the interest on so much of the city debt as is embraced by the water loan (say \$8,500,000) is made



good<sup>d</sup> from the revenue of this department, while a sinking fund, to which the law requires fifty thousand dollars to be added yearly, stands from the organization of the department to the credit of a fund for the liquidation of the entire water debt.

#### THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The expenditure of the Fire Department was last year \$260,000. The cost of maintaining the Unsafe Building Department, provided for elsewhere last year, is now added to it \$10,000. The increase of the pay of the firemen from \$700 to \$800 per annum, by an act of the last Legislature, requires an additional outlay of over \$10,000. The amount asked through the estimate originally presented by this department for this year was \$376,489, an increase of over \$116,000. The appropriation fixed by the Board and herewith submitted is \$324,986, an increase of \$64,985, or, deducting the two items above referred to, transfer of cost of Unsafe Building Department, and increase of salaries by act of the Legislature, an increase of about \$44,000.

It will doubtless be remembered by your Honorable Board that some months since the Fire Commissioners made application to the Common Council for an increase of their department by the addition of one truck and three engine companies, required, as it was claimed, to protect certain specified districts of the city not now sufficiently protected. After a full discussion, the required authority was given, and the Mayor was directed to raise money in the taxes of next year to provide such additional accommodation. This action seems to have been subsequently ratified by a special act of the Legislature. The cost of this addition to the Department, if put on the taxes of this year, was estimated by the Commissioners at \$105,000. In view of the necessity of complying with the law under which the Board of Estimates are acting, and of the desirability of avoiding, if possible, so large an additional outlay on account of one department in one year, we believe that it was best to organize but two of the four companies this year, postponing any further increase for the present. Without waiving their claim as to the requirements of the department to adequately protect property and life in a city so rapidly extending as ours, the Fire Commissioners acquiesced in this decision. In the budget as now submitted, provision is made for the organization of two additional companies within the next year.

#### THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Board of Education asked for \$590,000 as against \$750,000 raised last year. The Board of Estimate gave careful con-



sideration to the subject before venturing to reduce the amount asked for school purposes. A question of Public School policy, rather than expenditure, is involved in the slight further reduction made. It appears from figures submitted by the President of the Board of Education that the Board has now on hand to the credit of its building account \$68,000. It is empowered to sell unused property estimated to realize \$65,000. About one-half of this sum can be at once realized. The Board asks for an additional amount for building purposes of \$100,000, without specifying for what particular school or district. This is an unusual method of making up the budget of the Board, and is not to be commended. We have heard leading members in the Board on the question of how the money on hand, and asked for, was intended to be expended. On the one side it was claimed that public policy required that the amount asked for new buildings should be raised without any reference to the money now in the hands of the Board to the credit of this account. The other plan was more specific. It embraces the erection of three additional school houses between now and the closing of the building season next year; one in the Tenth Ward, at a cost of \$70,000; one for the benefit of School-District No. 16, (E. D.,) to cost \$50,000, and one in the Eighteenth Ward, (E. D.,) to cost \$50,000. This course involves an expenditure for building purposes of \$170,000. The Board of Education has on hand \$68,000; it has an offer of \$31,000 for property it desires to sell; we authorize an appropriation of \$71,000 for building purposes—a sum sufficient to build the three schools at the places and at the cost named. The Board will still have about \$30,000 worth of property undisposed of, and which it is authorized to sell. This reduces the appropriation of the Board of Education to \$561,700 as against \$750,000 last year.

#### WELLS AND PUMPS.

The amount asked on behalf of the Board of Aldermen for repairing the wells and pumps of the city—the relics of a by-gone system of water supply—was last year \$8,150. This year the estimate swelled to \$20,950, in the face of the fact that there now appears to be to the credit of the well and pump account several thousand dollars. It is claimed, however, that under a recent law, it is proposed to pay for the cost of repairing sidewalks from this account. This is a departure from an old practice, and your Board have not thought proper to sustain it. The appropriation agreed upon is \$8,000, about the same as last year.

## PARK MAINTENANCE.

The Park Commissioners asked for \$100,000, the amount raised last year, for the maintenance of the public parks of the city. While the head of this Department claimed that this amount was not excessive, and that it was carefully expended, we did not feel justified in making this department exceptional among all the others. The maintenance of our parks in the nicest possible condition enhances their beauty no doubt, but if our necessities be limited by our resources, it will be difficult to maintain that our luxuries should be uninterfered with. The Board of Estimate have decided that the public parks shall be maintained at an annual expenditure of \$75,000, for the present. In view of the fact that a considerable portion of Prospect Park is still unimproved, this amount, we believe to be as much as the taxpayers feel justified in spending for this purpose.

## THE RESULT—A COMPARISON BETWEEN THIS YEAR AND LAST.

The following table shows the aggregate amount to be raised by taxation in this city and county next year, as compared with last, under the budget as now submitted:

<i>County.</i>	1870.	1871.
Quota of Water Tax.....	\$1,409,760 31	\$1,103,495 17
Commissioners of Charities.....	500,000 00	400,000 00
Parade Ground.....	3,500 00	2,000 00
Supervisors' Budget.....	1,335,690 09	870,699 84
Error in 16th Ward.....	11,683 19	
Total.....	\$3,260,633 59	\$2,376,195 01
<i>City.</i>	1870.	1871.
Principal of Public Debt.....	\$128,900 00	\$124,400 00
Interest on " " .....	308,475 00	241,270 00
Certificates, Principal and Interest.....	204,399 50	435,302 76
Salaries of City Officers.....	240,000 00	245,000 00
General Purposes.....	792,200 00	750,300 00
Board of Health.....	22,466 67	25,000 00
Main Street Expenses.....	11,764 00	
Newtown Creek Maps.....	150 00	
Error in Sixteenth Ward.....	16,371 88	
Public Parks, Maintenance, &c .....	132,500 00	75,000 00
Fire and Unsafe Building Department.....	260,000 00	324,986 00
Board of Education.....	750,000 00	561,700 00
Police Department.....	512,898 00	510,640 00
Water and Sewerage Department.....	314,800 00	190,000 00
Re-surveys, New Ward Maps, &c.....		30,000 00
	\$3,694,925 05	\$3,521,598 76

Less City Revenue.....	\$152,752 84	536,305 58
	\$3,542,172 21	\$2,985,293 18

Less amount in Sinking Fund from late Ex- cise Commissioners.....		147,400 00
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Total City.....	\$3,542,172 21	\$2,837,893 18
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Late City of Williamsburgh.....	1870.	1871.
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Interest on Public Debt.....	\$13,800 00	\$13,800 00
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Error in Sixteenth Ward.....	514 30	
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	\$14,314 30	\$13,800 00
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*First Twelve, Twentieth, Twenty-first and  
Twenty-second Wards.*

Principal of Public Debt.....	\$ 57,000 00	\$ 21,500 00
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Interest on " " .....	625,650 00	631,870 00
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Total.....	\$682,650 00	\$653,370 00
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*Eastern District Wards.*

Expense of Opening Certain Streets.....	\$42,693 00	
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Gas Companies, Tax Refunded.....	21,524 67	
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	\$64,217 67	
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*The Several Wards.*

Repairs to Wells and Pumps, &c.....	\$ 8,150 00	\$ 8,000 00
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Net Deficiency of Wards.....	276,942 87	
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Three per cent. Collection Fee.....	230,025 39	173,283 15
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#### RECAPITULATION.

County.....	\$3,260,633 59	\$2,376,195 01
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City at large.....	3,542,172 21	2,837,893 18
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Old Williamaburgh.....	14,314 30	13,800 00
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First Twelve, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards.....	682,650 00	653,370 00
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Eastern District Wards.....	64,217 67	
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The several Wards of City.....	8,150 00	8,000 00
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Net Deficiency of Wards.....	276,942 87	
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Three per cent. Collection Fees.....	230,025 39	173,283 12
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	\$8,079,106 03	\$6,062,541 34
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Total raised in 1870.....	\$8,079,106 03	
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Total to be raised in 1871.....	6,062,541 34	
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Difference.....	\$2,016,564 69	
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Appended hereto we submit for the information of your honorable body statements in detail of the costs of the several departments which have come under our supervision as the same were submitted to us.

Under the law it is within the power of your honorable body to change the items agreed on by the Board of Estimate, provided the aggregate amount decided on is not increased. We respectfully state that the several items in our report have been considered with great care on their respective merits, as well as in view of the uniform reduction of expenditure required by the law under which we are acting.



# Valuation of Property and Rate of Taxation.

SINCE CONSOLIDATION.

1855.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st.....	\$4,937,900	\$982,625	\$5,830,525	\$84,806 17
2d .....	2,956,850	1,681,688	4,638,538	62,737 03
3d.....	7,311,750	2,891,650	10,203,400	144,310 17
4th .....	4,685,750	878,200	5,563,950	75,908 44
5th.....	2,806,225	37,600	2,843,825	43,004 92
6th.....	9,373,550	1,564,900	10,938,450	172,850 18
7th.....	6,806,965	92,300	6,899,265	119,001 03
8th.....	3,239,863	235,300	3,475,163	54,783 61
9th.....	5,274,250	95,000	5,333,250	82,833 05
10th.....	8,138,016	243,100	8,381,116	133,970 79
11th.....	8,007,245	335,000	8,342,245	134,815 32
12th.....	3,352,115	3,000	3,355,115	53,111 73
13th.....	6,839,600	991,000	7,930,600	139,697 71
14th.....	3,405,085	165,704	3,580,789	75,668 23
15th.....	1,627,852	14,000	1,641,852	35,718 10
16th.....	1,654,245	9,500	1,663,745	37,933 39
17th.....	2,488,100	39,900	2,528,000	39,441 11
18th.....	1,568,987	82,400	1,651,387	21,101 70
	<b>\$84,574,348</b>	<b>\$10,216,867</b>	<b>\$94,791,215</b>	<b>\$1,582,692 68</b>

1856.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st .....	\$5,193,825	\$1,663,794	\$6,857,619	\$86,481 61
2d .....	2,996,700	1,792,790	4,789,696	68,547 32
3d.....	7,545,350	2,727,450	10,272,800	128,835 75
4th .....	4,772,975	822,200	5,595,175	74,192 12
5th.....	2,733,050	16,000	2,749,050	40,026 21
6th.....	9,780,650	1,084,300	10,864,952	152,428 11
7th.....	7,059,005	101,300	7,190,305	96,190 62
8th.....	3,427,215	220,000	3,647,215	48,646 30
9th.....	5,279,870	144,700	5,442,570	69,406 41
10th.....	8,489,695	205,900	8,604,965	114,167 60
11th.....	8,398,520	302,500	8,700,020	110,162 87
12th.....	3,443,935	2,009	3,445,935	55,275 58
13th.....	6,304,425	706,150	7,010,575	150,624 37
14th.....	3,184,355	160,604	3,345,059	71,399 46
15th.....	1,602,970	3,000	1,605,970	35,764 91
16th.....	1,686,250	25,000	1,711,250	34,098 51
17th.....	2,332,364	20,000	2,252,364	37,884 97
18th.....	1,546,117	66,000	1,612,217	21,786 67
	<b>\$85,795,741</b>	<b>\$10,063,994</b>	<b>\$95,859,735</b>	<b>\$1,381,114 39</b>

## 1857.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st .....	\$5,385,025	\$901,597	\$6,286,532	\$102,911 10
2d .....	2,964,205	1,782,309	4,745,514	78,175 48
3d .....	7,696,100	2,950,700	10,646,800	197,902 24
4th .....	4,809,225	985,671	5,794,896	94,631 93
5th .....	2,645,625	21,404	2,667,029	49,613 16
6th .....	9,984,550	1,430,185	11,414,735	197,778 28
7th .....	3,594,127	34,000	3,628,127	64,468 50
8th .....	3,455,630	262,568	3,718,198	66,782 96
9th .....	6,338,036	280,650	6,618,686	105,498 29
10th .....	8,812,463	546,427	9,358,890	159,660 37
11th .....	8,868,470	357,358	9,225,828	156,978 50
12th .....	3,954,975	24,275	3,979,250	74,608 31
13th .....	6,009,740	1,205,219	7,214,959	167,362 12
14th .....	3,132,105	182,986	3,315,091	83,358 99
15th .....	1,747,260	39,500	1,786,760	45,878 18
16th .....	1,592,248	.....	1,592,248	44,487 48
17th .....	2,254,571	55,371	2,309,942	42,051 72
18th .....	1,570,295	74,000	1,644,295	27,582 27
19th .....	3,034,075	34,753	3,068,828	54,073 31
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$87,848,725	\$11,168,863	\$99,016,598	\$1,783,834 19

## 1858.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st .....	\$5,389,425	\$839,247	\$6,228,672	\$100,281 65
2d .....	3,013,955	1,748,621	4,762,576	77,297 05
3d .....	7,832,850	2,908,421	10,741,271	161,334 86
4th .....	4,793,875	868,149	5,662,024	82,529 62
5th .....	2,769,725	16,904	2,786,629	40,882 30
6th .....	10,059,700	1,244,544	11,304,244	169,801 99
7th .....	3,560,785	43,400	3,604,185	47,730 98
8th .....	3,385,100	648,950	3,599,368	50,971 31
9th .....	6,357,702	204,566	6,562,268	98,740 45
10th .....	8,805,718	303,326	9,109,044	144,067 31
11th .....	9,202,990	365,858	9,568,848	137,033 05
12th .....	3,927,275	24,775	3,952,050	68,718 45
13th .....	5,796,610	1,209,593	7,006,203	135,744 54
14th .....	3,166,915	200,350	3,367,265	70,102 16
15th .....	1,593,573	.....	1,573,503	26,822 50
16th .....	3,768,080	20,000	1,688,080	33,658 52
17th .....	2,203,102	30,719	2,233,821	41,640 96
18th .....	1,563,551	64,000	1,827,551	22,459 43
19th .....	3,055,920	34,753	3,100,673	57,831 22
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$88,136,781	\$10,776,176	\$104,475,275	\$1,567,948 39

## 1859.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st.....	\$5,444,925	\$1,146,137	\$6,591,062	\$73,449 68
2d.....	3,033,250	1,726,069	4,759,319	58,405 66
3d.....	7,993,300	3,366,919	11,360,219	146,087 89
4th.....	4,777,625	877,525	5,655,150	74,140 59
5th.....	2,809,525	39,904	2,849,429	36,016 76
6th.....	10,216,550	1,068,544	11,285,094	142,192 19
7th.....	3,770,297	46,400	3,816,691	37,394 01
8th.....	3,530,430	187,268	3,717,698	41,179 05
9th.....	6,737,753	178,991	6,916,744	67,415 71
10th.....	9,010,674	237,626	9,248,300	106,540 02
11th.....	9,579,940	338,358	9,918,298	132,309 71
12th.....	3,928,740	20,775	3,949,514	35,235 93
13th.....	5,922,790	1,363,153	7,285,943	118,400 66
14th.....	3,154,250	210,351	3,364,671	56,626 70
15th.....	1,565,903	4,000	1,569,903	22,991 94
16th.....	1,700,150	21,750	1,721,900	31,017 60
17th.....	2,185,358	15,245	2,200,603	27,443 58
18th.....	1,564,120	85,625	1,649,745	18,349 44
19th.....	3,156,504	35,878	3,192,382	31,923 82
	\$90,082,122	\$10,970,518	\$101,052,666	\$1,256,820 94

## 1860.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.
1st.....	\$5,573,225	\$963,237	\$6,536,462	\$123,740 01
2d.....	2,988,200	1,801,996	4,790,196	95,079 47
3d.....	8,225,450	3,667,770	11,893,220	224,398 86
4th.....	4,811,625	852,926	5,664,551	109,669 72
5th.....	2,853,725	23,904	2,877,629	55,138 34
6th.....	10,384,800	1,021,657	11,406,457	208,446 00
7th.....	4,001,046	53,295	4,054,341	70,953 19
8th.....	3,630,320	199,850	3,830,170	66,024 12
9th.....	9,827,139	209,923	7,037,062	129,198 55
10th.....	9,281,253	248,488	9,532,741	174,192 63
11th.....	10,040,990	316,857	10,357,846	198,490 38
12th.....	4,015,535	20,775	4,026,310	64,175 68
13th.....	5,982,140	1,324,827	7,316,967	16,5507 56
14th.....	3,139,675	207,009	3,346,624	82,340 64
15th.....	1,611,348	4,000	1,615,348	32,883 14
16th.....	1,755,915	21,250	1,777,165	44,830 20
17th.....	2,156,141	15,245	2,171,386	33,723 39
18th.....	1,596,501	80,635	1,677,136	28,680 10
19th.....	3,330,394	34,875	3,365,272	62,221 32
	\$92,198,422	\$11,068,521	\$103,266,943	\$1,969,693 30

## 1861.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st....	\$5,581,675	\$744,424	\$6,326,099	\$138,764 63	\$2,193
2d....	3,017,650	1,770,480	4,788,130	107,818 03	2,251
3d....	8,254,050	4,252,015	12,506,065	271,881 46	2,174
4th....	4,861,425	794,858	5,656,283	129,114 37	2,282
5th....	2,841,250	18,904	2,860,154	65,575 84	2,292
6th....	9,890,530	1,158,453	11,048,983	255,587 54	2,313
7th....	4,275,730	58,695	4,334,425	110,212 72	2,542
8th....	3,676,361	244,492	3,920,853	83,023 74	2,117
9th....	6,991,999	160,711	7,152,710	175,802 31	2,457
10th....	9,370,933	221,918	9,592,851	221,162 14	2,305
11th....	10,535,140	280,047	10,815,187	248,485 51	2,297
12th....	4,206,330	16,775	4,223,105	98,161 16	2,324
13th....	5,992,940	1,399,972	7,392,912	207,025 82	2,080
14th....	3,268,720	192,138	3,460,858	100,914 52	2,915
15th....	1,584,143	9,000	1,593,143	41,765 08	2,621
16th....	1,800,060	27,000	1,827,060	54,014 24	2,956
17th....	2,201,006	31,489	2,232,495	50,483 81	2,261
18th....	1,651,730	69,625	1,721,355	36,799 20	2,137
19th....	3,560,847	44,378	3,605,225	89,337 37	2,476
					Average.
					\$2,406
\$93,562,519		\$11,495,374	\$105,057,893	\$2,485,929 49	

## 1862

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st....	\$5,584,825	\$728,924	\$6,313,749	\$107,075 08	\$1,695
2d....	2,979,800	1,725,886	4,705,686	77,592 22	1,648
3d....	8,244,050	3,844,454	12,088,504	231,908 32	1,918
4th....	4,899,025	615,928	5,514,953	89,116 97	1,615
5th....	2,792,700	22,029	2,814,729	51,388 85	1,825
6th....	10,001,530	1,279,064	11,280,594	187,437 69	1,661
7th....	4,389,275	27,525	4,416,800	84,801 73	1,092
8th....	3,735,077	240,421	3,975,498	80,373 28	2,021
9th....	7,126,266	170,042	7,296,308	147,993 16	2,028
10th....	9,400,573	217,895	9,618,468	171,491 29	1,782
11th....	10,644,090	220,758	10,864,848	197,305 97	1,816
12th....	4,381,190	21,311	4,402,501	91,273 56	2,073
13th....	5,994,240	1,462,749	7,456,989	158,595 19	2,126
14th....	3,271,450	205,351	3,476,801	84,788 49	2,438
15th....	1,479,726	9,000	1,488,726	40,958 83	2,751
16th....	1,823,025	27,000	1,850,025	37,363 57	2,019
17th....	2,201,029	32,368	2,233,397	41,775 83	1,087
18th....	1,616,311	72,090	1,688,301	30,950 06	1,833
19th....	3,629,670	59,004	3,688,674	71,713 14	1,946
					Average.
					\$1,947
\$94 193,752		\$10,981,799	\$105,175,551	\$1,983,898 23	



1864.					
WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st....	\$6,029,525	\$1,204,428	\$7,233,953	\$235,594 19	\$3,256
2d....	3,165,800	1,828,738	4,994,538	164,902 30	3,30
3d....	8,432,550	4,756,161	13,188,711	415,099 64	3,147
4th....	5,013,575	933,871	5,947,446	191,672 53	3,222
5th....	2,957,775	90,529	3,048,304	97,975 38	3,214
6th....	10,297,915	1,834,693	12,132,608	384,334 02	3,164
7th....	5,411,500	216,930	5,628,430	168,949 84	3,001
8th....	4,913,274	248,021	5,161,295	151,230 01	2,928
9th....	8,066,846	336,380	8,403,226	244,096 94	2,904
10th....	9,590,610	511,695	10,102,305	316,624 65	3,124
11th....	5,210,020	247,058	5,457,078	171,164 99	3,136
12th....	4,622,903	132,536	4,755,439	142,575 58	2,998
13th....	6,430,045	1,821,334	8,251,379	309,672 92	3,752
14th....	3,483,373	330,032	3,813,405	134,173 33	3,518
15th....	1,989,373	128,954	2,118,327	75,202 09	3,548
16th....	2,458,065	17,600	2,475,665	94,039 28	3,698
17th....	2,628,182	124,438	2,752,620	86,808 72	3,142
18th....	1,755,296	85,626	1,840,922	56,558 01	3,072
19th....	4,203,120	376,579	4,579,579	131,608 29	3,073
20th....	7,069,750	573,150	7,642,900	237,798 66	2,811
					Average.
	\$103,729,497	\$15,798,633	\$119,528,130	\$3,810,081 37	\$3,211

## 1865.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st....	\$6,189,300	\$1,474,924	\$7,664,224	\$239,736 71	\$3.128
2d.....	3,373,250	1,086,128	4,459,378	134,015 73	3.005
3d.....	8,516,700	5,099,002	13,615,702	404,438 64	2.097
4th....	5,037,175	722,343	5,759,518	176,159 35	3.058
5th....	2,989,025	100 529	3,089,554	96,846 95	3.134
6th....	10,472,315	2,153,393	12,625,708	392,799 11	3.111
7th....	5,604,660	384,430	5,989,090	191,362 20	3.195
8th....	5,021,976	255,343	5,277,319	163,929 74	3.106
9th....	8,455,012	359,680	8,814,692	273,889 85	3.107
10th...	9,799,560	578,138	10,377,698	316,457 63	3.049
11th....	531,665	376,722	5,708,387	185,699 48	3.253
12th....	4,816,785	55,072	4,871,857	149,977 15	3.078
13th....	6,528,325	2,118,021	8,646,346	264,478 26	3.058
14th....	3,448,143	311,469	3,759,612	118,196 98	3.143
15th....	2,049,183	171,191	2,220,374	68,238 33	3.073
16th....	2,492,037	17,600	2,509,637	77,037 23	3.069
17th....	2,679,488	148,343	2,827,831	83,590 03	2.955
18th....	2,086,587	108,362	2,194,949	50,073 02	2.691
19th....	4,244,672	546,149	4,790,821	142,816 85	2.981
20th...	7,348,500	877,636	8,226,136	257,242 34	3.120

Average.

\$106,484,358 \$16,944,475 \$123,428,833 \$3,786,985 53 \$3,066.1

## 1866.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$6,785,950	\$1,912,224	\$8,698,174	\$275,301 75	3.165
2d.....	3,556,150	1,788,174	5,344,324	193,252 92	3.616
3d.....	9,083,700	5,904,169	14,987,869	525,709 82	3.507
4th.....	5,360,125	1,431,706	6,791,831	227,426 26	3.348
5th.....	3,019,625	145,029	3,164,654	113,366 82	3.582
6th.....	11,279,275	3,465,640	14,744,915	519,773 55	3.525
7th.....	6,120,065	421,565	6,541,630	227,344 40	3.475
8th.....	5,420,862	592,129	6,012,991	222,917 12	3.707
9th.....	8,927,736	392,685	9,320,421	336,237 78	3.607
10th.....	10,129,075	892,995	11,022,070	382,975 70	3.474
11th.....	5,937,775	486,558	6,424,333	209,102 32	3.255
12th.....	5,444,796	34,311	5,479,107	185,436 92	3.384
13th.....	6,687,525	2,470,747	9,158,272	324,865 74	3.547
14th.....	3,572,368	307,944	3,880,312	128,820 92	3.319
15th.....	2,190,698	165,979	2,356,677	76,301 65	3.237
16th.....	2,695,425	16,340	2,711,765	57,732 15	3.209
17th.....	2,848,705	149,963	2,998,668	94,468 36	3.015
18th.....	2,205,081	107,119	2,312,200	81,902 55	3.542
19th.....	4,479,975	613,238	5,093,213	164,013 16	3.022
20th.....	8,183,510	1,184,900	9,368,410	315,904 56	3.372

Average.

\$113,928,421 \$22,483 415 \$136,411,836 \$4,662,834 45 3.412

## 1867.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$6,995,550	\$2,101,092	\$9,096,642	\$338,270 62	3.718
2d.....	3,719,550	1,487,511	5,207,061	184,866 91	3.055
3d.....	9,450,100	6,104,127	15,554,227	573,059 02	3.684
4th.....	5,555,675	1,080,718	6,586,393	254,841 62	3.869
5th.....	3,038,575	32,529	3,071,104	122,716 62	3.995
6th.....	11,454,465	2,476,675	13,931,140	556,168 82	3.992
7th.....	6,453,121	451,322	6,904,443	265,203 47	3.841
8th.....	7,958,544	237,803	8,196,352	288,971 18	3.525
9th.....	10,742,787	543,366	11,286,153	416,570 27	3.069
10th.....	10,618,938	756,221	11,375,159	433,398 30	3.081
11th.....	6,052,510	564,122	6,616,632	254,018 74	3.839
12th.....	5,724,550	70,111	5,794,661	218,321 12	3.767
13th.....	6,955,375	2,135,599	9,090,974	343,959 41	3.783
14th.....	3,603,643	26,985	3,630,628	154,035 30	4.242
15th.....	2,397,265	175,990	2,573,255	97,862 18	3.803
16th.....	2,918,391	30,599	2,948,990	118,833 75	4.029
17th.....	3,539,667	233,038	3,772,705	128,644 16	3.409
18th.....	2,283,131	93,119	2,376,250	82,246 55	3.461
19th.....	4,765,257	511,789	5,277,046	194,899 17	3.693
20th.....	8,705,190	1,199,860	9,905,050	394,440 98	3.982
<hr/>					
				Average.	
\$122,932,284				\$20,262,581	\$143,194,865
				\$5,421,328 19	3.784

## 1868.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$7,013,325	\$2,416,107 00	\$9,429,432 00	\$353,606 81	3.075
2d.....	3,749,200	1,621,394 00	5,370,594 00	191,729 42	3.569
3d.....	9,703,300	4,998,109 00	14,701,409 00	560,663 98	3.813
4th.....	5,686,875	950,000 00	6,636,875 00	255,699 50	3.852
5th.....	3,098,775	15,000 00	3,113,775 00	117,158 55	3.762
6th.....	11,779,425	2,049,069 00	13,828,494 00	528,364 58	3.808
7th.....	7,270,490	491,200 00	7,761,690 00	283,117 35	3.647
8th.....	2,645,224	35,500 00	2,680,724 00	113,758 34	4.229
9th.....	4,084,062	230,500 00	4,314,562 00	171,758 73	3.098
10th.....	10,957,688	603,500 00	11,561,188 00	446,090 10	3.735
11th.....	6,240,450	379,500 00	6,619,950 00	269,398 17	4.069
12th.....	5,883,820	40,400 00	5,924,220 00	212,004 67	3.578
13th.....	7,314,875	1,759,294 12	9,074,169 12	329,893 87	3.635
14th.....	3,652,453	.....	3,652,453 00	130,554 59	3.574
15th.....	2,675,118	8,000 00	2,683,118 00	105,467 94	3.093
16th.....	3,342,240	8,500 00	3,350,740 00	121,848 75	3.636
17th.....	3,866,777	175,000 00	4,041,777 00	144,674 03	3.579
18th.....	2,545,826	77,325 00	2,623,151 00	93,746 33	3.573
19th.....	5,284,426	358,758 00	5,643,184 00	188,933 21	3.347
20th.....	9,588,790	1,143,800 00	10,732,590 00	393,282 02	3.664
21st.....	8,486,007	216,180 00	8,702,187 00	344,308 29	3.956
22d.....	6,391,705	55,931 00	6,447,636 00	320,616 77	4.020
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				Average.	
\$131,260,851				\$17,633,067 12	\$148,893,918 12
				\$5,676,676 00	3.767

## 1869.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$8,823,805	\$2,765,895	\$11,589,610	405,170 88	3.49.6
2d.....	4,786,950	1,805,700	6,092,650	208,612 83	3.42.4
3d.....	12,298,850	4,674,479	16,973,329	581,170 05	3.42.4
4th.....	7,265,225	846,400	8,111,625	291,012 63	3.58.8
5th.....	4,517,892	15,000	4,562,892	157,796 61	3.45.8
6th.....	15,115,745	1,882,070	16,997,815	527,734 91	3.10.5
7th.....	10,326,490	545,000	10,871,490	397,078 69	3.65.3
8th.....	3,763,364	59,500	3,822,864	117,472 99	3.07.3
9th.....	5,722,016	244,400	5,966,416	213,201 50	3.57.3
10th.....	14,928,358	616,000	15,544,358	545,503 93	3.50.9
11th.....	8,105,110	364,400	8,469,510	293,045 19	3.46
12th.....	7,582,000	35,000	7,617,000	266,041 20	3.49.3
13th.....	9,452,100	2,082,615	11,534,715	339,258 12	2.94.1
14th.....	4,978,705	5,000	4,983,705	144,820 90	2.90.6
15th.....	3,762,510	6,000	3,768,510	104,701 35	2.77.8
16th.....	5,786,685	10,500	5,797,185	141,576 60	2.95.3
17th.....	5,414,452	189,500	5,603,952	156,812 16	2.79.8
18th.....	3,779,720	66,000	3,845,720	105,967 08	2.75.6
19th.....	7,341,630	407,702	7,749,332	233,101 87	3.00.8
20th.....	13,661,660	1,254,650	14,916,310	521,421 80	3.49.6
21st.....	12,574,609	153,359	12,727,968	450,412 49	3.53.9
22d.....	9,100,455	35,900	9,136,355	308,252 86	3.37.4

\$179,118,331	\$17,564,980	\$196,683,311	\$6,510,166 64	Average. 3.26.3
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## 1870.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$8,942,600	\$2,721,505	\$11,664,105	\$448,725 39	3.84.7
2d.....	4,922,600	1,535,198	6,457,798	266,482 39	4.12.6
3d.....	12,192,300	4,208,196	16,400,496	669,587 24	4.08.2
4th.....	7,330,325	716,000	8,046,325	306,272 32	3.80.6
5th.....	4,550,325	8,000	4,558,325	185,128 17	4.06 1
6th.....	15,385,550	1,804,070	17,189,620	665,019 40	3.86.5
7th.....	10,872,890	624,100	11,496,990	454,914 48	3.95.4
8th.....	3,756,957	76,500	3,833,457	257,195 65	3.67.7
9th.....	6,141,522	208,100	6,349,622	252,607 53	3.71.8
10th.....	15,699,157	655,100	16,354,257	686,893 56	3.96.1
11th.....	8,419,795	487,900	8,907,695	344,335 19	3.86.5
12th.....	7,372,816	34,500	7,407,316	317,011 92	3.87.7
13th.....	9,622,690	2,195,951	11,818,641	451,357 71	3.81.9
14th.....	5,100,505	.....	5,100,505	178,945 79	3.50.8
15th.....	3,938,644	4,000	3,942,644	143,345 83	3.63.5
16th.....	4,990,380	10,500	5,000,880	190,840 41	3.81.6
17th.....	5,719,675	182,500	5,902,175	211,877 21	3.58.9
18th.....	4,076,562	59,000	4,135,562	148,281 09	3.58.5
19th.....	7,793,910	381,300	8,175,210	295,613 63	3.61.5
20th.....	13,758,030	1,367,650	15,125,680	612,872 85	4.05.1
21st.....	13,960,668	227,800	14,188,468	626,621 91	4.32.7
22d.....	9,235,865	35,900	9,271,765	485,645 97	4.32.3

\$183,783,766	\$17,543,770	\$201,327,536	\$8,199,575 64	Average. 3.86.8
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## 1871.

WARD.	REAL.	PERSONAL.	AGGREGATE.	TAX.	RATE.
1st.....	\$8,611,250	\$2,594,000	\$11,205,250	320,088 12	285.6
2d.....	4,766,000	1,216,000	5,982,000	170,963 04	285.7
3d.....	12,278,600	4,322,360	16,600,960	474,058 52	285.5
4th.....	7,378,180	680,500	8,058,680	230,162 76	285.6
5th.....	4,555,425	8,000	4,563,425	130,186 35	285.2
6th.....	15,026,720	1,918,969	16,945,688	484,000 99	285.6
7th.....	11,376,550	860,200	12,236,750	349,793 69	285.6
8th.....	3,371,797	76,500	3,948,267	113,162 14	286.6
9th.....	6,437,791	262,600	6,700,391	192,199 29	286.8
10th.....	16,290,910	722,450	17,013,360	485,933 69	285.6
11th.....	8,410,870	840,600	9,251,470	264,303 05	285.6
12th.....	7,340,261	22,750	7,363,011	210,571 29	285.9
13th.....	9,788,810	1,978,002	11,766,852	298,664 07	253.8
14th.....	5,246,245	25,000	5,271,245	133,899 25	254.0
15th.....	3,990,979	24,000	4,014,979	101,882 21	253.7
16th.....	5,226,735	2,000	5,228,735	132,711 70	253.8
17th.....	5,747,045	253,000	6,000,045	149,028 15	248.3
18th.....	4,252,969	67,000	4,319,969	107,583 81	249.0
19th.....	8,316,045	387,100	8,703,145	215,928 05	248.1
20th.....	14,064,000	1,563,400	15,627,400	446,362 20	285.6
21st.....	15,022,514	285,200	15,307,714	437,674 38	285.9
22d.....	9,651,855	135,900	9,787,755	279,237 95	285.2
<hr/>					Average.
	\$187,651,591	\$18,245,531	\$205,897,122	\$5,728,394 70	274.8

## The Oceanus Association.

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From time to time there have been given in the Manual, notices of various Brooklyn Associations, which, although in their constitution and management of a private character, yet in their nature and operations are sufficiently public to attract towards them, always, a large degree of popular attention and interest, and therefore seem properly to come within the scope of a work of this character. Of such are our Yacht Clubs, the Mercantile Library Association, the Prospect Park Fair Grounds Association, and others which have been the subjects of mention and description in these pages in previous years. Among the most recently organized of associations of the character referred to in Brooklyn, is the

### OCEANUS ASSOCIATION.

The manifold attractions of Rockaway Beach, on the southern shore of Long Island, as a Summer resort, are so well known and appreciated, in this locality at all events, as to render superfluous any attempt to dilate upon them here. The Beach separates from the Atlantic the waters of Jamaica Bay, and is a narrow slip of land varying from a quarter to three quarters of a mile in width, and through an inlet in it, containing a depth of water sufficient for the larger class of river steamboats, the Bay is reached from the sea. Jamaica Bay, with its shallows and depths, abounds with all the varieties of shell-fish, and is a famous resort for the choicest of the finny-tribe, especially the Sheepshead and the Blue Fish, which are successfully pursued as well for pleasure as profit. Certain citizens of Brooklyn have for years past, found in these attractions of the Bay, and the excellent surf-bathing which the superb Beach affords, to say nothing of the salubrious air and heat-dispelling breezes in Summer, a charm











and a source of delight which neither Long Branch, Newport, nor any other of the famous sea-side resorts possess for them. And all the more because they are so easily accessible from their residences and places of business. In order the better to enjoy them all, they, a few years ago, determined to obtain the requisite land on the Beach and erect thereon a comfortable edifice, of size sufficient for the accommodation of themselves and families, and a few friends now and then, while on occasional visits to, or pic-nics by the shore in the Summer season. The idea was that of a sort of private co-operative hotel, where every entertainment but lodging was furnished the co-operatives and their guests exclusively, the expenses being defrayed by an equal and general fixed subscription among them. In carrying it out, the parties procured, near what is generally known as the Third or Eldert's Landing, a piece of land upwards of three or four acres in extent, the title to a large portion of which Mr. Garret V. Eldert, the owner, generously presented to them as a free gift. It is situated on the Bay, and is perhaps the most desirable location that could be found for the purpose on the Beach. Here a commodious building was erected and properly furnished for the purposes in view, and during the Summer of 1869 was occupied in the manner contemplated by the gentlemen to whom we have referred, and their families. Nothing like the organization of a formal club was intended, but so urgent were the demands upon them by their friends to extend their circle, that, yielding to them, they resolved to unite with others to organize a regularly constituted Club. The result was the organization in the Spring of 1870, of the **OCEANUS ASSOCIATION**.

The Association has since continued to grow in numbers until it now has a membership of over sixty, among them some of the most prominent and influential citizens of Brooklyn. The addition of means of enjoyment and comfort of the members has been fully proportionate to the increase in numbers. The grounds of the Association have been extended and enclosed with a picket-fence, and the white sand has been covered with a growth of grass, with shrubbery and trees. To the original building an addition has been made of another two

stories in height and eighty feet in length, by thirty in width. The entire lower story is thrown into a dining and ball room, and is a spacious saloon, admirably adapted for the purpose. The upper story has been fitted up as a dormitory, and having windows on every side, is cool and well ventilated in the hottest summer weather. A billiard saloon has also been added. The original building contains convenient and spacious apartments used on the first floor as a ladies' reception room, gentlemen's sitting room, and steward's office. The upper story contains a ladies' retiring room, and store-room and other offices. Around the front and side of the entire structure runs a piazza about ten feet wide, and with a frontage of about one hundred and thirty feet in length, with thirty feet on the east side, affording a delightful shade and lounging place. From this piazza commences a plank walk, the same width as the piazza, leading to and connecting with the pier, at which boats land, the whole—pier included—making a promenade four hundred and fifty feet in length, extending from the piazza far out into the waters of the Bay.

The Association grounds form a point projecting out from the main land, and from the front of the buildings is obtained an unobstructed view of the whole expanse of the beautiful Bay, and the islands and hummocks which stud its surface and so much enhance its picturesqueness. To the rear is a range of low hills, the sand forming which, years of deposit and accumulation have covered with a soil to a depth sufficient to grow grass and shrubbery, and an extensive grove of tall cedars. These shut off from view the ocean, so near that the soft murmuring and sometimes angry roar of the waves, as they break upon the beach, are heard incessantly, but as a compensation they afford a refreshing shade, and shield the houses and grounds from the raw easterly winds, which often even in the hottest season blow from the sea. Accompanying this is an engraved view of the Club House and grounds.

A feature of the management of the Association is the Ladies' receptions, given one day in each week, at which are present the families of the members, and their friends, as they may invite. These were very popular and very largely attended during the

last season. The entertainments on such occasions embrace dinner, music, promenading, dancing and bathing. Over two thousand ladies visited the Association on these occasions during the last season. A croquet ground to be in readiness next season, will doubtless add considerably to the means of enjoyment on "Ladies' Day." Among the other improvents anticipated for the coming season is the erection of an additional wing on the west side of the present building, which will complete the original design for the edifice. The building will then present a frontage of about one hundred and sixty feet.

The initiation fee for membership of the Association is at present \$50, and the regular dues are \$60 per annum, payable quarterly. In return each member is entitled to board and lodging at the Club House during the season—which is from the 15th of June until the 15th of September—three months, free of charge. The number of members is limited to one hundred, and as the list is now nearly filled, it is proposed to increase the initiation fee to \$250.

The present officers of the Association are as follows :

*President*—JOHN C. JACOBS.

*Vice-President*—RICHARD BUTT.

*Treasurer*—JOHN SAWYER.

*Secretary*—D. L. NORTHUP.

*Executive Committee*—WILLIAM G. BISHOP, C. W. COOPER, SAMUEL L. CARLISLE, GEO. C. BENNETT, CHARLES GOODWIN, HUMPHREY HARTSHORNE, PETER TOTANS.

## FULTON FERRY IN 1740.

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The Illustration accompanying this, is copied from a wood cut of a colored engraving published by Thomas Bakewell, in London, in the year 1746, entitled "A SOUTH PROSPECT OF YE FLOURISHING CITY OF NEW YORK, IN YE PROVINCE OF NEW YORK, IN AMERICA." The ferry boat, in those day sa good sized flat-bottomed, open craft, with a large mainsail, is just leaving the wharf on her voyage to the city, then always tedious and often quite perilous. The Dutch built house is the residence of the ferryman, and the wooden building near the wharf, the ferry house for the accommodation of passengers in waiting.



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